



TPS767xxQ Fast-Transient-Response 1-A Low-Dropout Linear Regulators

1 Features

- 1 A Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator
- Available in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3.0-V, 3.3-V, 5.0-V Fixed Output and Adjustable Versions
- Dropout Voltage Down to 230 mV at 1 A (TPS76750)
- Ultralow 85 μ A Typical Quiescent Current
- Fast Transient Response
- 2% Tolerance Over Specified Conditions for Fixed-Output Versions
- Open Drain Power-On Reset With 200-ms Delay (See TPS768xx for PG Option)
- 8-Pin SOIC and 20-Pin TSSOP PowerPAD™ (PWP) Package
- Thermal Shutdown Protection

2 Description

This device is designed to have a fast transient response and be stable with 10 μ F low ESR capacitors. This combination provides high performance at a reasonable cost.

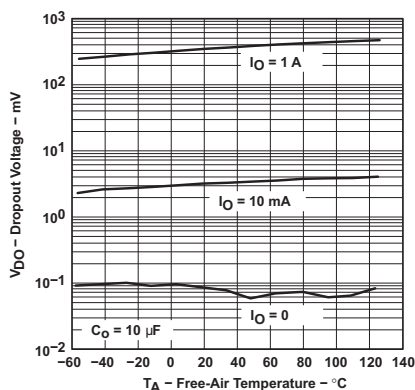
Because the PMOS device behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low (typically 230 mV at an output current of 1 A for the TPS76750) and is directly proportional to the output current. Additionally, since the PMOS pass element is a voltage-driven device, the quiescent current is very low and independent of output loading (typically 85 μ A over the full range of output current, 0 mA to 1 A). These two key specifications yield a significant improvement in operating life for battery-powered systems. This LDO family also features a sleep mode; applying a TTL high signal to EN (enable) shuts down the regulator, reducing the quiescent current to 1 μ A at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS767xx	SOIC (8)	4.90 mm × 3.91 mm
	HTSSOP (20)	6.50 mm × 4.40 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

TPS76733 Dropout Voltage vs Free-air Temperature



TPS76733 Load Transient Response

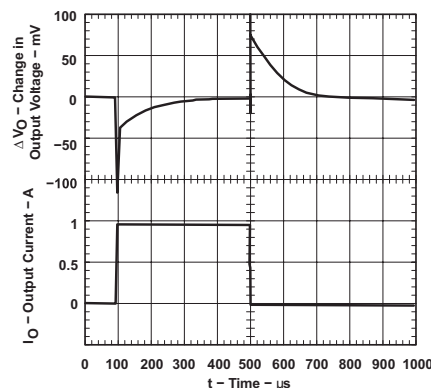


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3 Revision History

Changes from Revision I (January 2004) to Revision J

Page

- Added ESD Ratings table, Overview section, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section. **1**

4 Description (Continued)

The **RESET** output of the TPS767xx initiates a reset in microcomputer and microprocessor systems in the event of an undervoltage condition. An internal comparator in the TPS767xx monitors the output voltage of the regulator to detect an undervoltage condition on the regulated output voltage.

The TPS767xx is offered in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3.0-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V fixed-voltage versions and in an adjustable version (programmable over the range of 1.5 V to 5.5 V). Output voltage tolerance is specified as a maximum of 2% over line, load, and temperature ranges. The TPS767xx family is available in 8-pin SOIC and 20-pin PWP packages.

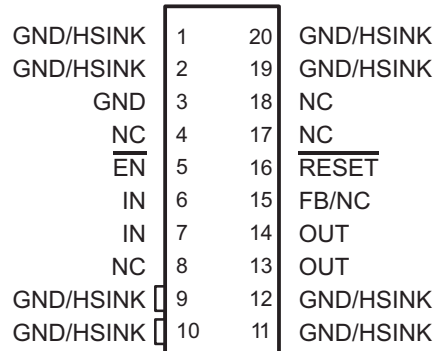
5 Device Options

PART NO. ⁽¹⁾		VOLTAGE OPTIONS (V)
TSSOP (PWP)	SOIC (D)	TYP
TPS76750Q	TPS76750Q	5
TPS76733Q	TPS76733Q	3.3
TPS76730Q	TPS76730Q	3
TPS76728Q	TPS76728Q	2.8
TPS76727Q	TPS76727Q	2.7
TPS76725Q	TPS76725Q	2.5
TPS76718Q	TPS76718Q	1.8
TPS76715Q	TPS76715Q	1.5
TPS76701Q	TPS76701Q	Adjustable 1.5 V to 5.5 V

(1) The TPS76701 is programmable using an external resistor divider (see application information). The D and PWP packages are available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to the device type (e.g., TPS76701QDR).

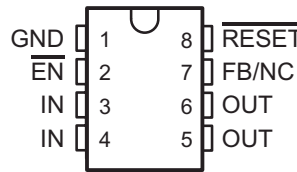
6 Pin Configuration and Functions

**PWP Package
20 Pin HTSSOP
Top View**



NC – No internal connection

**D Package
8 Pin SOIC
Top View**



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
SOIC PACKAGE			
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	2	I	Enable input
FB/NC	7	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	1		Regulator ground
IN	3, 4	I	Input voltage
OUT	5, 6	O	Regulated output voltage
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	8	O	RESET output
HTSSOP PACKAGE			
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	5	I	Enable input
FB/NC	15	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (no connect for fixed options)
GND	3		Regulator ground
GND/HSINK	1, 2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 19, 20		Ground/heatsink
IN	6, 7	I	Input voltage
NC	4, 8, 17, 18		No connect
OUT	13, 14	O	Regulated output voltage
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	16	O	RESET output

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _I	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾	–0.3	13.5	V
	Voltage range at EN	–0.3	V _I + 0.3	V
	Maximum RESET voltage		16.5	
	Peak output current		Internally limited	
V _O	Output voltage (OUT, FB)		7	V
	Continuous total power dissipation		See Thermal Information	
T _J	Operating junction temperature range	–40	125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network terminal ground.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	2000	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _I ⁽¹⁾	Input voltage	2.7	10	V
V _O	Output voltage range	1.2	5.5	V
I _O ⁽²⁾	Output current	0	1.0	A
T _J ⁽²⁾	Operating junction temperature	–40	125	°C

- (1) Maximum V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DO} or 2.7V, whichever is greater.
- (2) Continuous current and operating junction temperature are limited by internal protection circuitry, but it is not recommended that the device operate under conditions beyond those specified in this table for extended periods of time.

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS767xxQ		UNIT
		PWP (HTSSOP)	D (SOIC)	
		(20 PINS)	(8 PINS)	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	35.8	106.9	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	26.1	52.5	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	8.7	47.7	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.4	9.0	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	8.6	47.1	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	2.6	n/a	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

TPS767

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7.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0 \text{ V}$, $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$ (over recommended operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Output voltage (10 μA to 1 A load)	TPS76701	1.5 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V,	T _J = 25°C	V _O			V	
		1.5 V ≤ V _O ≤ 5.5 V,	T _J = -40°C to 125°C	0.98V _O	1.02V _O			
	TPS76715	T _J = 25°C,	2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.5			V	
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	2.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.470	1.530			
	TPS76718	T _J = 25°C,	2.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.8			V	
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	2.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	1.7646	1.836			
	TPS76725	T _J = 25°C,	3.5 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.5			V	
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	3.5 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.450	2.550			
	TPS76727	T _J = 25°C,	3.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.7			V	
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	3.7 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.646	2.754			
	TPS76728	T _J = 25°C,	3.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.8			V	
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	3.8 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.7446	2.856			
	TPS76730	T _J = 25°C,	4.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	3			V	
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	4.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	2.9400	3.060			
	TPS76733	T _J = 25°C,	4.3 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	3.3				
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	4.3 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	3.2346	3.366			
	TPS76750	T _J = 25°C,	6.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	5				
		T _J = -40°C to 125°C,	6.0 V < V _{IN} < 10 V	4.900	5.100			
Quiescent current (GND current) $\overline{\text{EN}}$ = 0V		10 μA < I _O < 1 A,	T _J = 25°C	85			μA	
		I _O = 1 A,	T _J = -40°C to 125°C	125				
Output voltage line regulation (ΔV _O /V _O)		V _O + 1 V < V _I ≤ 10 V,		T _J = 25°C		0.01	%/V	
Load regulation				3			mV	
Output noise voltage	TPS76718	BW = 200 Hz to 100 kHz, C _O = 10 μF,		I _C = 1 A, T _J = 25°C	55		μVrms	
Output current limit		V _O = 0 V		1.2	1.7	2	A	
Thermal shutdown junction temperature				150			°C	
Standby current		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I ,	T _J = 25°C, 2.7 V < V _I < 10 V		1		μA	
		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I ,	T _J = -40°C to 125°C, 2.7 V < V _I < 10 V		10		μA	
FB input current	TPS76701	FB = 1.5 V		2			nA	
High level enable input voltage				1.7			V	
Low level enable input voltage				0.9			V	
Power supply ripple rejection		f = 1 kHz, C _O = 10 μF,	T _J = 25°C	60			dB	
Reset	Minimum input voltage for valid RESET		I _{O(RESET)} = 300 μA		1.1			
	Trip threshold voltage		V _O decreasing		92	98		
	Hysteresis voltage		Measured at V _O		0.5			
	Output low voltage		V _I = 2.7 V,	I _{O(RESET)} = 1 mA	0.15	0.4		
	Leakage current		V _(RESET) = 5 V		1			
	RESET time-out delay				200			
Input current ($\overline{\text{EN}}$)		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = 0 V		-1	0	1	μA	
		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = V _I		-1	1			

