

# HIGH-SPEED/PRECISION SIX CHANNEL SWITCHING REGULATOR CONTROLLER

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- High-Speed Output Circuit to Drive PNP Power Transistor
- Precision Reference Voltage . . . 1.5 V  $\pm$ 2% at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- Oscillator Frequency . . . 50 kHz to 0.8 MHz
- Low Supply Voltage Operation  $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$  to 12 V
- Output Voltage Limit (Channel 5 and 6)
- Low Supply Current
- Internal Undervoltage Lockout Protection
- Internal Short-Circuit Protection
- Shutdown Function
- External Sink Current Setting on Output Stage

## description

The TL1466I is a six channel pulse-width-modulation (PWM) control circuit. This device contains reference voltage with a precision of  $\pm$ 2%, a triangle wave oscillator capable of high frequency oscillation up to 0.8 MHz, various protection circuitry, and shutdown circuitry. The output regulation voltage for each channel is set by an external resistor divider. Moreover, the output stage is capable of driving a PNP power transistor with high speed. The high frequency/efficiency switching operation eliminates switching loss by using internal over-drive circuitry at the rising edge and with reverse bias connecting external bootstrap capacitor at the falling edge. The MOSFET can be used in parallel with the output diode at channel 1 and 4. This results in further high efficiency operation replacing the constant time with this MOSFET when the output diode is turned on. Furthermore, it operates 2.5 V supply voltage and balances switching current by switching repeatedly at the reverse phase with two pairs (channel 1, 4, 6, and 2, 3, 5) of the six channels. The oscillator output of channel 1, 4, and 6 is reverse phase for channel 2, 3, and 5. As a result of these features, this device is well-suited for power supply of portable systems in battery-powered equipment.

FUNCTION TABLE FOR STANDBY

INPUT		OUTPUT		
STANDBY	STANDBY-3	VREF	OUTPUT1, 2, 4, 5, 6	OUTPUT3
$V_I \leq 0.4\text{ V}$	X <sup>†</sup>	OFF	OFF	OFF
$V_I \geq 2\text{ V}$	$V_I \geq 2\text{ V}$	ON	ON	ON
	$V_I \leq 0.4\text{ V}$	ON	ON	OFF

<sup>†</sup> X: High-level or low-level

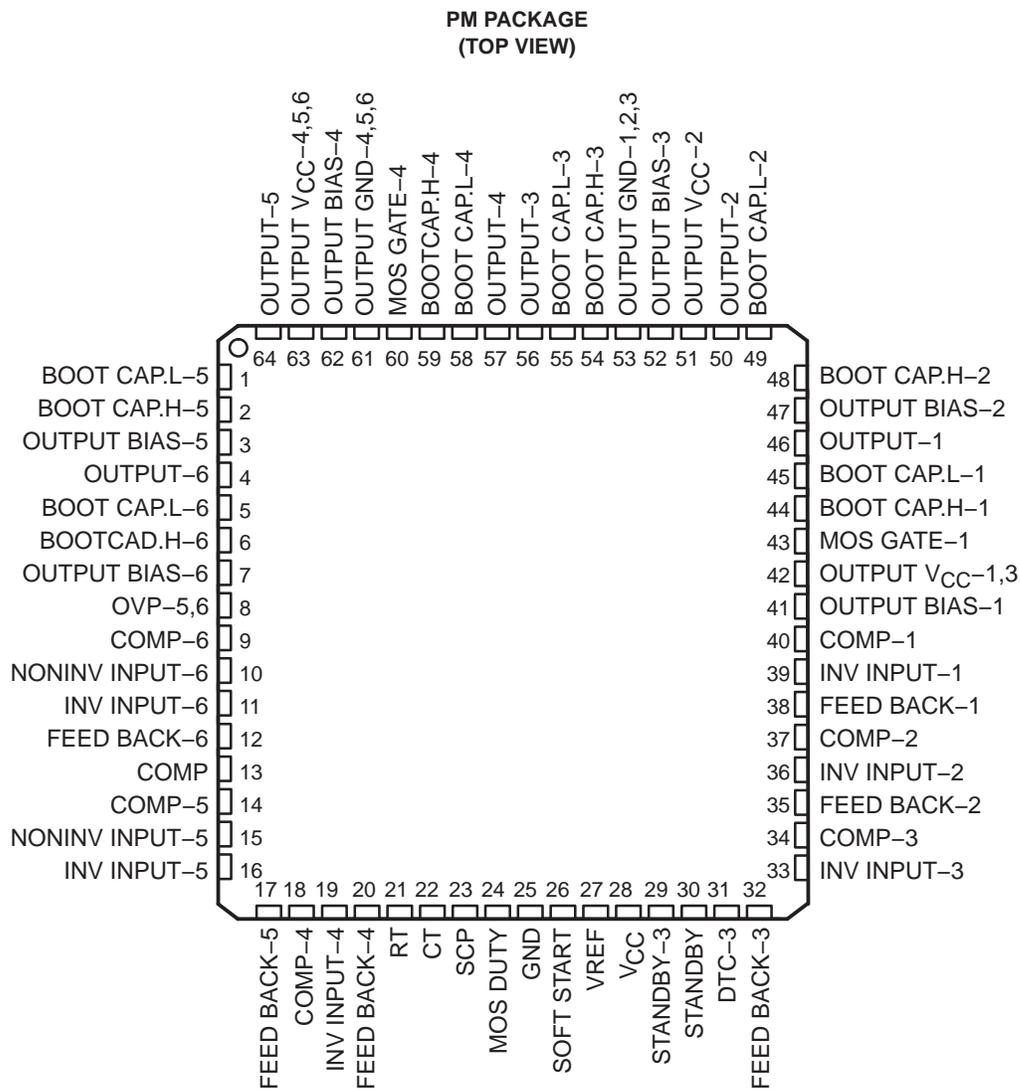
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# TL1466I

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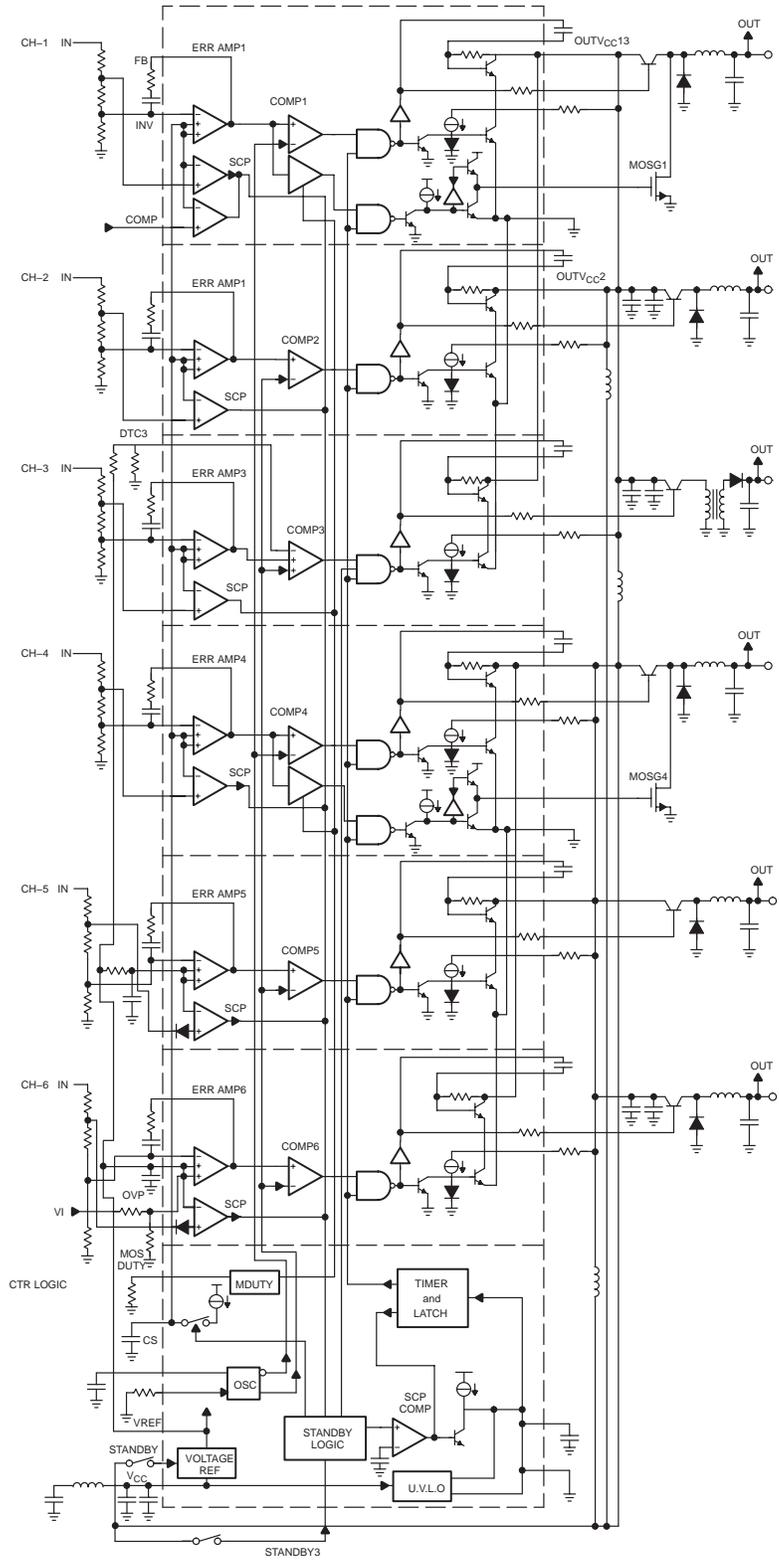
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### pin assignments



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**functional block diagram**



