

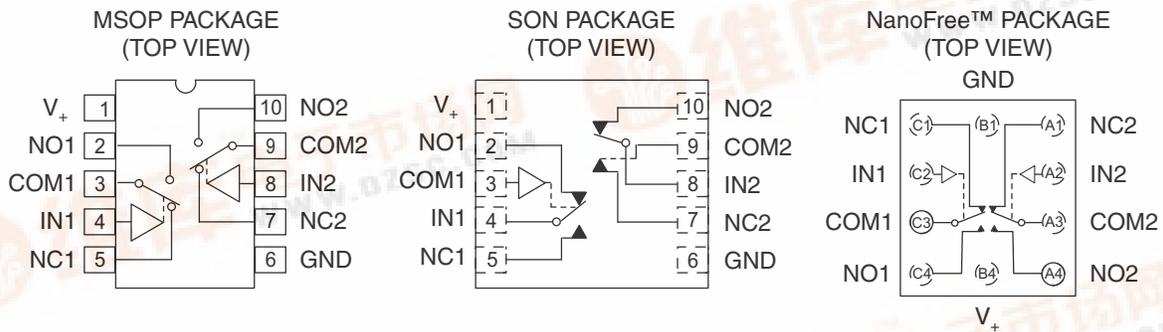
**0.3-Ω DUAL SPDT ANALOG SWITCH**  
**DUAL-CHANNEL 2:1 MULTIPLEXER/DEMULTIPLEXER**

**FEATURES**

- Specified Break-Before-Make Switching
- Low ON-State Resistance (0.3 Ω Max)
- Low Charge Injection
- Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)
- 1.65-V to 3.6-V Single-Supply Operation
- Control Inputs Are 1.8-V Logic Compatible
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

**APPLICATIONS**

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- Portable Instrumentation
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems
- Communication Circuits
- Modems
- Hard Drives
- Computer Peripherals
- Wireless Terminals and Peripherals



**DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

The TS3A24159 is a dual single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 3.6 V. It offers low ON-state resistance and excellent ON-state resistance matching with the break-before-make feature, to prevent signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one channel to another. The device has excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications.

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 85°C	NanoFree™ (DSBGA) – YZP	Reel of 3000	TS3A24159YZPR	PREVIEW
	VSSOP – DGS (MSOP)	Reel of 2500	TS3A24159DGSR	L8R
	QFN – DRC (SON)	Reel of 3000	TS3A24159DRCR	ZWS

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

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**SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(1)</sup>**

Configuration	Dual 2:1 Multiplexer/Demultiplexer (2 × SPDT)
Number of channels	2
ON-state resistance ( $r_{on}$ )	0.3 Ω Max
ON-state resistance match ( $\Delta r_{on}$ )	0.05 Ω Max
ON-state resistance flatness ( $r_{on(Flat)}$ )	0.04 Ω Max
Turn-on/turn-off time ( $t_{ON}/t_{OFF}$ )	20 ns/12 ns
Break-before-make time ( $t_{BBM}$ )	10 ns
Charge injection ( $Q_C$ )	9 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	23 MHz
OFF isolation ( $O_{ISO}$ )	-72 dB
Crosstalk ( $X_{TALK}$ )	-96 dB
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.003%
Power-supply current ( $I_+$ )	15 nA
Package options	10-pin MSOP, SON, WCSP

(1)  $V_+ = 2.7$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

**FUNCTION TABLE**

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	ON	OFF
H	OFF	ON

### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>+</sub>	Supply voltage range <sup>(3)</sup>	−0.5	3.6	V
V <sub>NC</sub> V <sub>NO</sub> V <sub>COM</sub>	Analog voltage range <sup>(3)(4)(5)</sup>	−0.5	V <sub>+</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>I/O</sub>	Analog port diode current	V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>COM</sub> < 0		mA
I <sub>NC</sub> I <sub>NO</sub> I <sub>COM</sub>	ON-state switch current	−300	300	mA
	ON-state peak switch current <sup>(6)</sup>	−500	500	
V <sub>I</sub>		−0.5	3.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Digital input clamp current <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	V <sub>I</sub> < 0		mA
I <sub>+</sub>	Continuous current through V <sub>+</sub>		100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	Continuous current through GND	−100		mA
θ <sub>JA</sub>	Package thermal impedance <sup>(7)</sup>	DGS package		165
		DRC package		56.5
		YZP package		TBD
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	−65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
- (6) Pulse at 1-ms duration <10% duty cycle.
- (7) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

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**Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>**

$V_+ = 2.7$  to  $3.6$  V,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	$V_+$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
<b>Analog Switch</b>									
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}$				0		$V_+$	V	
Peak ON resistance	$r_{peak}$	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$ , $I_{COM} = -100$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.7 V	0.2	0.3 0.35	Ω	
ON-state resistance	$r_{on}$	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 2$ V, $I_{COM} = -100$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.7 V	0.26	0.3 0.34	Ω	
ON-state resistance match between channels	$\Delta r_{on}$	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 2$ V, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.7 V	0.01	0.05 0.05	Ω	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$ , $I_{COM} = -100$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C	2.7 V	0.13		Ω	
		$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 2$ V, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full		0.01	0.04 0.05	Ω	
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1$ V, $V_{COM} = 3$ V, or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 3$ V, $V_{COM} = 1$ V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 11	25°C Full	3.6 V	-10	10 50	nA	
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}, I_{NO(ON)}$	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1$ V, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$ , or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 3$ V, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$ ,	Switch ON, See Figure 12	25°C Full		3.6 V	-10	10 100	nA
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{Open}$ , $V_{COM} = 1$ V, or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{Open}$ , $V_{COM} = 3$ V,	Switch ON, See Figure 12	25°C Full	3.6 V	-10	10 100	nA	
							-100		
<b>Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)<sup>(2)</sup></b>									
Input logic high	$V_{IH}$			Full		1.4		V	
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$			Full			0.5	V	
Input leakage current	$I_{IH}, I_{IL}$	$V_I = 3.6$ V or 0		25°C	3.6 V	-40	5	40	nA
				Full		-50		50	

- (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum  
(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at  $V_+$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

### Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (Continued)

$V_+ = 2.7$  to  $3.6$  V,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	$V_+$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>Dynamic</b>								
Turn-on time	$t_{ON}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 14</a>	25°C	3 V		20	35	ns
			Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V			40	
Turn-off time	$t_{OFF}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 14</a>	25°C	3 V		12	25	ns
			Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V			30	
Break-before-make time	$t_{BBM}$	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 15</a>	25°C	3 V	1	10	25	ns
			Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V	0.5		30	
Charge injection	$Q_C$	$V_{GEN} = 0$ , $R_{GEN} = 0$ , $C_L = 1\ \text{nF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 19</a>	25°C	3 V		9		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$ , $C_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch OFF, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	3 V		90		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$ , $C_{NO(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	3 V		224		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	3 V		250		pF
Digital input capacitance	$C_I$	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	3 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 16</a>	25°C	3 V		23		MHz
OFF isolation	$O_{ISO}$	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 17</a>	25°C	3 V		-72		dB
Crosstalk	$X_{TALK}$	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 18</a>	25°C	3 V		-96		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 50\ \text{pF}$ , $f = 20\ \text{Hz}$ to $20\ \text{kHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 20</a>	25°C	3 V		0.003		%
<b>Supply</b>								
Positive supply current	$I_+$	$V_I = V_+$ or GND	25°C	3.6 V		15	100	nA
			Full				1	$\mu\text{A}$

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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**Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>**

