

Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS177D – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 2001

- Output Swing includes Both Supply Rails
- Low Noise ... $12 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ Typ at $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$
- Low Input Bias Current ... 1 pA Typ
- Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation
- Low Power ... $500 \mu\text{A}$ Max
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail

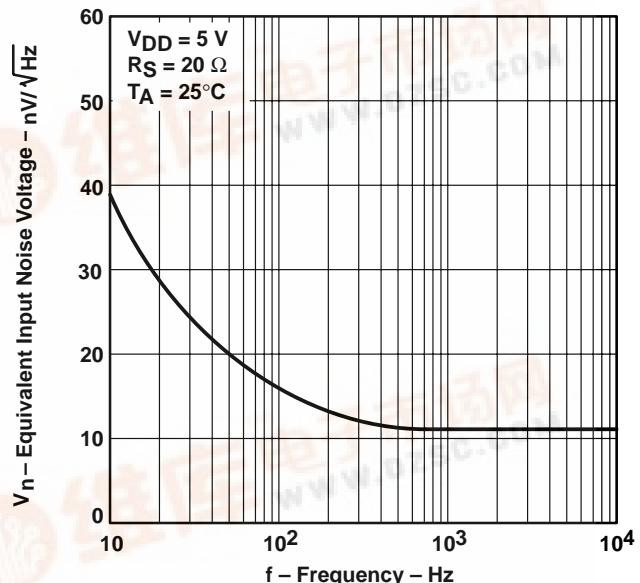
description

The TLC2262 and TLC2264 are dual and quadruple operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments. Both devices exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. The TLC226x family offers a compromise between the micropower TLC225x and the ac performance of the TLC227x. It has low supply current for battery-powered applications, while still having adequate ac performance for applications that demand it. The noise performance has been dramatically improved over previous generations of CMOS amplifiers. Figure 1 depicts the low level of noise voltage for this CMOS amplifier, which has only $200 \mu\text{A}$ (typ) of supply current per amplifier.

The TLC226x, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, are excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micro-power dissipation levels, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single or split supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLC226xA family is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of $950 \mu\text{V}$. This family is fully characterized at 5 V and $\pm 5 \text{ V}$.

The TLC2262/4 also makes great upgrades to the TLC27M2/L4 or TS27M2/L4 in standard designs. They offer increased output dynamic range, lower noise voltage and lower input offset voltage. This enhanced feature set allows them to be used in a wider range of applications. For applications that require higher output drive and wider input voltage range, see the TLV2432 and TLV2442. If your design requires single amplifiers, please see the TLV2211/21/31 family. These devices are single rail-to-rail operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

- Low Input Offset Voltage
 $950 \mu\text{V}$ Max at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (TLC2262A)
- Macromodel Included
- Performance Upgrade for the TS27M2/M4 and TLC27M2/M4
- Available in Q-Temp Automotive HighRel Automotive Applications Configuration Control/Print Support Qualification to Automotive Standards

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE**vs
FREQUENCY****Figure 1**

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TLC226x, TLC226xA
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TLC2262 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

| TA | V_{IO}^{\max} AT 25°C | PACKAGED DEVICES | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| | | SMALL OUTLINE (D) | CHIP CARRIER (FK) | CERAMIC DIP (JG) | PLASTIC DIP (P) | TSSOP (PW) | CERAMIC FLATPACK (U) |
| 0°C to 70°C | 2.5 mV | TLC2262CD | — | — | TLC2262CP | TLC2262CPW | — |
| –40°C to 125°C | 950 µV 2.5 mV | TLC2262AID TLC2262ID | — — | — — | TLC2262AIP TLC2262IP | TLC2262AIPW — | — — |
| –40°C to 125°C | 950 µV 2.5 mV | TLC2262AQD TLC2262QD | — — | — — | — — | — — | — — |
| –55°C to 125°C | 950 µV 2.5 mV | — — | TLC2262AMFK TLC2262MFK | TLC2262AMJG TLC2262MJG | — — | — — | TLC2262AMU TLC2262MU |

The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2262CDR). The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.

TLC2264 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

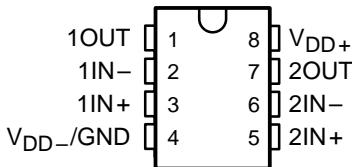
| TA | V_{IO}^{\max} AT 25°C | PACKAGED DEVICES | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| | | SMALL OUTLINE (D) | CHIP CARRIER (FK) | CERAMIC DIP (J) | PLASTIC DIP (N) | TSSOP (PW) | CERAMIC FLATPACK (W) |
| 0°C to 70°C | 2.5 mV | TLC2264CD | — | — | TLC2264CN | TLC2264CPW | — |
| –40°C to 125°C | 950 µV 2.5 mV | TLC2264AID TLC2264ID | — — | — — | TLC2264AIN TLC2264IN | TLC2264AIPW — | — — |
| –40°C to 125°C | 950 µV 2.5 mV | TLC2264AQD TLC2264QD | — — | — — | — — | — — | — — |
| –55°C to 125°C | 950 µV 2.5 mV | — — | TLC2264AMFK TLC2264MFK | TLC2264AMJ TLC2264MJ | — — | — — | TLC2264AMW TLC2264MW |

The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2264CDR). The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.

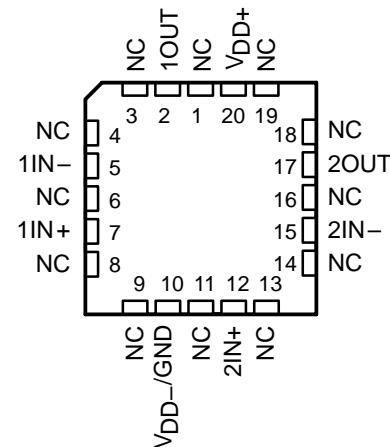
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**TLC2262C, TLC2262AC
 TLC2262I, TLC2262AI
 TLC2262Q, TLC2262AQ
 D, P, OR PW PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**

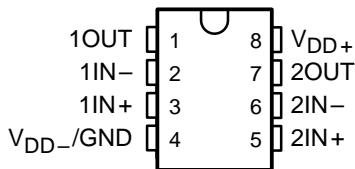


**TLC2262M, TLC2262AM . . . FK PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**

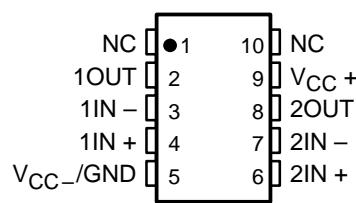


NC – No internal connection

**TLC2262M, TLC2262AM . . . JG PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**

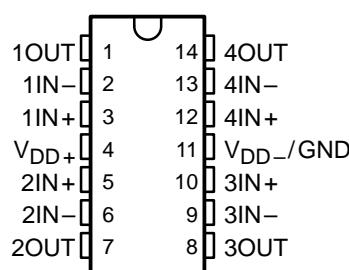


**TLC2262M, TLC2262AM . . . U PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**

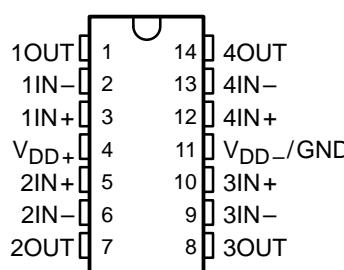


NC – No internal connection

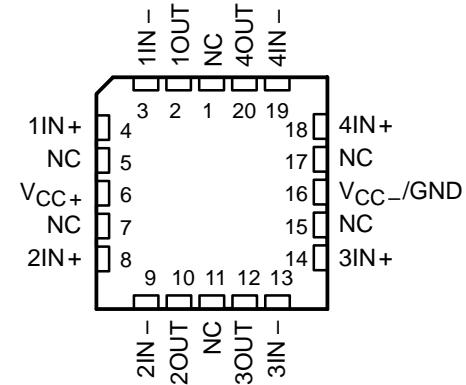
**TLC2264C, TLC2264AC
 TLC2264I, TLC2264AI
 TLC2264Q, TLC2264AQ
 D, N, OR PW PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**



**TLC2264M, TLC2264AM . . . J OR W PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**



**TLC2264M, TLC2264AM . . . FK PACKAGE
 (TOP VIEW)**

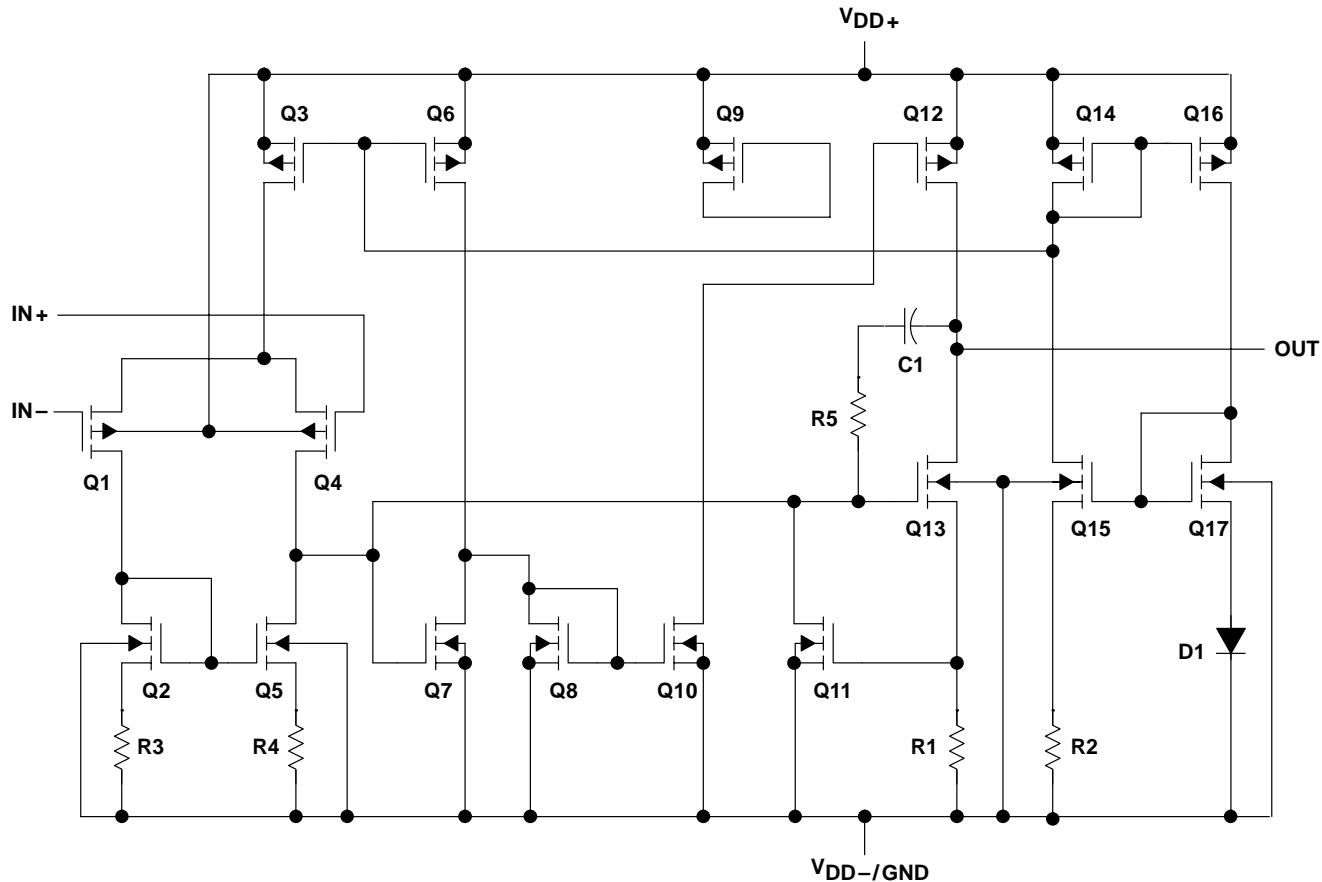


NC – No internal connection

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equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



| ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT† | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|
| COMPONENT | TLC2262 | TLC2264 |
| Transistors | 38 | 76 |
| Resistors | 28 | 56 |
| Diodes | 9 | 18 |
| Capacitors | 3 | 6 |

† Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES:

1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-} .
2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-. Excessive current flows if input is brought below $V_{DD-} - 0.3$ V.
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| PACKAGE | T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C | T _A = 70°C POWER RATING | T _A = 85°C POWER RATING | T _A = 125°C POWER RATING |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| D-8 | 725 mW | 5.8 mW/°C | 464 mW | 377 mW | 145 mW |
| D-14 | 950 mW | 7.6 mW/°C | 608 mW | 494 mW | 190 mW |
| FK | 1375 mW | 11.0 mW/°C | 880 mW | 715 mW | 275 mW |
| J | 1375 mW | 11.0 mW/°C | 880 mW | 715 mW | 275 mW |
| JG | 1050 mW | 8.4 mW/°C | 672 mW | 546 mW | 210 mW |
| N | 1150 mW | 9.2 mW/°C | 736 mW | 598 mW | 230 mW |
| P | 1000 mW | 8.0 mW/°C | 640 mW | 520 mW | 200 mW |
| PW-8 | 525 mW | 4.2 mW/°C | 336 mW | 273 mW | 105 mW |
| PW-14 | 700 mW | 5.6 mW/°C | 448 mW | 364 mW | 140 mW |
| U | 700 mW | 5.5 mW/°C | 452 mW | 370 mW | 150 mW |
| W | 700 mW | 5.5 mW/°C | 452 mW | 370 mW | 150 mW |

recommended operating conditions

| | C SUFFIX | | I SUFFIX | | Q SUFFIX | | M SUFFIX | | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$ | ± 2.2 | ± 8 | V |
| Input voltage range, V_I | $V_{DD-} - V_{DD+} - 1.5$ | V |
| Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC} | $V_{DD-} - V_{DD+} - 1.5$ | V |
| Operating free-air temperature, T_A | 0 | 70 | -40 | 125 | -40 | 125 | -55 | 125 | °C |

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TLC2262C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262C | | | UNIT | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | | | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\Omega$, $V_{DD} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | μV | μV | | |
| | | Full range | 3000 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C to 70°C | 2 | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.003 | | $\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$ | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.5 | | pA | | | |
| | | Full range | 100 | | pA | | | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current | | 25°C | 1 | | pA | pA | | |
| | | Full range | 100 | | pA | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0 | -0.3 | V | | | |
| | | to | to | | | | | |
| | | 4 | 4.2 | | | | | |
| | | Full range | 0 | to | | | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $R_S = 50\Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$ | 25°C | 3.5 | | V | V | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.99 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | | | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -20\mu\text{A}, -100\mu\text{A}, -400\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.70 | 4.85 | V | V | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.60 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.01 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.09 | 0.15 | | | | |
| | | Full range | 0.15 | | | | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\mu\text{A}, 500\mu\text{A}, 1\text{ mA}, 4\text{ mA}$ | 25°C | 0.2 | 0.3 | V | V | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.3 | | | | | |
| | | Full range | 0.7 | 1 | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 1 | | | | | |
| | | Full range | 1.2 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 80 | 170 | V/mV | | |
| | | Full range | 55 | | | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 550 | | | | |
| $r_i(d)$ Differential input resistance | | | 25°C | 10^{12} | Ω | | | |
| $r_i(c)$ Common-mode input resistance | | | 25°C | 10^{12} | Ω | | | |
| $c_i(c)$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ | P package | 25°C | 8 | pF | | | |
| z_o Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ | $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 240 | Ω | | | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 70 | 83 | dB | | | |
| | | Full range | 70 | | | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, \text{No load}$ | 25°C | 80 | 95 | dB | | | |
| | | Full range | 80 | | | | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, \text{No load}$ | 25°C | 400 | 500 | μA | | | |
| | | Full range | 500 | | | | | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2262C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262C | | | UNIT |
|------------------------|---|--|---|--------|------|------------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| | | Full range | 0.3 | | | |
| V_n | $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ | | 25°C | 40 | | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ | | 25°C | 12 | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ | | 25°C | 0.7 | | μV |
| | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$ | | 25°C | 1.3 | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | $\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, f = 20\text{ kHz}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1$ | 25°C | 0.017% | | |
| | | $A_V = 10$ | | 0.03% | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | | $f = 10\text{ kHz}, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.71 | MHz |
| BOM | Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(PP) = 2\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 185 | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time $A_V = -1, Step = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | To 0.1% | 25°C | 6.4 | | μs |
| | | To 0.01% | | 14.1 | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 56° | | |
| | Gain margin | | 25°C | 11 | | |