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**Terminal Functions**

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
BOOT CAP.H-1	44	Bootstrap capacitor connection. The connection allows reverse-bias for external PNP transistor of channel 1.
BOOT CAP.L-1	45	
BOOT CAP.H-2	48	Bootstrap capacitor connection. The connection allows reverse-bias for external PNP transistor of channel 2.
BOOT CAP.L-2	49	
BOOT CAP.H-3	54	Bootstrap capacitor connection. The connection allows reverse-bias for external PNP transistor of channel 3.
BOOT CAP.L-3	55	
BOOT CAP.L-4	58	Bootstrap capacitor connection. The connection allows reverse-bias for external PNP transistor of channel 4.
BOOT CAP.H-4	59	
BOOT CAP.L-5	1	Bootstrap capacitor connection. The connection allows reverse-bias for external PNP transistor of channel 5.
BOOT CAP.H-5	2	
BOOT CAP.L-6	5	Bootstrap capacitor connection. The connection allows reverse-bias for external PNP transistor of channel 6.
BOOT CAP.H-6	6	
COMP	13	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal. When this terminal voltage drops below VREF voltage (1.5 V), charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
COMP-1	40	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal (channel 1). When this terminal voltage drops below VREF voltage (1.5 V) charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
COMP-2	37	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal (channel 2). When this terminal voltage drops below VREF voltage (1.5 V) charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
COMP-3	34	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal (channel 3). When this terminal voltage drops below VREF voltage (1.5 V), charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
COMP-4	18	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal (channel 4). When this terminal voltage drops below VREF voltage (1.5 V) charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
COMP-5	14	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal (channel 5). When this terminal voltage drops below NONINV INPUT-5 terminal voltage – 0.55 V, charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
COMP-6	9	Output regulation voltage monitor terminal (channel 6). When this terminal voltage drops below NONINV INPUT-6 terminal voltage – 0.55 V, charging to capacitor connected to SCP terminal (pin 23) is initiated.
CT	22	Timing capacitor connection for oscillation frequency setting.
DTC-3	31	Dead-time control input for channel 3. The maximum ON duty cycle for OUTPUT-3 terminal is determined by comparing the input voltage of this terminal with the oscillator output (triangle wave).
FEEDBACK-1	38	Error amplifier output terminal (channel 1)
FEEDBACK-2	35	Error amplifier output terminal (channel 2)
FEEDBACK-3	32	Error amplifier output terminal (channel 3)
FEEDBACK-4	20	Error amplifier output terminal (channel 4)
FEEDBACK-5	17	Error amplifier output terminal (channel 5)
FEEDBACK-6	12	Error amplifier output terminal (channel 6)
GND	25	Logic ground
INV INPUT-1	39	Error amplifier inverting input terminal (channel 1)
INV INPUT-2	36	Error amplifier inverting input terminal (channel 2)
INV INPUT-3	33	Error amplifier inverting input terminal (channel 3)
INV INPUT-4	19	Error amplifier inverting input terminal (channel 4)
INV INPUT-5	16	Error amplifier inverting input terminal (channel 5)
INV INPUT-6	11	Error amplifier inverting input terminal (channel 6)
MOS DUTY	24	N-channel MOSFET ON duty cycle setting for the synchronous rectification of channel 1 and 4. The MOSFET ON duty cycle for the synchronous rectification is determined by the resistor value connected between this terminal and GND.

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**Terminal Functions (Continued)**

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
MOS GATE–1	43	N-Channel MOSFET gate drive for the synchronous rectification of channel 1. The ON duty cycle for this terminal is determined by the resistor value connected to MOS DUTY (pin 24).
MOS GATE–4	60	N-Channel MOSFET gate drive for the synchronous rectification of channel 4. The ON duty cycle for this terminal is determined by the resistor value connected to MOS DUTY (pin 24).
NONINV INPUT–5	15	Error amplifier noninverting input terminal (channel 6). By connecting resistor and capacitor to this terminal, soft start function is accomplished increasing this terminal voltage slowly.
NONINV INPUT–6	10	Error amplifier noninverting input terminal (channel 6). By connecting resistor and capacitor to this terminal, soft start function is accomplished increasing this terminal voltage slowly.
OUTPUT–1	46	Output terminal to drive base for external PNP transistor of channel 1.
OUTPUT–2	50	Output terminal to drive base for external PNP transistor of channel 2.
OUTPUT–3	56	Output terminal to drive base for external PNP transistor of channel 3.
OUTPUT–4	57	Output terminal to drive base for external PNP transistor of channel 4.
OUTPUT–5	64	Output terminal to drive base for external PNP transistor of channel 5.
OUTPUT–6	4	Output terminal to drive base for external PNP transistor of channel 6.
OUTPUT BIAS–1	41	Resistor connection to set output sink current for OUTPUT–1 terminal (pin 46) of channel 1.
OUTPUT BIAS–2	47	Resistor connection to set output sink current for OUTPUT–2 terminal (pin 50) of channel 2.
OUTPUT BIAS–3	52	Resistor connection to set output sink current for OUTPUT–3 terminal (pin 56) of channel 3.
OUTPUT BIAS–4	62	Resistor connection to set output sink current for OUTPUT–4 terminal (pin 57) of channel 4.
OUTPUT BIAS–5	3	Resistor connection to set output sink current for OUTPUT–5 terminal (pin 64) of channel 5.
OUTPUT BIAS–6	7	Resistor connection to set output sink current for OUTPUT–6 terminal (pin 4) of channel 6.
OUTPUT GND–1,2,3	53	Ground for channel 1, 2, and 3 output.
OUTPUT GND–4,5,6	61	Ground for channel 4, 5, and 6 output.
OUTPUT V <sub>CC</sub> –1,3	42	Supply voltage for channel 1 and 3 outputs.
OUTPUT V <sub>CC</sub> –2	51	Supply voltage for channel 2 output.
OUTPUT V <sub>CC</sub> –4,5,6	63	Supply voltage for channel 4, 5, and 6 outputs.
OVP–5,6	8	Over-voltage threshold voltage setting for output regulation voltage of channel 5 and 6.
RT	21	Timing resistor connection for oscillation frequency setting.
SCP	23	Capacitor connection for short-circuit protection. When voltage across COMP terminal for each channel is dropped below the specified threshold voltage, the capacitor connected between SCP and GND is charged by the constant current source (2.5 $\mu$ A Typ). If the voltage reaches to 1.5 V, the timer latch circuitry is set and all channel outputs are forced to turn off.
SOFT START	26	Soft start operation for channel 1 to 4. By connecting a capacitor between this terminal connected internally to error amplifier noninverting input for channel 1 to 4 and GND, soft start operation is enabled charging a capacitor with the constant current source (3 $\mu$ A Typ). Moreover, the same soft start operation is also enabled at the standby release using STANDBY–3 terminal only for channel 3.
STANDBY	30	ON/OFF common control input for all channels. The all channels output is turned off by adding low-level input voltage (0.4 V Max) to this terminal, and the reference voltage is also shutdown.
STANDBY–3	29	ON/OFF control input for channel 3. The channel 3 output is turned off by adding low-level input voltage (0.4 V Max) to this terminal.
V <sub>CC</sub>	28	Supply voltage
VREF	27	1.5 V reference voltage output

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### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	13 V
Input voltage, $V_I$ at OVP, COMP	13 V
Error amplifier input voltage, $V_{(AMP)}$	13 V
Output voltage, $V_O$	13 V
Peak output sink current, $I_{(SINK)}$	100 mA
Peak output source current, $I_{(SOURCE)}$	-0.5 A
Continuous power total dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 2)	1785 mW
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$	-20°C to 75°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to GND.  
2. Device mounted on a 50 mm × 1.6 mm, fFR4 printed-circuit board.

### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$		2.5		12	V
High-level standby input voltage (pin 29, 30), $V_{I(HS)}$		2		$V_{CC}$	V
Low-level standby input voltage (pin 29, 30), $V_{I(LS)}$				0.4	V
Output voltage, $V_O$				12	V
Current into feedback terminal, $I_{OAMP}$	Channel 1, 4			-30	μA
	Channel 2, 3, 5, 6			-45	
Feedback capacitance, $C_{(NF)}$		0.5	5	100	nF
Bootstrap capacitance, $C_{(BOOT)}$		100	500		pF
Bias resistor, $R_{(BIAS)}$		3		20	kΩ
Timing resistor, $R_{(T)}$		12		100	kΩ
Timing capacitor, $C_{(T)}$		68		1000	pF
Oscillator frequency, $f_{(OSC)}$		0.05		0.8	MHz
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$		-20		75	°C

### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC} = 6 V$ , $f = 0.43 MHz$ (unless otherwise noted)

#### reference section

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{ref}$	Output voltage (pin 27)	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,	$I_{OR} = -1 mA$	1.47	1.50	1.53	V
$R_{(EGIN)}$	Line regulation	$V_{CC} = 2.5 V$ to 12 V, $I_{OR} = -1 mA$			2	12.5	mV
$R_{(EGL)}$	Load regulation	$I_{OL} = -0.1 mA$ to -1 mA			1	7.5	mV
$V_{(RTC1)}$	Output voltage change with temperature	$T_A = -20^\circ C$ to 25°C			-0.2%	±2%	
$V_{(RTC2)}$		$T_A = 25^\circ C$ to 75°C			-0.2%	±2%	
$I_{OS}$	Short-circuit output current	$V_{ref} = 0 V$		-4	-20		mA

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 6\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 0.43\text{ MHz}$  (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

**undervoltage lockout section**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(th)}$	High-level threshold voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.45		V
$V_{(tl)}$	Low-level threshold voltage			2.35		V
$V_{hys}$	Hysteresis		0.05	0.1		V
$V_{(R)}$	Reset threshold voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )		2.1	2.2		V

**oscillator section**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$f_{(OSC)}$	Oscillator frequency	$C_{(T)} = 100\text{ pF}$ , $R_{(T)} = 47\text{ k}\Omega$		0.43		MHz
$f_{(dev)}$	Standard deviation of frequency	All the values are constant		7%		
$f_{(dv)}$	Frequency change with voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V to }12\text{ V}$		1%		
$f_{(dT1)}$	Frequency change with temperature	$T_A = -20^\circ\text{C to }25^\circ\text{C}$		-0.5%	$\pm 4\%$	
$f_{(dT2)}$		$T_A = 20^\circ\text{C to }75^\circ\text{C}$		0.5%	$\pm 4\%$	

**output voltage monitor section**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(tOM)}$	Input threshold voltage (COMP terminals: pin 13, 18, 34, 37, 40)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (channel 1, 2, 3, 4)	1.45	1.50	1.55	V
$V_{(IOM)}$	Input offset voltage (pin 9, 14)	$V_I(10, 15\text{ pin}) = 1.5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (channel 5,6)		0.55		V
$I_{(ICOMP)}$	Input bias current	Pin 13, 18, 34, 37, 40		-0.8	-2	$\mu\text{A}$
		Pin 9, 14	$V_I = 0.5\text{ V}$ , $V_I(10, 15\text{ pin}) = 1.5\text{ V}$			