$V_+ = 2.3$  to  $2.7$  V,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	$V_+$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>Analog Switch</b>								
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}$				0		$V_+$	V
Peak ON resistance	$r_{peak}$	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$ , $I_{COM} = -8$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.3 V		0.35 0.45	Ω
ON-state resistance	$r_{on}$	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.8$ V, $I_{COM} = -8$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.3 V		0.4	Ω
ON-state resistance match between channels	$\Delta r_{on}$	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.8$ V, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -8$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.3 V	0.01 0.05	0.05 0.05	Ω
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$ , $I_{COM} = -8$ mA, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 0.8$ V, 1.8 V, $I_{COM} = -8$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	2.3 V	0.05 0.03	0.08 0.1	Ω
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 0.5$ V, $V_{COM} = 2.2$ V, or $V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 2.2$ V, $V_{COM} = 0.5$ V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 11	25°C Full	2.7 V	-10 -50	10 50	nA
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}, I_{NO(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 0.5$ V, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$ , or $V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 2.2$ V, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$ ,	Switch ON, See Figure 12	25°C Full	2.7 V	-10 -100	10 100	nA
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$ , $V_{COM} = 0.5$ V, or $V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$ , $V_{COM} = 2.2$ V,	Switch ON, See Figure 12	25°C Full	2.7 V	-10 -100	10 100	nA
<b>Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)<sup>(2)</sup></b>								
Input logic high	$V_{IH}$			Full		1.25		V
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$			Full			0.5	V
Input leakage current	$I_{IH}, I_{IL}$	$V_I = 2.7$ V or 0		25°C Full	2.7 V	-40 -50	5 50	nA

- (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.  
(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at  $V_+$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

**Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (Continued)**

$V_+ = 2.3$  to  $2.7$  V,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	$V_+$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>Dynamic</b>								
Turn-on time	$t_{ON}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 14</a>	25°C	2.5 V		23	45	ns
			Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V			50	
Turn-off time	$t_{OFF}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 14</a>	25°C	2.5 V		17	27	ns
			Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V			30	
Break-before-make time	$t_{BBM}$	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 15</a>	25°C	2.5 V	2	14	30	ns
			Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	1		35	
Charge injection	$Q_C$	$V_{GEN} = 0$ , $R_{GEN} = 0$ , $C_L = 1\ \text{nF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 19</a>	25°C	2.5 V		8		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$ , $C_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch OFF, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	2.5 V		90		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$ , $C_{NO(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	2.5 V		250		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	2.5 V		250		pF
Digital input capacitance	$C_I$	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	2.5 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 16</a>	25°C	2.5 V		23		MHz
OFF isolation	$O_{ISO}$	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 17</a>	25°C	2.5 V		-72		dB
Crosstalk	$X_{TALK}$	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 18</a>	25°C	2.5 V		-96		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 50\ \text{pF}$ , $f = 20\ \text{Hz}$ to $20\ \text{kHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 20</a>	25°C	2.5 V		0.003		%
<b>Supply</b>								
Positive supply current	$I_+$	$V_I = V_+$ or GND	25°C	2.7 V		10	100	nA
			Full				700	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

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**Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup>**

$V_+ = 1.65$  to  $1.95$  V,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	$V_+$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>Analog Switch</b>								
Analog signal range	$V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC}$				0		$V_+$	V
Peak ON resistance	$r_{peak}$	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$ , $I_{COM} = -2$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	1.65 V	0.4	0.9 0.8	Ω
ON-state resistance	$r_{on}$	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.5$ V, $I_{COM} = -2$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	1.65 V	0.3	0.45 0.5	Ω
ON-state resistance match between channels	$\Delta r_{on}$	$V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 0.6$ V, 1.5 V, $I_{COM} = -2$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	1.65 V	0.02	0.04 0.05	Ω
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(Flat)}$	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$ , $I_{COM} = -2$ mA, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 0.6$ V, 1.5 V, $I_{COM} = -8$ mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 10	25°C Full	1.65 V	0.13	0.08 0.15 0.2	Ω
NC, NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 0.3$ V, $V_{COM} = 1.65$ V, or $V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 1.65$ V, $V_{COM} = 0.3$ V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 11	25°C Full	1.95 V	-10	10 50	nA
NC, NO ON leakage current	$I_{NC(ON)}, I_{NO(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 0.3$ V, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$ , or $V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = 1.65$ V, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$ ,	Switch ON, See Figure 12	25°C Full	1.95 V	-10	10 100	nA
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$ , $V_{COM} = 0.3$ V, or $V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$ , $V_{COM} = 1.65$ V,	Switch ON, See Figure 12	25°C Full	1.95 V	-10	10 100	nA
<b>Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)<sup>(2)</sup></b>								
Input logic high	$V_{IH}$			Full		1		V
Input logic low	$V_{IL}$			Full			0.4	V
Input leakage current	$I_{IH}, I_{IL}$	$V_I = 1.95$ V or 0		25°C Full	1.95 V	-40	5 40 50	nA

- (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum  
(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at  $V_+$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

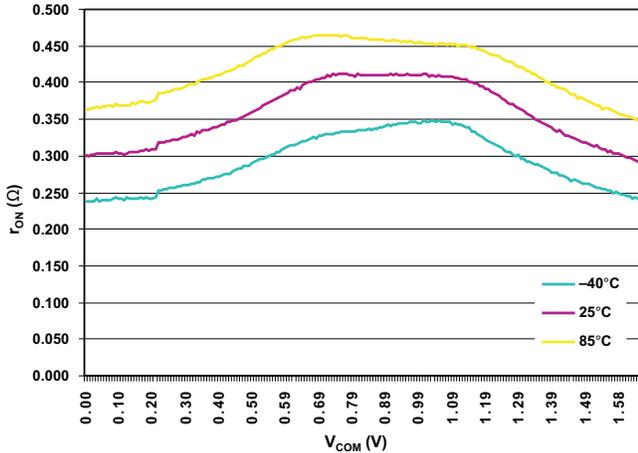
**Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (Continued)**

$V_+ = 1.65$  to  $1.95$  V,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

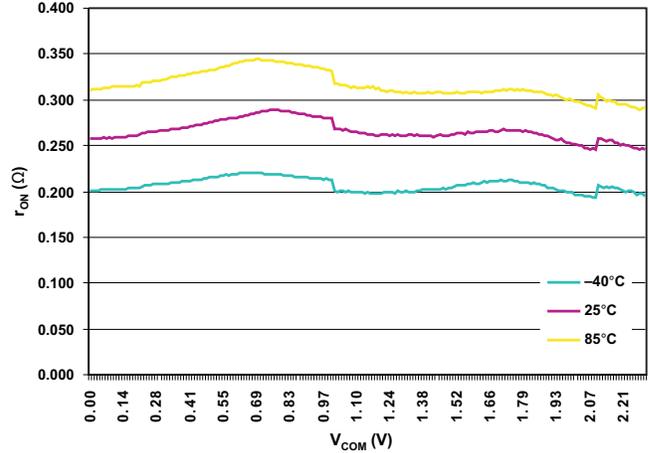
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$	$V_+$	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>Dynamic</b>								
Turn-on time	$t_{ON}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 14</a>	25°C	1.8 V		53	75	ns
			Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V			30	
Turn-off time	$t_{OFF}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 14</a>	25°C	1.8 V		24	35	ns
			Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V			40	
Break-before-make time	$t_{BBM}$	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 15</a>	25°C	1.8 V	2	30	40	ns
			Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	1		50	
Charge injection	$Q_C$	$V_{GEN} = 0$ , $R_{GEN} = 0$ , $C_L = 1\ \text{nF}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 19</a>	25°C	1.8 V		5		pC
NC, NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NC(OFF)}$ , $C_{NO(OFF)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch OFF, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	1.8 V		90		pF
NC, NO ON capacitance	$C_{NC(ON)}$ , $C_{NO(ON)}$	$V_{NC}$ or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	1.8 V		250		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	1.8 V		250		pF
Digital input capacitance	$C_I$	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, See <a href="#">Figure 13</a>	25°C	1.8 V		2		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , Switch ON, See <a href="#">Figure 16</a>	25°C	1.8 V		23		MHz
OFF isolation	$O_{ISO}$	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 17</a>	25°C	1.8 V		-73		dB
Crosstalk	$X_{TALK}$	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $f = 1\ \text{MHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 18</a>	25°C	1.8 V		-97		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$ , $C_L = 50\ \text{pF}$ , $f = 20\ \text{Hz}$ to $20\ \text{kHz}$ , See <a href="#">Figure 20</a>	25°C	1.8 V		0.005		%
<b>Supply</b>								
Positive supply current	$I_+$	$V_I = V_+$ or GND	25°C	1.95 V		100	50	nA
			Full				700	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

