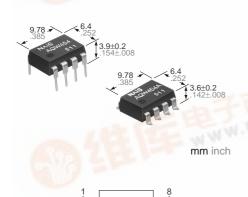




# HE (High-function Economy) Type [2-Channel (Form B) Type]

## PhotoMOS RELAYS



#### **FEATURES**

1. Compact 8-pin DIP size
The device comes in a compact (W)
6.4×(L) 9.78×(H) 3.9 mm (W) .252×(L)

.385×(H) .154 inch , 8-pin DIP size (through hole terminal type).

- 2. Applicable for 2 Form B use as well as two independent 1 Form B use.
- **3. Controls low-level analog signals** PhotoMOS relays feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.
- 4. High sensitivity, low ON resistance Can control a maximum 0.16 A (AQW454) load current with a 5 mA input current. Low ON resistance of 16  $\Omega$  (AQW454). Stable operation because there are no metallic contact parts.

#### 5. Low-level off state leakage current

The SSR has an off state leakage current of several miliamperes, whereas the PhotoMOS relay has only 100 pA even with the rated load voltage of 400 V (AQW454).

6. Low thermal electromotive force (Approx. 1  $\mu$ V)

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Security equipment
- High-speed inspection machine
- Measuring equipment
- Telecommunication equipment
- Sensors

#### **TYPES**

Туре	Output rating*			I				
			Through hole terminal Surface-mount terminal			Packing quantity		
	Load voltage	Load current	Tube packing style		Tape and reel packing style		Z+ W 7.	COM
					Picked from the 1/2/3/4-pin side	Picked from the 5/6/7/8-pin side	Tube	Tape and reel
AC/DC	400 V	120 mA	AQW454	AQW454A	AQW454AX	AQW454AZ	1 tube contains 40 pcs. 1 batch contains 400 pcs.	1,000 pcs

<sup>\*</sup>Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, the package type indicator "X" and "Z" are omitted from the seal.

#### RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item	Symbol	AQW454(A)	Remarks	
	LED forward current	lF	50 mA	W.D.L	
lancet	LED reverse voltage	VR	3 V	44	
Input	Peak forward current	IFP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%	
	Power dissipation		75 mW		
	Load voltage (peak AC)		400 V		
Output	Continuous load current	0750	0.12 A (0.16 A)	A connection: Peak AC, DC ( ): for one 1b-circuit	
1000	Peak load current		0.36 A	A connection: 100 ms (1 shot), V <sub>L</sub> = DC	
	Power dissipation	Pout	800 mW		
Total power dissipation		P⊤	850 mW		
I/O isolation voltage	9	Viso	1,500 V AC	Between input and output/between contact sets	
Tamparatura limita	Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures	
Temperature limits	Storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F		

## **AQW454**

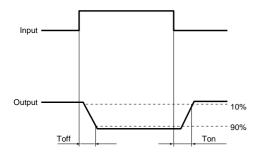
2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item				Symbol	AQW454(A)	Condition	
Input	LED operate (OFF) current		Typical	Foff	0.9 mA	IL = 120 mA	
			Maximum		3 mA		
	LED reverse (ON) current		Minimum	<b>I</b> Fon	0.4 mA	1. 120 m A	
			Typical		0.8 mA	I∟ = 120 mA	
	LED dropout voltage		Typical	m V <sub>F</sub>	1.14 V (1.25 V at I <sub>F</sub> = 50 mA)	I 5 m A	
			Maximum		1.5 V	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA	
	On resistance		Typical	Ron	11 Ω	IF = 0 mA	
Output			Maximum		16 Ω	I∟ = 120 mA Within 1 s on time	
·	Off state leakage current		Maximum	Leak	1 μΑ	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 400 V	
	Switching speed	Operate (OFF) time*	Typical	Toff	1.2 ms	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA → 5 mA	
			Maximum		2 ms	I <sub>L</sub> = 120 mA	
<b>-</b> , ,		Reverse (ON) time*	Typical	Ton	0.36 ms	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 0 \text{ mA}$	
Transfer char- acteristics			Maximum		1 ms	I∟ = 120 mA	
	I/O capacitance		Typical	Ciso	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz	
			Maximum	Ciso	1.5 pF	V <sub>B</sub> = 0	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance		Minimum	Riso	1,000 ΜΩ	500 V DC	

Note: Recommendable LED forward current  $I_F = 5$  mA.

For type of connection, see page 33.

#### \*Operate/Reverse time

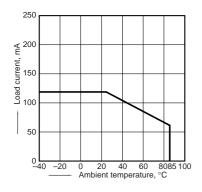


- **■** For Dimensions, see Page 27.
- For Schematic and Wiring Diagrams, see Page 33.
- For Cautions for Use, see Page 36.

### REFERENCE DATA

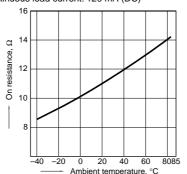
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F

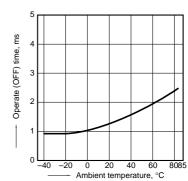


2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; LED current: 0 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)

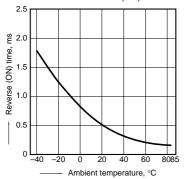


- 3. Operate (OFF) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics
- LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)



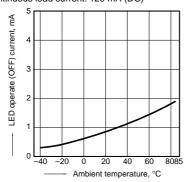
## 4. Reverse (ON) time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)



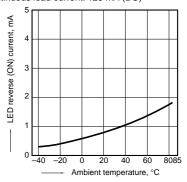
## 5. LED operate (OFF) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)



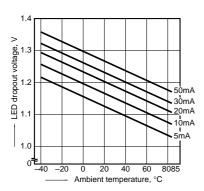
## LED reverse (ON) current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: 400 V (DC);

Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC)



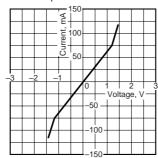
## 7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 to 50 mA



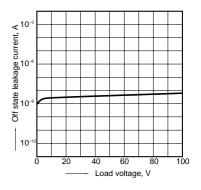
## 8. Voltage vs. current characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



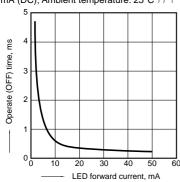
#### 9. Off state leakage current

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



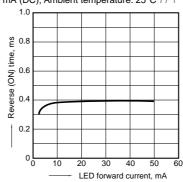
## 10. LED forward current vs. operate (OFF) time characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C  $77^\circ F$ 



## 11. LED forward current vs. reverse (ON) time characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Load voltage: 400 V (DC); Continuous load current: 120 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



## 12. Applied voltage vs. output capacitance characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 5 and 6, 7 and 8; Frequency: 1 MHz;

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