[†] Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V

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TLC2262C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise specified)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262C | | | UNIT |
|---|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | μV | |
| | | Full range | 3000 | | | |
| | | 25°C to 70°C | 2 | | $\mu V/^\circ C$ | |
| | | 25°C | 0.003 | | $\mu V/mo$ | |
| | | 25°C | 0.5 | | pA | |
| | | Full range | 100 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 1 | | pA | |
| | | Full range | 100 | | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV, $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | V | |
| | | Full range | -5 to 3.5 | | | |
| | | $I_O = -20\mu A$ | 25°C | 4.99 | V | |
| | | $I_O = -100\mu A$ | 25°C | 4.85 4.94 | | |
| V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage | | Full range | 4.82 | | | |
| | | $I_O = -400\mu A$ | 25°C | 4.7 4.85 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.6 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50\mu A$ | 25°C | -4.99 | V | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 500\mu A$ | 25°C | -4.85 -4.91 | | |
| | | Full range | -4.85 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 1mA$ | 25°C | -4.7 -4.8 | | |
| | | Full range | -4.7 | | | |
| V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 4mA$ | 25°C | -4 -4.3 | V | |
| | | Full range | -3.8 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50\mu A$ | 25°C | 80 200 | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 500\mu A$ | 25°C | 55 | | |
| | | Full range | 1000 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 1mA$ | 25°C | | | |
| | | Full range | | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 4mA$ | 25°C | | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega$ | 25°C | 80 200 | V/mV | |
| | | | Full range | 55 | | |
| | | | 25°C | 1000 | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | | 25°C | 10^{12} | Ω | |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | | 25°C | 10^{12} | Ω | |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10$ kHz, | P package | 25°C | 8 | pF | |
| z_0 Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100$ kHz, | $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 220 | Ω | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = -5$ V to 2.7 V, $V_O = 0$ V, $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 75 88 | dB | | |
| | | Full range | 75 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 80 95 | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD\pm} = 2.2$ V to ± 8 V, $V_{IC} = 0$, No load | 25°C | 80 | dB | | |
| | | Full range | 80 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 425 500 | | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current | $V_O = 0$ V, No load | Full range | 500 | μA | | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ C$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2262C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262C | | | UNIT |
|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | $V_O = \pm 1.9$ V, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | V/ μ s |
| | | | Full range | 0.3 | | |
| V_n Equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 10$ Hz | 25°C | | 43 | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | | $f = 1$ kHz | 25°C | 12 | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 0.1$ Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | | 0.8 | | μ V |
| | | | $f = 0.1$ Hz to 10 Hz | 25°C | 1.3 | |
| I_n Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | | 0.6 | | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N Total harmonic distortion pulse duration | $V_O = \pm 2.3$ V, $f = 20$ kHz, $R_L = 50$ k Ω | $A_V = 1$ | 25°C | | 0.014% | |
| | | | | $A_V = 10$ | 0.024% | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | $f = 10$ kHz, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω | 25°C | | 0.73 | MHz |
| B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_{O(PP)} = 4.6$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | | 85 | kHz |
| t_s Settling time | $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $C_L = 100$ pF | To 0.1% | 25°C | | 7.1 | μ s |
| | | To 0.01% | | | 16.5 | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | | 57° | |
| | | | 25°C | | 11 | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

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TLC2264C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264C | | | UNIT |
|--|---|---------------|-----------|------|-------|------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, V_{DD} \pm 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | μV | |
| | | Full range | 3000 | | | |
| | | 25°C to 70°C | 2 | | μV/°C | |
| | | 25°C | 0.003 | | μV/mo | |
| αV_{IO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C | 0.5 | | pA | |
| | | Full range | 100 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 1 | | | |
| | | Full range | 100 | | pA | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current | | 25°C | 0 | -0.3 | V | |
| | | to | to | | | |
| | | 4 | 4.2 | | | |
| | | Full range | 0 | to | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current | | Full range | 3.5 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.99 | | V | |
| | | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -20\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.70 | 4.85 | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.60 | | | |
| | $I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 0.01 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.09 | 0.15 | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\mu\text{A}$ | Full range | 0.15 | | V | |
| | | 25°C | 0.2 | 0.3 | | |
| | | Full range | 0.3 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.7 | 1 | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$ | Full range | 1.2 | | V/mV | |
| | | 25°C | 80 | 170 | | |
| | | Full range | 55 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 550 | | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | 25°C | 10^{12} | | Ω | |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | 25°C | 10^{12} | | Ω | |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package | 25°C | 8 | | pF | |
| z_o Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 240 | | Ω | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 70 | 83 | dB | |
| | | Full range | 70 | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | dB | |
| | | Full range | 80 | | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load | 25°C | 0.8 | 1 | mA | |
| | | Full range | 1 | | | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4. Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2264C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264C | | | UNIT |
|--|---|---|----------|--------|-----|------------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | $V_O = 1.4\text{ V to }2.6\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| | | Full range | 0.3 | | | |
| V_n Equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ | 25°C | 40 | | | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ | 25°C | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ | 25°C | 0.7 | | | μV |
| | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$ | 25°C | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | | $\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, f = 20\text{ kHz}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1$ $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 0.017% | | |
| | | | | 0.03% | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | $f = 10\text{ kHz}, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.71 | | MHz |
| B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(PP) = 2\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 185 | | kHz |
| t_s Settling time | $A_V = -1, Step = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | To 0.1% | 25°C | 6.4 | | μs |
| | | To 0.01% | | 14.1 | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 56° | | | |
| | | 25°C | 11 | | | |
| | | | | | | dB |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

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TLC2264C electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise specified)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264C | | | UNIT | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------|------|------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | μV | μV | |
| αV_{IO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | Full range | 3000 | | | | |
| Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4) | | 25°C to 70°C | 2 | | μV/°C | | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current | | 25°C | 0.003 | | μV/mo | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current | | 25°C | 0.5 | | pA | | |
| I_{IB} | | Full range | 100 | | pA | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | V | V | |
| V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage | | Full range | -5 to 3.5 | | | | |
| V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage | $I_O = -20 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.99 | | V | V | |
| | $I_O = -100 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | | |
| | Full range | 4.82 | | | | | |
| | $I_O = -400 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | | | |
| | Full range | 4.6 | | | | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 25°C | -4.99 | V/mV | V/mV | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 500 \mu A$ | 25°C | -4.85 | -4.91 | | |
| | | Full range | -4.85 | | | | |
| | $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 1$ mA | 25°C | -4.7 | -4.8 | | |
| | | Full range | -4.7 | | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 4$ mA | 25°C | -4 | -4.3 | | |
| | | Full range | -3.8 | | | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $R_L = 50$ kΩ | 25°C | 80 | 200 | V/mV | V/mV |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | | Full range | 55 | | | |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10$ kHz, N package | $R_L = 1$ MΩ | 25°C | 1000 | | | |
| z_o Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100$ kHz, $A_V = 10$ | | 25°C | 220 | | | |
| $CMRR$ Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = -5$ V to 2.7 V, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | | 25°C | 75 | 88 | dB | dB |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$) | | Full range | 75 | | | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = 0$, No load | | 25°C | 0.85 | 1 | mA | mA |
| | | | Full range | | 1 | | |

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150$ °C extrapolated to $T_A = 25$ °C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2264C operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264C | | | UNIT |
|--|--|-------------------------------|----------|------|-----|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR Slew rate at unity gain | $V_O = \pm 1.9$ V, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | | V/ μ s |
| | | Full range | 0.3 | | | |
| V_n Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 10 Hz | 25°C | 43 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | f = 1 kHz | 25°C | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | 0.8 | | | μ V |
| | f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz | 25°C | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_O = \pm 2.3$ V, f = 20 kHz, $R_L = 50$ k Ω | $A_V = 1$ | 0.014% | | | |
| | | | 0.024% | | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | 25°C | 0.73 | | MHz |
| BOM Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(PP) = 4.6$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 70 | | kHz |
| t_s Settling time | $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $C_L = 100$ pF | To 0.1% | 7.1 | | | μ s |
| | | To 0.01% | 16.5 | | | |
| ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 57° | | dB |
| | | | 25°C | 11 | | |

[†] Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

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TLC2262I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262I | | | TLC2262AI | | | UNIT |
|---|---|------------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------|------------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{DD} \pm 2.5\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV |
| | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | |
| | | 25°C to 85°C | | 2 | | | 2 | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | | 25°C | | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | $\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$ |
| | | 25°C | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | pA |
| | | 85°C | | 150 | | | 150 | | |
| | | Full range | | 800 | | | 800 | | pA |
| | | 25°C | | 1 | | | 1 | | pA |
| | | 85°C | | 150 | | | 150 | | |
| | | Full range | | 800 | | | 800 | | pA |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $R_S = 50\Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$ | 25°C | 0 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | 0 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | V |
| | | Full range | 0 to 3.5 | | | 0 to 3.5 | | | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | | 4.99 | | | 4.99 | | V |
| | $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | 4.82 | | | |
| | $I_{OH} = -400\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | | 4.7 | 4.85 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.5 | | | 4.5 | | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | | 0.01 | | | 0.01 | | V |
| | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 500\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | | 0.09 | 0.15 | | 0.09 | 0.15 | |
| | | Full range | | 0.15 | | | 0.15 | | |
| | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$ | 25°C | | 0.8 | 1 | | 0.7 | 1 | |
| | | Full range | | 1.2 | | | 1.2 | | |
| A_{vD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 80 | 100 | | 80 | 170 | V/mV |
| | | | Full range | 50 | | | 50 | | |
| | | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | | 550 | | | 550 | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | | 25°C | | 10^{12} | | 10^{12} | | Ω |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | | 25°C | | 10^{12} | | 10^{12} | | Ω |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, P package | | 25°C | | 8 | | 8 | | pF |
| z_0 Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}, A_V = 10$ | | 25°C | | 240 | | 240 | | Ω |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 70 | 83 | | 70 | 83 | | dB |
| | | Full range | 70 | | | 70 | | | |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV .

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TLC2262I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262I | | | TLC2262AI | | | UNIT |
|-------------|--|--|---|------|--------|-----------|------|------|------------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| k_{SVR} | Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | 80 | 95 | 80 | dB |
| | | | Full range | 80 | | 80 | | 80 | |
| I_{DD} | Supply current | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load | 25°C | 400 | 500 | 400 | 500 | 500 | μA |
| | | | Full range | | 500 | | | 500 | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | $V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.25 | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| | | | Full range | 0.25 | | 0.25 | | | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ | 25°C | 40 | | 40 | | | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | | 25°C | 12 | | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ | 25°C | 0.7 | | 0.7 | | | μV |
| | | | 25°C | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | | $\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, f = 20\text{ kHz}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1$ | | 0.017% | 0.017% | | | |
| | | | $A_V = 10$ | | 0.03% | 0.03% | | | |
| | Gain-bandwidth product | $f = 50\text{ kHz}, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.82 | 0.82 | | | MHz |
| BOM | Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(\text{PP}) = 2\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 185 | 185 | | | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time | $A_V = -1, \text{Step} = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}, R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | To 0.1% | | 6.4 | 6.4 | | | μs |
| | | | To 0.01% | | 14.1 | 14.1 | | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger, C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 56° | | 56° | | | |
| | Gain margin | | 25°C | 11 | | 11 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | dB |

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

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TLC2262I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262I | | | TLC2262AI | | | UNIT | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------|--------------|----------------|-----|------------------|--|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$ $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV | |
| | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | | |
| | | 25°C to 85°C | | 2 | | 2 | | | $\mu V/^\circ C$ | |
| | | 25°C | | 0.003 | | 0.003 | | | $\mu V/mo$ | |
| | | 25°C | | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | | pA | |
| | | 85°C | | 150 | | 150 | | | pA | |
| | | Full range | | 800 | | 800 | | | pA | |
| | | 25°C | | 1 | | 1 | | | pA | |
| | | 85°C | | 150 | | 150 | | | pA | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current | | Full range | | 800 | | 800 | | | pA | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current | | 25°C | | 1 | | 1 | | | pA | |
| | | 85°C | | 150 | | 150 | | | pA | |
| | | Full range | | 800 | | 800 | | | pA | |
| | | 25°C | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | V | |
| | | Full range | -5 to 3.5 | | | -5 to 3.5 | | | | |
| V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV | $I_O = -20 \mu A$ | 25°C | | 4.99 | | 4.99 | | V | |
| | | $I_O = -100 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | 4.85 | 4.94 | | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | 4.82 | | | | |
| | | $I_O = -400 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | 4.7 | 4.85 | | | |
| | | Full range | 4.5 | | | 4.5 | | | | |
| V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 25°C | | -4.99 | | -4.99 | | V | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 500 \mu A$ | 25°C | -4.85 | -4.91 | -4.85 | -4.91 | | | |
| | | Full range | -4.85 | | | -4.85 | | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 4 mA$ | 25°C | -4 | -4.3 | -4 | -4.3 | | | |
| | | Full range | -3.8 | | | -3.8 | | | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $R_L = 50 k\Omega$ | 25°C | 80 | 200 | 80 | 200 | | V/mV | |
| | | | Full range | 50 | | 50 | | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1 M\Omega$ | 25°C | | 1000 | | 1000 | | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | | 25°C | | 1012 | | 1012 | | Ω | |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | | 25°C | | 1012 | | 1012 | | Ω | |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10$ kHz, P package | | 25°C | | 8 | | 8 | | pF | |
| z_o Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100$ kHz, $A_V = 10$ | | 25°C | | 220 | | 220 | | Ω | |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = -5$ V to 2.7 V, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 75 | 88 | | 75 | 88 | | dB | |
| | | Full range | 75 | | | 75 | | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4$ V to 16 V, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | | 80 | 95 | | dB | |
| | | Full range | 80 | | | 80 | | | | |

† Full range is $-40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ C$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2262I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TA [†] | TLC2262I | | | TLC2262AI | | | UNIT |
|------------------------|--|--|----------|------|--------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| I _{DD} | Supply Current V _O = 2.5 V, No load | 25°C | | 425 | 500 | | 425 | 500 | |
| | | Full range | | | 500 | | | 500 | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain V _O = ±1.9 V, R _L = 50 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | | 0.35 | 0.55 | | V/μs |
| | | Full range | 0.25 | | | 0.25 | | | |
| V _n | Equivalent input noise voltage f = 10 Hz | 25°C | | 43 | | | 43 | | nV/√Hz |
| | | 25°C | | 12 | | | 12 | | |
| V _{N(PP)} | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | | 0.8 | | | 0.8 | | μV |
| | | 25°C | | 1.3 | | | 1.3 | | |
| I _n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | fA/√Hz |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise V _O = ±2.3 V, R _L = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz | A _V = 1 | | | 0.014% | | 0.014% | | |
| | | A _V = 10 | | | 0.024% | | 0.024% | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | f = 10 kHz, R _L = 50 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF | | 25°C | | 0.73 | | 0.73 | | MHz |
| B _{OM} | Maximum output-swing bandwidth V _{O(PP)} = 4.6 V, R _L = 50 kΩ, | A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF | 25°C | | 85 | | 85 | | kHz |
| t _s | Settling time A _V = -1, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, R _L = 50 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF | To 0.1% | | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | μs |
| | | To 0.01% | | | 16.5 | | 16.5 | | |
| φ _m | Phase margin at unity gain | | 25°C | | 57° | | 57° | | |
| | Gain margin | R _L = 50 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF | 25°C | | 11 | | 11 | | dB |

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

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TLC2264I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264I | | | TLC2264AI | | | UNIT | |
|--|--|---------------|------------------|------|------------------|-----------|------|-----|------------------------------|--|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{DD} \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV | |
| | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | | |
| | | 25°C to 125°C | | 2 | | 2 | | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| | | 25°C | 0.003 | | 0.003 | | | | $\mu\text{V}/\text{mV}$ | |
| | | 25°C | 0.5 | | 0.5 | | | | pA | |
| | | 85°C | 150 | | 150 | | | | | |
| | | Full range | 800 | | 800 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 1 | | 1 | | | | pA | |
| | | 85°C | 150 | | 150 | | | | | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current | | Full range | 800 | | 800 | | | | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current | | 25°C | 0 | -0.3 | | 0 | -0.3 | | V | |
| | | to | to | | | to | to | | | |
| | | 4 | 4.2 | | | 4 | 4.2 | | | |
| | | Full range | 0 | | 0 | | | | | |
| | | to | | | | to | | | | |
| | | 3.5 | | | | 3.5 | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.99 | | 4.99 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | 4.85 | 4.94 | | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $R_S = 50\Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$ | Full range | 4.82 | | 4.82 | | | | V | |
| | | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | | 4.7 | 4.85 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.5 | | 4.5 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.01 | | 0.01 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.09 | 0.15 | | 0.09 | 0.15 | | | |
| | | Full range | 0.15 | | 0.15 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.8 | 1 | | 0.7 | 1 | | | |
| | | Full range | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 80 | 100 | | 80 | 170 | | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V}$ to 4 V | Full range | 50 | | 50 | | | | V/mV | |
| | | 25°C | 550 | | 550 | | | | | |
| | | 25°C | 550 | | 550 | | | | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | 25°C | 10 ¹² | | 10 ¹² | | | | Ω | |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | 25°C | 10 ¹² | | 10 ¹² | | | | Ω | |
| $C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package | 25°C | 8 | | 8 | | | | pF | |
| z_o Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 240 | | 240 | | | | Ω | |
| $CMRR$ Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = 0$ to 2.7 V , $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 70 | 83 | | 70 | 83 | | dB | |
| | | Full range | 70 | | 70 | | | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V}$ to 16 V , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | | 80 | 95 | | dB | |
| | | Full range | 80 | | 80 | | | | | |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V .

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV .