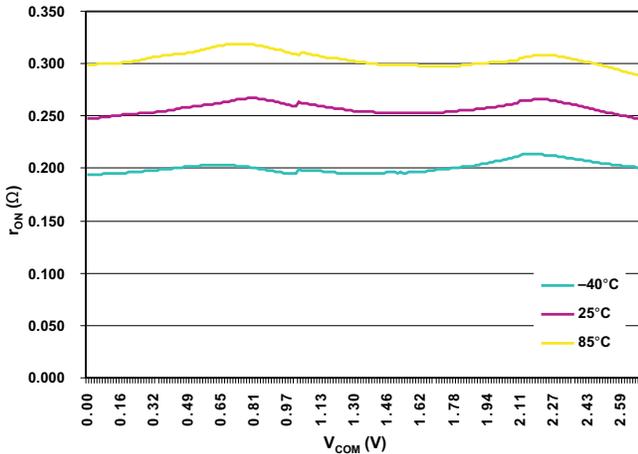
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**



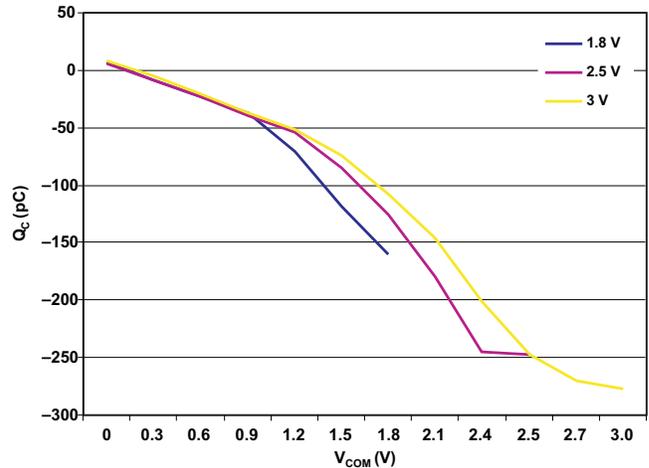
**Figure 1.  $r_{ON}$  vs  $V_{COM}$**   
 ( $V_+ = 1.65$  V)



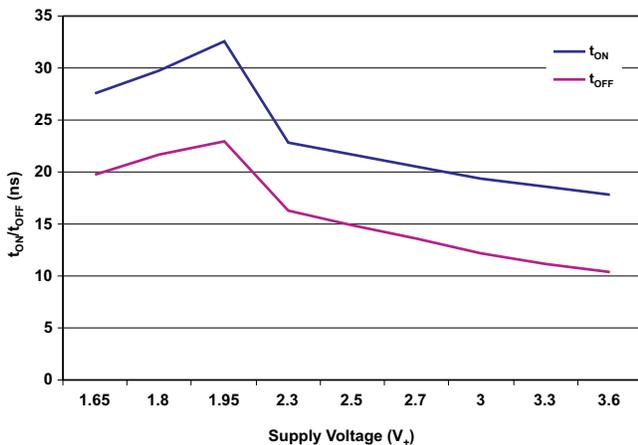
**Figure 2.  $r_{ON}$  vs  $V_{COM}$**   
 ( $V_+ = 2.3$  V)



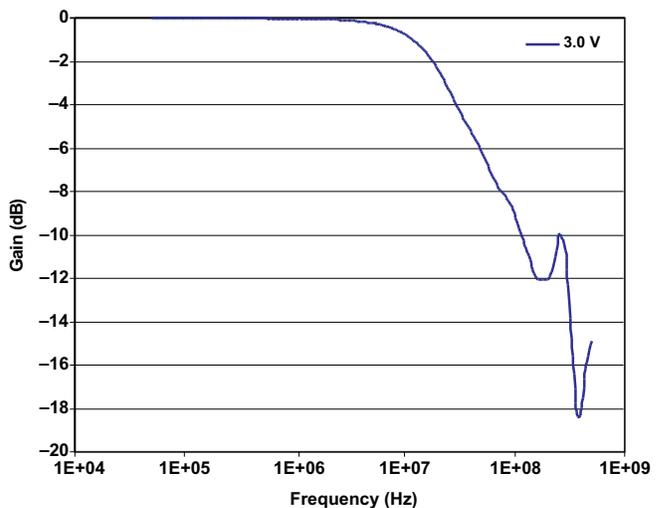
**Figure 3.  $r_{ON}$  vs  $V_{COM}$**   
 ( $V_+ = 2.7$  V)



**Figure 4. Charge Injection ( $Q_C$ ) vs  $V_{COM}$**   
 ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

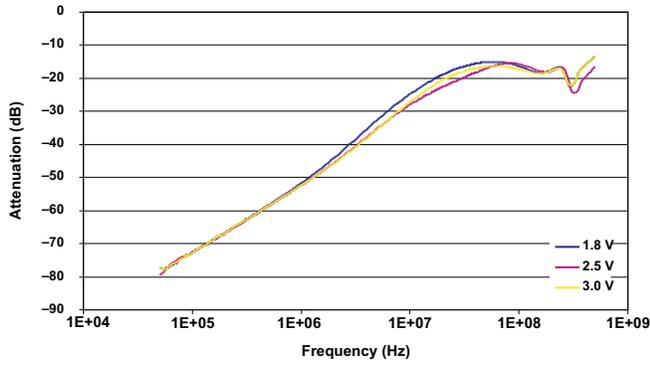


**Figure 5.  $t_{ON}$  and  $t_{OFF}$  vs Supply Voltage**  
 ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

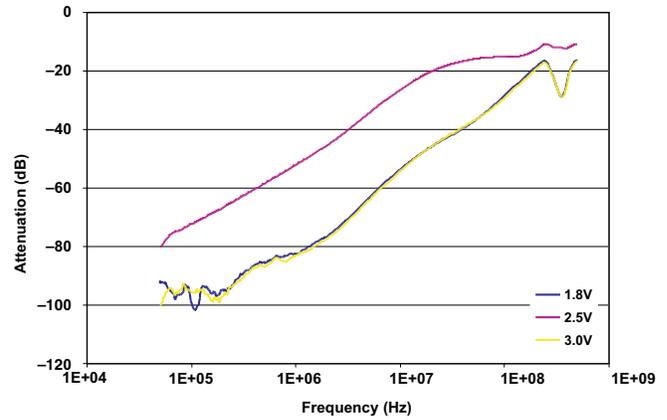


**Figure 6. Bandwidth**

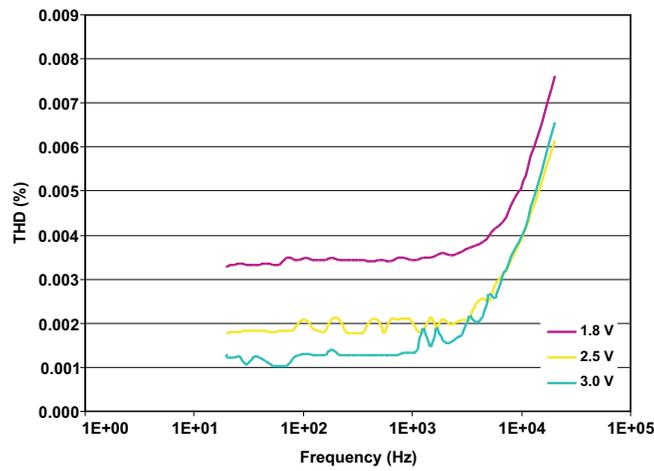
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)**