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$V_I = V_{O(typ)} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $\overline{EN} = 0\text{ V}$, $C_O = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (over recommended operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dropout voltage ⁽¹⁾	TPS76728	$I_O = 1\text{ A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	500		mV
			$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$		825	
	TPS76730	$I_O = 1\text{ A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	450		mV
			$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$		675	
	TPS76733	$I_O = 1\text{ A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	350		mV
			$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$		575	
	TPS76750	$I_O = 1\text{ A}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	230		mV
			$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$		380	

(1) I_N voltage equals $V_{O(typ)} - 100\text{ mV}$; TPS76701 output voltage set to 3.3 V nominal with external resistor divider. TPS76715, TPS76718, TPS76725, and TPS76727 dropout voltage limited by input voltage range limitations (i.e., TPS76730 input voltage needs to drop to 2.9 V for purpose of this test).

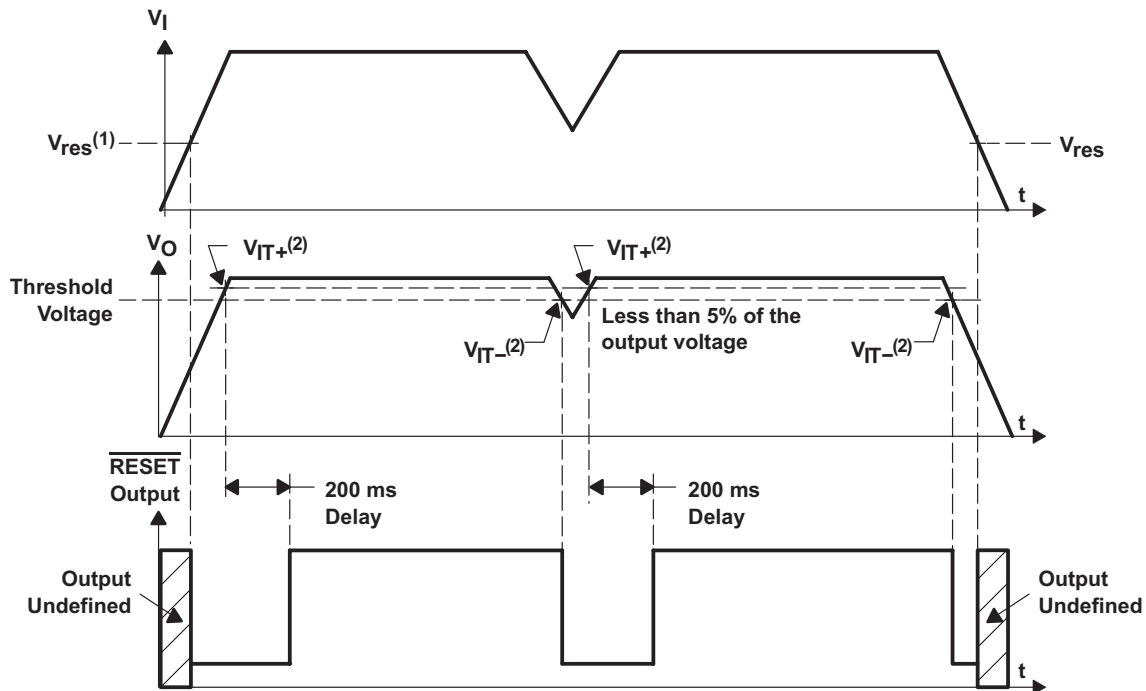


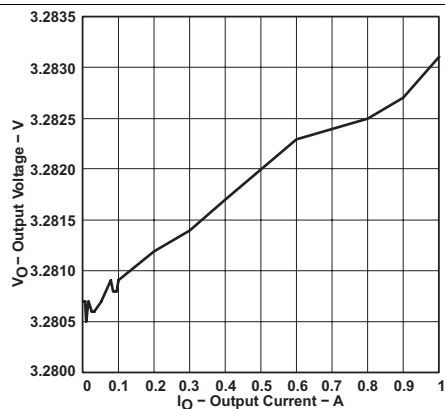
Figure 1. Timing Diagram

7.6 Typical Characteristics

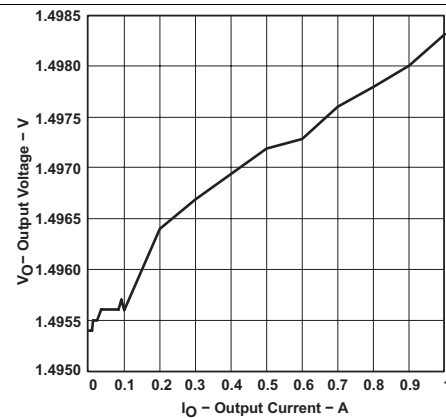
Table 1. Table of Graphs

		FIGURE
V_O	Output voltage	vs Output current
		vs Free-air temperature
	Ground current	vs Free-air temperature
	Power supply ripple rejection	vs Frequency
	Output spectral noise density	vs Frequency
	Input voltage (min)	vs Output voltage
Z_O	Output impedance	vs Frequency
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage	vs Free-air temperature
	Line transient response	
	Load transient response	
V_O	Output voltage	vs Time
	Dropout voltage	vs Input voltage
	Equivalent series resistance (ESR) ⁽¹⁾	vs Output current

- (1) Equivalent series resistance (ESR) refers to the total series resistance, including the ESR of the capacitor, any series resistance added externally, and PWB trace resistance to C_O .

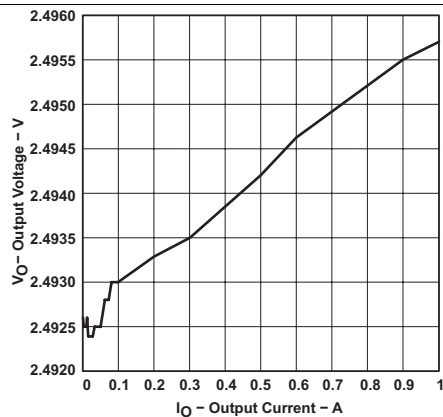


$V_I = 4.3 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 2. TPS76733 Output Voltage vs Output Current


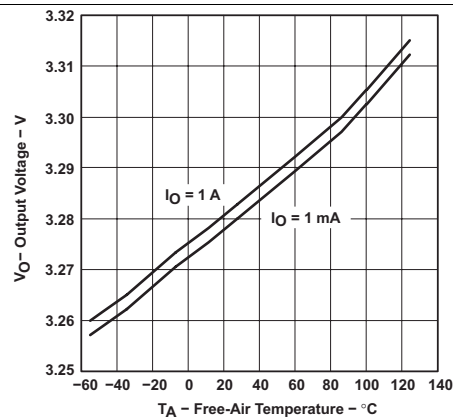
$V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 3. TPS76715 Output Voltage vs Output Current



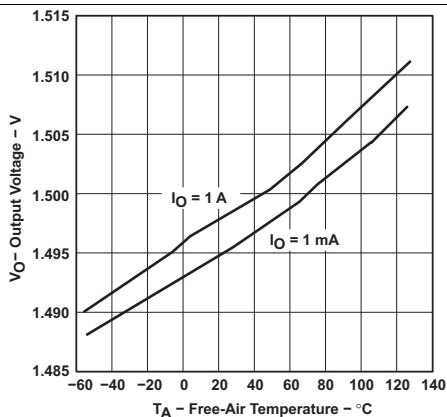
$V_I = 3.5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 4. TPS76725 Output Voltage vs Output Current



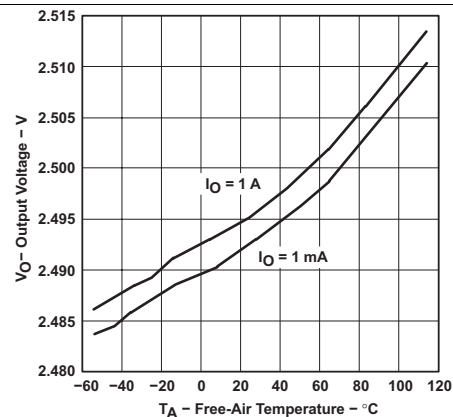
$V_I = 4.3 \text{ V}$

Figure 5. TPS76733 Output Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature