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TLC2264I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264I | | | TLC2264AI | | | UNIT |
|-------------|---|--|---|------|--------|-----------|------|------|------------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| I_{DD} | Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load | 25°C | 0.8 | 1 | 0.8 | 1 | 1 | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| | | | Full range | | 1 | | | 1 | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | $V_O = 1.4\text{ V to }2.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.25 | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ |
| | | | Full range | 0.25 | | 0.25 | | | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 10 Hz | 25°C | 40 | | 40 | | | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | f = 1 kHz | 25°C | 12 | | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | 0.7 | | 0.7 | | | μV |
| | | f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz | 25°C | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | | $\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | $A_V = 1$ | | 0.017% | 0.017% | | | |
| | | | $A_V = 10$ | | 0.03% | 0.03% | | | |
| | Gain-bandwidth product | $f = 50\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, 25°C | 0.71 | | 0.71 | | | MHz |
| BOM | Maximum output- swing bandwidth | $V_O(\text{PP}) = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 185 | | 185 | | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time | $A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | To 0.1% | 25°C | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | μs |
| | | | To 0.01% | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 56° | | 56° | | | |
| | Gain margin | | 25°C | 11 | | 11 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | dB |

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

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TLC2264I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | TA† | TLC2264I | | | TLC2264AI | | | UNIT |
|-------------------|--|---|------------|-------------|-----|-----------|-------------|-----|------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V _{IO} | Input offset voltage $V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μ V |
| αV_{IO} | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | |
| | | 25°C to 125°C | | 2 | | 2 | | | μ V/°C |
| | | 25°C | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | | μ V/mo |
| I _{IO} | | 25°C | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | pA |
| | | 85°C | 150 | | | 150 | | | |
| | | Full range | 800 | | | 800 | | | |
| I _{IB} | Input bias current $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV | 25°C | 1 | | | 1 | | | pA |
| | | 85°C | 150 | | | 150 | | | pA |
| | | Full range | 800 | | | 800 | | | |
| V _{ICR} | Common-mode input voltage range $R_S = 50 \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV | 25°C | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | V |
| | | Full range | -5 to 3.5 | | | -5 to 3.5 | | | |
| V _{OM+} | Maximum positive peak output voltage $I_O = -20 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.99 | | | 4.99 | | | V |
| | | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | 4.82 | | | |
| | | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | | 4.7 | 4.85 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.5 | | | 4.5 | | | |
| V _{OM-} | Maximum negative peak output voltage $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 25°C | -4.99 | | | -4.99 | | | V |
| | | 25°C | -4.85 | -4.91 | | -4.85 | -4.91 | | |
| | | Full range | -4.85 | | | -4.85 | | | |
| | | 25°C | -4 | -4.3 | | -4 | -4.3 | | |
| | | Full range | -3.8 | | | -3.8 | | | |
| A _{VD} | Large-signal differential voltage amplification $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $R_L = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$ | 25°C | 80 | 200 | 80 | 200 | | V/mV |
| | | | Full range | 50 | | 50 | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ | 25°C | 1000 | | 1000 | | | |
| r _{i(d)} | Differential input resistance | | 25°C | 1012 | | 1012 | | | Ω |
| r _{i(c)} | Common-mode input resistance | | 25°C | 1012 | | 1012 | | | Ω |
| c _{i(c)} | Common-mode input capacitance | f = 10 kHz, N package | 25°C | 8 | | 8 | | | pF |
| z _o | Closed-loop output impedance | f = 100 kHz, A _v = 10 | 25°C | 220 | | 220 | | | Ω |
| CMRR | Common-mode rejection ratio | V _{IC} = -5 V to 2.7 V, V _O = 0, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 75 | 88 | 75 | 88 | | dB |
| k _{SVR} | Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | | Full range | 75 | | 75 | | | |
| | | V _{DD±} = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | 80 | 95 | | dB |
| | | | Full range | 80 | | 80 | | | |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at T_A = 150°C extrapolated to T_A = 25°C using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2264I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264I | | | TLC2264AI | | | UNIT |
|------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|------|--------|-----------|--------|-----|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| I_{DD} | Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = 0$, No load | 25°C | 0.85 | 1 | 0.85 | 0.85 | 1 | |
| | | | Full range | | 1 | | | 1 | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain | $V_O = \pm 1.9$ V, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.35 | 0.55 | | V/ μ s |
| | | | Full range | 0.25 | | 0.25 | | | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage | f = 10 Hz | 25°C | 43 | | 43 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | f = 1 kHz | 25°C | 12 | | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage | f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | | μ V |
| | | f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz | 25°C | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise | $V_O = \pm 2.3$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , f = 20 kHz | $A_V = 1$ | | 0.014% | | 0.014% | | |
| | | | $A_V = 10$ | | 0.024% | | 0.024% | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | | f = 10 kHz, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | 25°C | 0.73 | | 0.73 | | MHz |
| B _{OM} | Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(PP) = 4.6$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 70 | | 70 | | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time | $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $C_L = 100$ pF | To 0.1% | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | μ s |
| | | | To 0.01% | | 16.5 | | 16.5 | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 57° | | 57° | | |
| | Gain margin | | | 25°C | 11 | | 11 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | dB |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C.

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TLC2262Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262Q, TLC2262M | | | TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM | | | UNIT |
|-----------------|---|---|-----------------------|------------------|------|-------------------------|----------------|-----|------------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} | Input offset voltage | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV |
| | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | |
| αV_{IO} | Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | Full range | | 5 | | 5 | | 5 | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| V_{IO} | Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4) | 25°C | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | | $\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$ |
| | | 25°C | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | |
| I_{IO} | Input offset current | 125°C | 800 | | | 800 | | | pA |
| | | 25°C | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| I_{IB} | Input bias current | 125°C | 800 | | | 800 | | | pA |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| V_{ICR} | Common-mode input voltage range | 25°C | 0 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | 0 to 4 | -0.3 to 4.2 | | V |
| | | Full range | 0 to 3.5 | | | 0 to 3.5 | | | |
| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.99 | | 4.99 | | | V |
| | | $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | 4.82 | | | |
| | | $I_{OH} = -400\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | 4.7 | 4.85 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.5 | | | 4.5 | | | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 0.01 | | 0.01 | | | V |
| | | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 500\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.15 | | |
| | | Full range | | 0.15 | | 0.15 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$ | 25°C | 0.8 | 1 | 0.7 | 1 | | |
| | | Full range | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | | | |
| A_{VD} | Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$ | 25°C | 80 | 100 | 80 | 170 | | V/mV |
| | | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | Full range | 50 | | 50 | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 550 | | 550 | | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ | Differential input resistance | | 25°C | 10 ¹² | | 10 ¹² | | | Ω |
| $r_{i(c)}$ | Common-mode input resistance | | 25°C | 10 ¹² | | 10 ¹² | | | Ω |
| $c_{i(c)}$ | Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, P package | 25°C | 8 | | 8 | | | pF |
| z_o | Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}, A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 240 | | 240 | | | Ω |
| $CMRR$ | Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\text{ }\Omega$ | 25°C | 70 | 83 | 70 | 83 | | dB |
| | | Full range | 70 | | | 70 | | | |
| k_{SVR} | Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | 80 | 95 | | dB |
| | | Full range | 80 | | | 80 | | | |
| I_{DD} | Supply current | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load | 25°C | 400 | 500 | 400 | 500 | | μA |
| | | Full range | | 500 | | 500 | | | |

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, -55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV .

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TLC2262Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262Q, TLC2262M | | | TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM | | | UNIT |
|-------------|--|--|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------|--------|-----|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5$ V to 3.5 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω^\ddagger , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | | 0.35 | 0.55 | | V/ μ s |
| | | Full range | 0.25 | | | 0.25 | | | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10$ Hz | 25°C | 40 | | | 40 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | 25°C | 12 | | | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1$ Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | 0.7 | | | 0.7 | | | μ V |
| | | 25°C | 1.3 | | | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | 25°C | 0.6 | | | 0.6 | | | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5$ V to 2.5 V, $f = 20$ kHz, $R_L = 50$ k Ω^\ddagger | $A_V = 1$ | | | 0.017% | | 0.017% | | |
| | | $A_V = 10$ | | | 0.03% | | 0.03% | | |
| | Gain-bandwidth product $f = 50$ kHz, $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | $R_L = 50$ k Ω^\ddagger | 25°C | 0.82 | | 0.82 | | | MHz |
| BOM | Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_O(PP) = 2$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω^\ddagger , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | 25°C | 185 | | 185 | | | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω^\ddagger , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | To 0.1% | 25°C | 6.4 | | 6.4 | | | μ s |
| | | To 0.01% | | 14.1 | | 14.1 | | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 50$ k Ω^\ddagger , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | 25°C | 56° | | | 56° | | | |
| | | 25°C | 11 | | | 11 | | | dB |

[†] Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, –55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V

TLC226x, TLC226xA

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TLC2262Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262Q, TLC2262M | | | TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM | | | UNIT |
|-----------------|--|--|-----------------------|------------------|-------|-------------------------|----------------|-----|------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} | $V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV |
| αV_{IO} | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | |
| | | Full range | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| | | 25°C | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | | $\mu V/mo$ |
| I_{IO} | | 25°C | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | pA |
| | | 125°C | 800 | | | 800 | | | |
| I_{IB} | $V_{IC} = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 1 | | | 1 | | | pA |
| | | 125°C | 800 | | | 800 | | | |
| V_{ICR} | | 25°C | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4 | | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | V |
| | V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage | Full range | -5 to 3.5 | | | -5 to 3.5 | | | |
| | | $I_O = -20 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.99 | | 4.99 | | | V |
| | | $I_O = -100 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | | Full range | 4.82 | | | 4.82 | | | |
| | | $I_O = -400 \mu A$ | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | 4.7 | 4.85 | | |
| | V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage | Full range | 4.5 | | | 4.5 | | | V |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 25°C | -4.99 | | -4.99 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 500 \mu A$ | 25°C | -4.85 | -4.91 | -4.85 | -4.91 | | |
| | | Full range | -4.85 | | | -4.85 | | | |
| | | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 4 mA$ | 25°C | -4 | -4.3 | -4 | -4.3 | | |
| | A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | Full range | -3.8 | | | -3.8 | | | V/mV |
| $r_{i(d)}$ | | $V_O = \pm 4 V$ | 25°C | 80 | 200 | 80 | 200 | | |
| | | $R_L = 50 k\Omega$ | Full range | 50 | | 50 | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1 M\Omega$ | 25°C | 1000 | | 1000 | | | |
| $r_{i(c)}$ | Differential input resistance | | 25°C | 10 ¹² | | 10 ¹² | | | Ω |
| $c_{i(c)}$ | Common-mode input resistance | | 25°C | 10 ¹² | | 10 ¹² | | | Ω |
| | Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10$ kHz, P package | 25°C | 8 | | 8 | | | pF |
| Z_o | Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100$ kHz, $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | 220 | | 220 | | | Ω |
| $CMRR$ | Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = -5$ V to 2.7 V, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$ | 25°C | 75 | 88 | 75 | 88 | | dB |
| | | Full range | 75 | | | 75 | | | |
| k_{SVR} | Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4$ V to 16 V, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | 80 | 95 | | dB |
| | | Full range | 80 | | | 80 | | | |
| I_{DD} | Supply current | $V_O = 0$, No load | 25°C | 425 | 500 | 425 | 500 | | μA |
| | | | Full range | | 500 | | 500 | | |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, -55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ C$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2262Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2262Q, TLC2262M | | | TLC2262AQ, TLC2262AM | | | UNIT |
|-------------|---|---|-------------------------------|------------|------|-------------------------|------|--------|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2$ V, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.35 | 0.55 | | V/ μ s |
| | | | Full range | 0.25 | | 0.25 | | | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10$ Hz | | 25°C | 43 | | 43 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | | 25°C | 12 | | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1$ Hz to 1 Hz | | 25°C | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | | μ V |
| | | | 25°C | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = \pm 2.3$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $f = 20$ kHz | $A_V = 1$ | 25°C | 0.014% | | 0.014% | | | |
| | | | | $A_V = 10$ | | 0.024% | | 0.024% | |
| | Gain-bandwidth product | $f = 10$ kHz, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | 25°C | 0.73 | | 0.73 | | MHz |
| B_{OM} | Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(PP) = 4.6$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 85 | | 85 | | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $C_L = 100$ pF | To 0.1% To 0.01% | 25°C | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | | μ s |
| | | | | 16.5 | | 16.5 | | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 57° | | 57° | | | |
| | | | 25°C | 11 | | 11 | | | |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, -55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

TLC226x, TLC226xA

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TLC2264Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264Q, TLC2264M | | | TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM | | | UNIT | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------------------|-------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{DD} \pm 2.5\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV | |
| | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | | |
| | | Full range | | 2 | | | 2 | | | |
| | | 25°C | | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | | |
| αV_{IO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage | | 25°C | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| | | 125°C | | 800 | | | 800 | | | |
| | | 25°C | | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| | | 125°C | | 800 | | | 800 | | | |
| I_{IO} Input offset current | | 25°C | 0 | -0.3 | | 0 | -0.3 | | pA | |
| | | to 4 | to 4.2 | | | to 4 | to 4.2 | | | |
| | | Full range | 0 | | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | to 3.5 | | | to 3.5 | | | | |
| I_{IB} Input bias current | | 25°C | 1 | | | 1 | | | pA | |
| | | 125°C | 800 | | | 800 | | | | |
| | | 25°C | | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | | |
| | | 125°C | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $R_S = 50\Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$ | 25°C | 0 | -0.3 | | 0 | -0.3 | | V | |
| | | to 4 | to 4.2 | | | to 4 | to 4.2 | | | |
| | | Full range | 0 | | | 0 | | | | |
| | | | to 3.5 | | | to 3.5 | | | | |
| V_{OH} High-level output voltage | $I_{OH} = -20\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | | 4.99 | | | 4.99 | | V | |
| | | 25°C | | 4.85 | 4.94 | | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | Full range | | 4.82 | | | 4.82 | | | |
| | | 25°C | | 4.7 | 4.85 | | 4.7 | 4.85 | | |
| | | Full range | | 4.5 | | | 4.5 | | | |
| V_{OL} Low-level output voltage | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | 25°C | | 0.01 | | | 0.01 | | V | |
| | | 25°C | | 0.09 | 0.15 | | 0.09 | 0.15 | | |
| | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 500\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ | Full range | | 0.15 | | | 0.15 | | | |
| | | 25°C | | 0.8 | 1 | | 0.7 | 1 | | |
| | | Full range | | | 1.2 | | | 1.2 | | |
| A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$ | $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | 80 | 100 | | 80 | 170 | V/mV | |
| | | Full range | | 50 | | | 50 | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$ | 25°C | | 550 | | | 550 | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | | 25°C | | 10 ¹² | | | 10 ¹² | Ω | |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | | 25°C | | 10 ¹² | | | 10 ¹² | Ω | |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package | | 25°C | | 8 | | | 8 | pF | |
| z_0 Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $A_V = 10$ | | 25°C | | 240 | | | 240 | Ω | |
| $CMRR$ Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 70 | 83 | | 70 | 83 | | dB | |
| | | Full range | 70 | | | 70 | | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$ | | 25°C | 80 | 95 | | 80 | 95 | dB | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load | 25°C | | 0.8 | 1 | | 0.8 | 1 | mA | |
| | | Full range | | | 1 | | | 1 | | |

[†] Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, -55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

[‡] Referenced to 2.5 V .

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV .

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TLC2264Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264Q, TLC2264M | | | TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM | | | UNIT |
|------------------------|---|---------------|-----------------------|------------|-----|-------------------------|--------|-----|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = 0.5$ V to 3.5 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω ‡ , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | | 0.35 | 0.55 | | V/ μ s |
| | | Full range | 0.25 | | | 0.25 | | | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10$ Hz | 25°C | 40 | | | 40 | | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | 25°C | 12 | | | 12 | | | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1$ Hz to 1 Hz | 25°C | 0.7 | | | 0.7 | | | μ V |
| | | 25°C | 1.3 | | | 1.3 | | | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | 25°C | 0.6 | | | 0.6 | | | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = 0.5$ V to 2.5 V, $f = 20$ kHz, $R_L = 50$ k Ω ‡ | $A_V = 1$ | 25°C | 0.017% | | | 0.017% | | |
| | | | | $A_V = 10$ | | | 0.03% | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | $f = 50$ kHz, $R_L = 50$ k Ω ‡ , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | 25°C | 0.71 | | | 0.71 | | | MHz |
| B_{OM} | Maximum output-swing bandwidth $V_O(PP) = 2$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω ‡ , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | 25°C | 185 | | | 185 | | | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω ‡ , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | To 0.1% | 25°C | 6.4 | | | 6.4 | | |
| | | | | To 0.01% | | | 14.1 | | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 50$ k Ω ‡ , $C_L = 100$ pF ‡ | | 25°C | 56° | | | 56° | | |
| | | | 25°C | 11 | | | 11 | | |

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, –55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

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TLC2264Q/M electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264Q, TLC2264M | | | TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM | | | UNIT |
|---|--|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------------|-----|------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| V_{IO} Input offset voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 300 | 2500 | | 300 | 950 | | μV |
| | | Full range | | 3000 | | | 1500 | | |
| | | Full range | | 2 | | | 2 | | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |
| | | 25°C | | 0.003 | | | 0.003 | | $\mu V/mo$ |
| | | 25°C | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | pA |
| | | 125°C | | 800 | | | 800 | | |
| | | 25°C | | 1 | | | 1 | | pA |
| | | 125°C | | 800 | | | 800 | | |
| V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range | $R_S = 50\Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5$ mV | 25°C | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | -5 to 4 | -5.3 to 4.2 | | V |
| | | Full range | -5 | to 3.5 | | -5 | to 3.5 | | |
| V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage | $I_O = -20\mu A$ | 25°C | | 4.99 | | | 4.99 | | V |
| | $I_O = -100\mu A$ | 25°C | 4.85 | 4.94 | | 4.85 | 4.94 | | |
| | Full range | 4.82 | | | | 4.82 | | | |
| | $I_O = -400\mu A$ | 25°C | 4.7 | 4.85 | | 4.7 | 4.85 | | |
| | Full range | 4.5 | | | | 4.5 | | | |
| V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 50\mu A$ | 25°C | | -4.99 | | | -4.99 | | V |
| | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 500\mu A$ | 25°C | -4.85 | -4.91 | | -4.85 | -4.91 | | |
| | Full range | -4.85 | | | | -4.85 | | | |
| | $V_{IC} = 0$, $I_O = 4mA$ | 25°C | -4 | -4.3 | | -4 | -4.3 | | |
| | Full range | -3.8 | | | | -3.8 | | | |
| AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification | $V_O = \pm 4$ V | $R_L = 50k\Omega$ | 25°C | 80 | 200 | 80 | 200 | | V/mV |
| | | Full range | 50 | | | 50 | | | |
| | | $R_L = 1M\Omega$ | 25°C | | 1000 | | 1000 | | |
| $r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance | | | 25°C | | 10^{12} | | 10^{12} | | Ω |
| $r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance | | | 25°C | | 10^{12} | | 10^{12} | | Ω |
| $c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance | $f = 10$ kHz, | N package | 25°C | | 8 | | 8 | | pF |
| z_o Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100$ kHz, | $A_V = 10$ | 25°C | | 220 | | 220 | | Ω |
| CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio | $V_{IC} = -5$ V to 2.7 V, $V_O = 0$, | $R_S = 50\Omega$ | 25°C | 75 | 88 | 75 | 88 | | dB |
| | Full range | | 75 | | | 75 | | | |
| k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$) | $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.2$ V to ± 8 V, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, | No load | 25°C | 80 | 95 | 80 | 95 | | dB |
| | Full range | | 80 | | | 80 | | | |
| I_{DD} Supply current (four amplifiers) | $V_O = 0$, | No load | 25°C | 0.85 | 1 | 0.85 | 1 | | mA |
| | | Full range | | | 1 | | 1 | | |