**Figure 7. OFF Isolation**



**Figure 8. Crosstalk**



**Figure 9. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency**

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

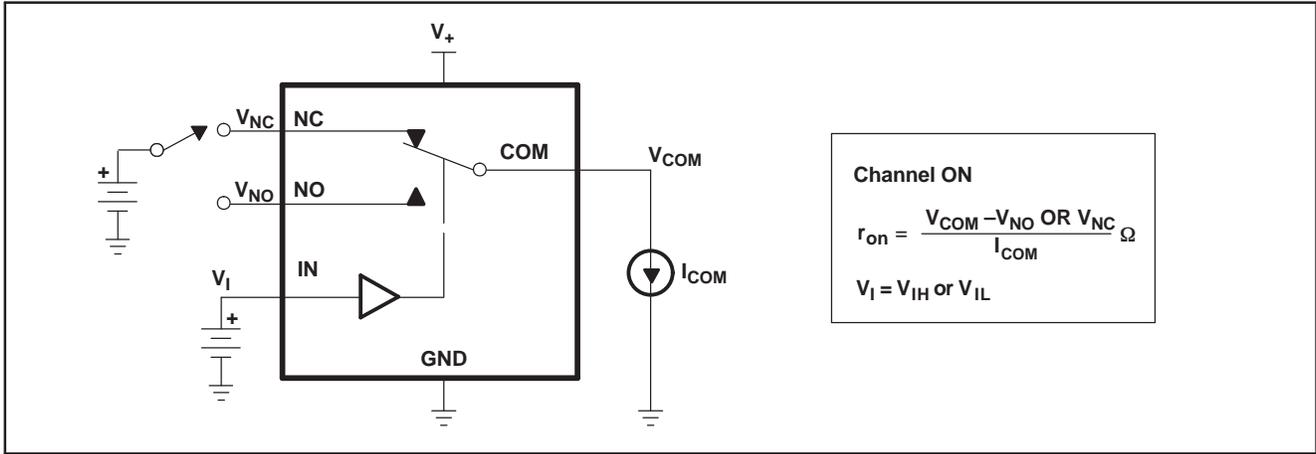


Figure 10. ON-State Resistance

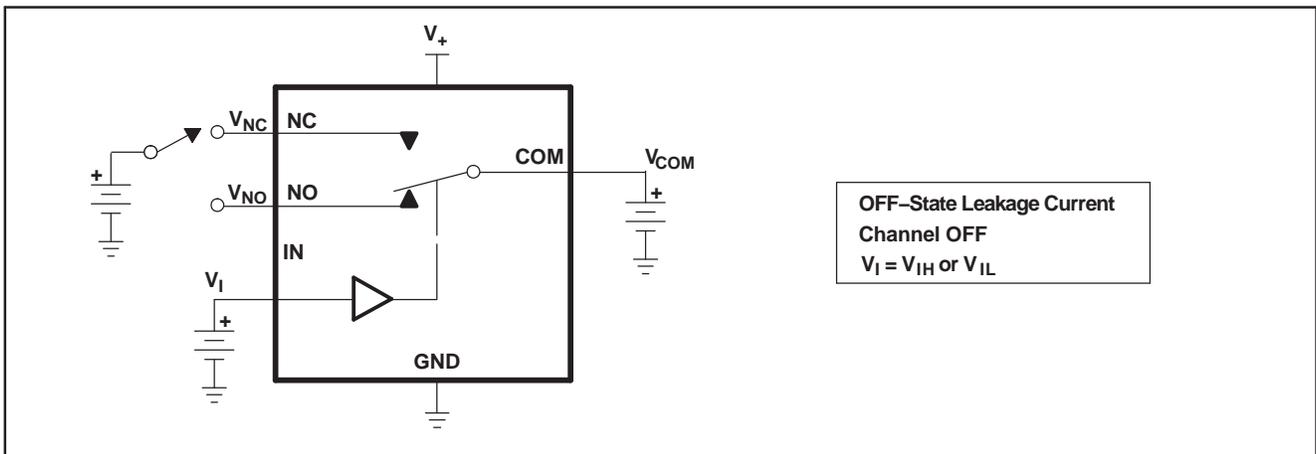


Figure 11. OFF-State Leakage Current  
 ( $I_{NC(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{NC(PWROFF)}$ ,  $I_{NO(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$ ,  $I_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$ )

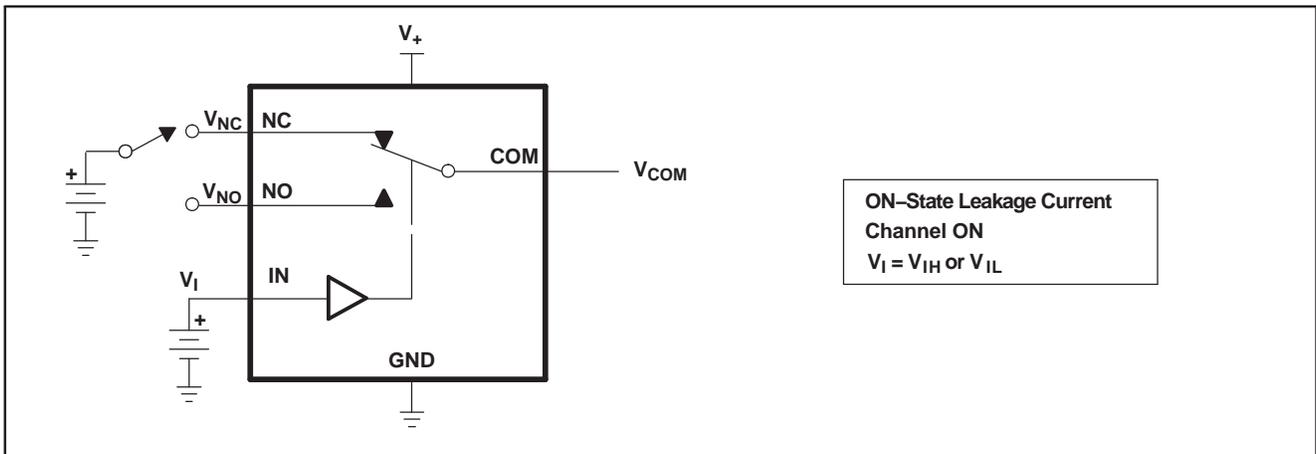


Figure 12. ON-State Leakage Current  
 ( $I_{COM(ON)}$ ,  $I_{NC(ON)}$ ,  $I_{NO(ON)}$ )