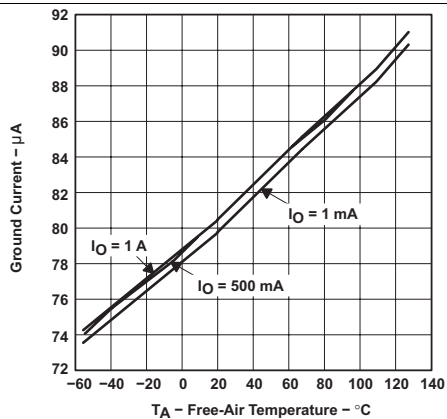
$V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$

Figure 6. TPS76715 Output Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature



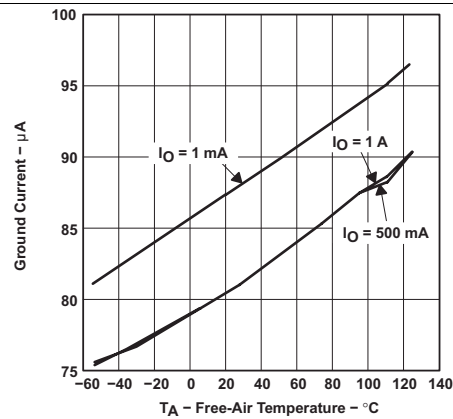
$V_I = 3.5 \text{ V}$

Figure 7. TPS767125 Output Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature



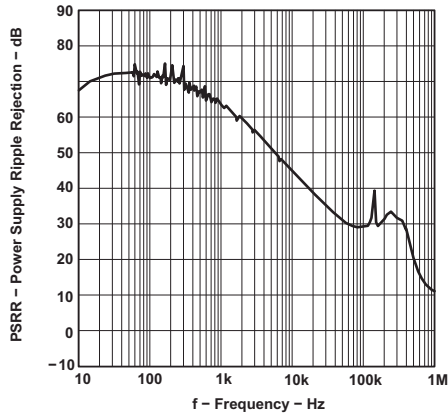
$V_I = 4.3 \text{ V}$

Figure 8. TPS76733 Ground Current vs Free-Air Temperature



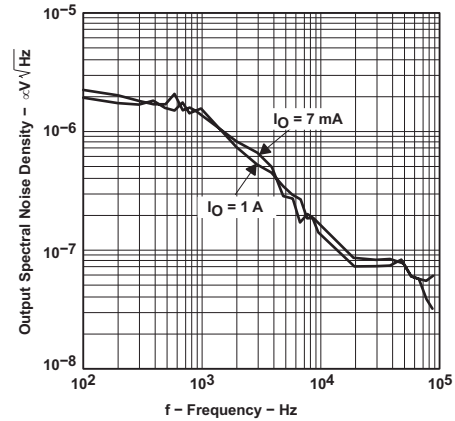
$V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$

Figure 9. TPS76715 Ground Current vs Free-Air Temperature



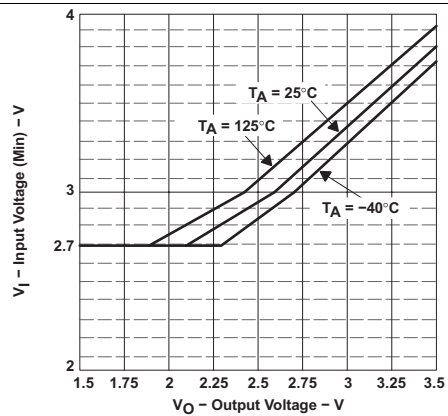
$V_I = 4.3 \text{ V}$
 $I_O = 1 \text{ A}$
 $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 10. TPS76733 Power Supply Ripple Rejection vs Frequency



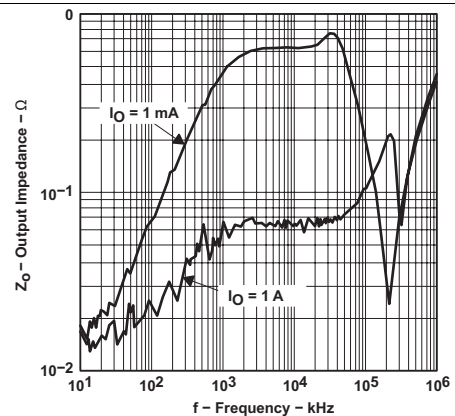
$V_I = 4.3 \text{ V}$
 $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 11. TPS76733 Output Spectral Noise Density vs Frequency



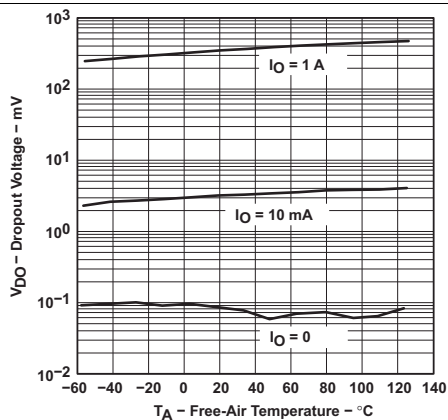
$I_O = 1 \text{ A}$

Figure 12. Input Voltage (MIN) vs Output Voltage



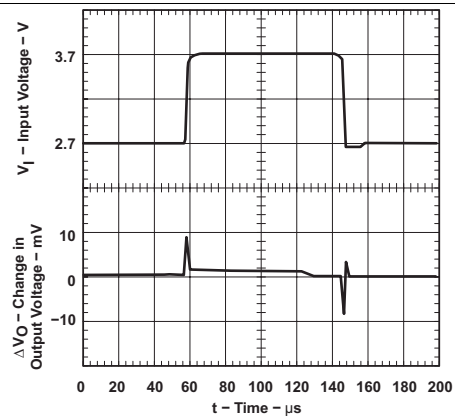
$V_I = 4.3 \text{ V}$
 $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 13. TPS76733 Output Impedance vs Frequency



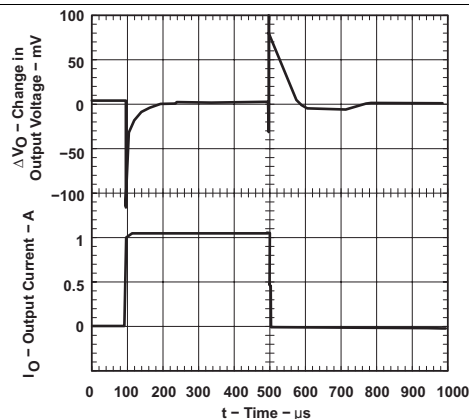
$C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$

Figure 14. TPS76733 Dropout Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature



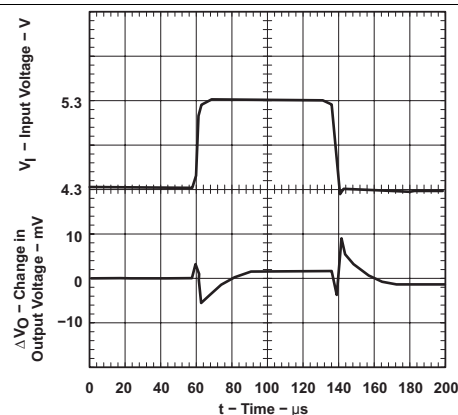
$C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$
 $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 15. TPS76715 Line Transient Response



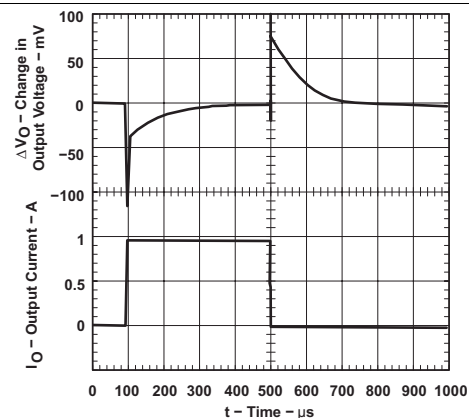
$C_O = 10 \mu F$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Figure 16. TPS76715 Load Transient Response



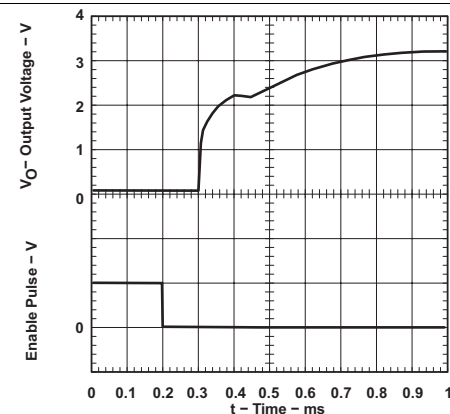
$C_O = 10 \mu F$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Figure 17. TPS76733 Line Transient Response