**short-circuit protection control section**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(tPC)}$	Input threshold voltage (pin 23)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.45	1.53	1.61	V
$V_{(STBY)}$	UVLO standby voltage (pin 23)		20	60	100	mV
$V_I$	Latched input voltage (pin 23)			10	30	mV
$I_{(bPC)}$	Input source current (pin 23)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-1	-2.5	-3.5	$\mu\text{A}$

**dead-time control section (channel 3)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(Idt)}$	Input current (DTC-3 terminal: pin 31)	$V_I(31\text{ pin}) = 0.5\text{ V}$		-1	-6	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(t)}$	Input threshold voltage	Duty cycle = 0%	0.55	0.65	0.75	V
$V_{(t100)}$		Duty cycle = 100%	1.25	1.35	1.45	

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 6\text{ V}$ ,  $f = 0.43\text{ MHz}$  (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

### error-amplifier section

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(t)}$ Input threshold voltage	$V_O = 1\text{ V}$ (channel 1, 2, 3, 4)	1.46	1.50	1.54	V
$V_{IO}$ Input offset current	$V_O = 1\text{ V}$ (channel 5, 6)		5	40	mV
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current	$V_O = 1\text{ V}$ INV INPUT (pin 11, 16, 19, 33, 36, 39)		-200	-500	nA
	INV INPUT (pin 10, 15)		-0.9	-2.5	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ to $12\text{ V}$		$0$ to $V_{CC}-1$		V
$A_{(v)}$ Open-loop voltage amplification			70		dB
$B_1$ Unity-gain bandwidth			6		MHz
$V_{OM+}$ Positive output voltage swing			$V_{ref}-0.1$		V
$V_{OM-}$ Negative output voltage swing				0.2	V
$I_{OM+}$ Output sink current	$V_O = 1\text{ V}$	0.5	2		mA
$I_{OM-}$ Output source current	$V_O = 1\text{ V}$ Channel 1, 4	-30	-80		$\mu\text{A}$
	Channel 2, 3, 5, 6	-45	-100		

### output voltage limit section (channel 5, 6)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(tOV)}$ Input threshold voltage	$V_{I(10, 15\text{ pin})} = 1\text{ V}$	0.95	1	1.05	V
$V_{(BOV)}$ Input bias current	$V_{I(8\text{ pin})} = 1.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{I(10, 15\text{ pin})} = 1\text{ V}$		-0.7	-2	$\mu\text{A}$

### soft start section

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(bss)}$ Input source current (pin 26)	STANDBY-3 terminal = $2\text{ V}$ SOFT START terminal = $1\text{ V}$	-1	-2.5	-4	$\mu\text{A}$

### MOSFET DUTY setting section (channel 1, 4)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$D_{(MOS)}$ ON DUTY	$V_{(FB)} = 1\text{ V}$ $R_{DUTY} = 5\text{ k}\Omega$		20%		
	$R_{DUTY} = 25\text{ k}\Omega$		40%		

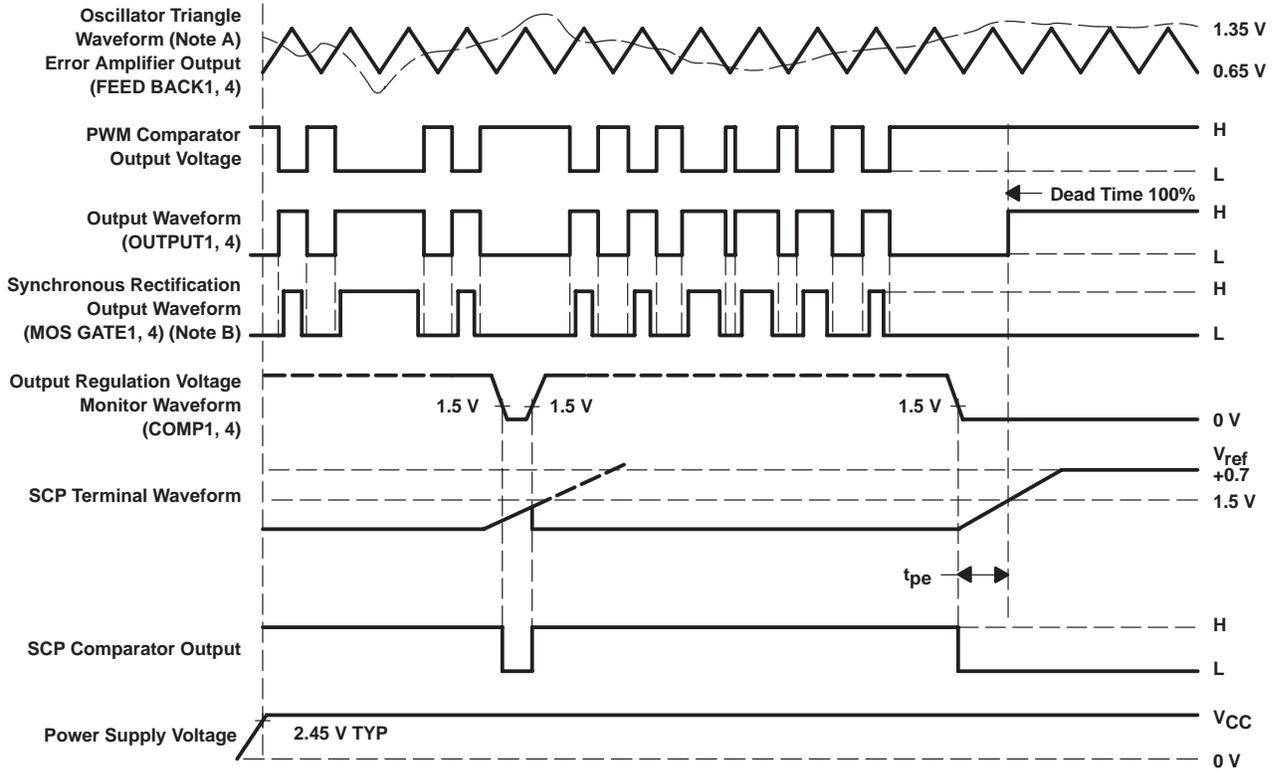
### output section

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(SINK)}$ Output sink current	$R_{(BIAS)} = 6.8\text{ k}\Omega$	6.3	8.5	10.7	mA
	$R_{(BIAS)} = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	4.5	6	7.5	
$I_{(GSOURCE)}$ MOS gate source current	$V_O(43, 60\text{ pin}) = 1\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		-50		mA
$I_{(GSINK)}$ MOS gate sink current	$V_O(43, 60\text{ pin}) = 2\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		50		mA
$I_{(GOH)}$ MOS gate high-level output voltage		3.5	4		V
$I_{(GOL)}$ MOS gate low-level output voltage			0.1	0.3	

### total device

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{(ccs)}$ Standby supply current	STANDBY terminal = $0\text{ V}$		1	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{(cca)}$ Average supply current	$R_{(T)} = 47\text{ k}\Omega$		6	9	mA

**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**



† Protection enable time,  $t_{pe} = (588 \times 10^3 \times C_{pe})$  in seconds

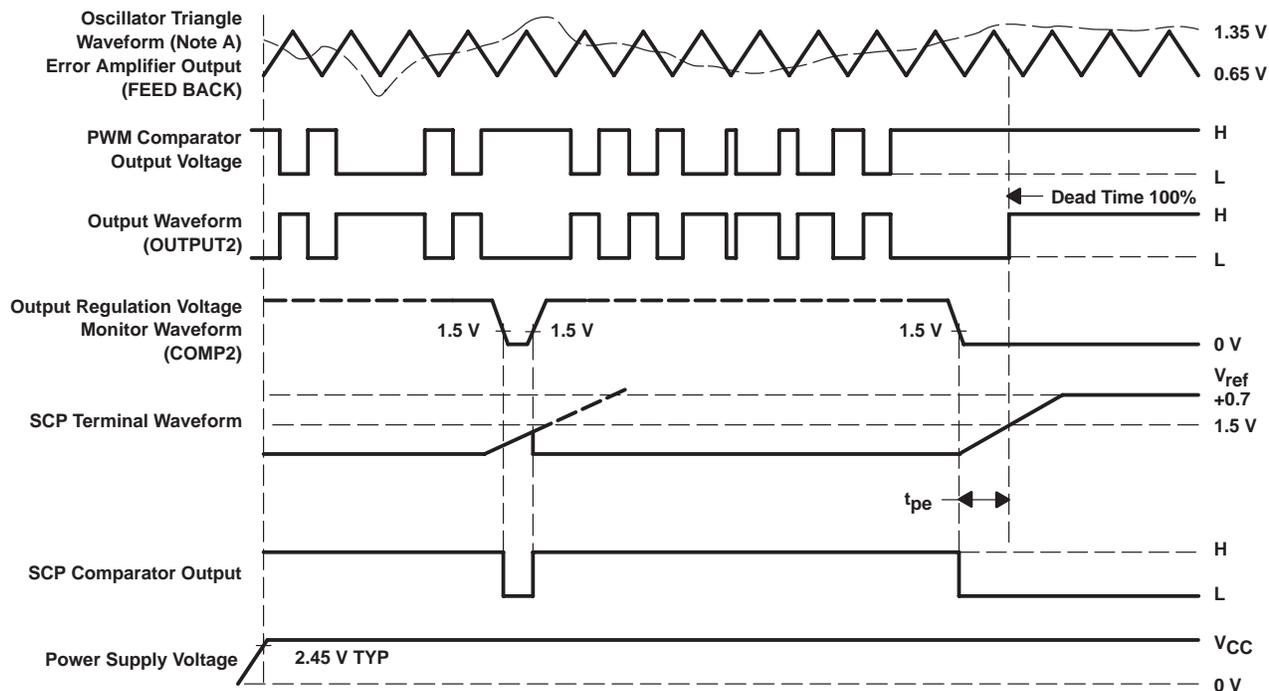
NOTES: A. The oscillator output of channel 1, 4, and 6 is reverse phase for channel 2, 3, and 5.