[†] Full range is $-40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$ for Q suffix, $-55^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$ for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ C$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

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TLC2264Q/M operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$ V

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | T_A^\dagger | TLC2264Q, TLC2264M | | | TLC2264AQ, TLC2264AM | | | UNIT |
|-------------|---|---|-------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------------------|--------|--------|------------------------|
| | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| SR | Slew rate at unity gain $V_O = \pm 2$ V, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω | 25°C | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.55 | V/ μ s |
| | | | Full range | 0.25 | | 0.25 | | 0.25 | |
| V_n | Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 10$ Hz | | 25°C | 43 | | 43 | | 43 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| | | | 25°C | 12 | | 12 | | 12 | |
| $V_{N(PP)}$ | Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage $f = 0.1$ Hz to 1 Hz | | 25°C | 0.8 | | 0.8 | | 0.8 | μ V |
| | | | 25°C | 1.3 | | 1.3 | | 1.3 | |
| I_n | Equivalent input noise current | | 25°C | 0.6 | | 0.6 | | 0.6 | fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| THD + N | Total harmonic distortion plus noise $V_O = \pm 2.3$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $f = 20$ kHz | $A_V = 1$ | 25°C | 0.014% | | 0.014% | | 0.014% | |
| | | | | $A_V = 10$ | 0.024% | | 0.024% | 0.024% | |
| | Gain-bandwidth product $f = 10$ kHz, $C_L = 100$ pF | $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | 25°C | 0.73 | | 0.73 | | 0.73 | MHz |
| B_{OM} | Maximum output-swing bandwidth | $V_O(PP) = 4.6$ V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $A_V = 1$, $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 70 | | 70 | 70 | kHz |
| t_s | Settling time $A_V = -1$, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, $R_L = 50$ k Ω , $C_L = 100$ pF | To 0.1% To 0.01% | 25°C | 7.1 | | 7.1 | | 7.1 | μ s |
| | | | | 16.5 | | 16.5 | | 16.5 | |
| ϕ_m | Phase margin at unity gain $R_L = 50$ k Ω , | $C_L = 100$ pF | 25°C | 57° | | 57° | | 57° | |
| | | | 25°C | 11 | | 11 | | 11 | |
| | | | | | | | | | dB |

† Full range is -40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, -55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2262
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

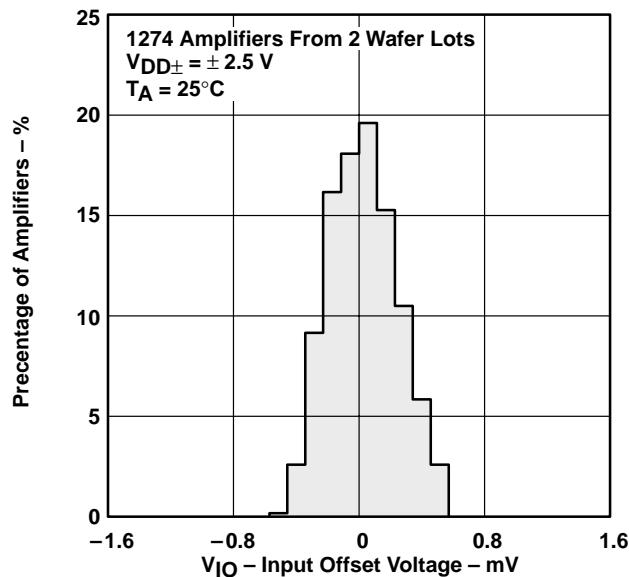


Figure 2

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2262
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

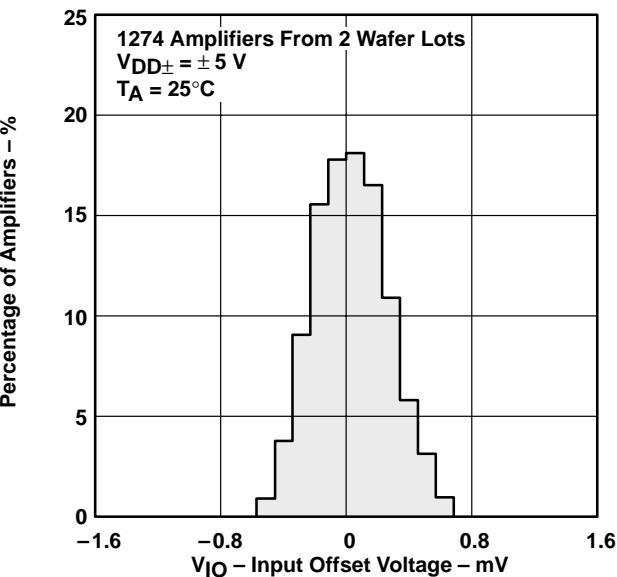


Figure 3

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2264
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

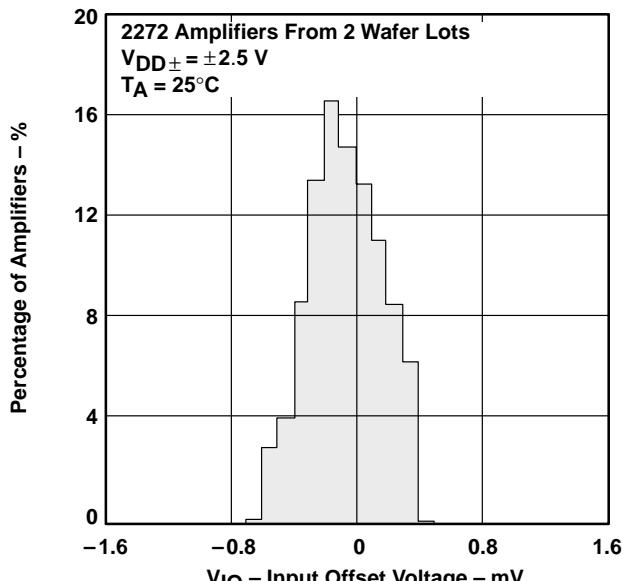


Figure 4

**DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2264
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**

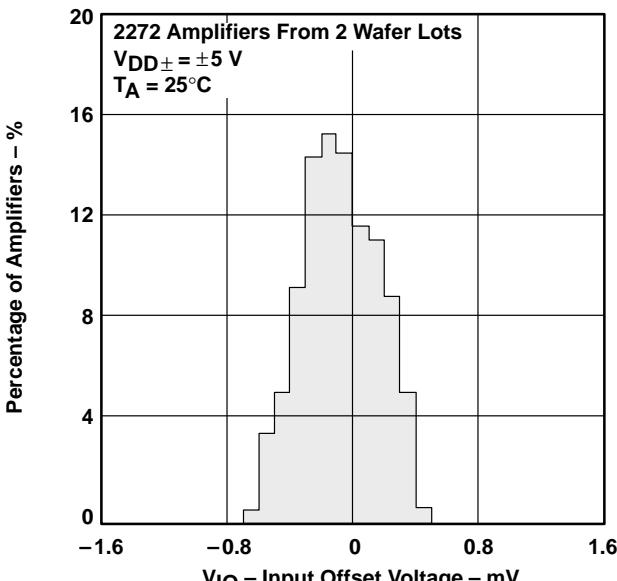
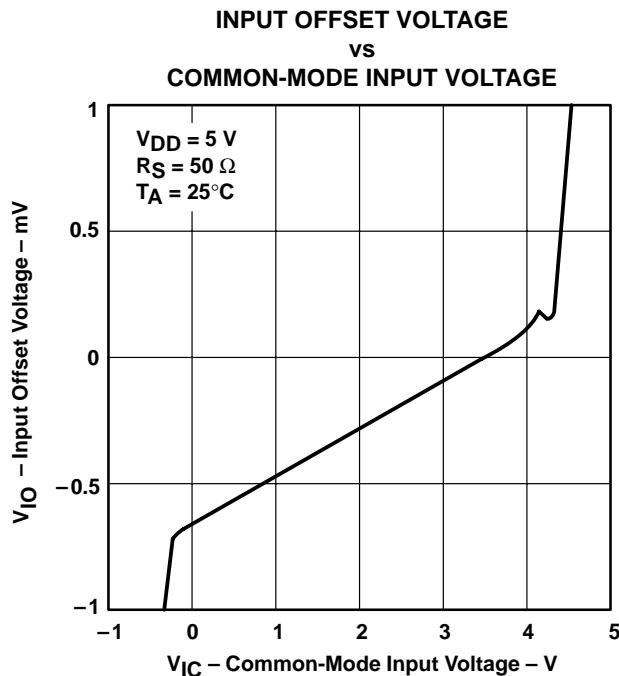


Figure 5

TLC226x, TLC226xA
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OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

Figure 6

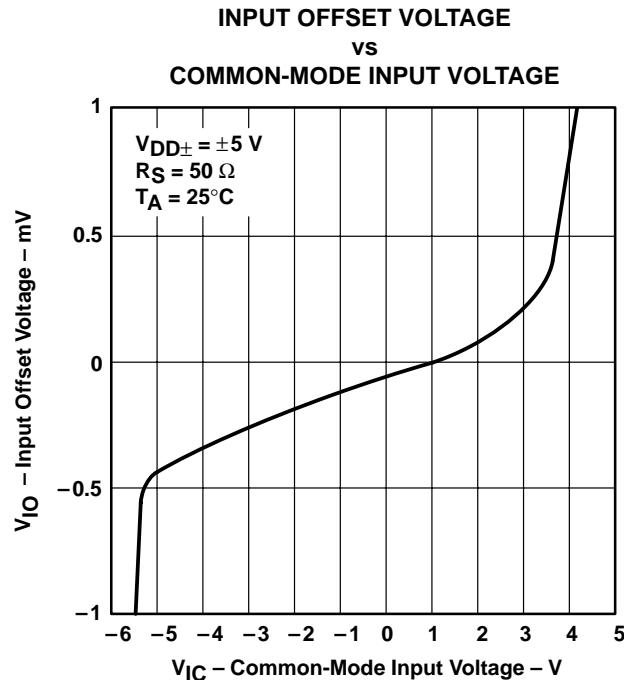


Figure 7

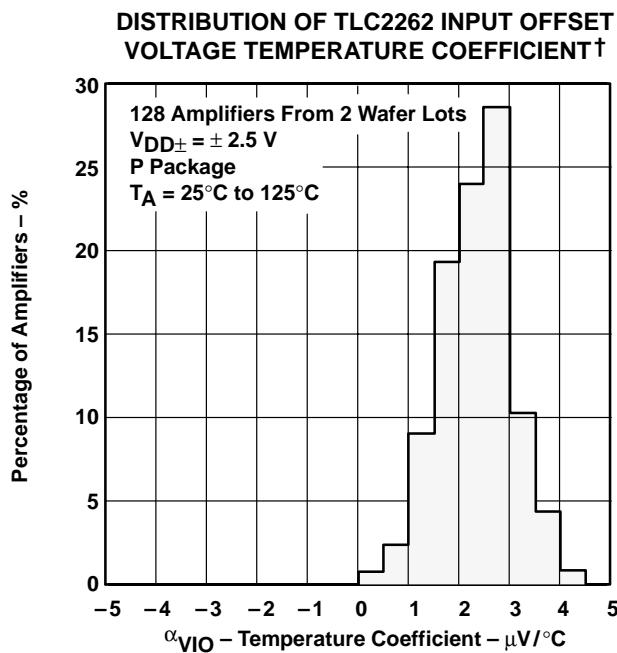


Figure 8

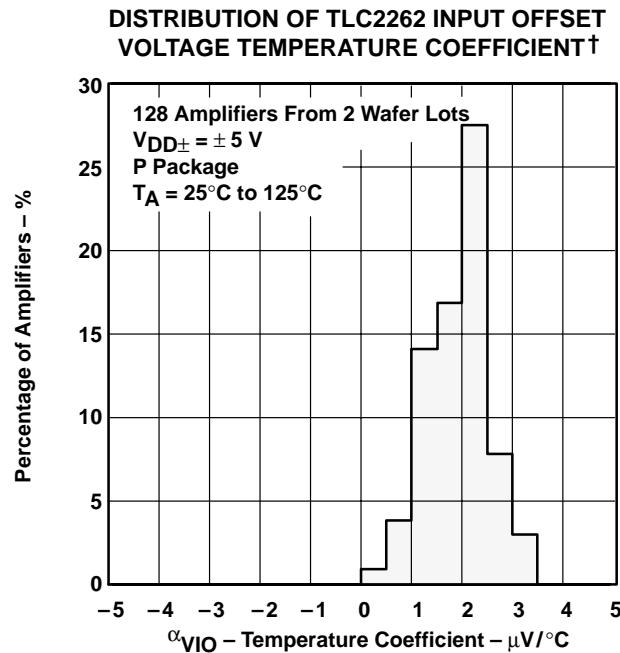
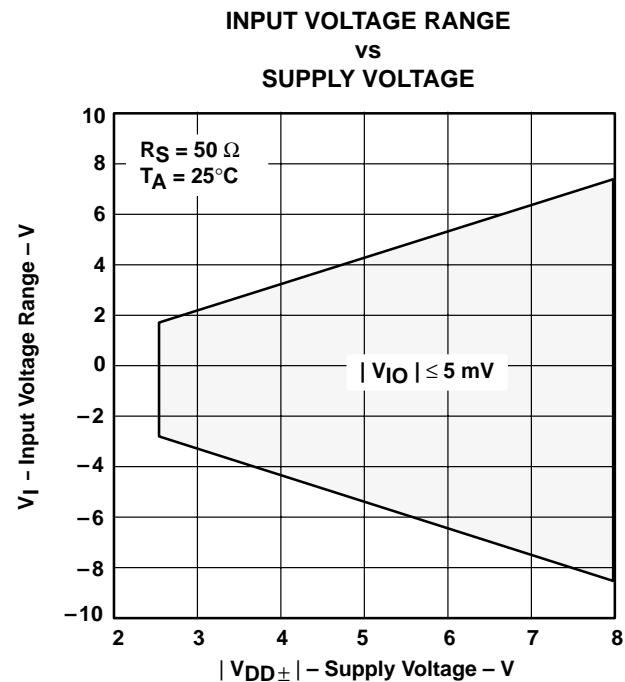
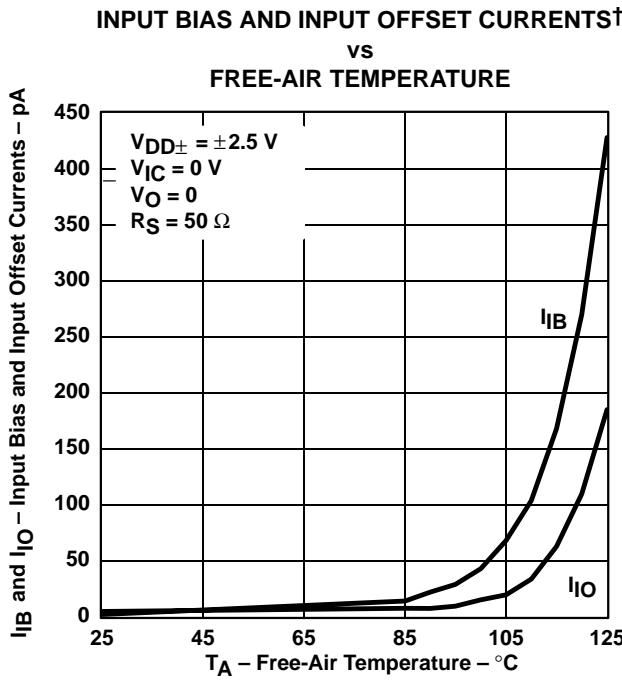
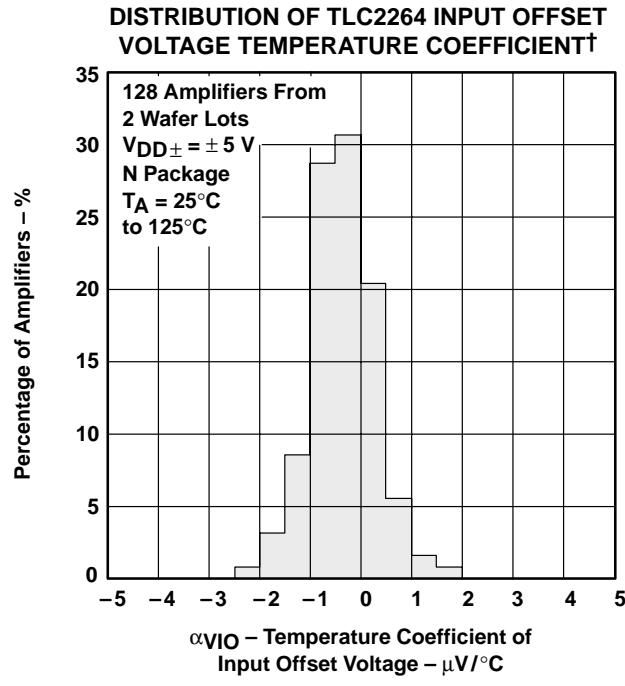
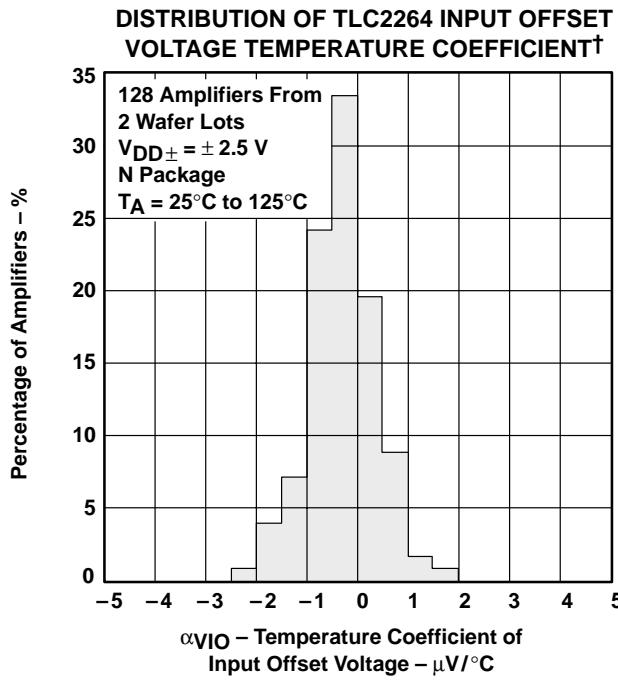