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

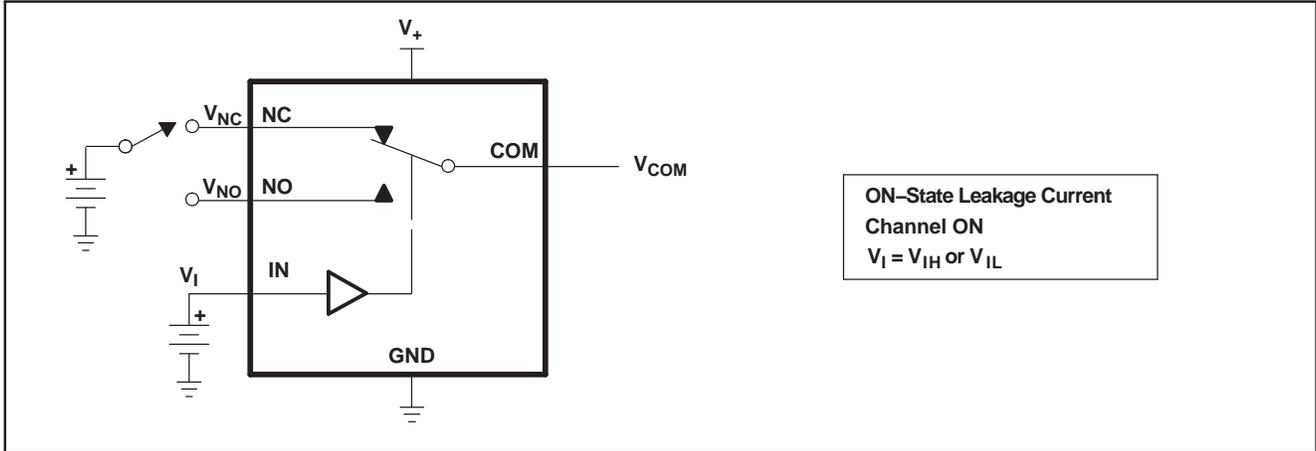
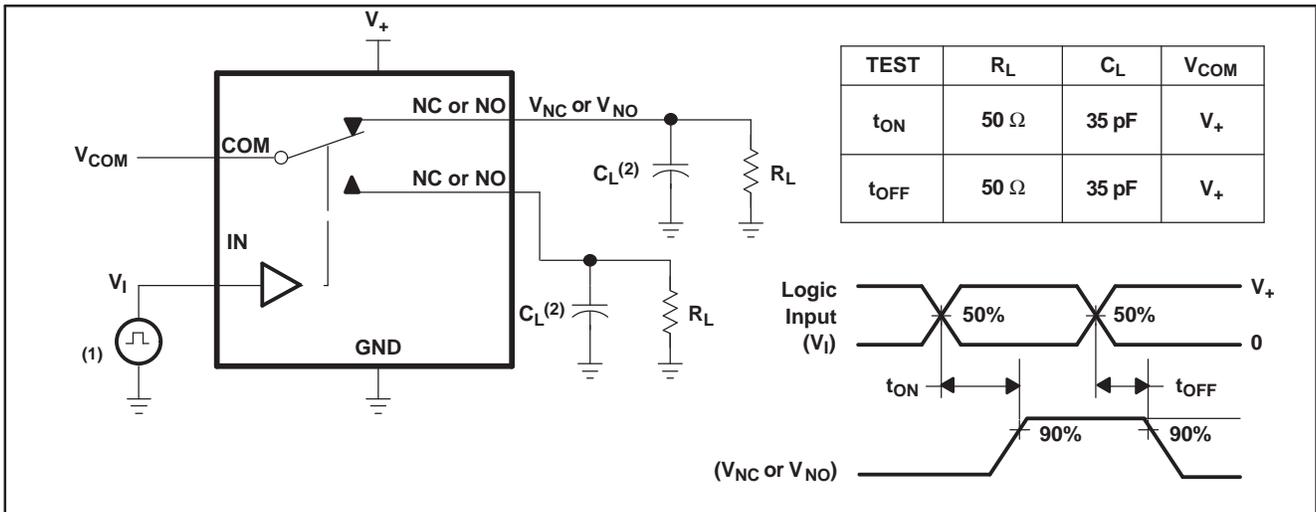


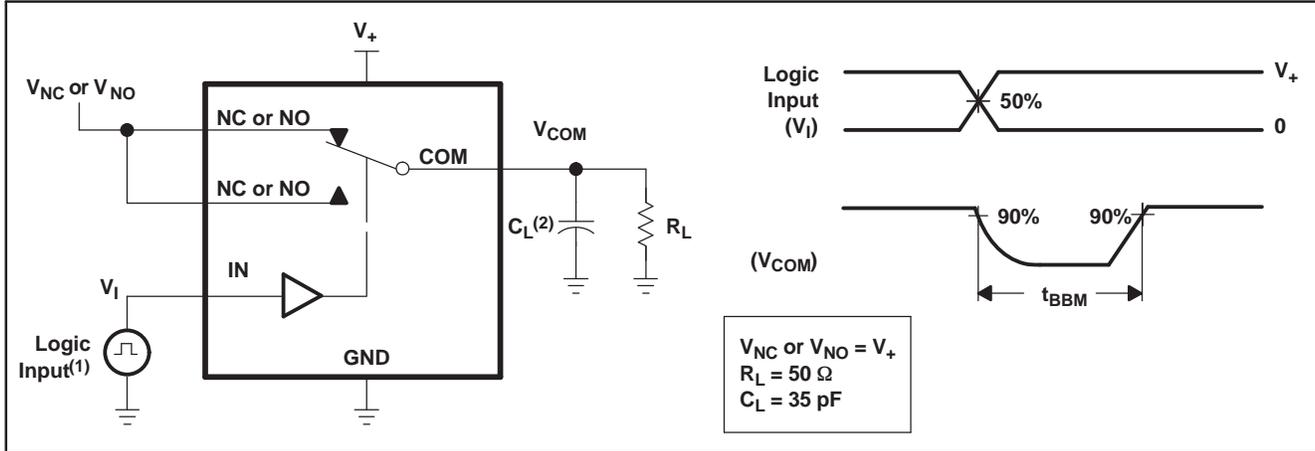
Figure 13. Capacitance  
( $C_I$ ,  $C_{NC(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{NO(OFF)}$ ,  $C_{NC(ON)}$ ,  $C_{NO(ON)}$ )



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ .
- (2)  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 14. Turn-On ( $t_{ON}$ ) and Turn-Off Time ( $t_{OFF}$ )

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 Ω, t<sub>r</sub> < 5 ns, t<sub>f</sub> < 5 ns.
- (2) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 15. Break-Before-Make Time (t<sub>BBM</sub>)