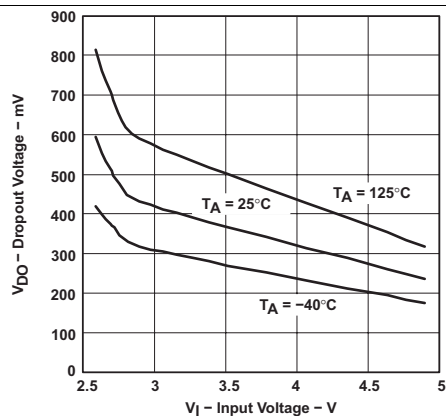
$C_O = 10 \mu F$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Figure 18. TPS76733 Load Transient Response



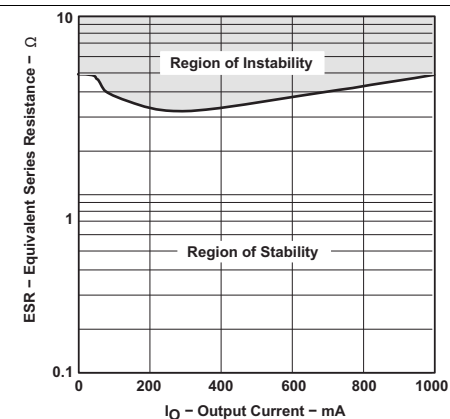
$C_O = 10 \mu F$ $I_O = 1 A$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Figure 19. TJPS7633 Output Voltage vs Time (At Startup)



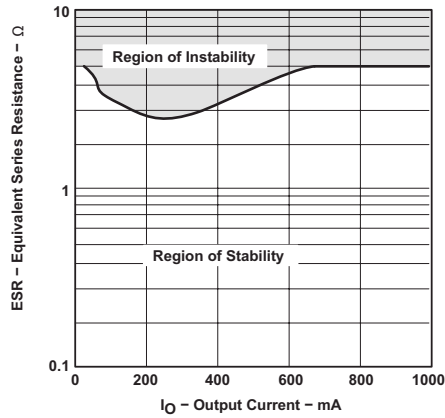
$I_O = 1 A$

Figure 20. TPS76701 Dropout Voltage vs Input Voltage



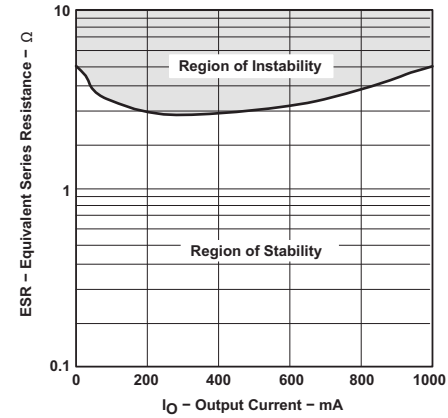
$V_O = 3.3 V$ $C_O = 4.7 \mu F$
 $V_I = 4.3 A$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$

**Figure 21. Typical Region of Stability
Equivalent Series Resistance vs Output Current**



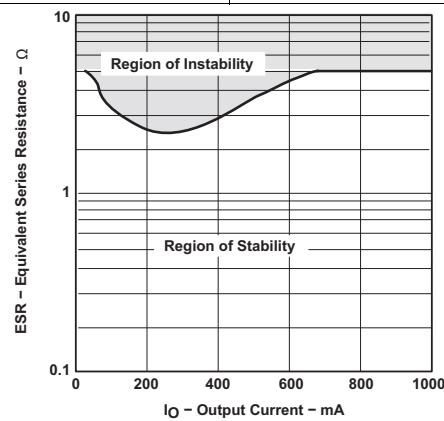
$V_O = 3.3 \text{ V}$ $C_O = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$
 $V_I = 4.3 \text{ A}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$

**Figure 22. Typical Region of Stability
Equivalent Series Resistance vs Output Current**



$V_O = 3.3 \text{ V}$ $C_O = 22 \mu\text{F}$
 $V_I = 4.3 \text{ A}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

**Figure 23. Typical Region of Stability
Equivalent Series Resistance vs Output Current**



$V_O = 3.3 \text{ V}$ $C_O = 22 \mu\text{F}$
 $V_I = 4.3 \text{ A}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$

**Figure 24. Typical Region of Stability
Equivalent Series Resistance vs Output Current**

8 Parameter Measurement Information

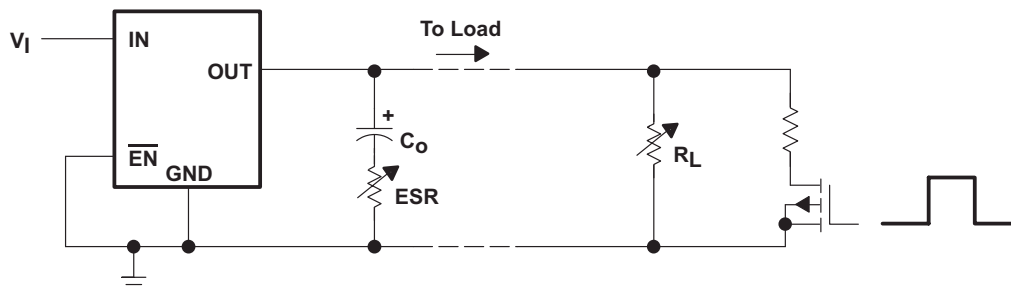


Figure 25. Test Circuit for Typical Regions of Stability (Figure 21 through Figure 24) (Fixed Output Options)

9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The TPS767xx features very low quiescent current, which remains virtually constant even with varying loads. Conventional LDO regulators use a pnp pass element, the base current of which is directly proportional to the load current through the regulator ($I_B = I_C/\beta$). The TPS767xx uses a PMOS transistor to pass current; because the gate of the PMOS is voltage driven, operating current is low and invariable over the full load range.

Another pitfall associated with the pnp-pass element is its tendency to saturate when the device goes into dropout. The resulting drop in β forces an increase in I_B to maintain the load. During power up, this translates to large start-up currents. Systems with limited supply current may fail to start up. In battery-powered systems, it means rapid battery discharge when the voltage decays below the minimum required for regulation. The TPS767xx quiescent current remains low even when the regulator drops out, eliminating both problems.

The TPS767xx family also features a shutdown mode that places the output in the high-impedance state (essentially equal to the feedback-divider resistance) and reduces quiescent current to 2 μA . If the shutdown feature is not used, $\overline{\text{EN}}$ should be tied to ground.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram

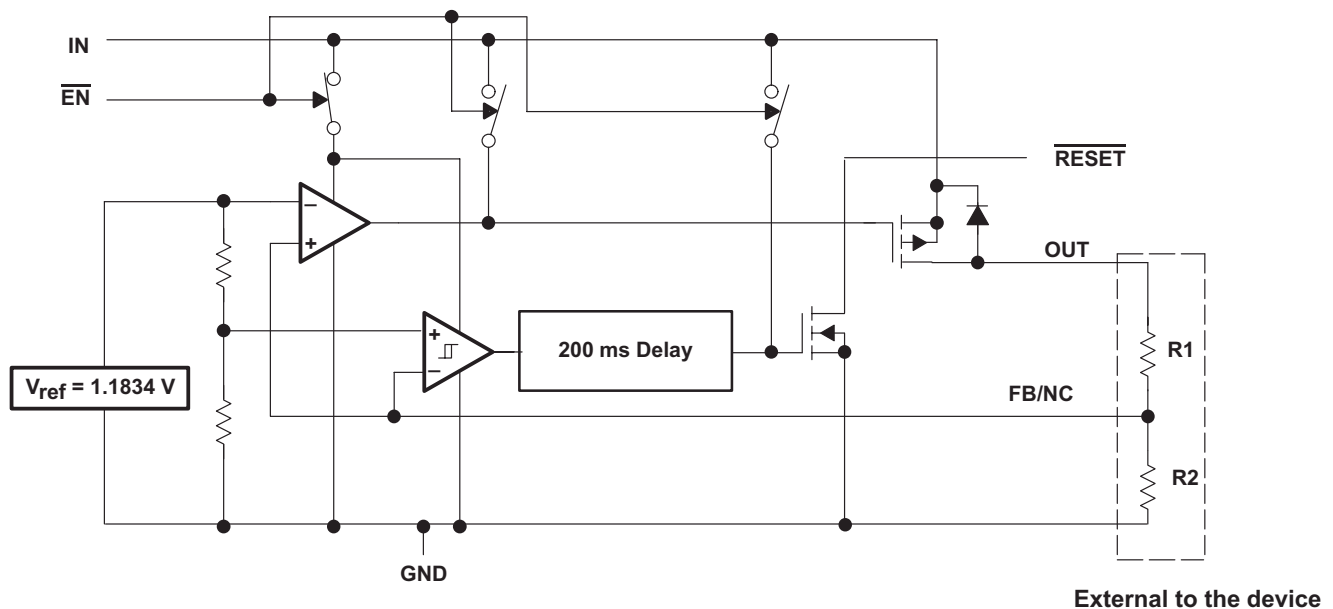


Figure 26. Adjustable Version

Functional Block Diagram (continued)