B. The ON (high-level output state) time for the synchronous rectification output (MOS GATE1, 4) is determined by the resistor value connected to MOS DUTY terminal (pin 24) and this time is controlled internally without exceeding OFF (high-level output state) of output (OUTPUT1,4).

**Figure 1. Timing Diagram (channel 1, 4)**

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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

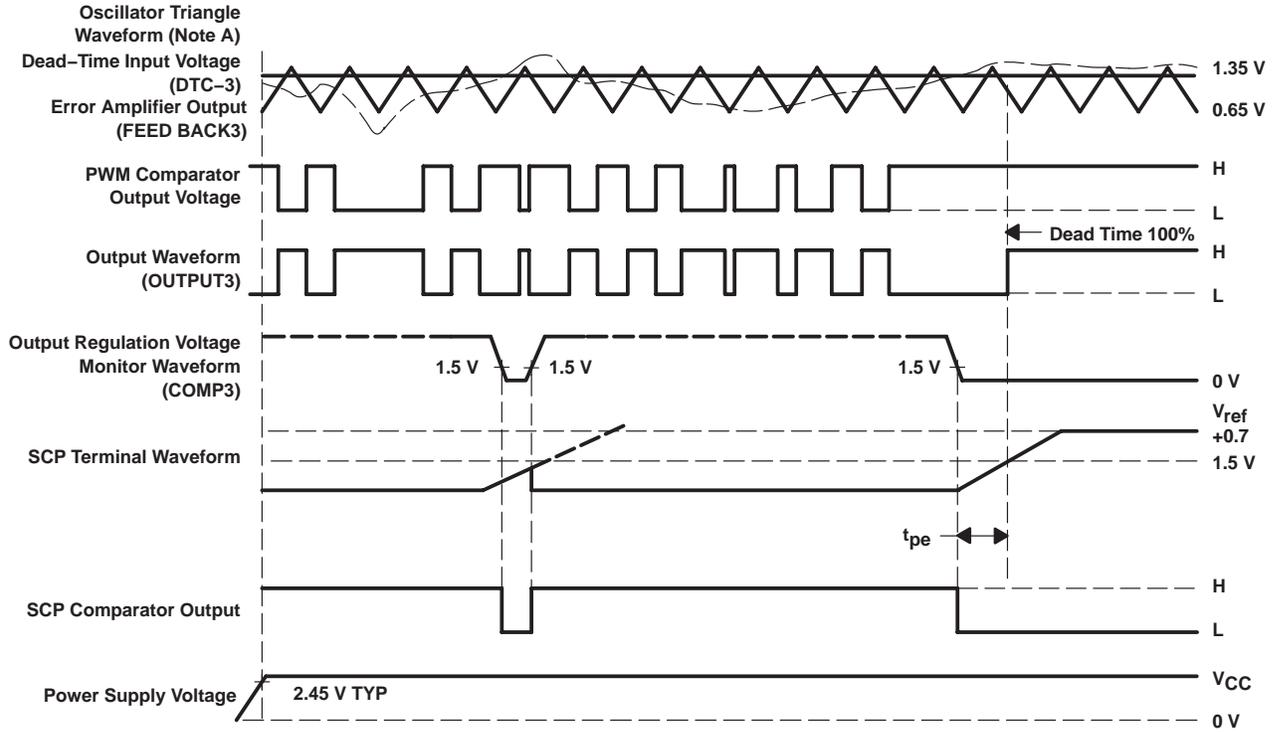


† Protection enable time,  $t_{pe} = (588 \times 10^3 \times C_{pe})$  in seconds

NOTE A: The oscillator output of channel 1, 4, and 6 is reverse phase for channel 2, 3, and 5.

**Figure 2. Timing Diagram (channel 2)**

**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**



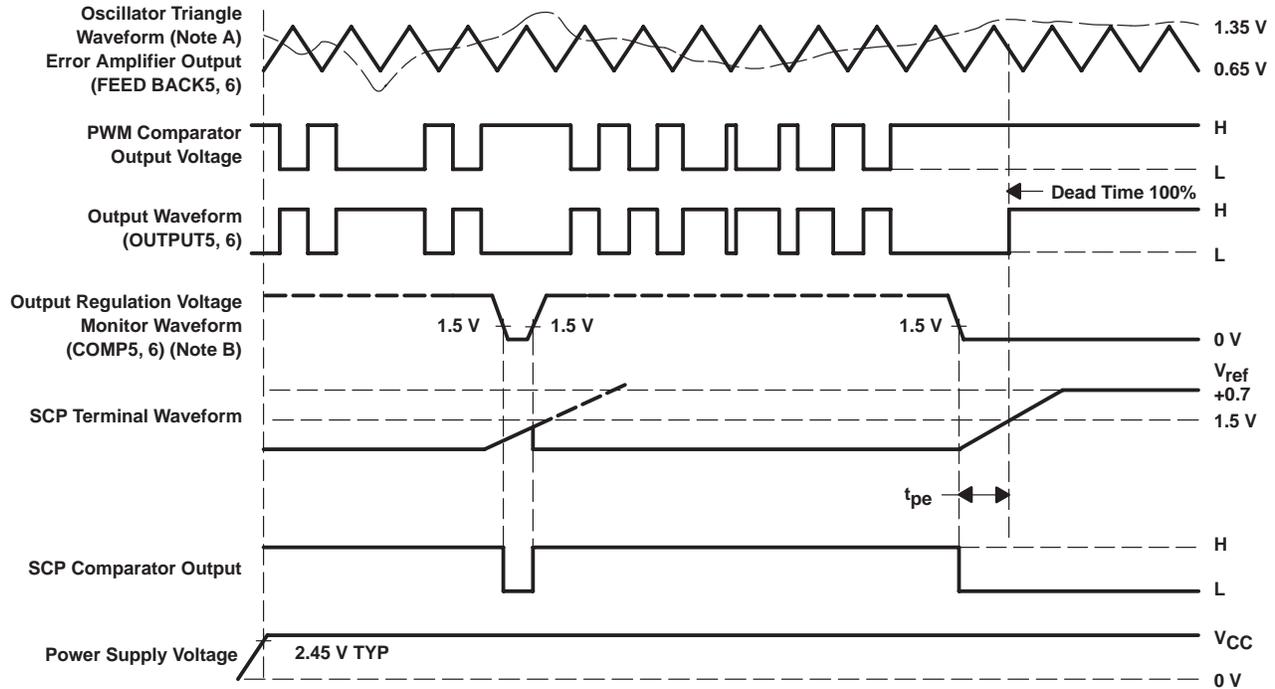
† Protection enable time,  $t_{pe} = (588 \times 10^3 \times C_{pe})$  in seconds

NOTE A: The oscillator output of channel 1, 4, and 6 is reverse phase for channel 2, 3, and 5.

**Figure 3. Timing Diagram (channel 3)**

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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**



† Protection enable time,  $t_{pe} = (588 \times 10^3 \times C_{pe})$  in seconds

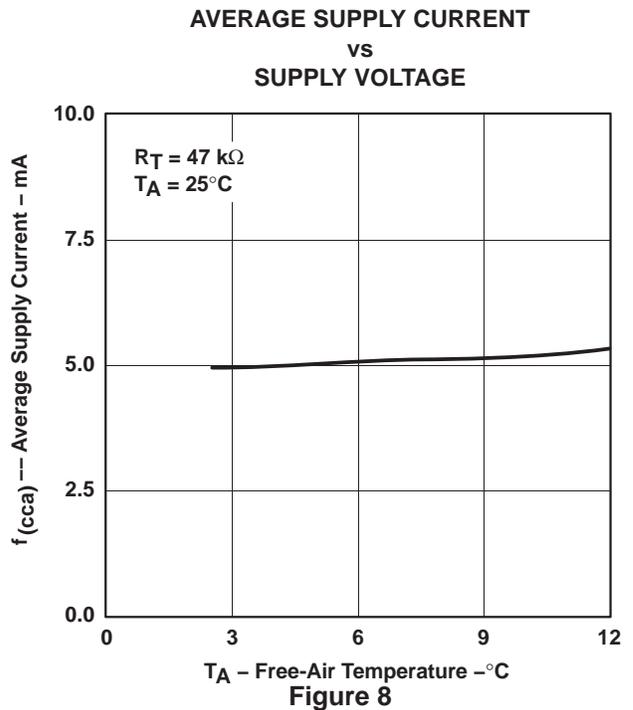
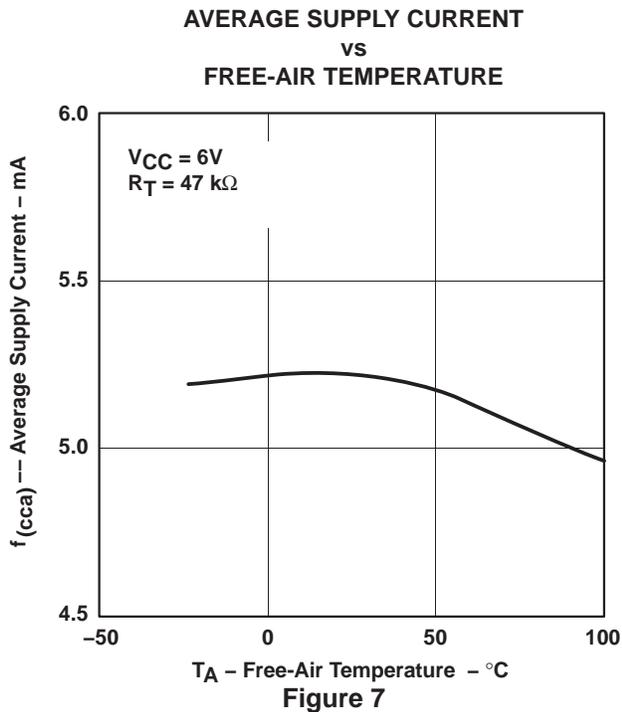
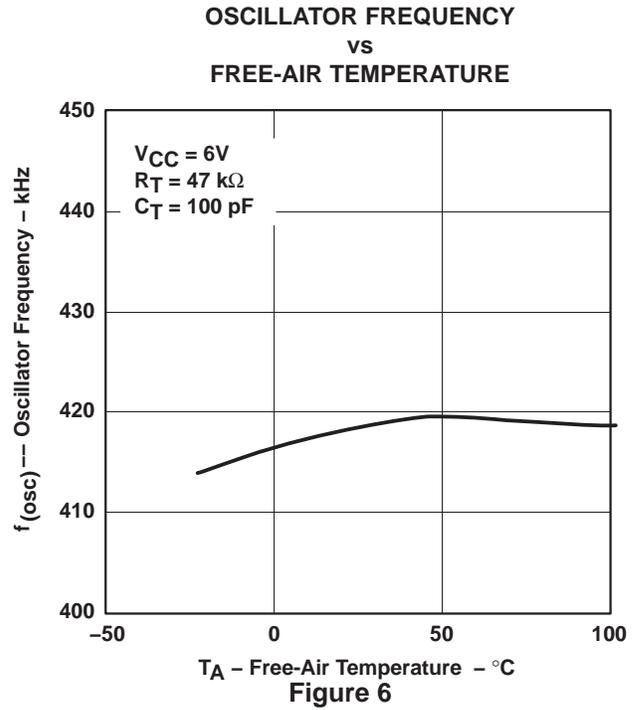
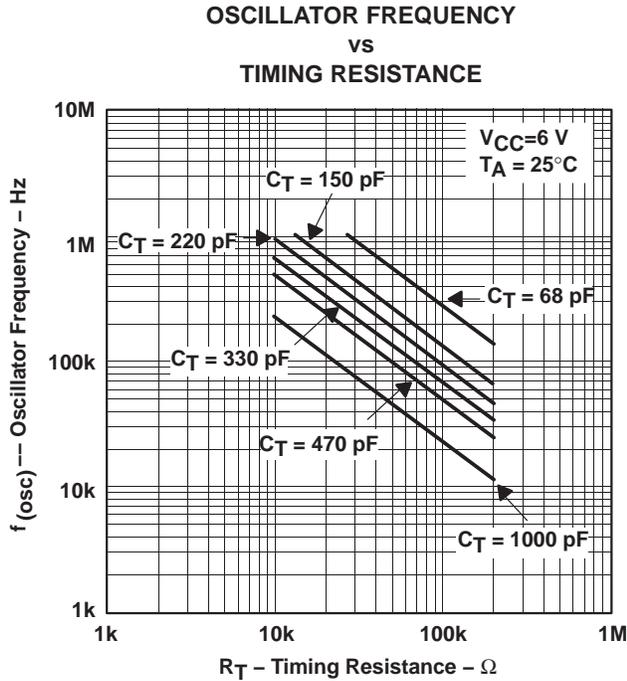
NOTES: A. The oscillator output of channel 1, 4, and 6 is reverse phase for channel 2, 3, and 5.