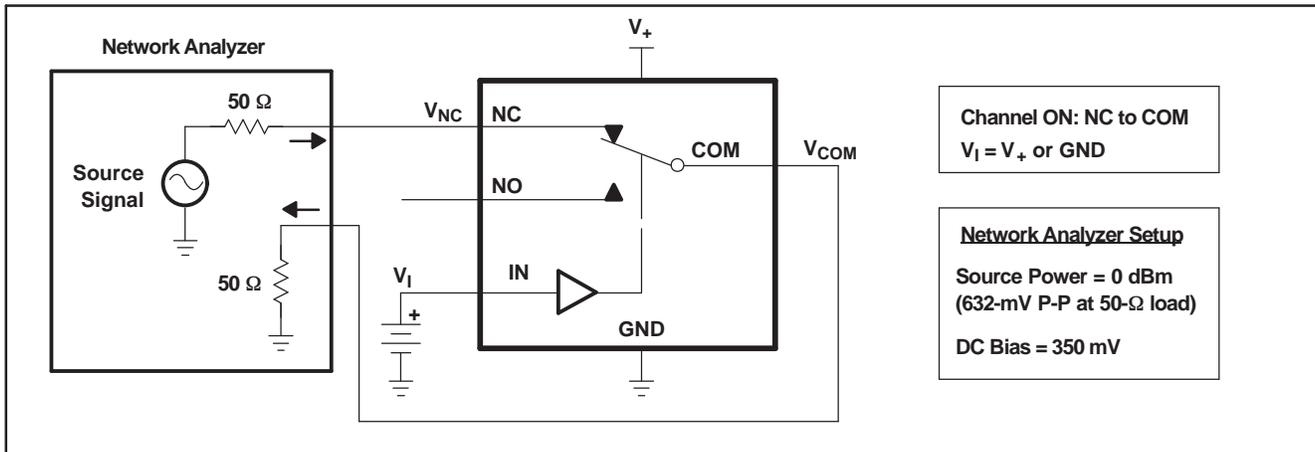
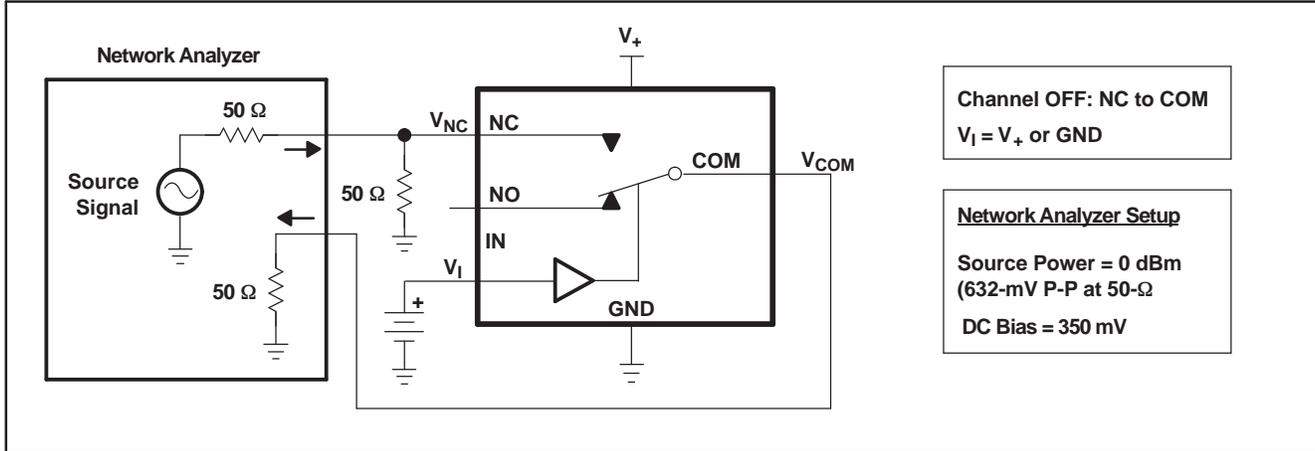
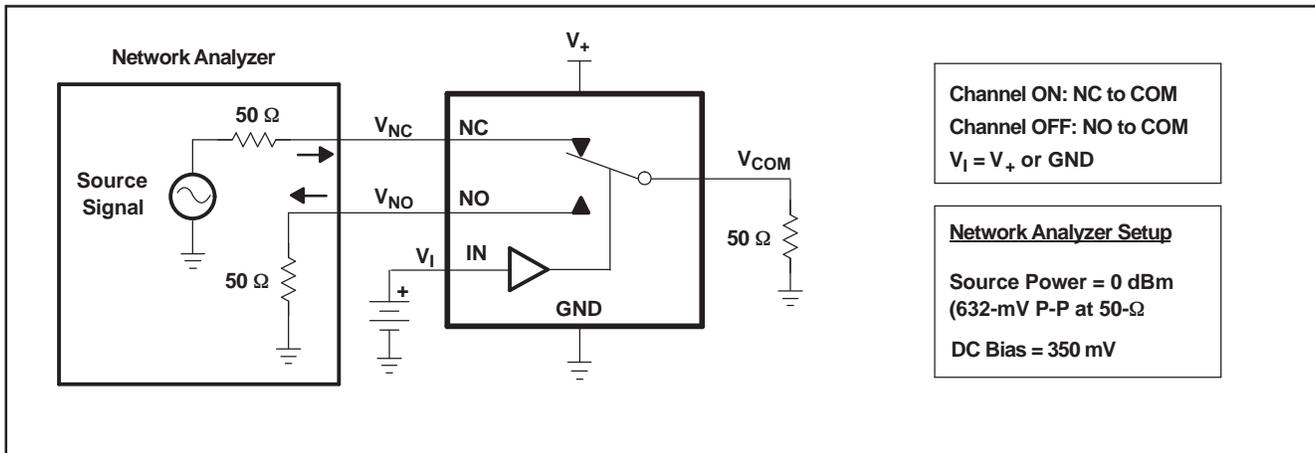


Figure 16. Bandwidth (BW)