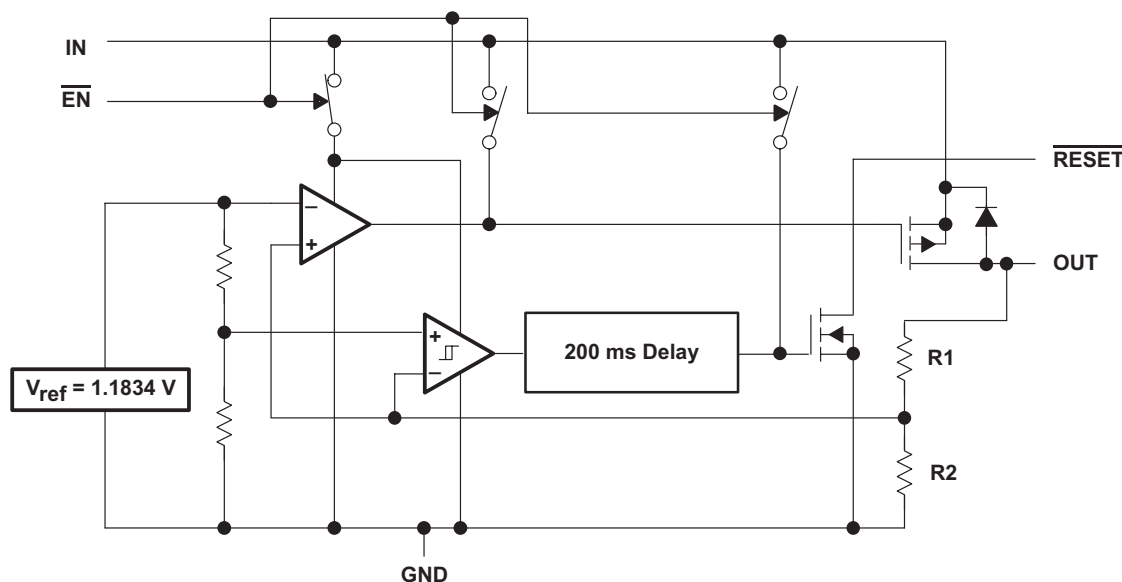


Figure 27. Fixed-Voltage Version

9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 FB—Pin Connection (adjustable version only)

The FB pin is an input pin to sense the output voltage and close the loop for the adjustable option. The output voltage is sensed through a resistor divider network to close the loop as shown in [Figure 28](#). Normally, this connection should be as short as possible; however, the connection can be made near a critical circuit to improve performance at that point. Internally, FB connects to a high-impedance wide-bandwidth amplifier and noise pickup feeds through to the regulator output. Routing the FB connection to minimize/avoid noise pickup is essential.

9.3.2 Reset Indicator

The TPS767xx features a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output that can be used to monitor the status of the regulator. The internal comparator monitors the output voltage: when the output drops to between 92% and 98% of its nominal regulated value, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output transistor turns on, taking the signal low. The open-drain output requires a pullup resistor. If not used, it can be left floating. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can be used to drive power-on reset circuitry or as a low-battery indicator. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ does not assert itself when the regulated output voltage falls outside the specified 2% tolerance, but instead reports an output voltage low relative to its nominal regulated value (refer to [Figure 1](#) timing diagram for start-up sequence).

9.3.3 Regulator Protection

The TPS767xx PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse currents when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. When extended reverse voltage is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

The TPS767xx also features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS767xx limits output current to approximately 1.7 A. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds 150°C(typ), thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled below 130°C(typ), regulator operation resumes.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

9.4.1 Minimum Load Requirements

The TPS767xx family is stable even at zero load; no minimum load is required for operation.

9.5 Programming

9.5.1 Programming the TPS76701 Adjustable LDO Regulator

The output voltage of the TPS76701 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in [Figure 28](#). The output voltage is calculated using:

$$V_O = V_{\text{ref}} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right) \quad (1)$$

Where: $V_{\text{ref}} = 1.1834 \text{ V}$ typ (the internal reference voltage)

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50- μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used but offer no inherent advantage and waste more power. Higher values should be avoided as leakage currents at FB increase the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose $R2 = 30.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ to set the divider current at 50 μA and then calculate R1 using:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{\text{ref}}} - 1 \right) \times R2 \quad (2)$$

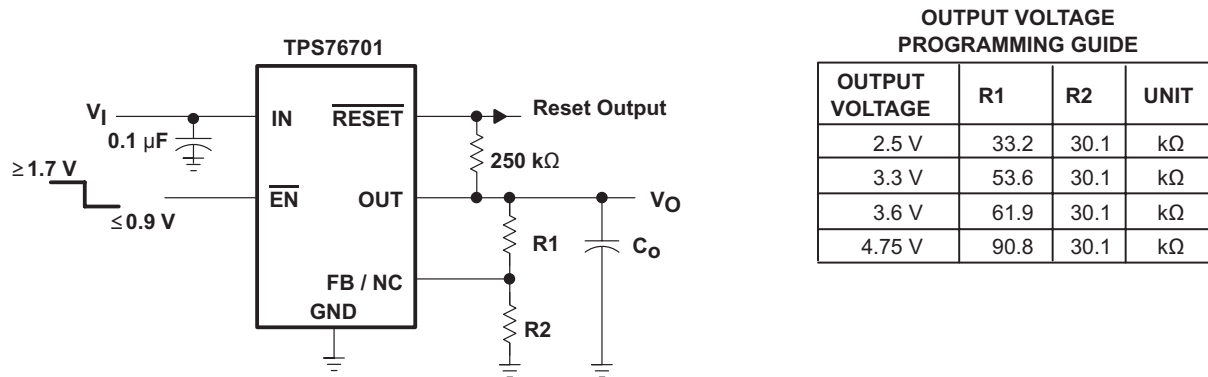


Figure 28. TPS76701 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

10 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

The TPS767xx family includes eight fixed-output voltage regulators (1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.7 V, 2.8 V, 3.0 V, 3.3 V, and 5.0 V), and an adjustable regulator, the TPS76701 (adjustable from 1.5 V to 5.5 V).

10.1.1 External Capacitor Requirements

An input capacitor is not usually required; however, a ceramic bypass capacitor (0.047 μF or larger) improves load transient response and noise rejection if the TPS767xx is located more than a few inches from the power supply. A higher-capacitance electrolytic capacitor may be necessary if large (hundreds of milliamps) load transients with fast rise times are anticipated.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS767xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is 10 μF and the ESR (equivalent series resistance) must be between 50 m Ω and 1.5 Ω . Capacitor values 10 μF or larger are acceptable, provided the ESR is less than 1.5 Ω . Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described above. Most of the commercially available 10 μF surface-mount ceramic capacitors, including devices from Sprague and Kemet, meet the ESR requirements stated above.

10.2 Typical Application

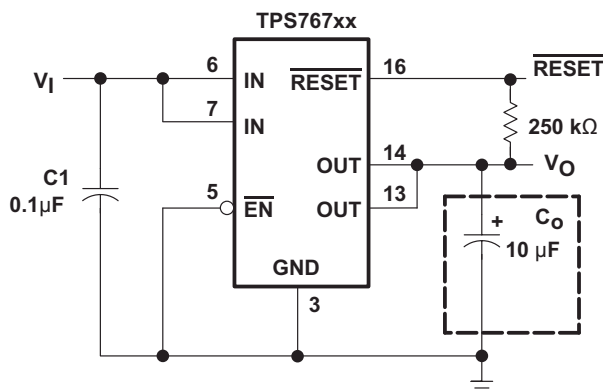
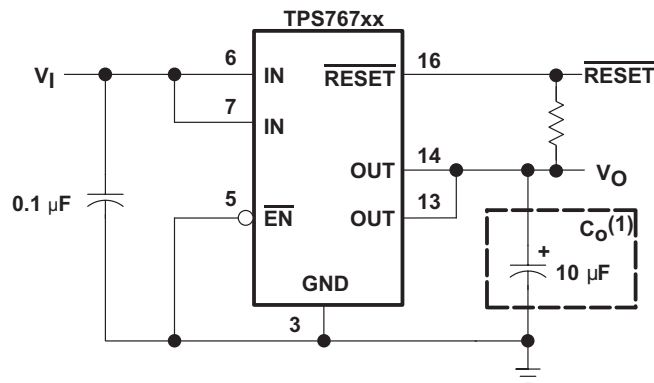


Figure 29. Typical Application Circuit (Fixed Versions)

Typical Application (continued)



(1) See application information section for capacitor selection details.

Figure 30. Typical Application Configuration (For Fixed Output Options)

11 Layout

11.1 Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125°C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$.

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_{Jmax} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (3)$$

Where:

T_{Jmax} is the maximum allowable junction temperature.

$R_{\theta JA}$ is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package, i.e., 172°C/W for the 8-terminal SOIC and 32.6°C/W for the 20-terminal PWP with no airflow.

T_A is the ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_D = (V_I - V_O) \times I_O \quad (4)$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation will trigger the thermal protection circuit.