B. The threshold voltage at  $V_{(A)}$  is set by following the formula below:

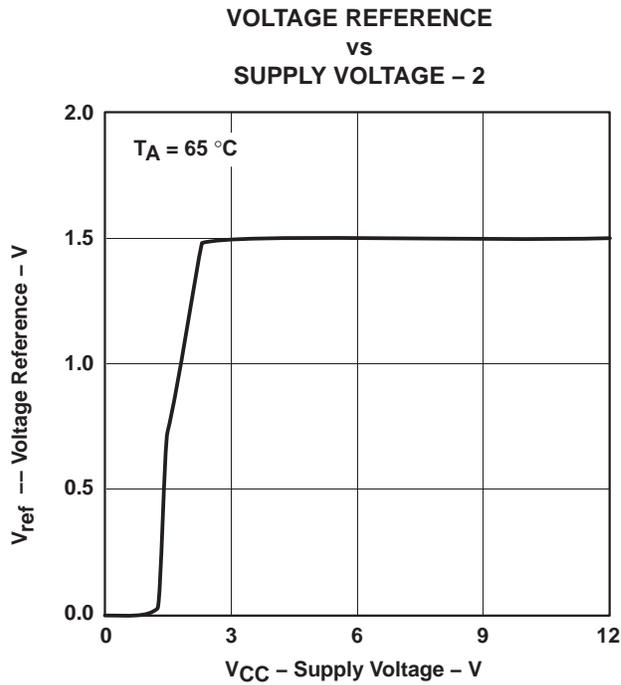
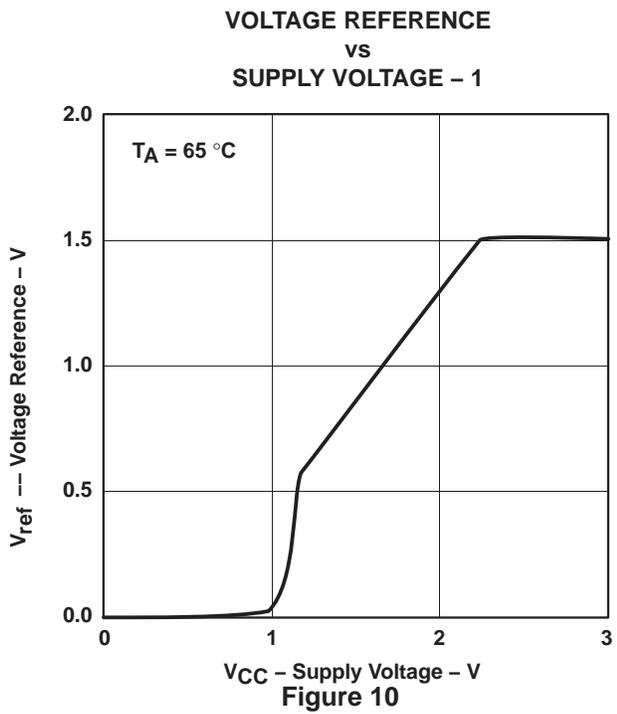
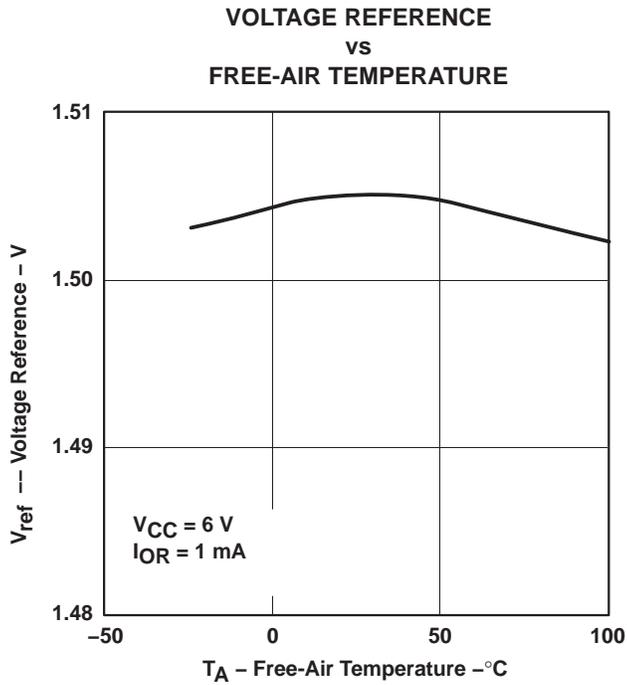
$V_{(A)}$  Input voltage of NONINV INPUT terminal (pin 10, 15)  $-0.55$  V

**Figure 4. Timing Diagram (channel 5, 6)**

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**OUTPUT SINK CURRENT  
vs  
BIAS RESISTANCE**