**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

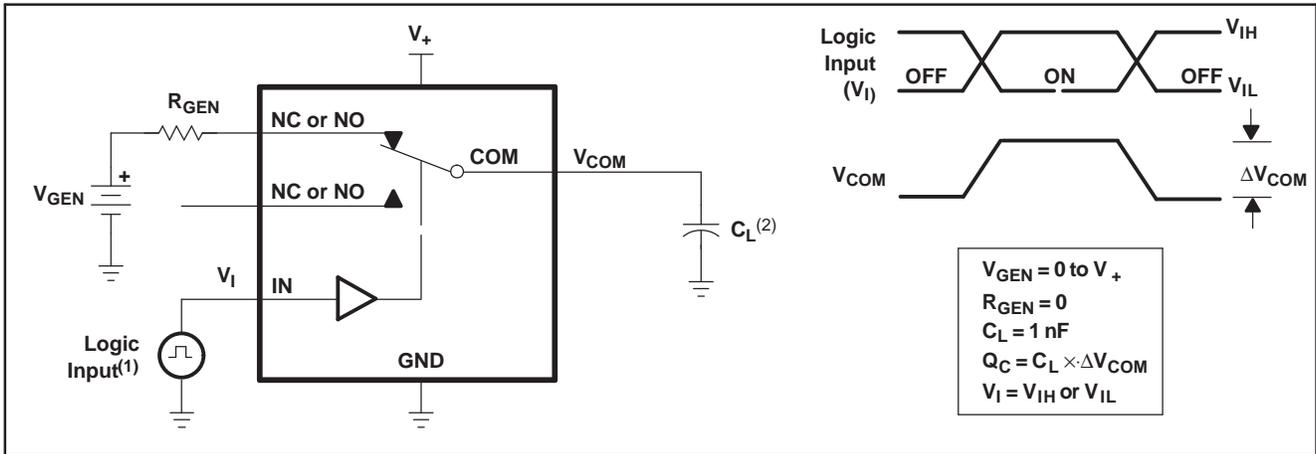


**Figure 17. OFF Isolation ( $O_{Iso}$ )**



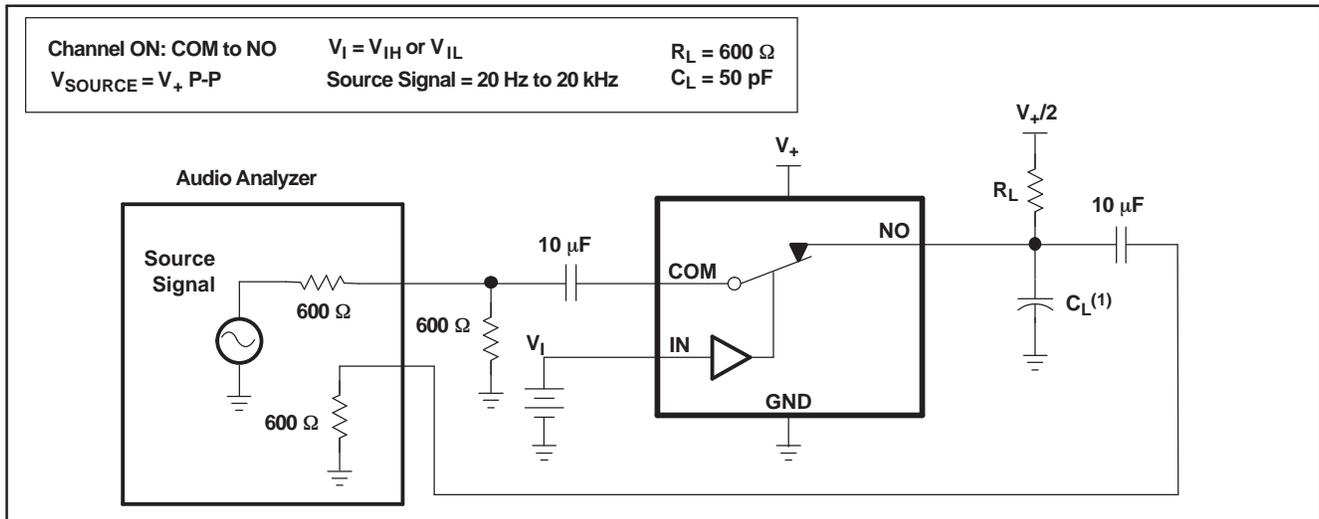
**Figure 18. Crosstalk ( $X_{TALK}$ )**

**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)**



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 Ω, t<sub>r</sub> < 5 ns, t<sub>f</sub> < 5 ns.
- (2) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 19. Charge Injection (Q<sub>c</sub>)**



- (1) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 20. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)**

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
TS3A24159DGSR	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGS	10	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS3A24159DGSRG4	ACTIVE	MSOP	DGS	10	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TS3A24159DRCR	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR
TS3A24159DRCRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRC	10	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1YEAR

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

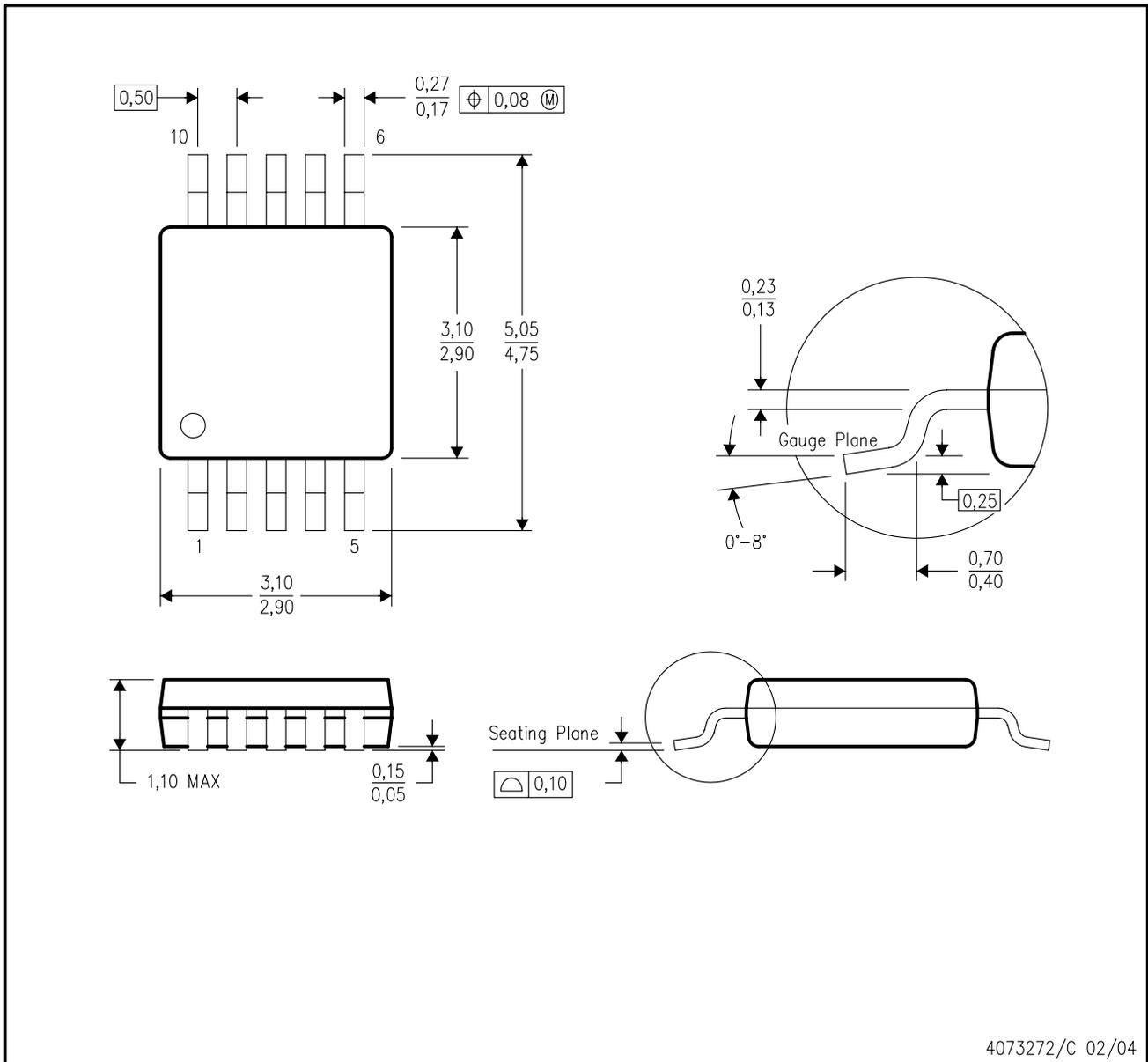
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# MECHANICAL DATA