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 2. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS76715	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76718	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76725	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76727	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76728	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76730	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76733	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76750	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS76701	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At [e2e.ti.com](#), you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

PowerPAD, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS76701QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76701	Samples
TPS76701QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76701	Samples
TPS76701QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76701	Samples
TPS76701QDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76701	Samples
TPS76701QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76701	Samples
TPS76701QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76701	Samples
TPS76701QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76701	Samples
TPS76701QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76701	Samples
TPS76715QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76715	Samples
TPS76715QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76715	Samples
TPS76715QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76715	Samples
TPS76715QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76715	Samples
TPS76718-W	ACTIVE	WAFERSALE	YS	0		TBD	Call TI	Call TI			Samples
TPS76718QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76718	Samples
TPS76718QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76718	Samples
TPS76718QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76718 X	Samples
TPS76718QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76718	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS76718QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76718	Samples
TPS76718QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76718	Samples
TPS76725QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76725	Samples
TPS76725QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76725	Samples
TPS76725QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76725	Samples
TPS76725QDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76725	Samples
TPS76725QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76725	Samples
TPS76725QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76725	Samples
TPS76725QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76725	Samples
TPS76725QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76725	Samples
TPS76727QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76727	Samples
TPS76727QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76727	Samples
TPS76728QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76728	Samples
TPS76730QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76730	Samples
TPS76730QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76730	Samples
TPS76730QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76730	Samples
TPS76730QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76730	Samples
TPS76730QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76730	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS76733QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76733	Samples
TPS76733QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76733	Samples
TPS76733QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76733	Samples
TPS76733QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76733	Samples
TPS76733QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76733	Samples
TPS76733QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76733	Samples
TPS76733QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76733	Samples
TPS76750QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76750	Samples
TPS76750QDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76750	Samples
TPS76750QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76750	Samples
TPS76750QDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	76750	Samples
TPS76750QPWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76750	Samples
TPS76750QPWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76750	Samples
TPS76750QPWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76750	Samples
TPS76750QPWPRG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	PT76750	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

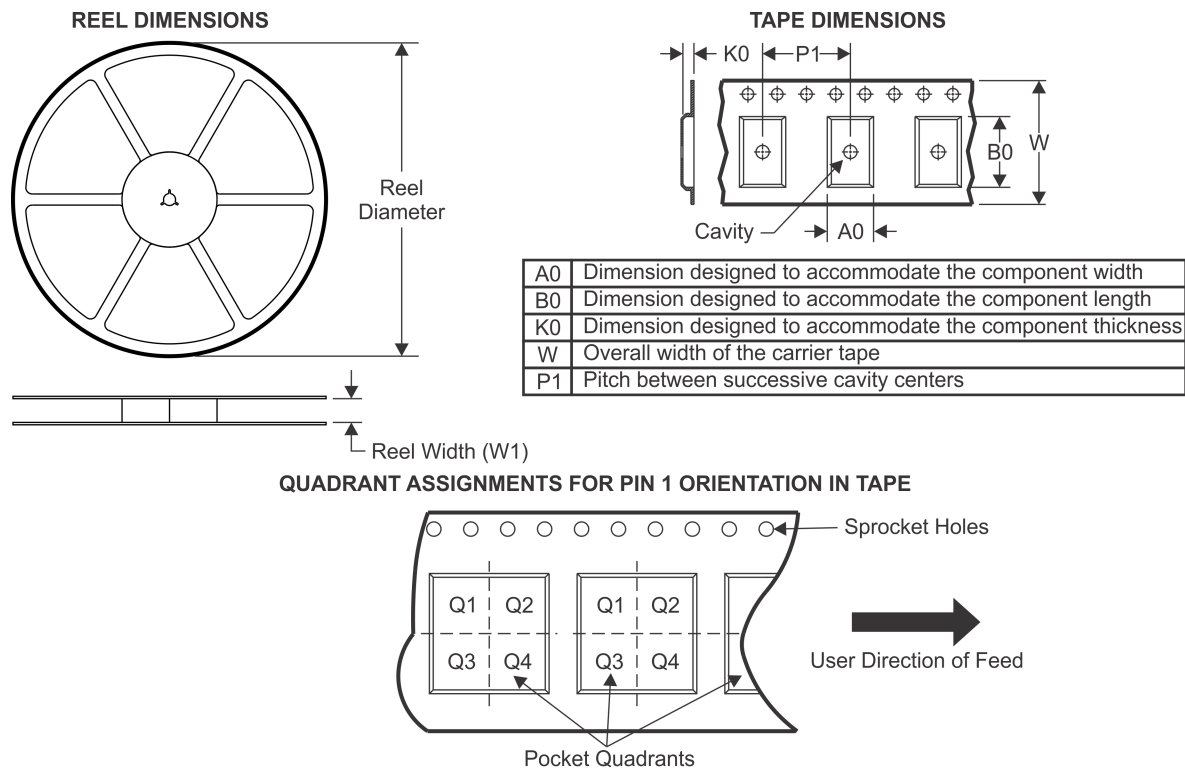
OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS76715, TPS76718, TPS76725, TPS76733, TPS76750 :

- Automotive: [TPS76715-Q1](#), [TPS76718-Q1](#), [TPS76725-Q1](#), [TPS76733-Q1](#), [TPS76750-Q1](#)
- Enhanced Product: [TPS76715-EP](#), [TPS76718-EP](#), [TPS76725-EP](#), [TPS76733-EP](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

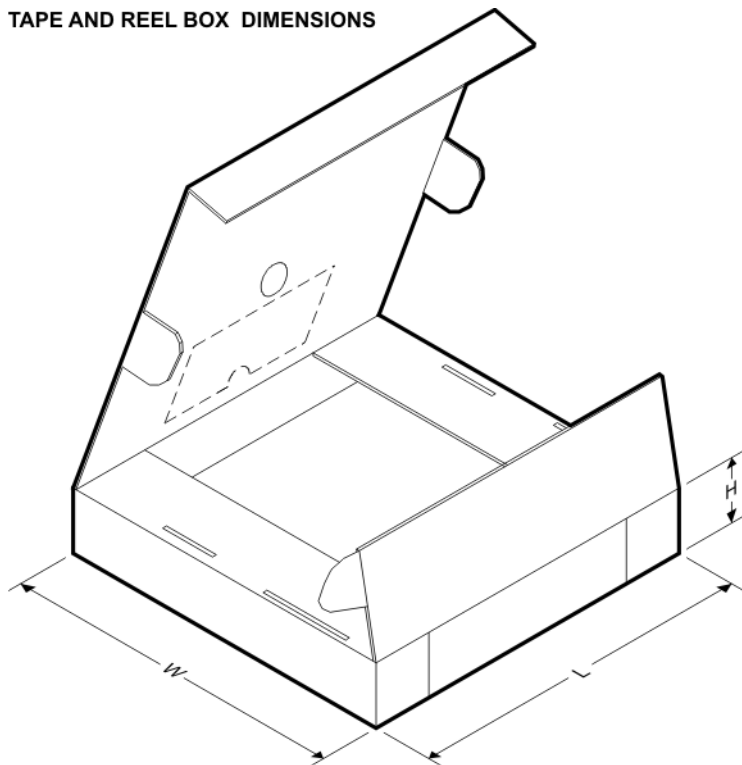
-
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS76701QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS76701QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS76715QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS76718QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS76718QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS76725QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS76725QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS76730QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS76733QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS76733QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TPS76750QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS76750QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