Figure 9

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

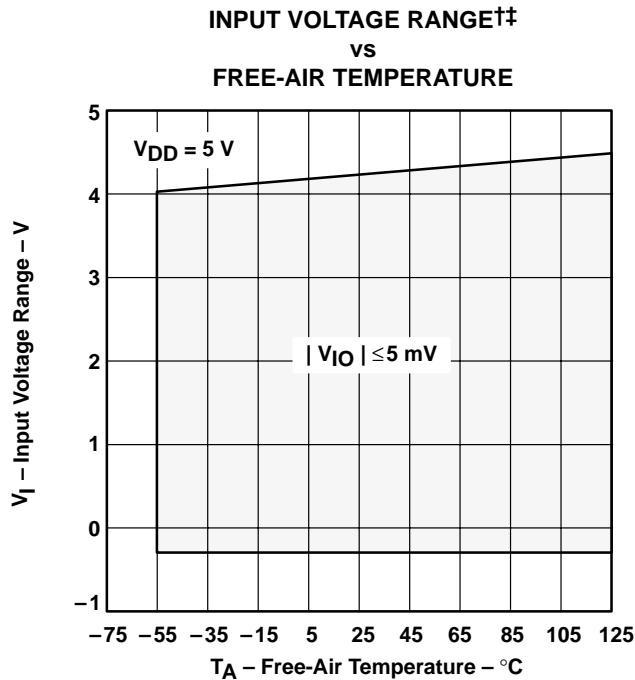


Figure 14

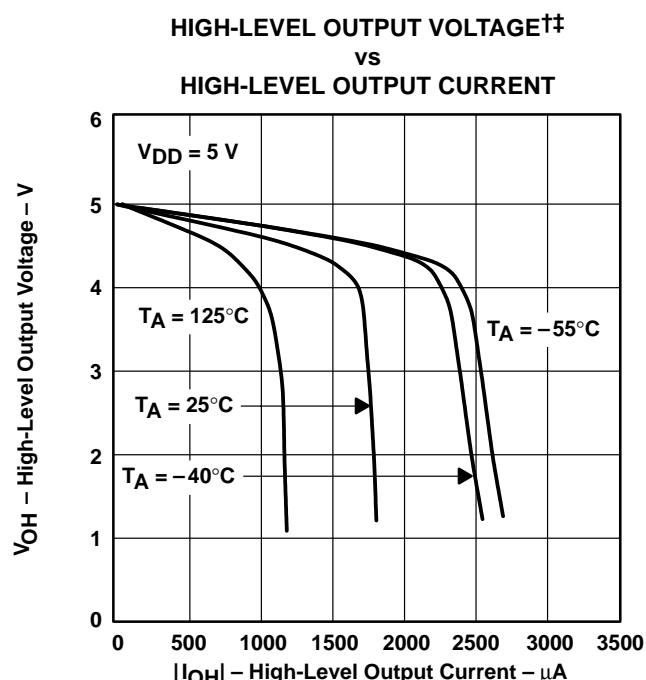


Figure 15

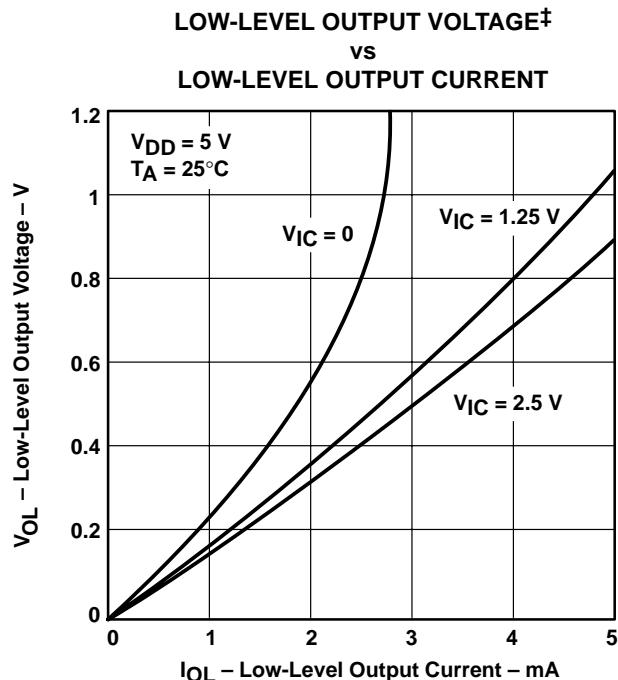


Figure 16

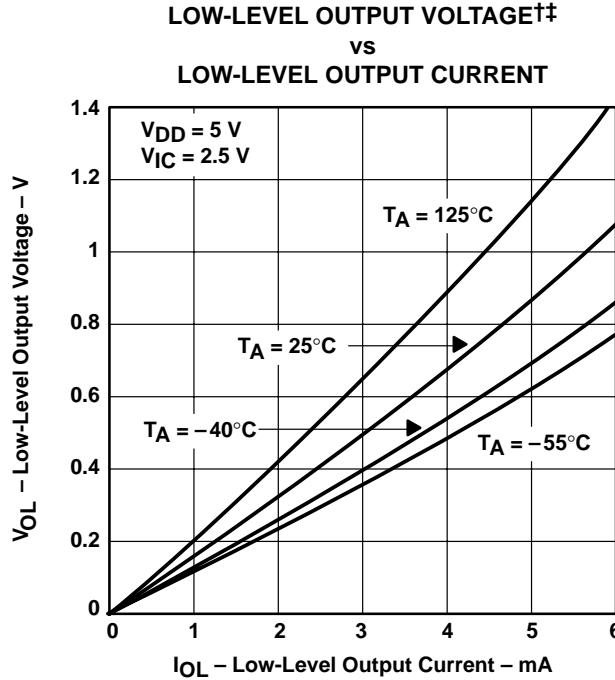


Figure 17

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

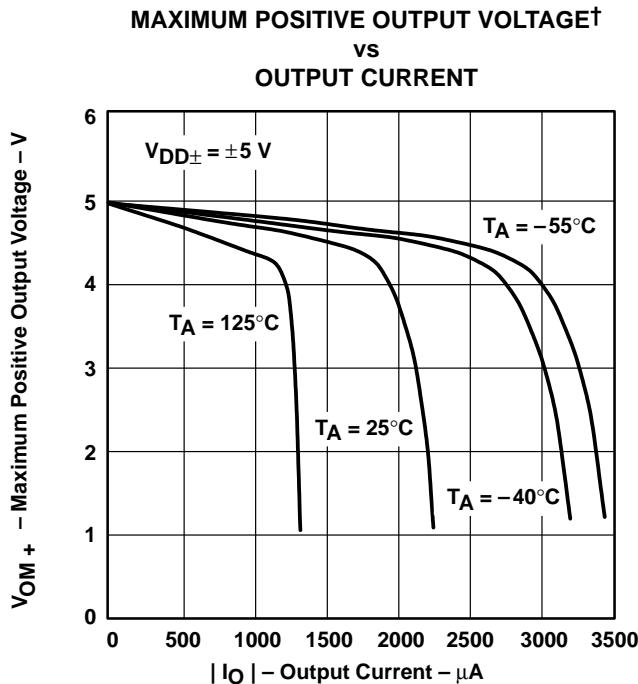


Figure 18

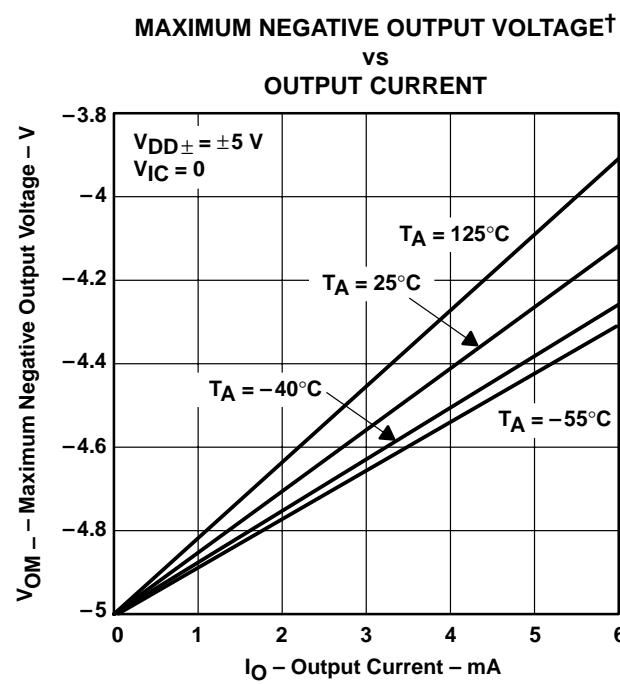
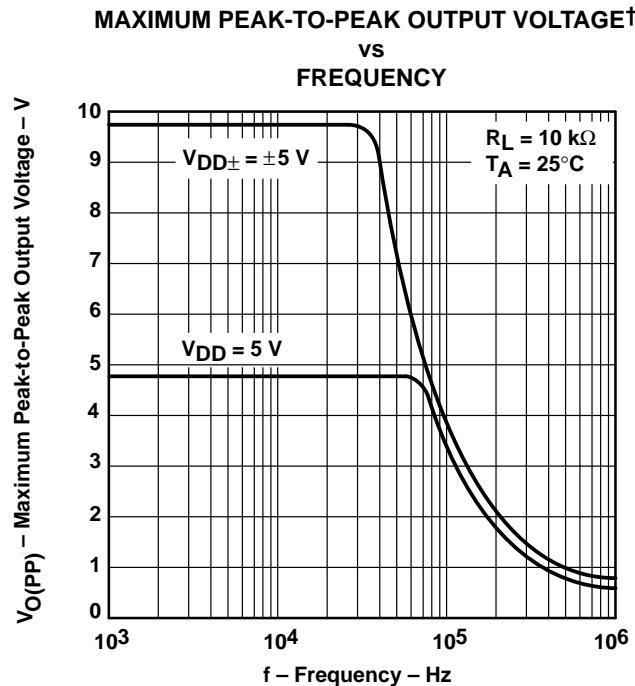


Figure 19



† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 V$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

Figure 20

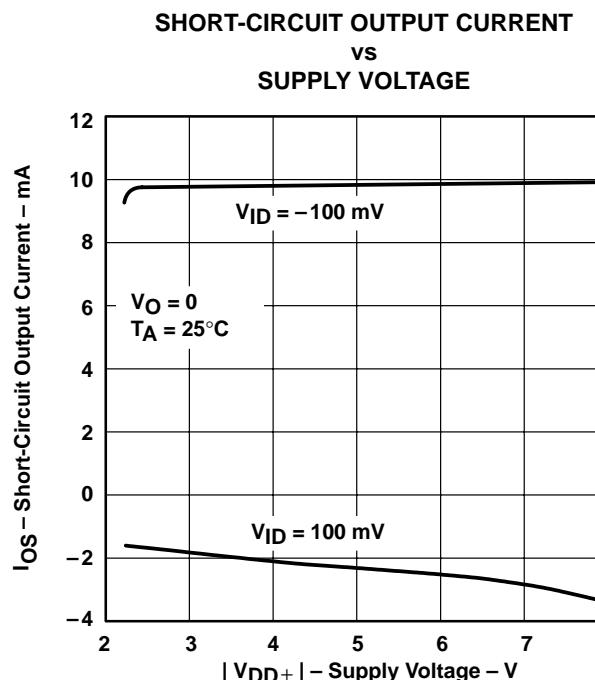


Figure 21

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**SHORT-CIRCUIT OUTPUT CURRENT†
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**

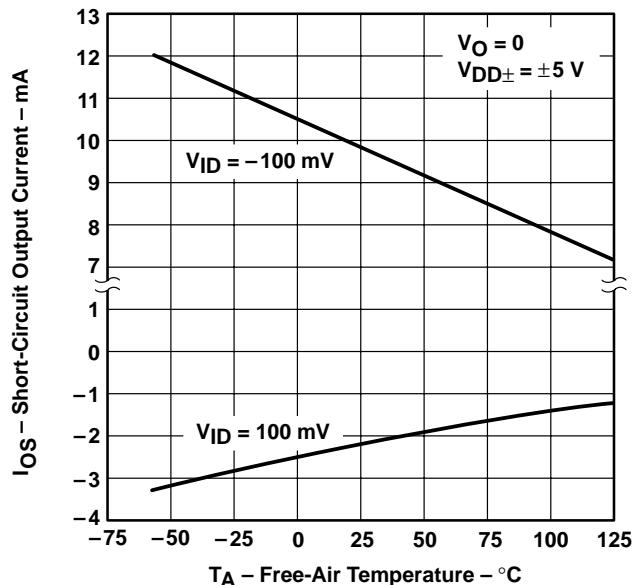


Figure 22

**OUTPUT VOLTAGE‡
vs
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE**

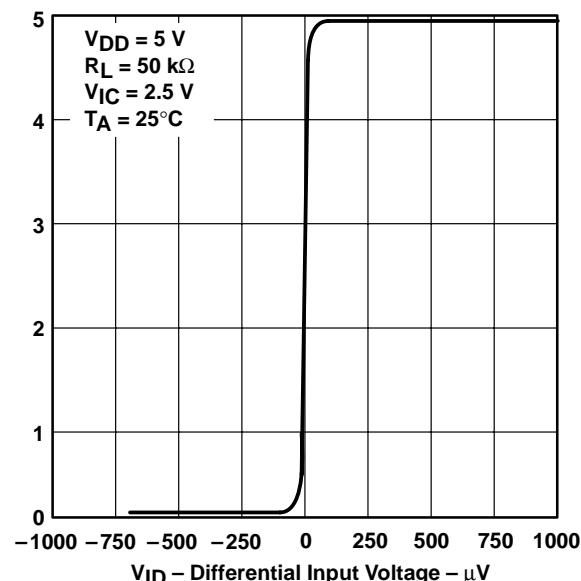


Figure 23

**OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE**

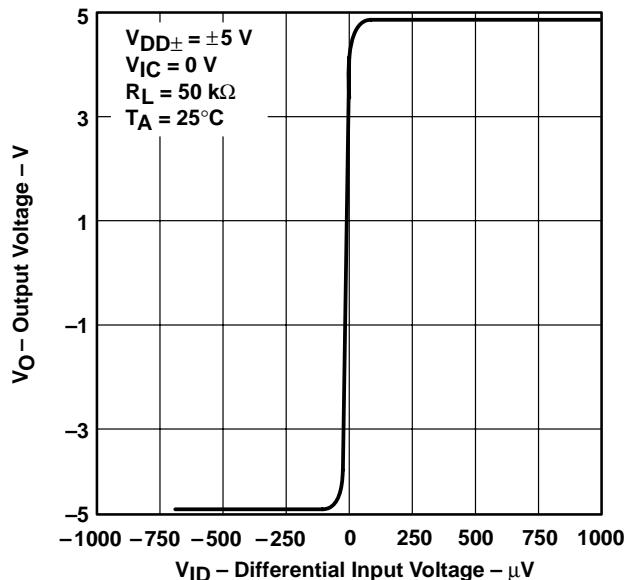


Figure 24

**DIFFERENTIAL GAIN‡
vs
LOAD RESISTANCE**

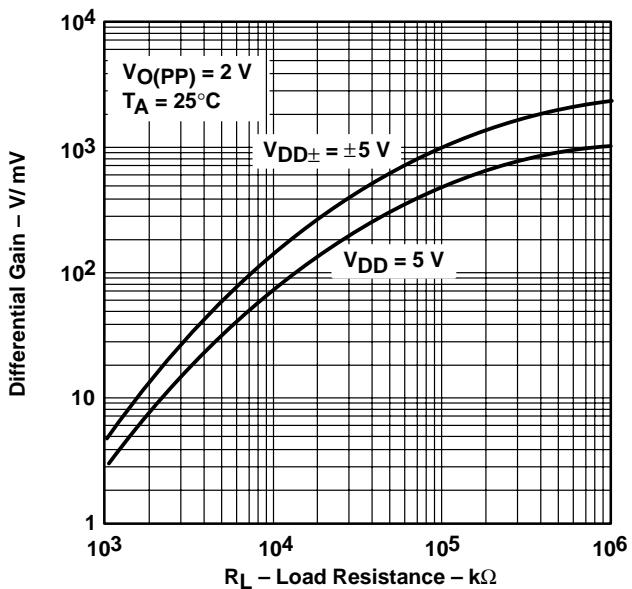
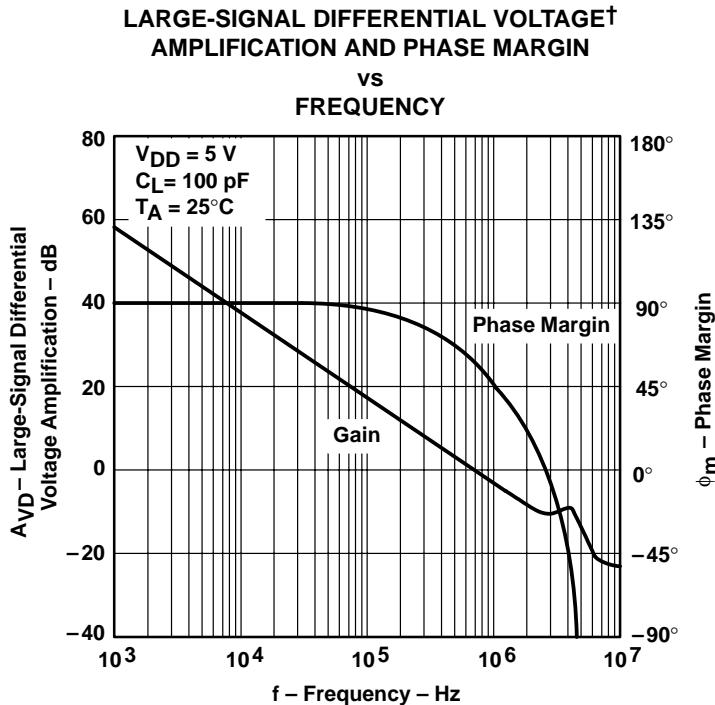


