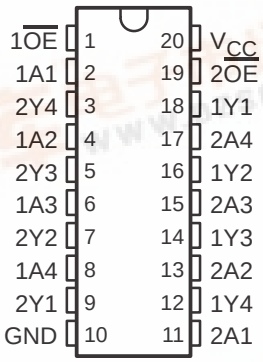
SN74LVCZ240A
OCTAL BUFFER/DRIVER WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCES273B – JUNE 1999 – REVISED JANUARY 2000

- ***EPIC***™ **(Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process**
- **Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce) <0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C**
- **Typical V_{OHV} (Output V_{OH} Undershoot) >2 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C**
- **I_{off} and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion**
- **Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation on All Ports (5-V Input/Output Voltage With 3.3-V V_{CC})**
- **Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II**
- **Package Options Include Shrink Small-Outline (DB), Plastic Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV), Small-Outline (DW), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages**

DB, DGV, DW, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



description

This octal buffer/driver is designed for 2.7-V to 3.6-V V_{CC} operation.

The SN74LVCZ240A is designed specifically to improve the performance and density of 3-state memory address drivers, clock drivers, and bus-oriented receivers and transmitters.

This device is organized as two 4-bit buffers/drivers with separate output-enable ($\overline{OE}$) inputs. When $\overline{OE}$ is low, the device passes data from the A inputs to the Y outputs. When $\overline{OE}$ is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V/5-V system environment.

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, $\overline{OE}$ should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

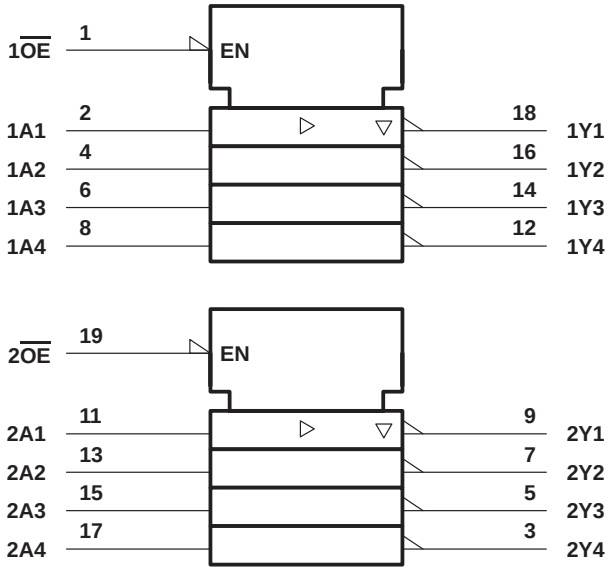
This device is fully specified for hot-insertion applications using I_{off} and power-up 3-state. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

The SN74LVCZ240A is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.

FUNCTION TABLE
(each buffer)

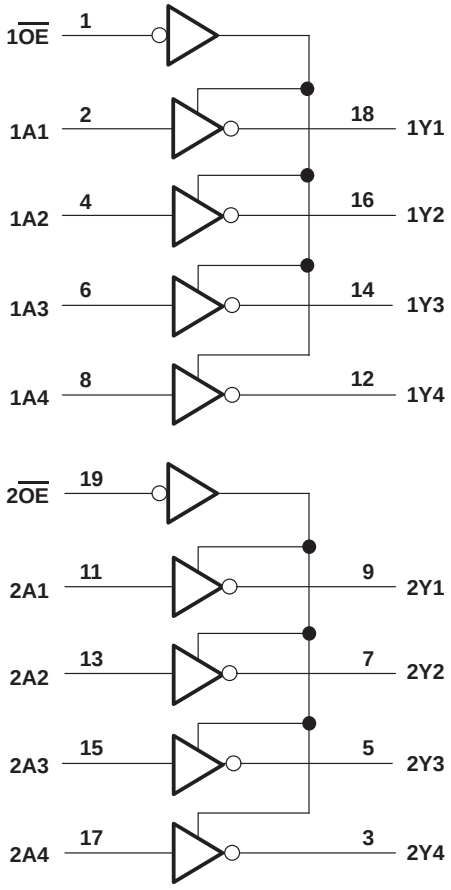
INPUTS		OUTPUT
$\overline{OE}$	A	Y
L	H	L
L	L	H
H	X	Z

logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V_{CC} . . . . . –0.5 V to 6.5 V
Input voltage range, V_I (see Note 1) . . . . . –0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, V_O
(see Note 1) . . . . . –0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, V_O
(see Notes 1 and 2) . . . . . –0.5 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I_{IK} (V_I < 0) . . . . . –50 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} (V_O < 0) . . . . . –50 mA
Continuous output current, I_O . . . . . ±50 mA
Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND . . . . . ±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 3): DB package . . . . . 115°C/W
DGV package . . . . . 146°C/W
DW package . . . . . 97°C/W
PW package . . . . . 128°C/W
Storage temperature range, T_{stg} . . . . . –65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
2. The value of V_{CC} is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.
3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		2.7	3.6	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	V
V_I	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	Output voltage	High or low state	0	V_{CC}	V
		3-state	0	5.5	
I_{OH}	High-level output current	V_{CC} = 2.7 V		–12	mA
		V_{CC} = 3 V		–24	
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	V_{CC} = 2.7 V		12	mA
		V_{CC} = 3 V		24	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate			6	ns/V
$\Delta t/\Delta V_{CC}$	Power-up ramp rate			150	µs/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V_{CC}	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}	I_{OH} = –100 μA		2.7 V to 3.6 V	V_{CC}–0.2			V
	I_{OH} = –12 mA		2.7 V	2.2			
			3 V	2.4			
	I_{OH} = –24 mA		3 V	2.2			
V_{OL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA		2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.2	V
	I_{OL} = 12 mA		2.7 V			0.4	
	I_{OL} = 24 mA		3 V			0.55	
I_I	V_I = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			±5	μA
I_{off}	V_I or V_O = 5.5 V		0			±5	μA
I_{OZ}	V_O = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			±5	μA
I_{OZPU}	V_O = 0.5 to 2.5 V,	$\overline{OE}$ = don't care	0 to 1.5 V			±5	μA
I_{OZPD}	V_O = 0.5 to 2.5 V,	$\overline{OE}$ = don't care	1.5 V to 0			±5	μA
I_{CC}	V_I = V_{CC} or GND	I_O = 0	3.6 V			100	μA
	3.6 V ≤ V_I ≤ 5.5 V‡					100	
ΔI_{CC}	One input at V_{CC} – 0.6 V,	Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND	2.7 V to 3.6 V			100	μA
C_i	V_I = V_{CC} or GND		3.3 V		3.5		pF
C_o	V_O = V_{CC} or GND		3.3 V		5.5		pF

† All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.
‡ This applies in the disabled state only.

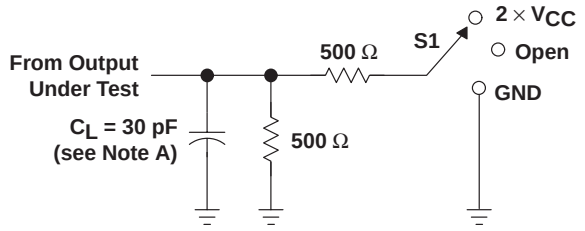
switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CC} = 2.7 V		V_{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{pd}	A or B	B or A		7.5	1.3	6.5	ns
t_{en}	$\overline{OE}$	A or B		9	1.1	8	ns
t_{dis}	$\overline{OE}$	A or B		8	1.4	7	ns

operating characteristics, T_A = 25°C

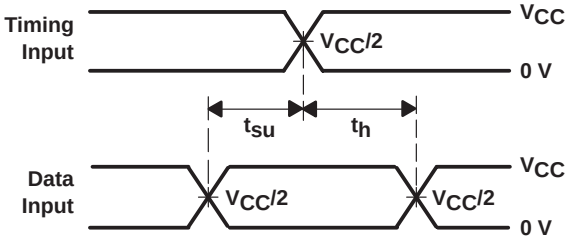
PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC} = 3.3 V TYP	UNIT
C_{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance per buffer/driver	Outputs enabled	f = 10 MHz	37	pF
		Outputs disabled		3	

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION
V_{CC} = 2.7 V AND 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

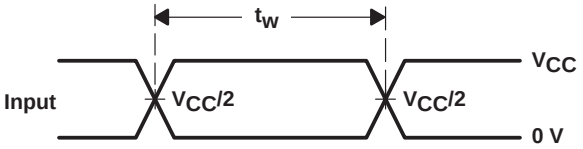


LOAD CIRCUIT

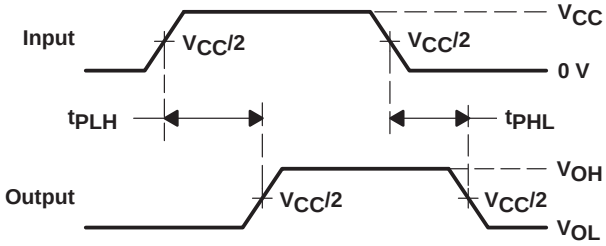
TEST	S1
t_{pd}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	2 × V_{CC}
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND



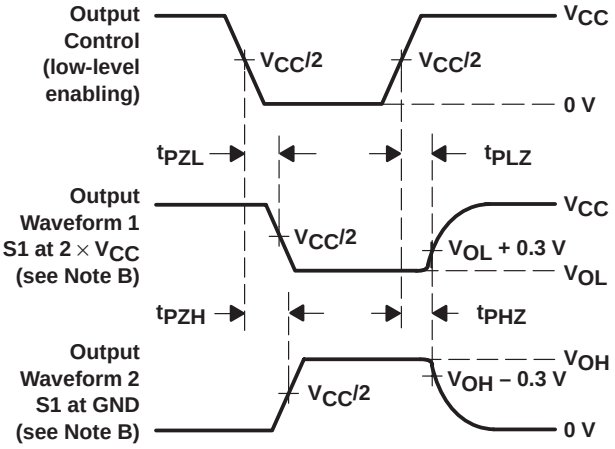
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r ≤ 2 ns, t_f ≤ 2 ns.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF TI PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.