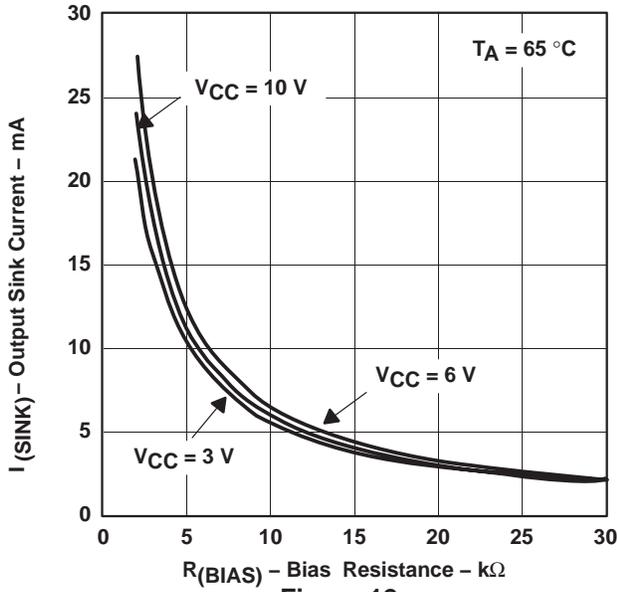


Figure 12

**OUTPUT SINK CURRENT  
vs  
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**

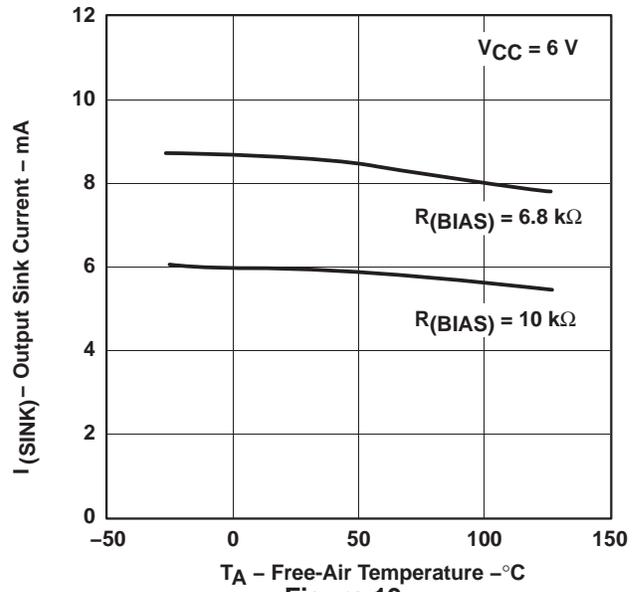


Figure 13

**OUTPUT ON DUTY CYCLE  
vs  
DEAD-TIME INPUT VOLTAGE**

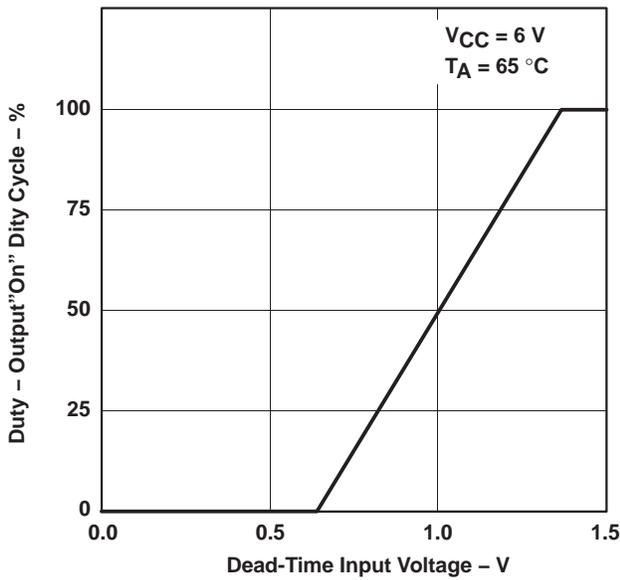


Figure 14

**MOSFET ON DUTY CYCLE  
vs  
RESISTANCE**

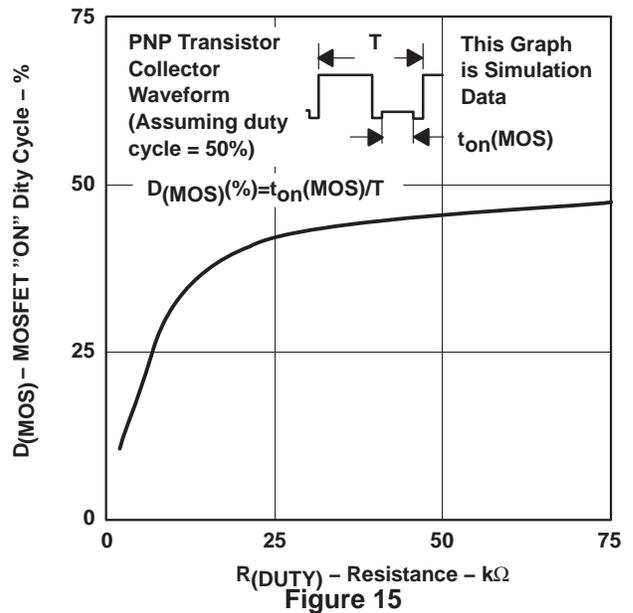
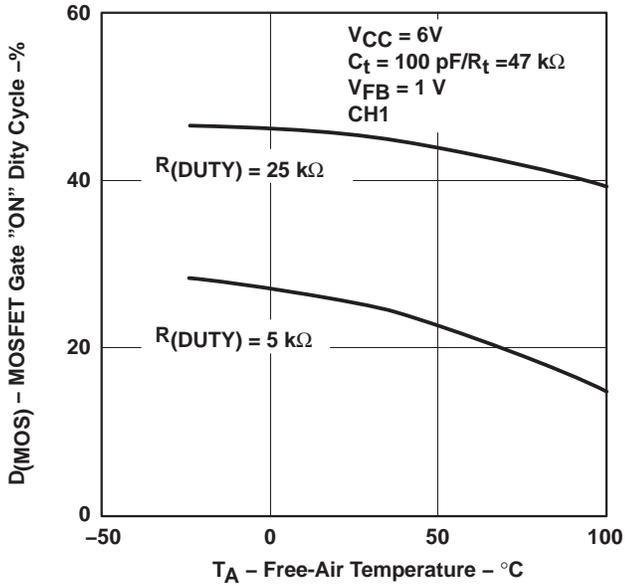


Figure 15

**TL1466I**  
**HIGH-SPEED/PRECISION SIX CHANNEL**  
**SWITCHING REGULATOR CONTROLLER**  
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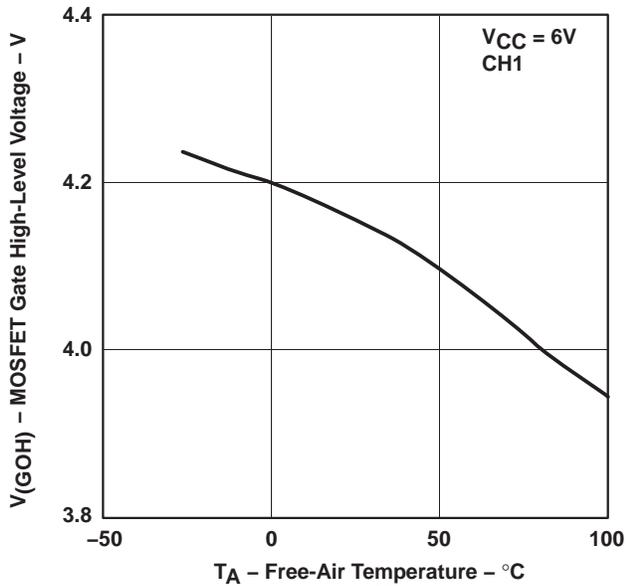
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**MOSFET ON DUTY CYCLE**  
**vs**  
**FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