Figure 25

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[†] For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

Figure 26

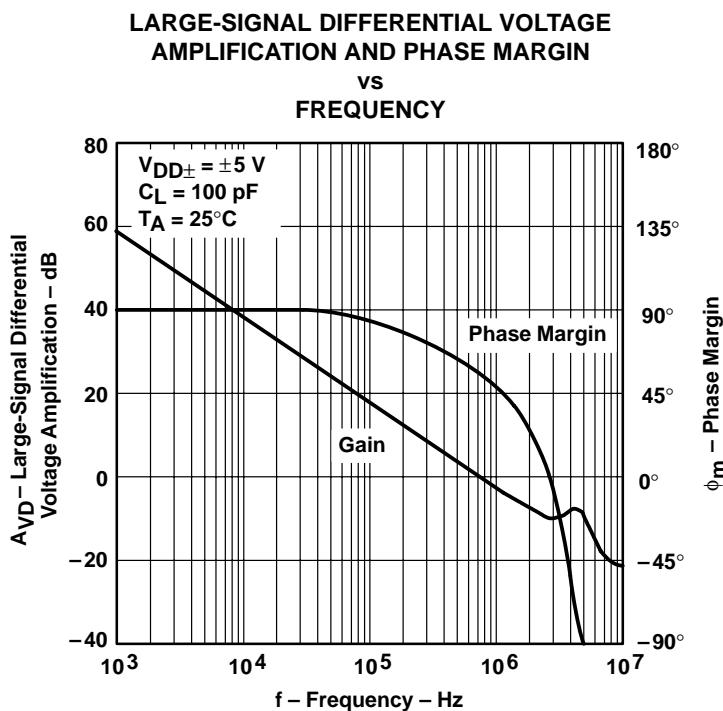


Figure 27

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION^{†‡}
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

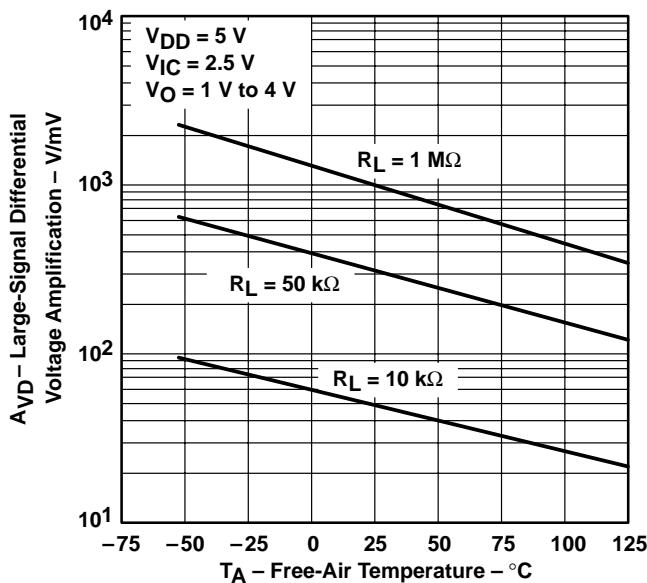


Figure 28

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION[†]
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

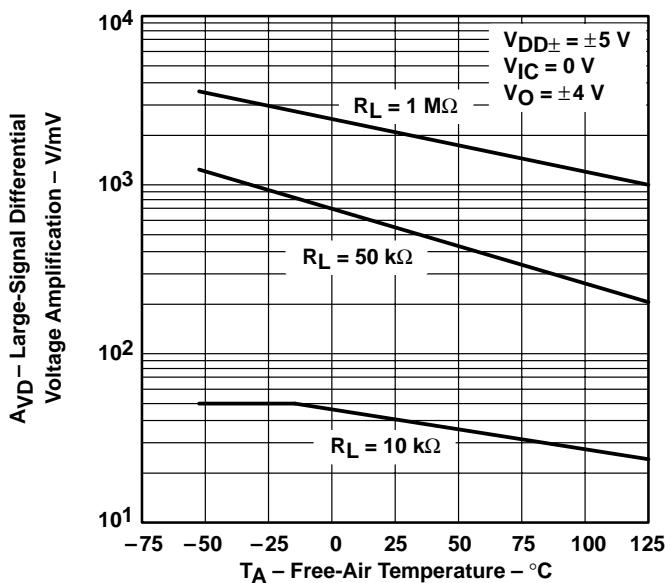


Figure 29

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE[‡]
vs
FREQUENCY

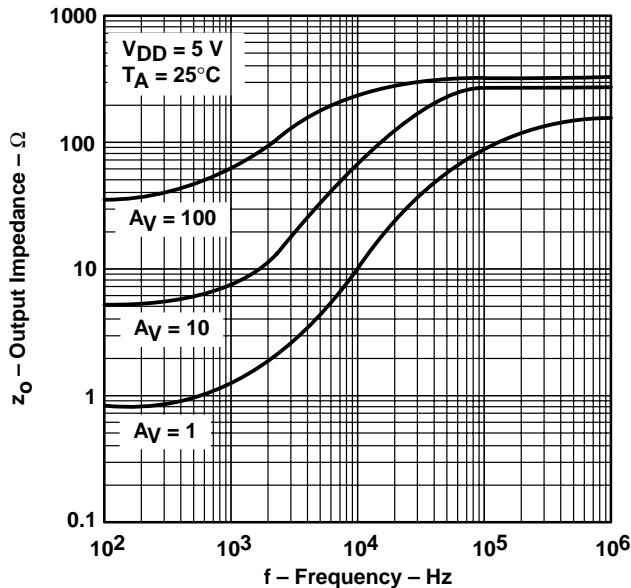


Figure 30

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
vs
FREQUENCY

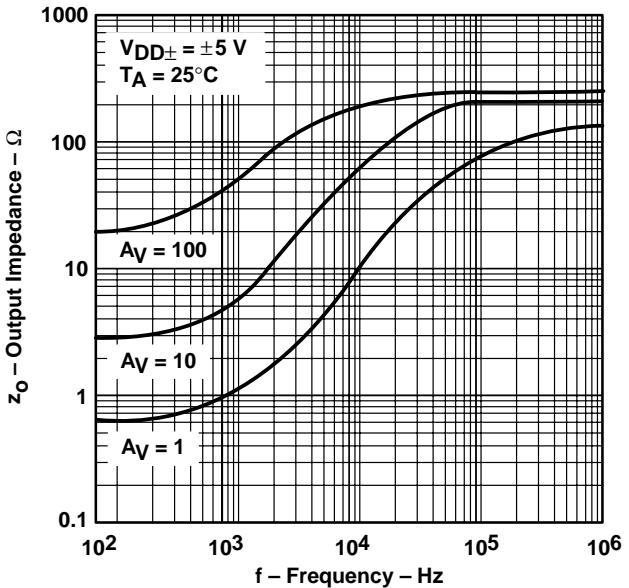


Figure 31

[†] Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

[‡] For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

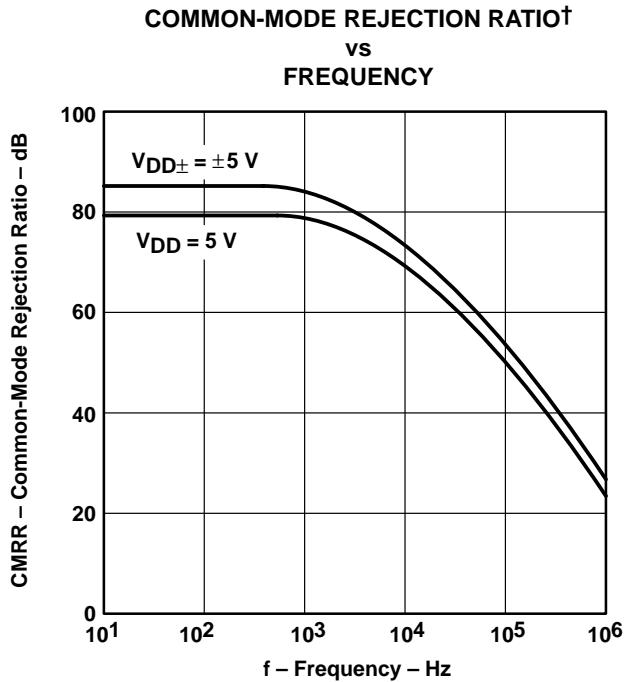


Figure 32

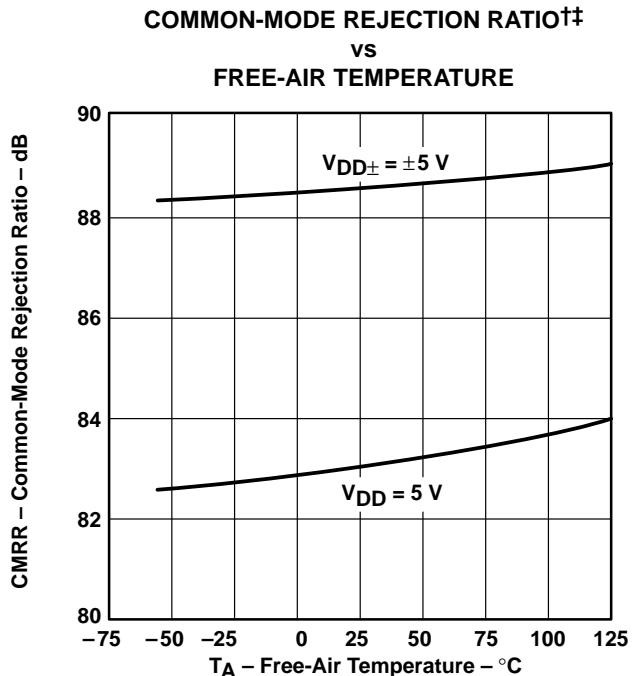


Figure 33

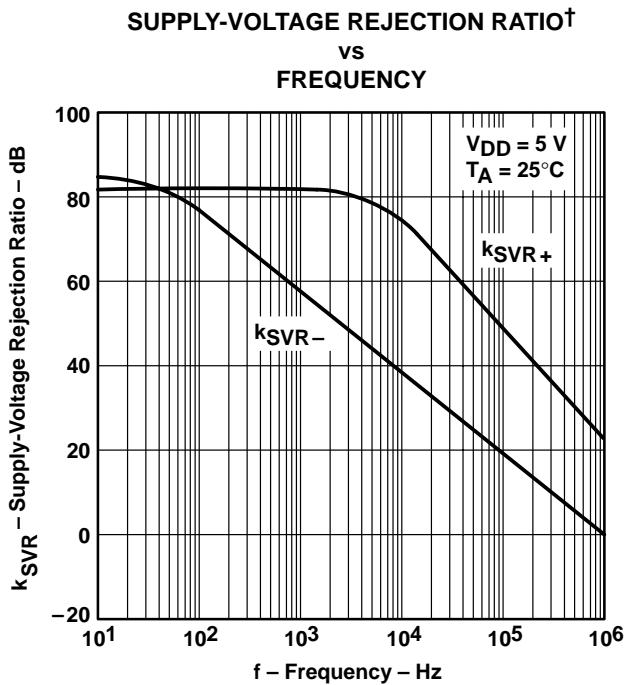


Figure 34

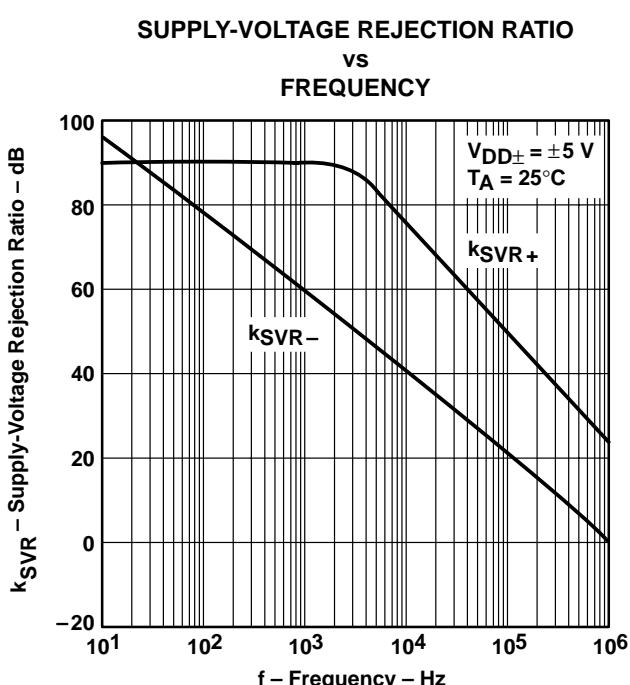


Figure 35

[†] For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

[‡] Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

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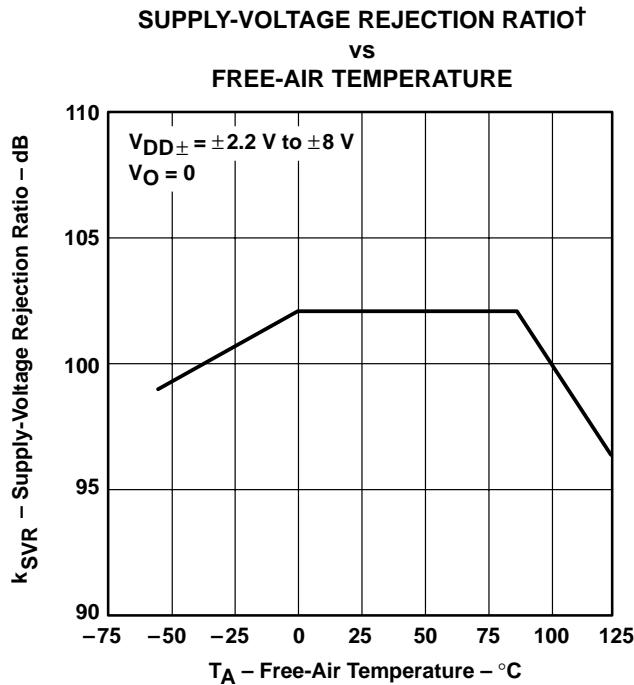