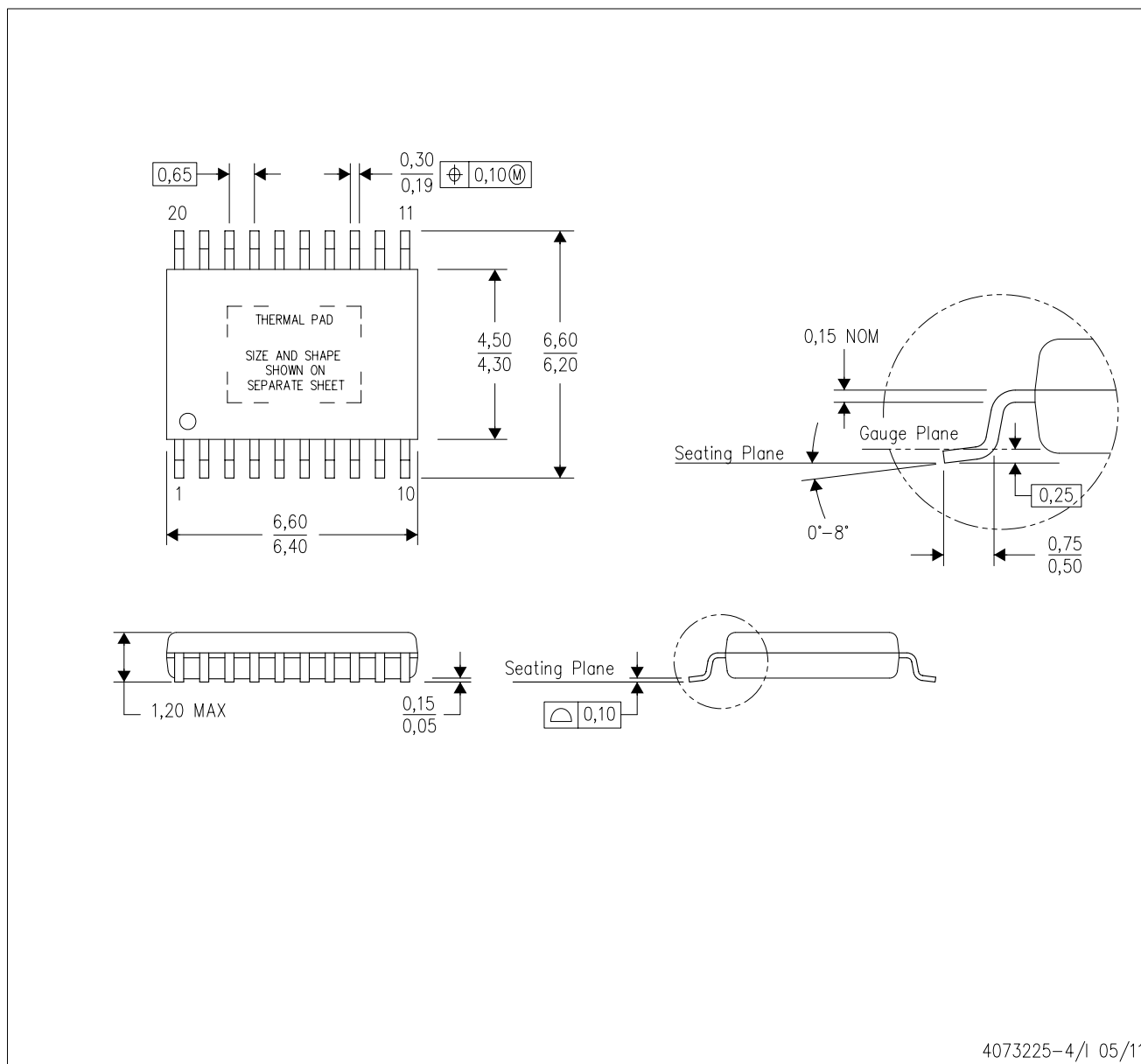


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS76701QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76701QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76715QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76718QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76718QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76725QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76725QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76730QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76733QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76733QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76750QDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TPS76750QPWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0

PWP (R-PDSO-G20)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4073225-4/1 05/11

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

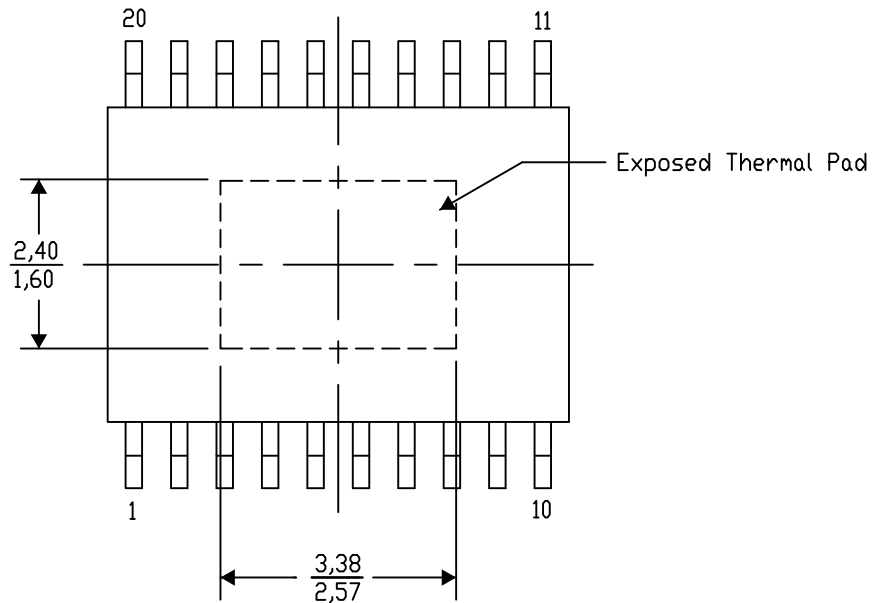
PWP (R-PDSO-G20) PowerPAD™ SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Top View

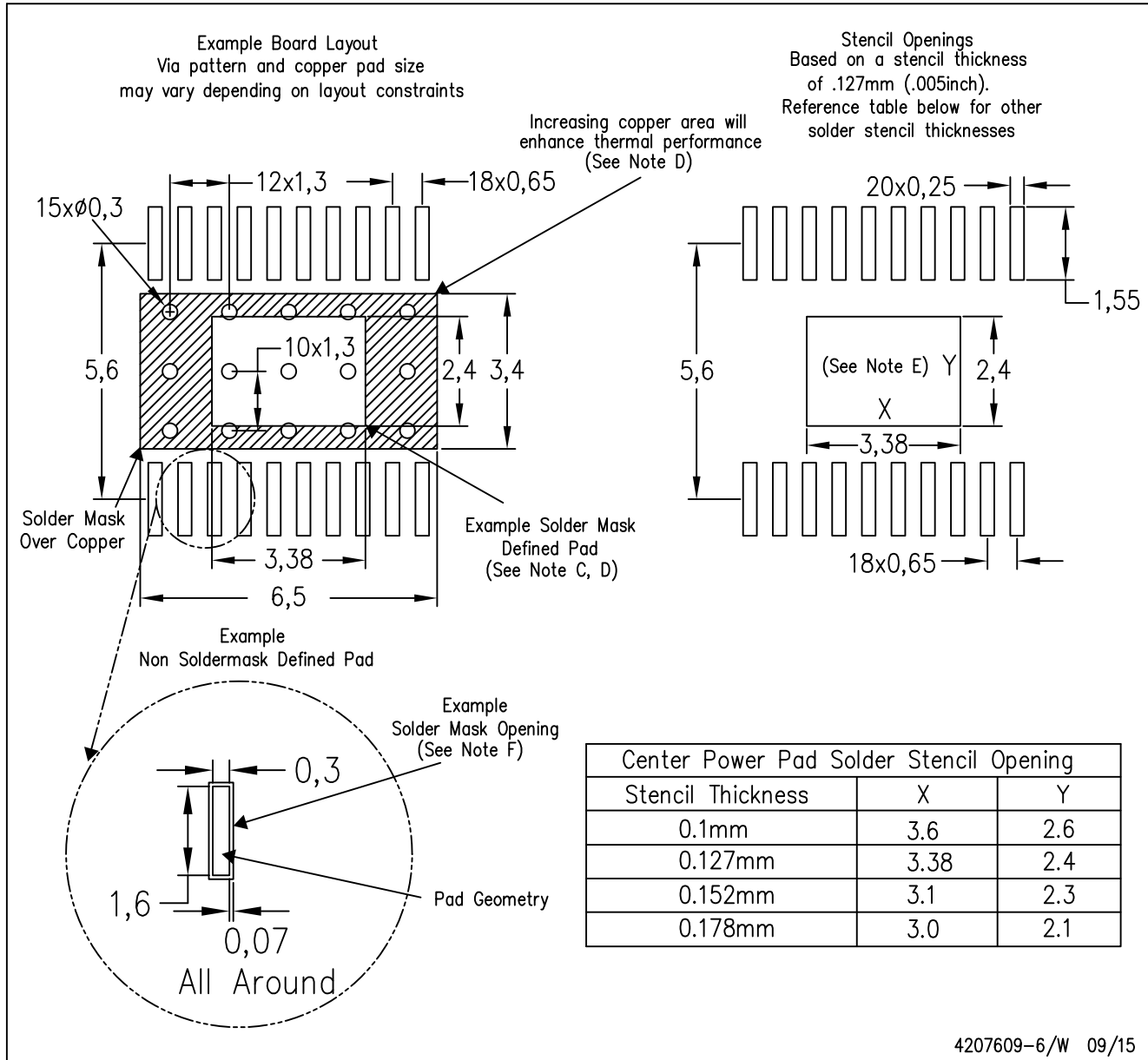
Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206332-13/AO 01/16

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PWP (R-PDSO-G20)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