DGS (S-PDSO-G10)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



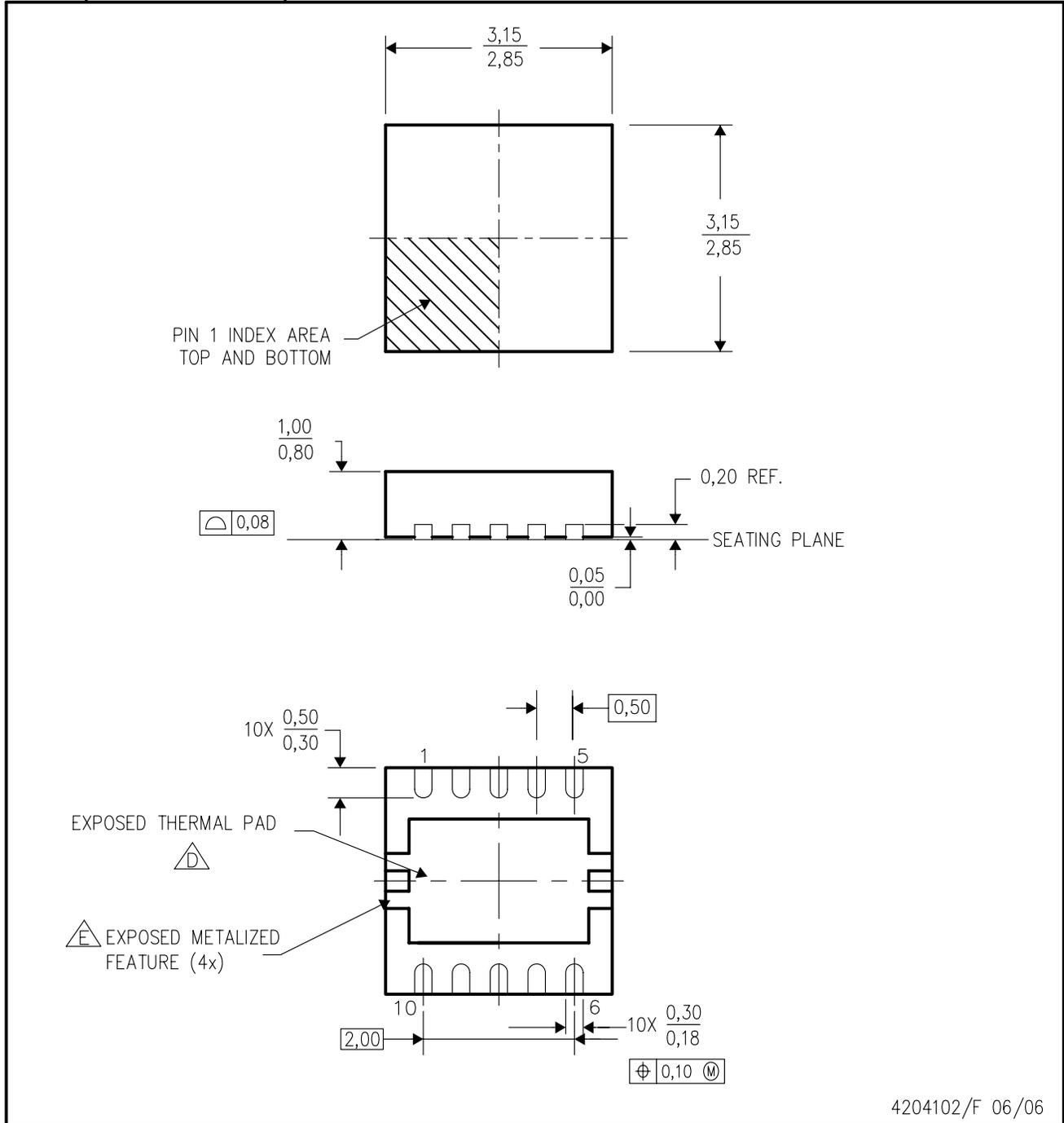
4073272/C 02/04

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
  - Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation BA.

# MECHANICAL DATA

DRC (S-PDSO-N10)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

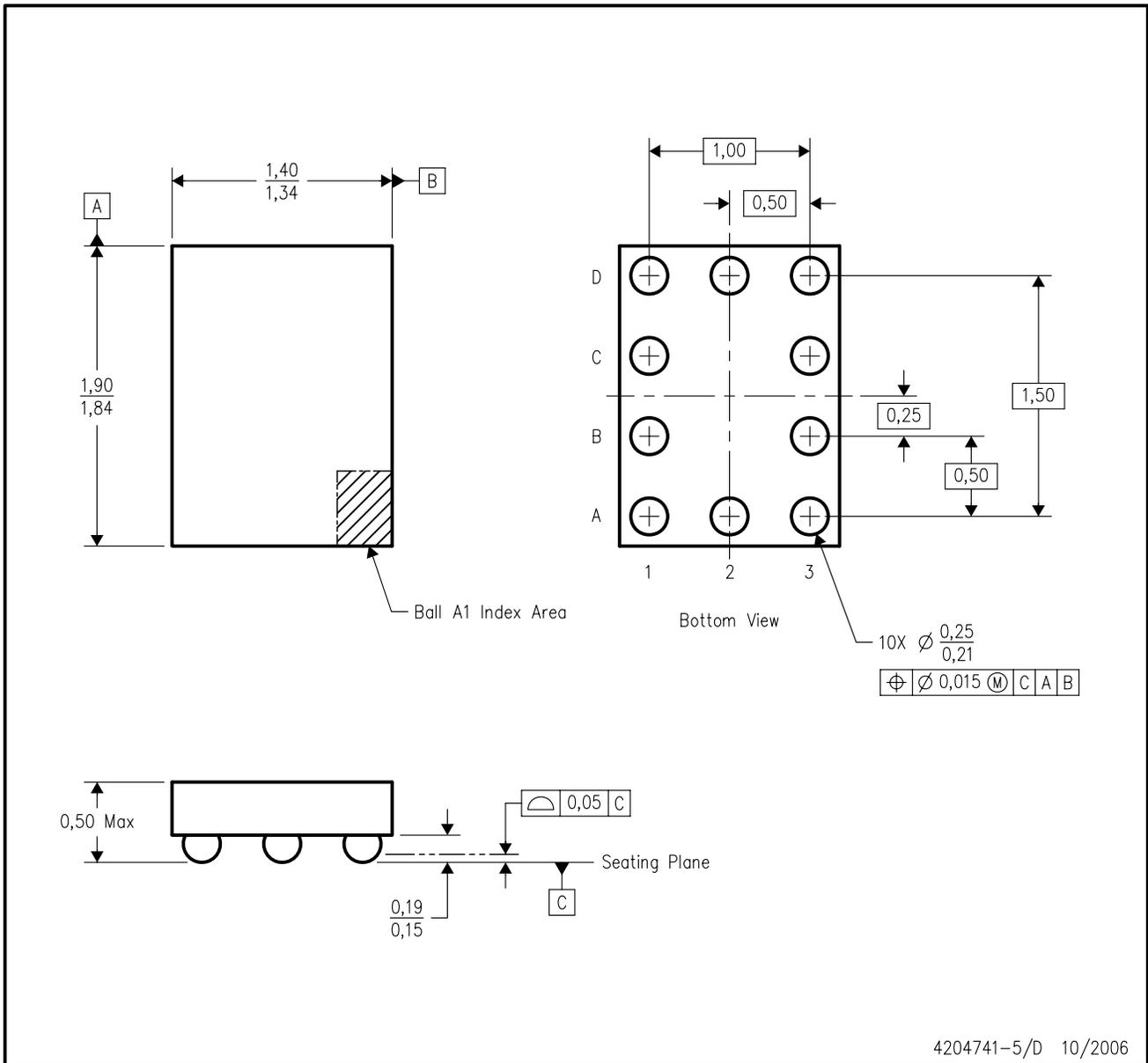


- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
  - D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
  - E. Metalized features are supplier options and may not be on the package.

# MECHANICAL DATA

YZP (R-XBGA-N10)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



4204741-5/D 10/2006

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. NanoFree™ package configuration.
  - D. This package is a lead-free solder ball design.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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Logic	<a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>	Military	<a href="http://www.ti.com/military">www.ti.com/military</a>
Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>	Optical Networking	<a href="http://www.ti.com/opticalnetwork">www.ti.com/opticalnetwork</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>	Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
RFID	<a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>	Telephony	<a href="http://www.ti.com/telephony">www.ti.com/telephony</a>
Low Power Wireless	<a href="http://www.ti.com/lpw">www.ti.com/lpw</a>	Video & Imaging	<a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>
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