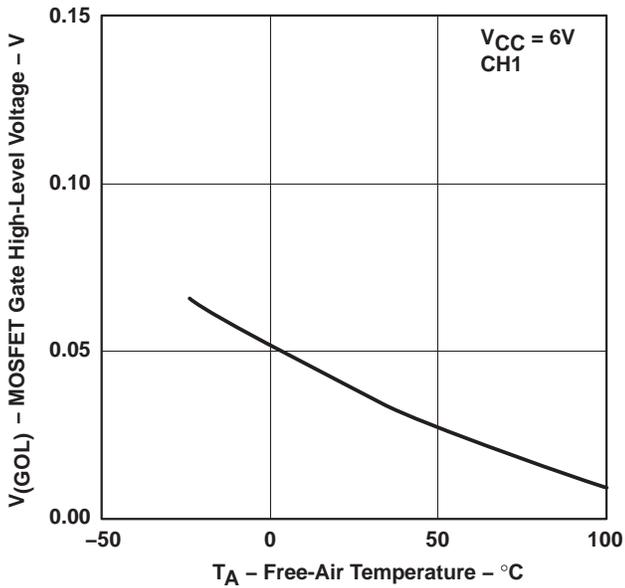
**Figure 16**

**MOSFET GATE HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



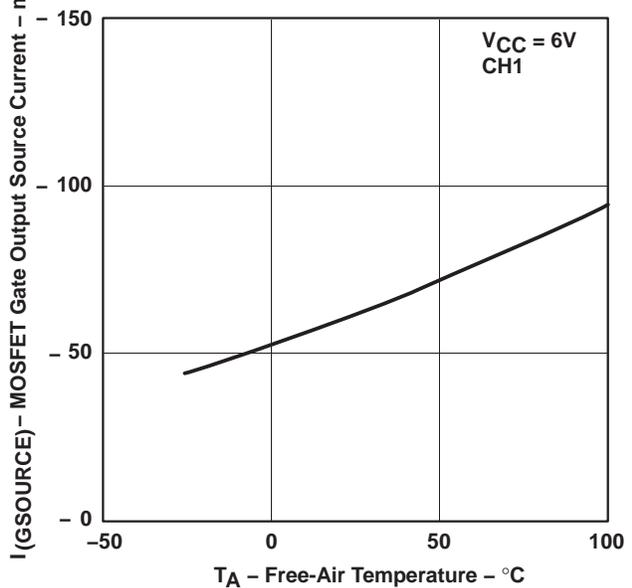
**Figure 17**

**MOSFET GATE HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



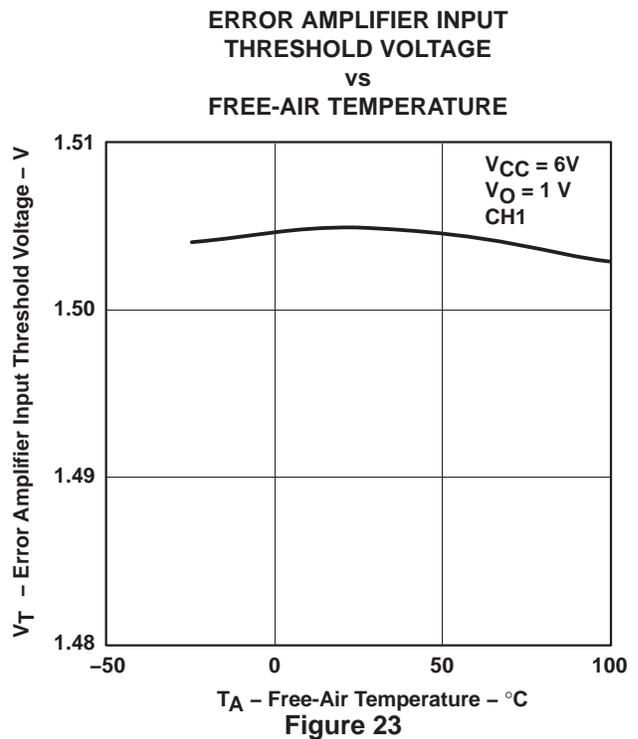
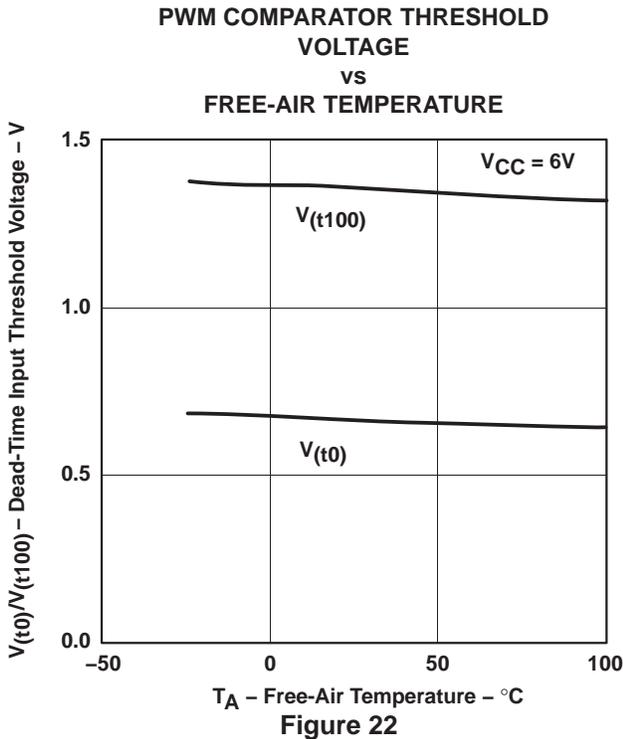
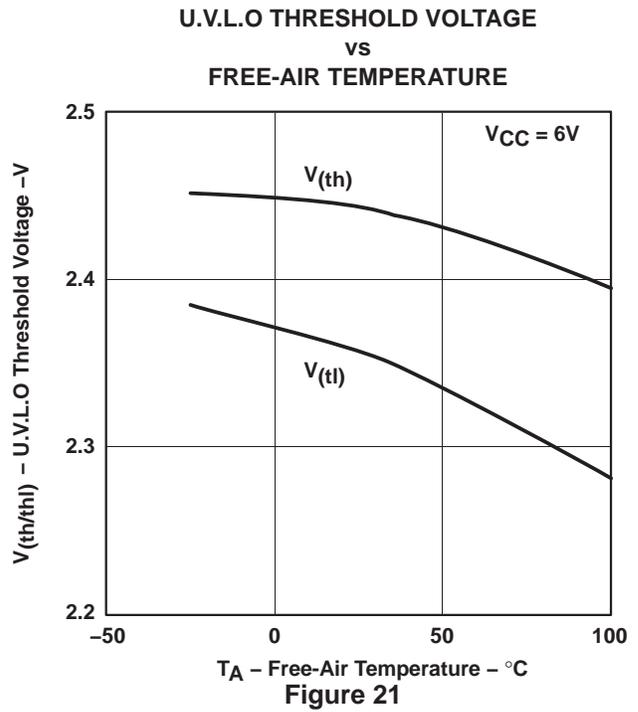
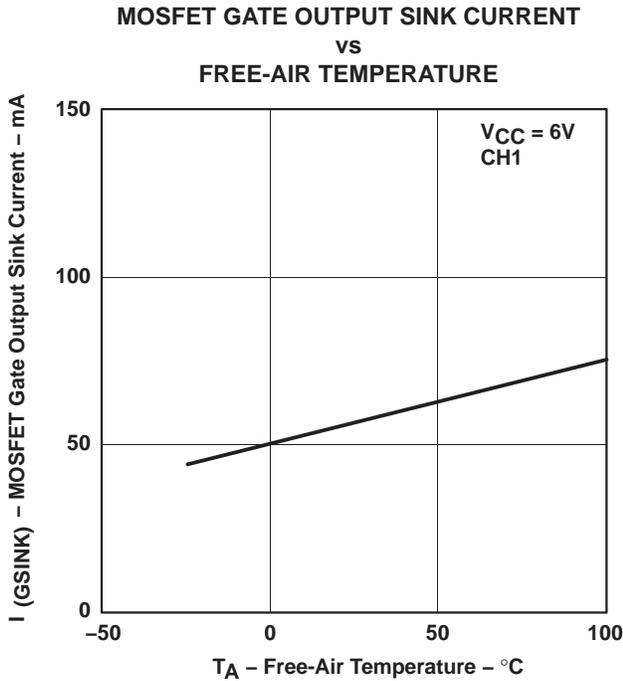
**Figure 18**

**MOSFET GATE OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT**  
**vs**  
**FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



**Figure 19**

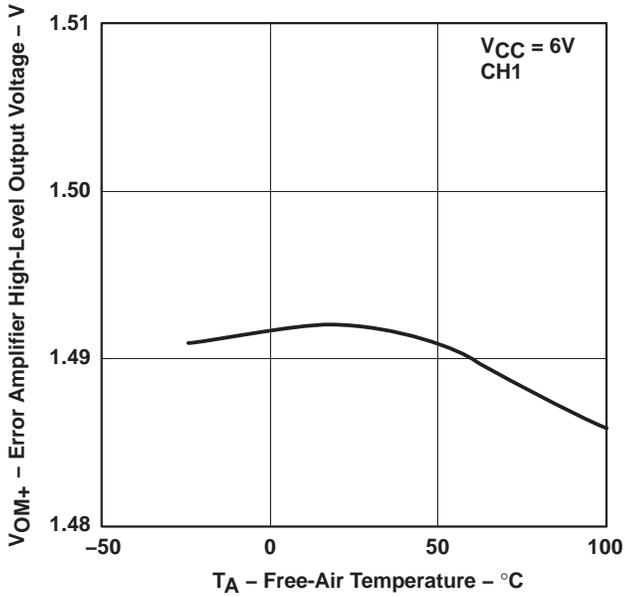
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**TL1466I**  
**HIGH-SPEED/PRECISION SIX CHANNEL**  
**SWITCHING REGULATOR CONTROLLER**  
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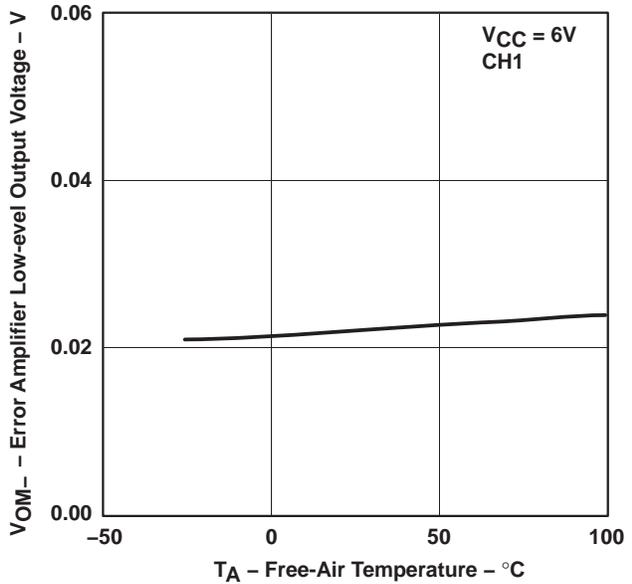
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