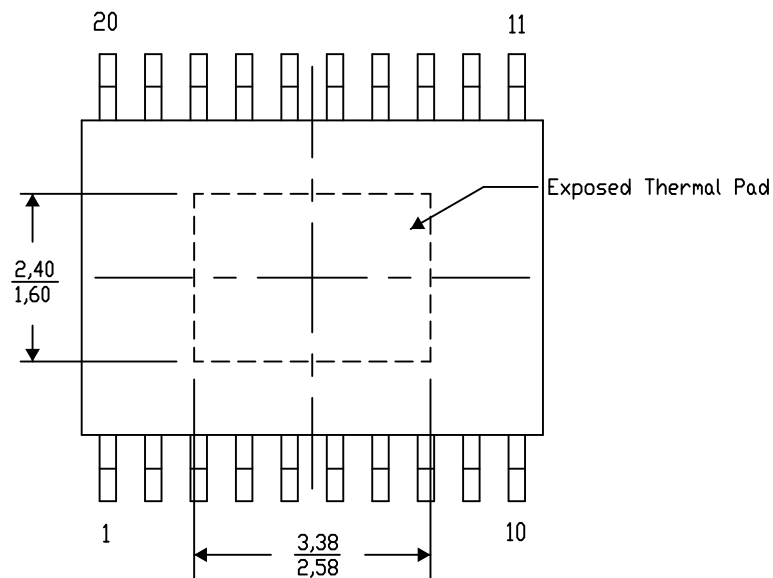
PWP (R-PDSO-G20) PowerPAD™ SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Top View

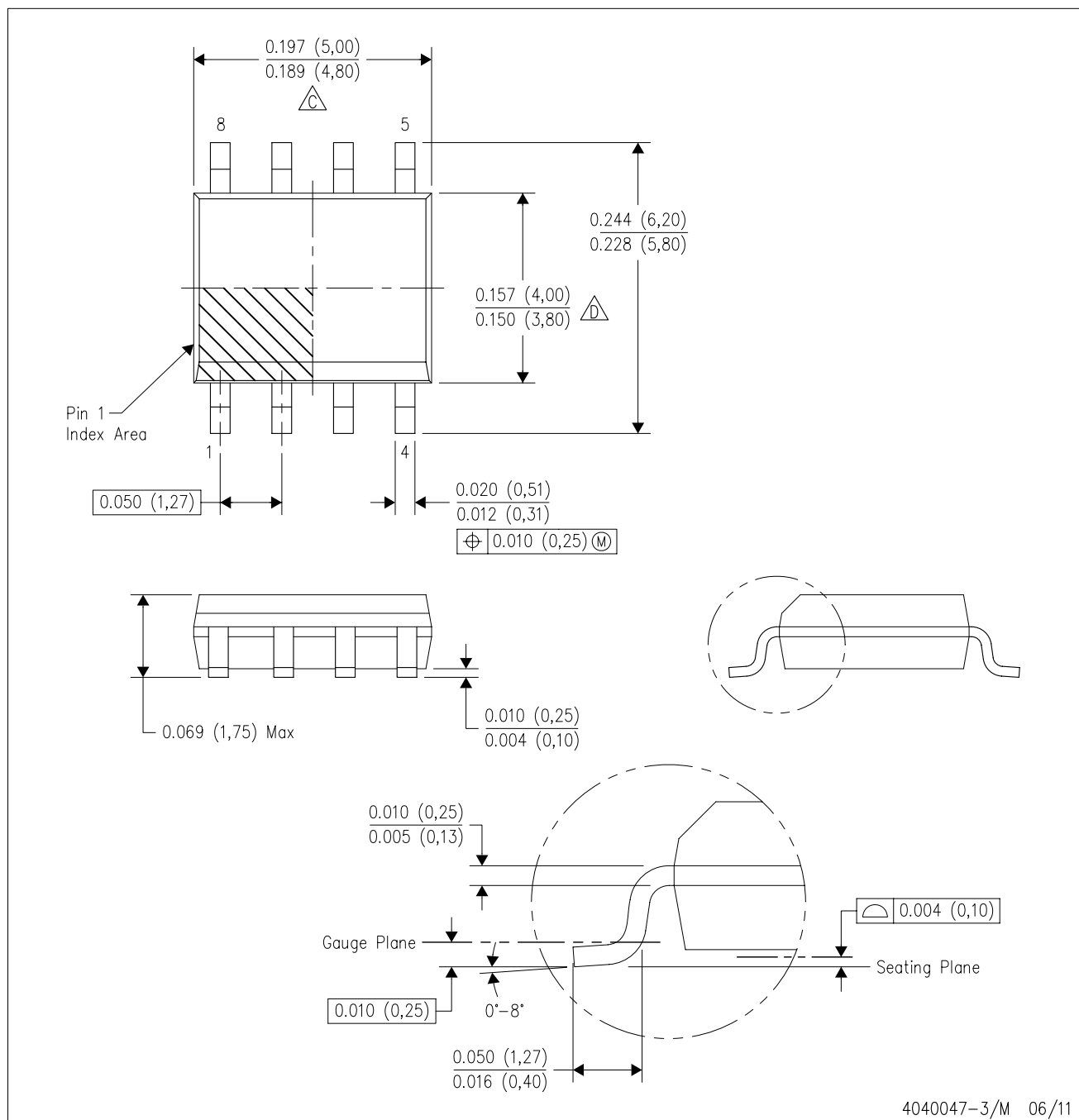
Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206332–21/AO 01/16

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

D (R-PDSO-G8)

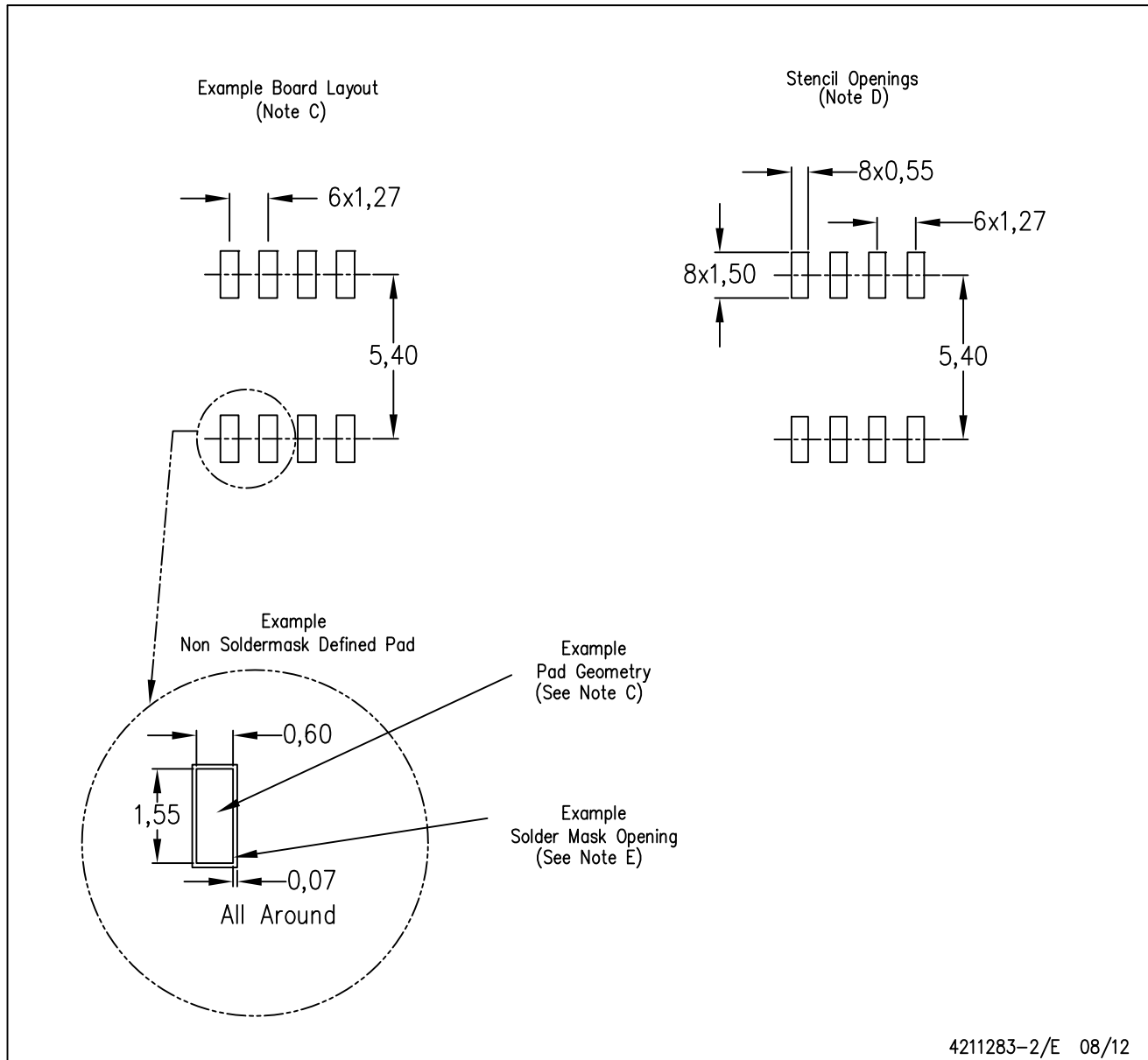
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - $\triangle C$ Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
 - $\triangle D$ Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
 - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4211283-2/E 08/12

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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