Figure 36

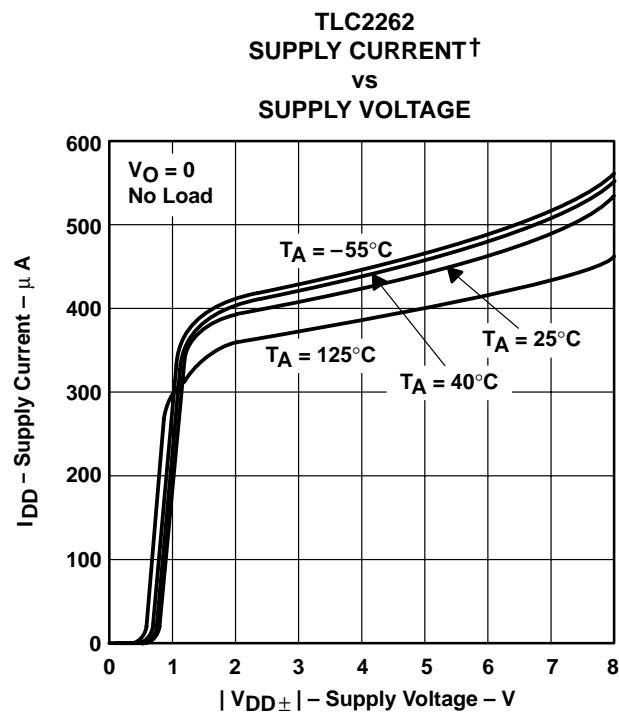


Figure 37

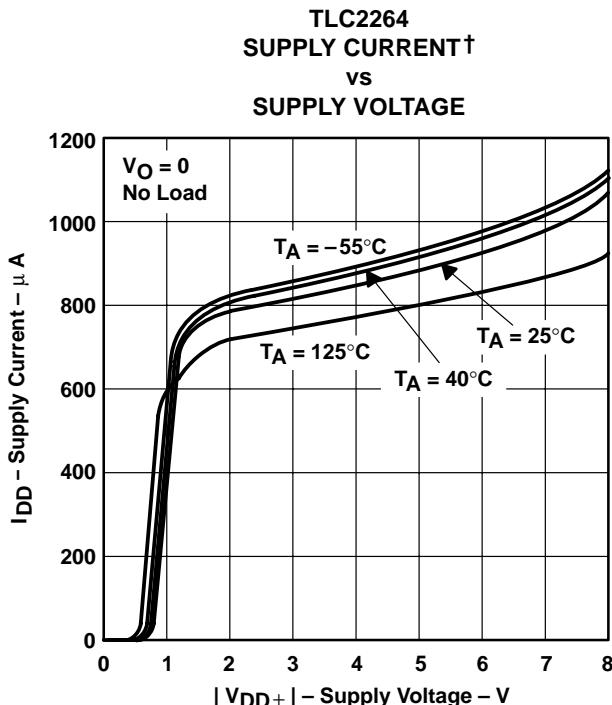


Figure 38

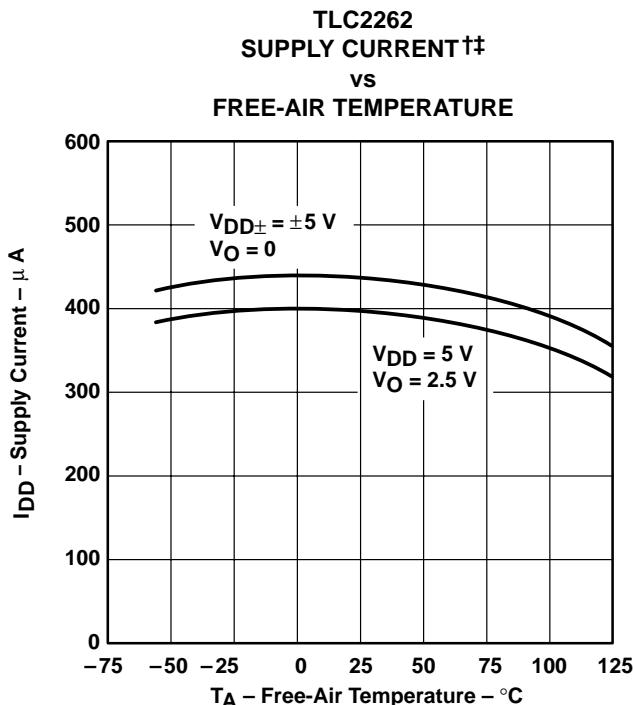


Figure 39

[†] Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

[‡] For curves where V_{DD} = 5 V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

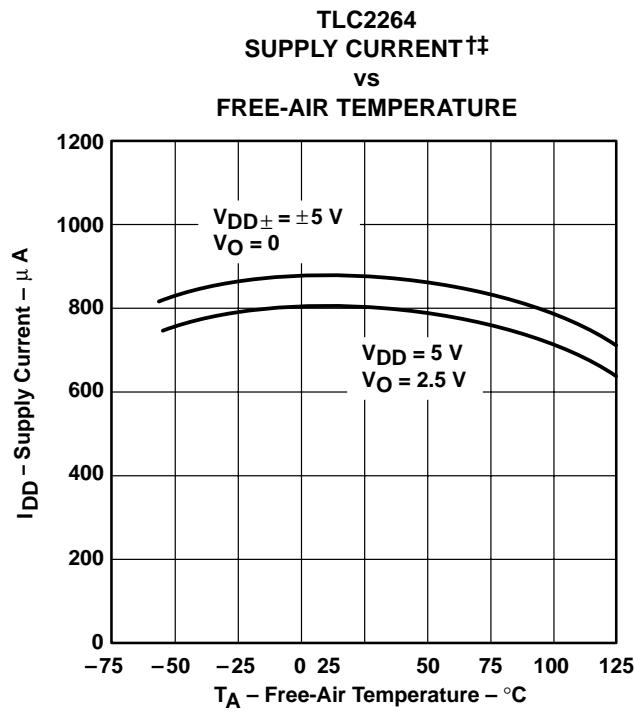


Figure 40

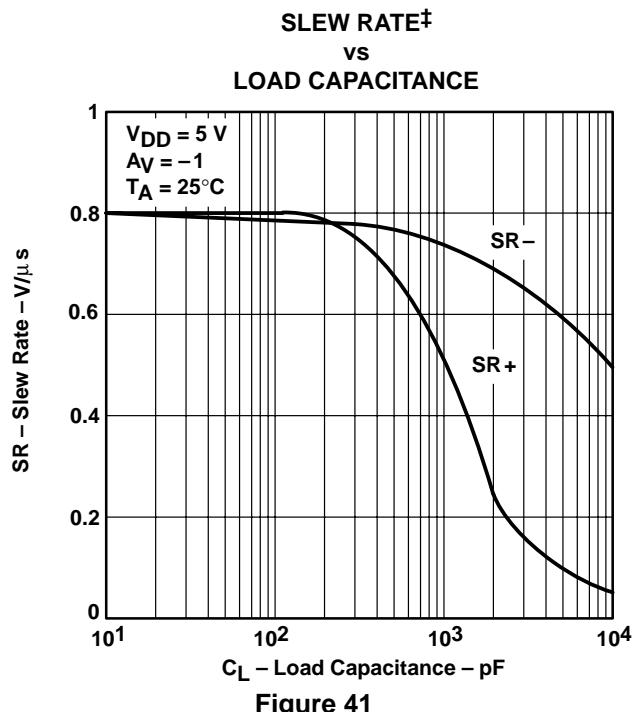


Figure 41

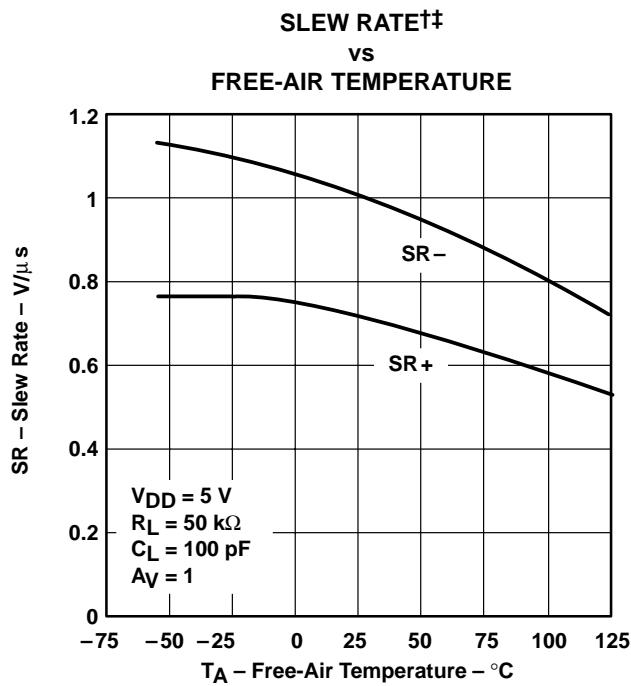


Figure 42

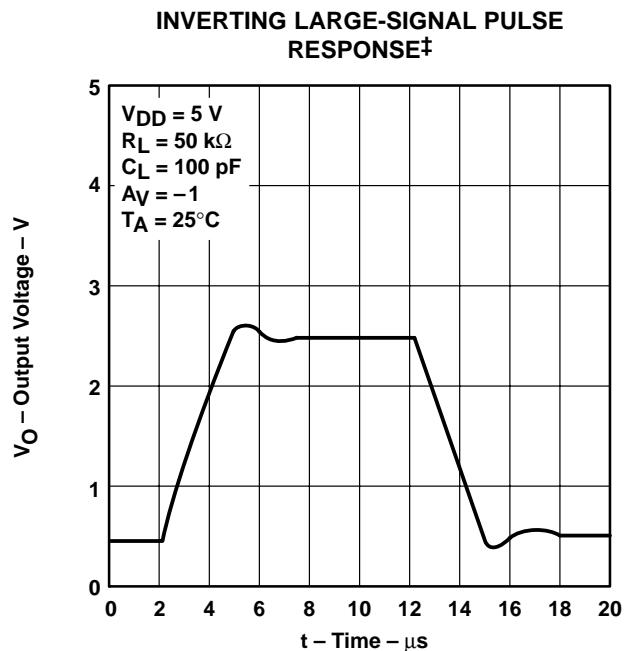


Figure 43

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
 ‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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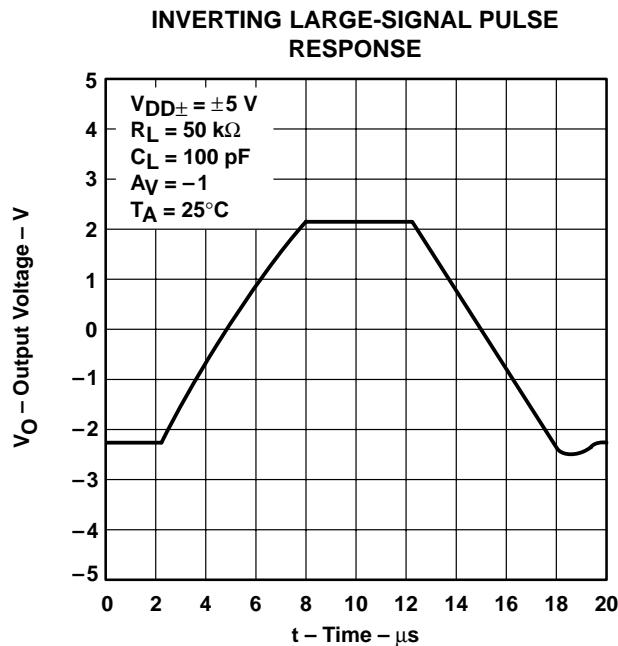


Figure 44

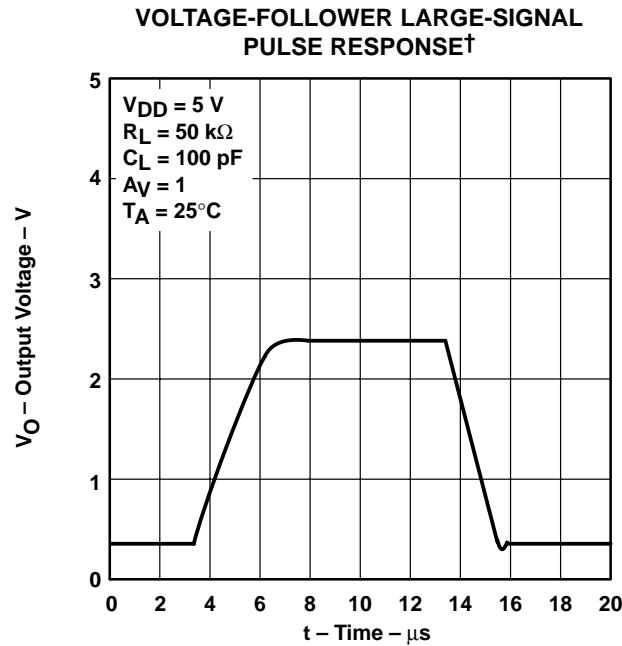


Figure 45

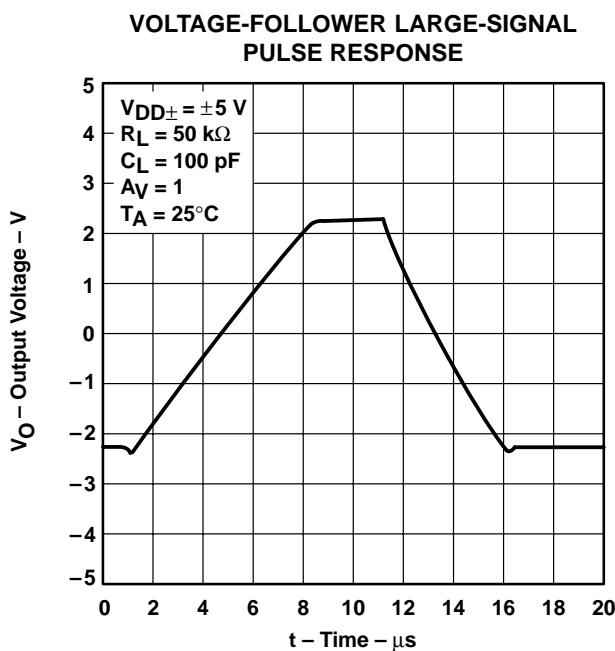


Figure 46

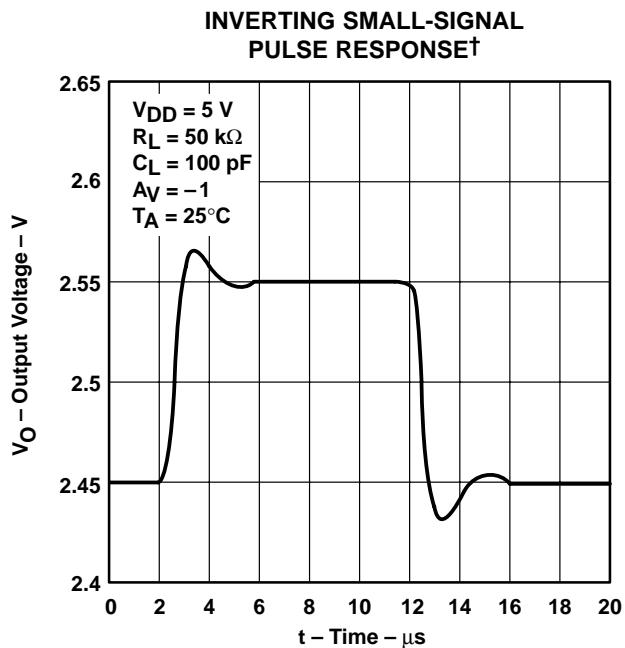


Figure 47

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V .