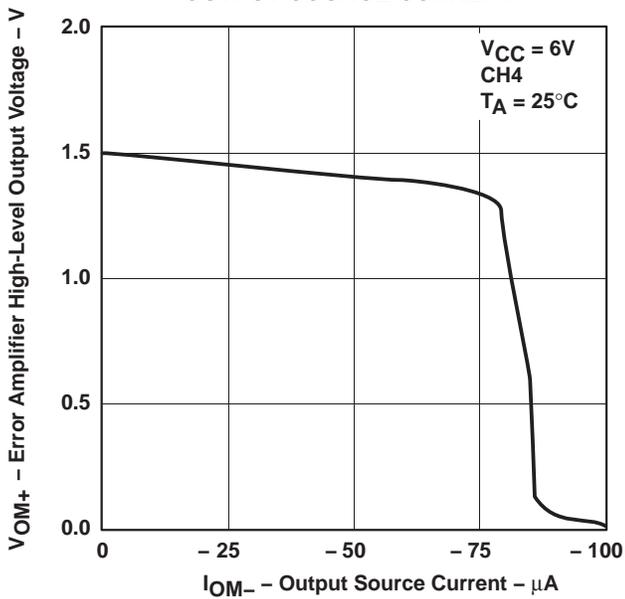
**Figure 24**

**ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**



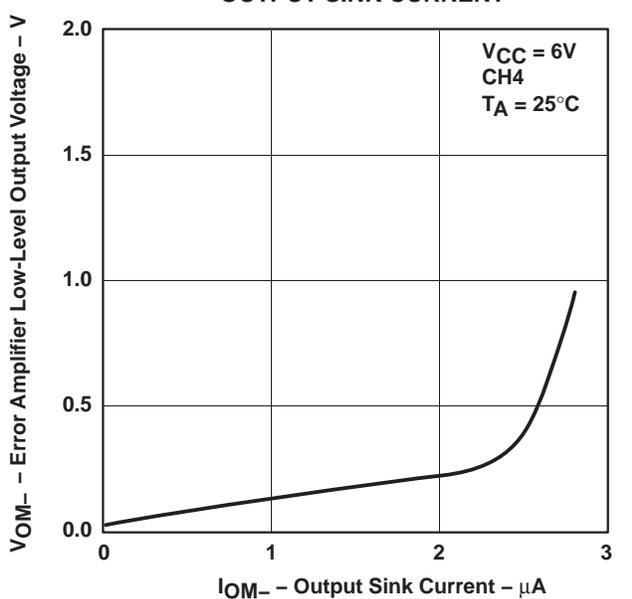
**Figure 25**

**ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT**



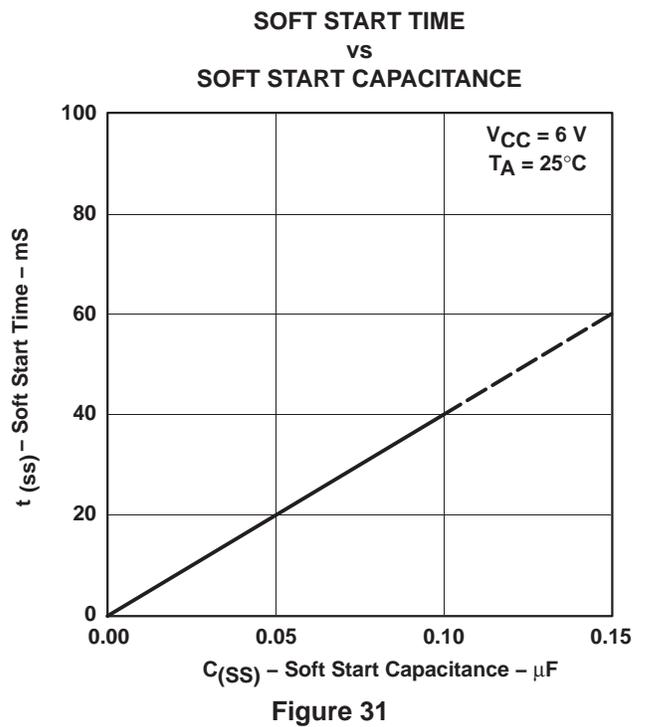
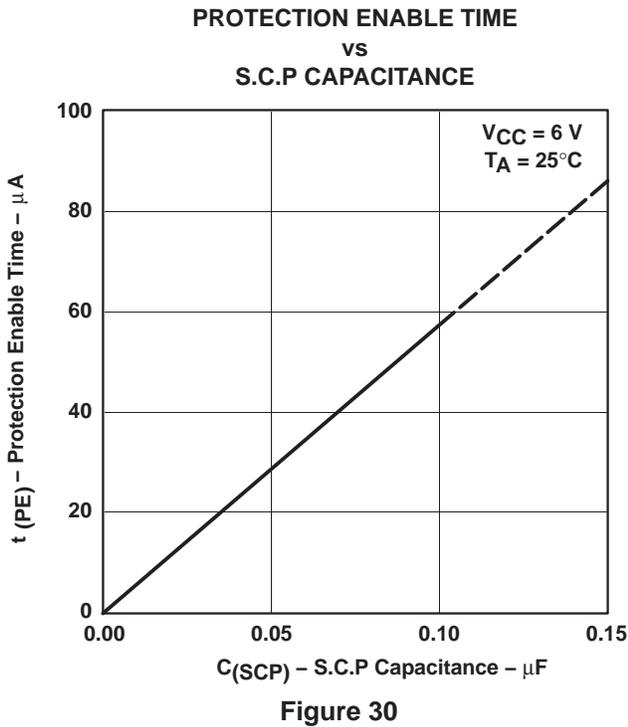
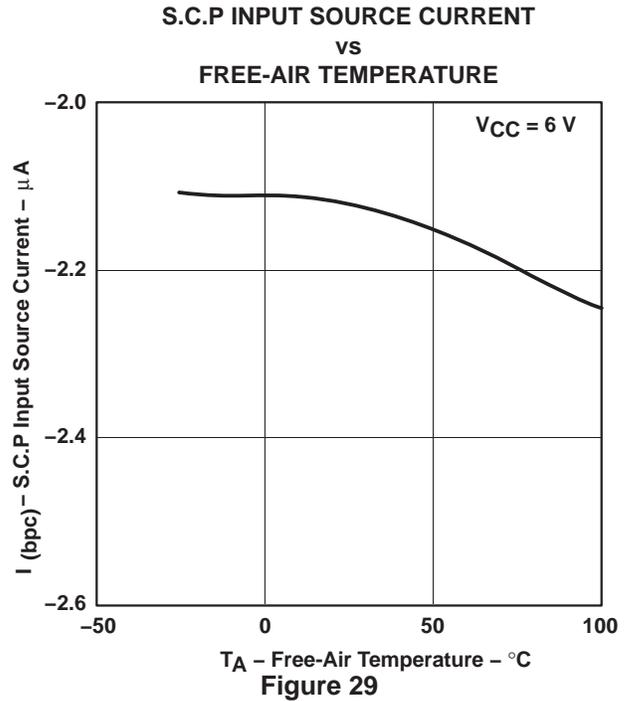
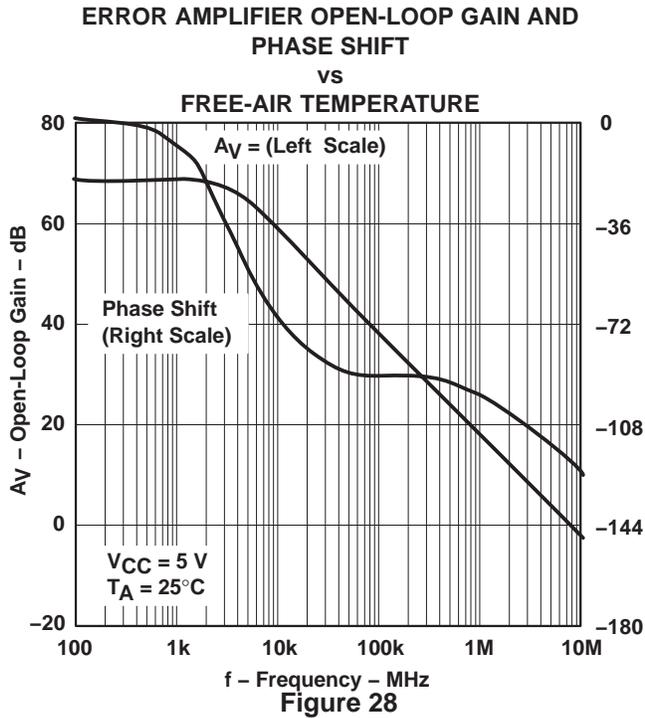
**Figure 26**

**ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**OUTPUT SINK CURRENT**



**Figure 27**

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

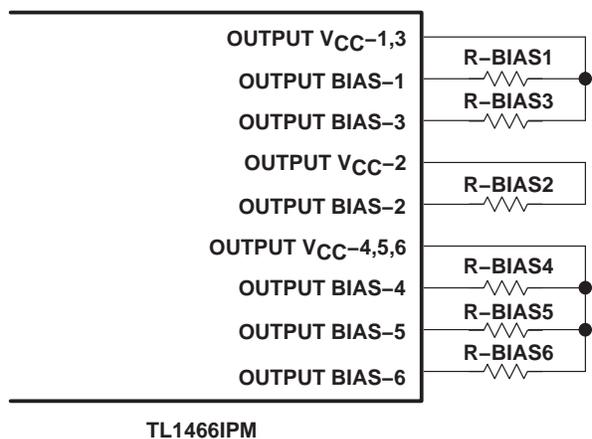


**APPLICATION INFORMATION**

**bias resistance connection for output sink current setting**

The bias resistance connection to set output sink current for each output of channel 1 through 6 (OUTPUT-1 to 6) should be connected as follows (refer to Figure 32):

- For channel 1 and 3, connect OUTPUT BIAS to OUTPUT  $V_{CC-1,3}$  across bias resistance.
- For channel 2, connect OUTPUT BIAS-2 to OUTPUT  $V_{CC-2}$  across bias resistance
- For channel 4, 5, and 6, connect OUTPUT BIAS to OUTPUT  $V_{CC-4,5,6}$  across bias resistance.



**Figure 32. Bias Resistance Connection for Output Sink Current Setting**



**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
TL1466IPMR	ACTIVE	LQFP	PM	64	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR
TL1466IPMRG4	ACTIVE	LQFP	PM	64	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSELETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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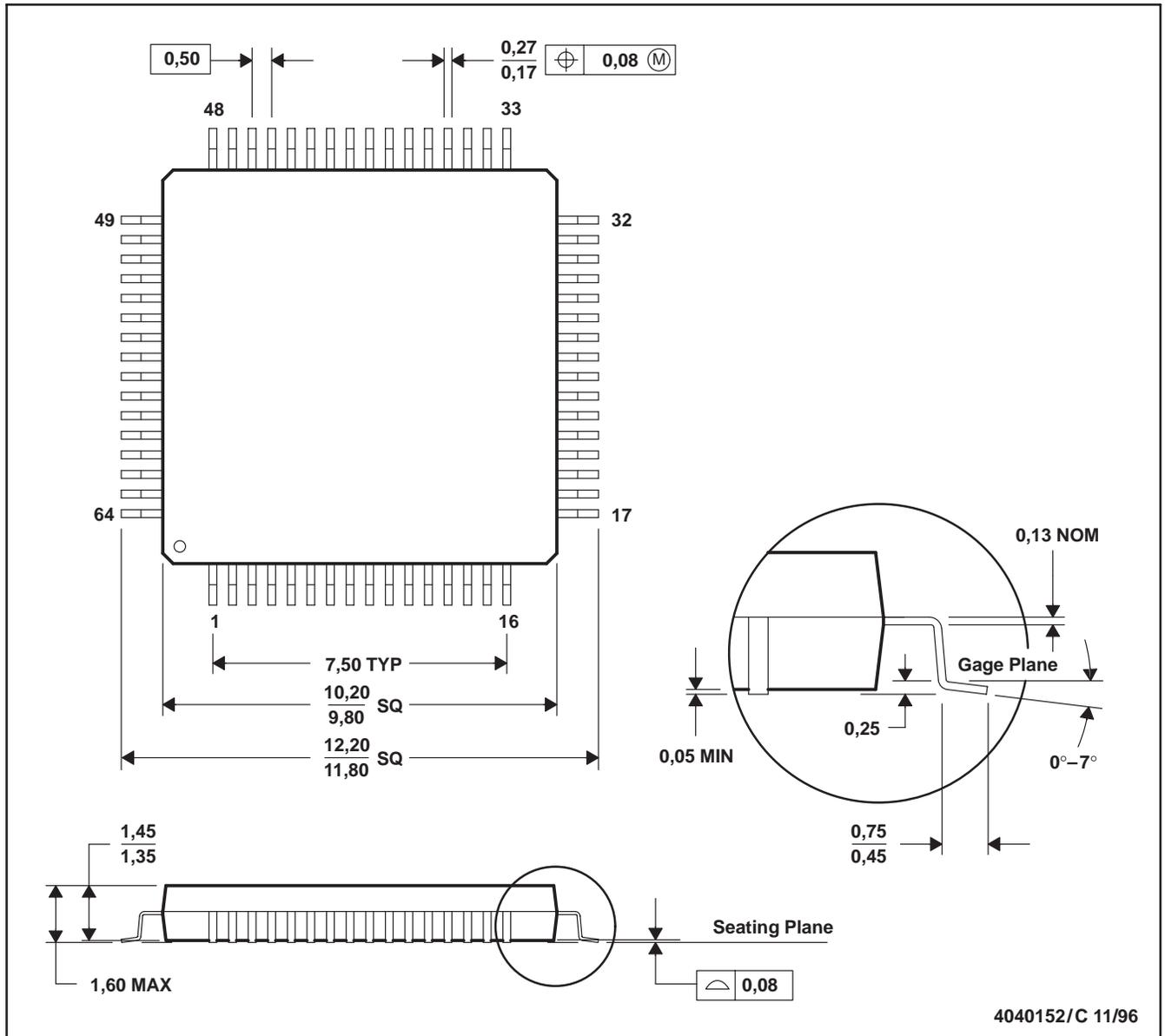
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# MECHANICAL DATA

MTQF008A – JANUARY 1995 – REVISED DECEMBER 1996

PM (S-PQFP-G64)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Falls within JEDEC MS-026
  - May also be thermally enhanced plastic with leads connected to the die pads.

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