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL
PULSE RESPONSE**

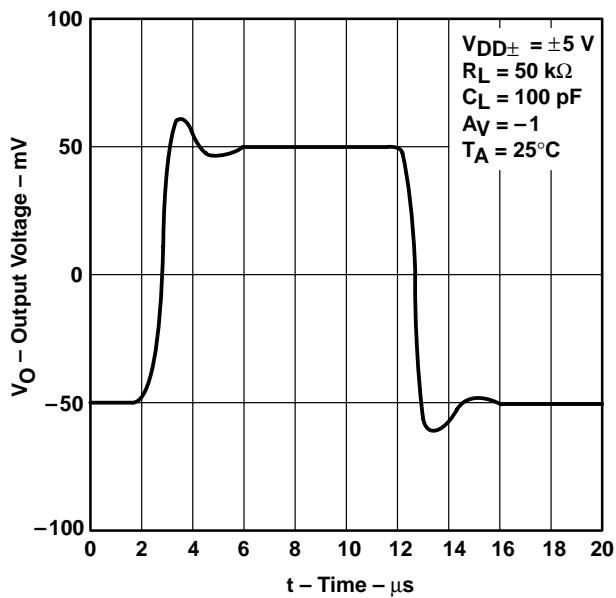


Figure 48

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL
PULSE RESPONSE†**

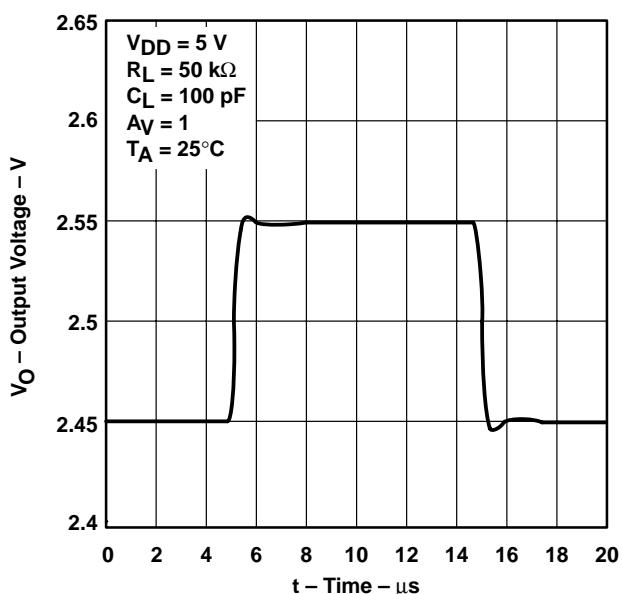


Figure 49

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL
PULSE RESPONSE**

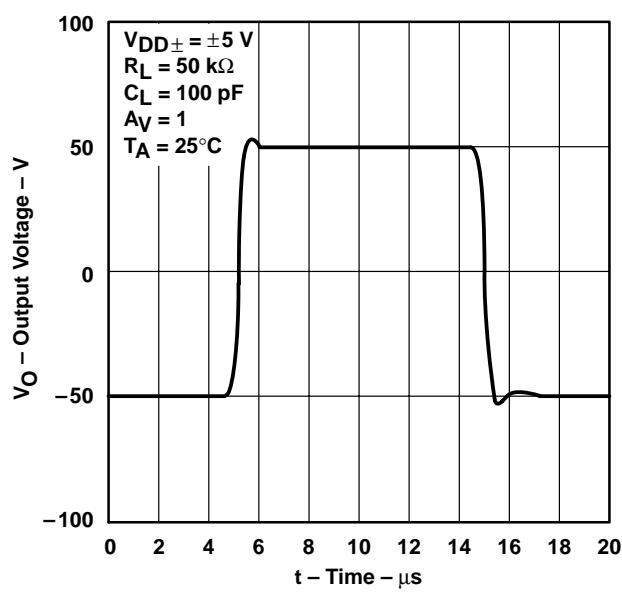


Figure 50

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE†
vs
FREQUENCY**

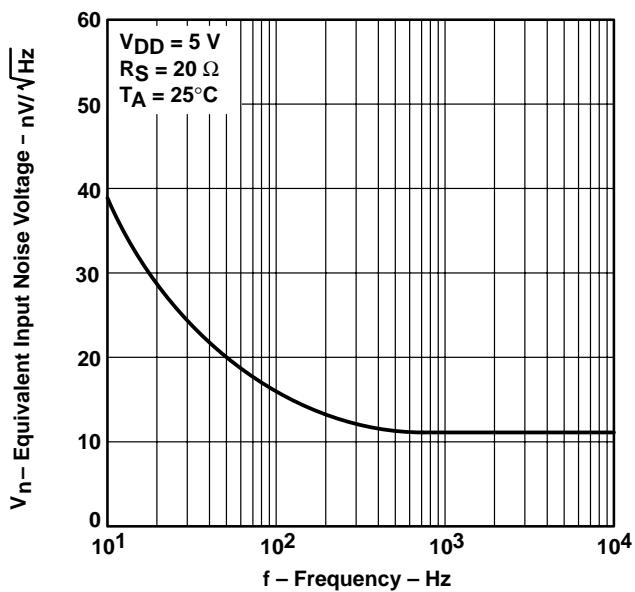


Figure 51

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5\ V$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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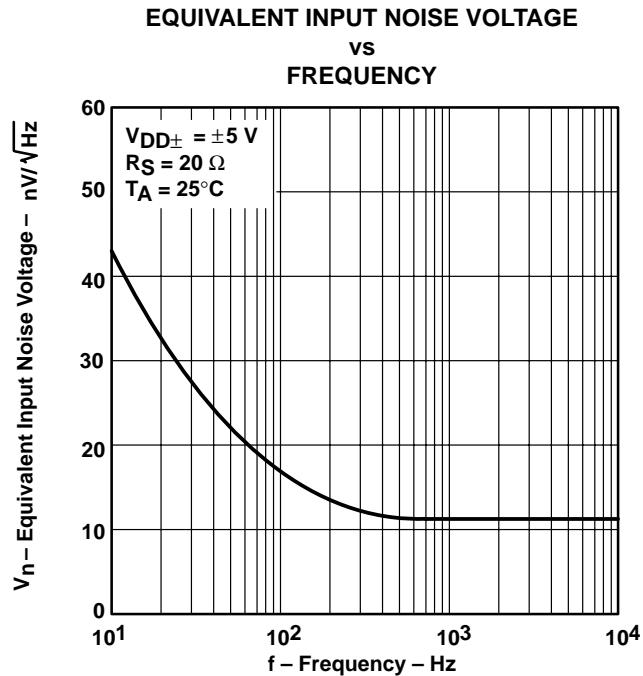


Figure 52

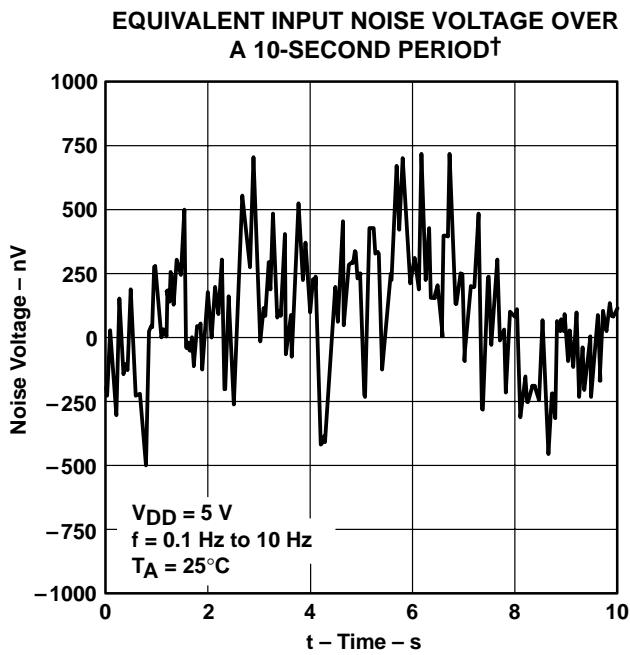


Figure 53

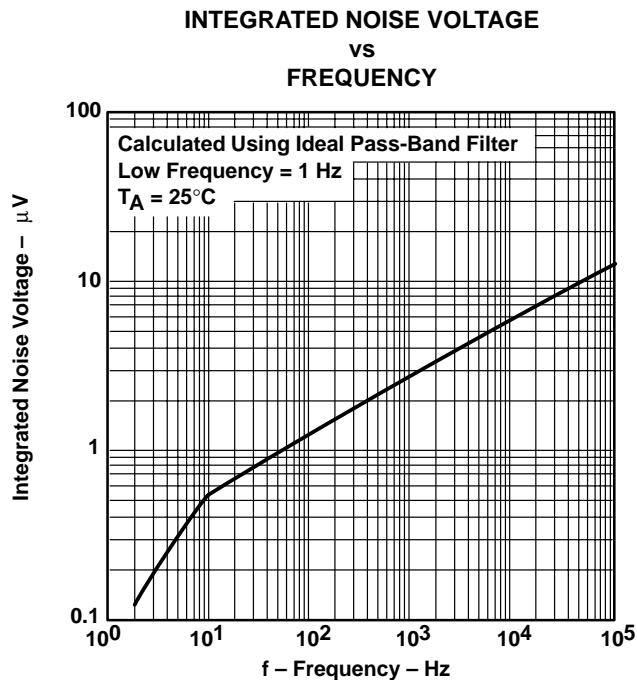


Figure 54

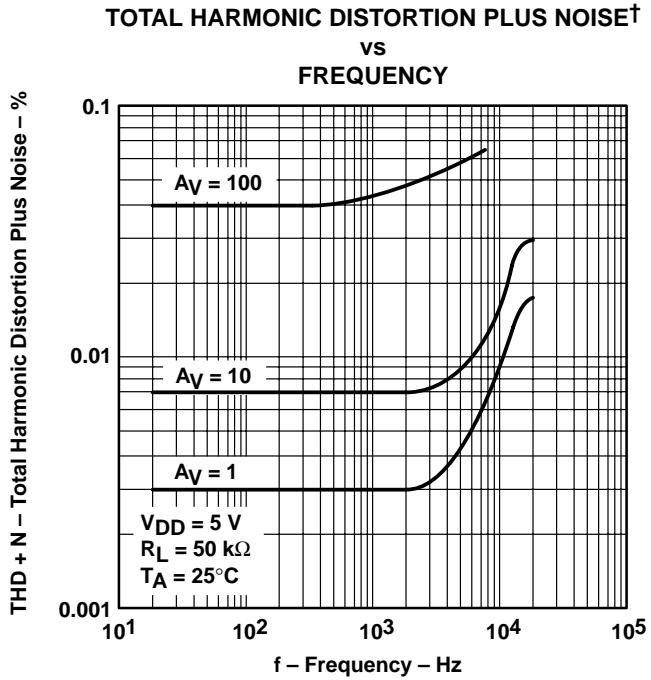


Figure 55

† For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT
vs
SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

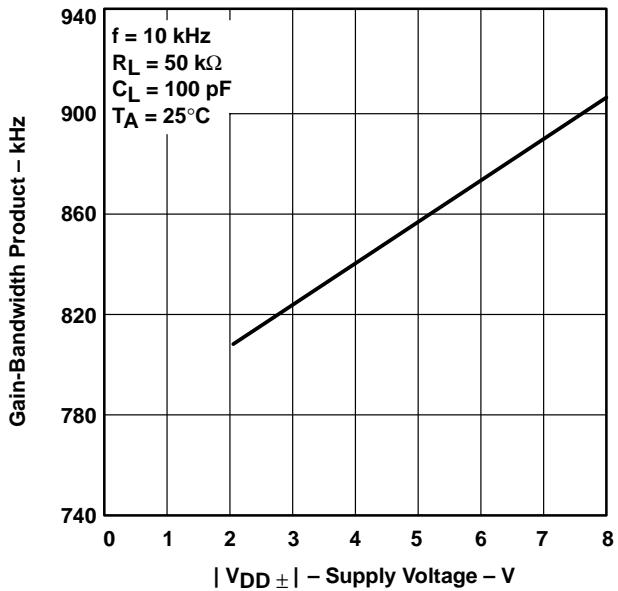


Figure 56

**GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT†‡
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE**

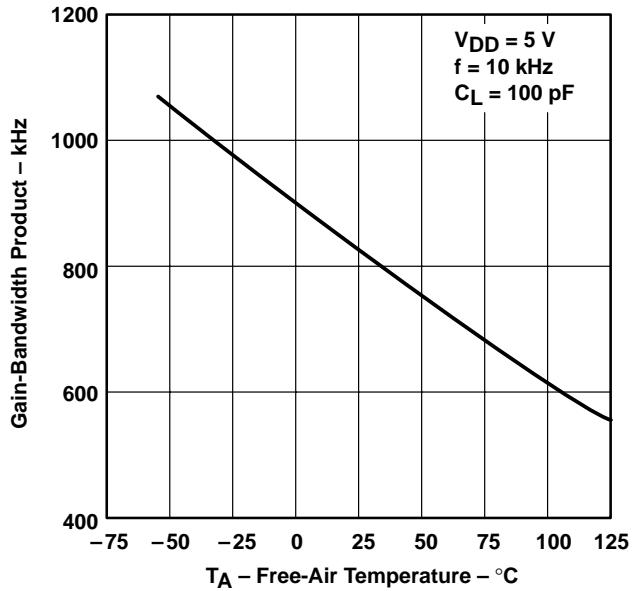


Figure 57

**PHASE MARGIN
vs
LOAD CAPACITANCE**

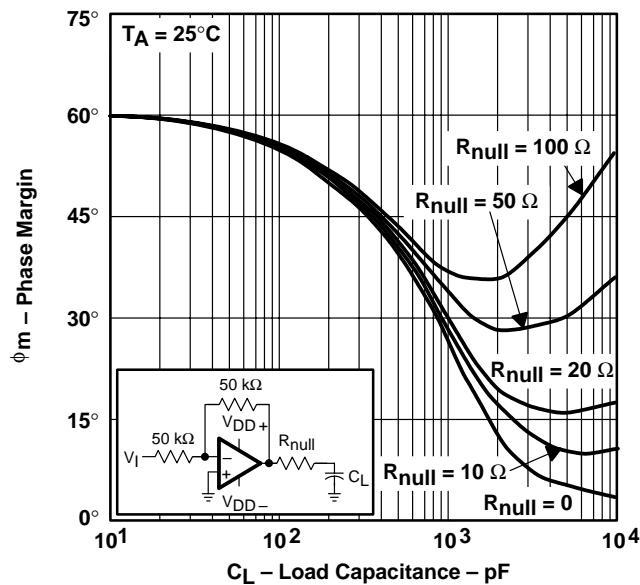


Figure 58

**GAIN MARGIN
vs
LOAD CAPACITANCE**

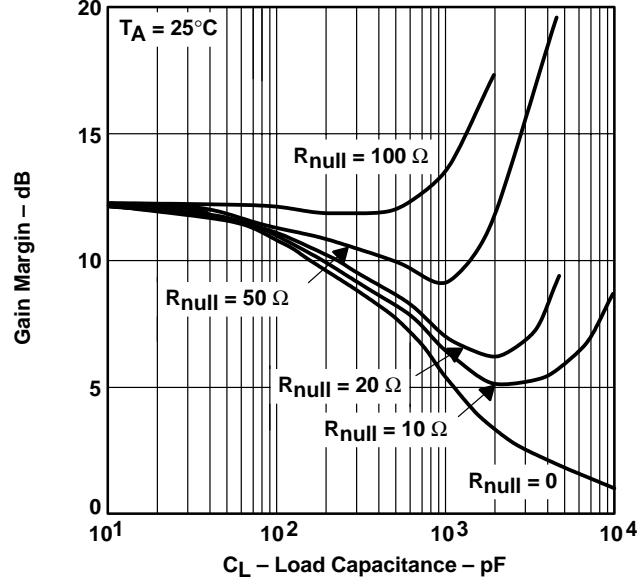


Figure 59

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ For curves where $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

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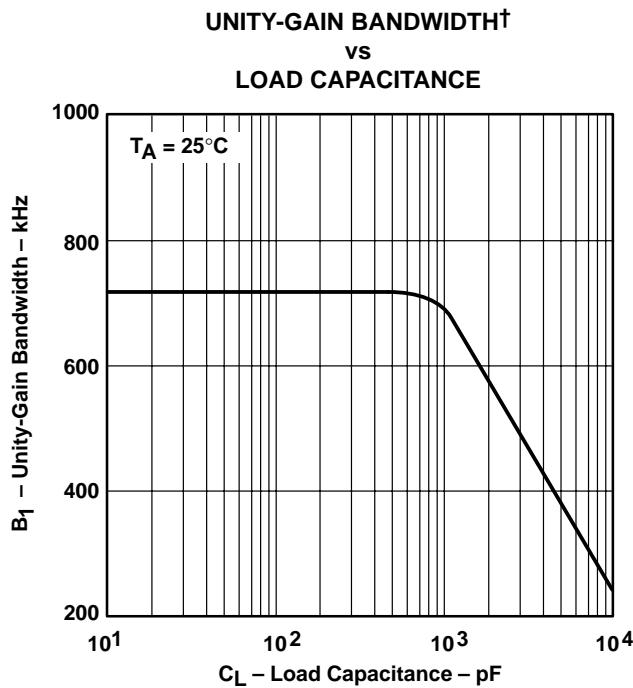


Figure 60

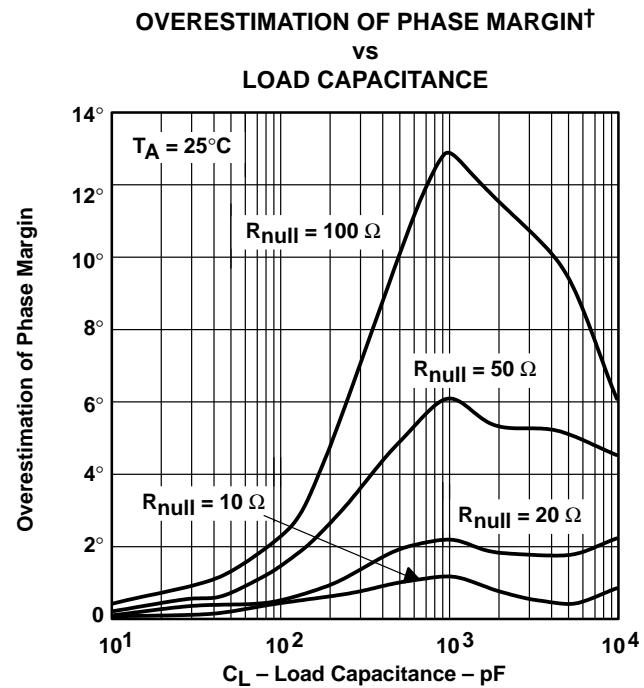


Figure 61

[†] See application information

APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads

The TLC226x is designed to drive larger capacitive loads than most CMOS operational amplifiers. Figure 58 and Figure 59 illustrate its ability to drive loads greater than 400 pF while maintaining good gain and phase margins ($R_{\text{null}} = 0$).

A smaller series resistor (R_{null}) at the output of the device (see Figure 62) improves the gain and phase margins when driving large capacitive loads. Figure 58 and Figure 59 show the effects of adding series resistances of 10 Ω , 20 Ω , 50 Ω , and 100 Ω . The addition of this series resistor has two effects: the first is that it adds a zero to the transfer function and the second is that it reduces the frequency of the pole associated with the output load in the transfer function.

The zero introduced to the transfer function is equal to the series resistance times the load capacitance. To calculate the improvement in phase margin, equation 1 can be used.

$$\Delta\Theta_{m1} = \tan^{-1} \left(2 \times \pi \times UGBW \times R_{\text{null}} \times C_L \right) \quad (1)$$

Where :

$\Delta\Theta_{m1}$ = improvement inphase margin

UGBW = unity-gain bandwidth frequency

R_{null} = output series resistance

C_L = load capacitance

The unity-gain bandwidth (UGBW) frequency decreases as the capacitive load increases (see Figure 60). To use equation 1, UGBW must be approximated from Figure 60.

Using equation 1 alone overestimates the improvement in phase margin, as illustrated in Figure 61. The overestimation is caused by the decrease in the frequency of the pole associated with the load, thus providing additional phase shift and reducing the overall improvement in phase margin. The pole associated with the load is reduced by the factor calculated in equation 2.

$$F = \frac{1}{1 + g_m \times R_{\text{null}}} \quad (2)$$

Where :

F = factor reducing frequency of pole

g_m = small-signal output transconductance (typically 4.83×10^{-3} mhos)

R_{null} = output series resistance

For the TLC226x, the pole associated with the load is typically 7 MHz with 100-pF load capacitance. This value varies inversely with C_L : at $C_L = 10$ pF, use 70 MHz, at $C_L = 1000$ pF, use 700 kHz, and so on.

Reducing the pole associated with the load introduces phase shift, thereby reducing phase margin. This results in an error in the increase in phase margin expected by considering the zero alone (equation 1). Equation 3 approximates the reduction in phase margin due to the movement of the pole associated with the load. The result of this equation can be subtracted from the result of the equation in equation 1 to better approximate the improvement in phase margin.

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

driving large capacitive loads (continued)

$$\Delta\Theta_{m2} = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{UGBW}{(F \times P_2)} \right] - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{UGBW}{P_2} \right) \quad (3)$$

Where :

$\Delta\Theta_{m2}$ = reduction in phase margin

UGBW = unity-gain bandwidth frequency

F = factor from equation 2

P_2 = unadjusted pole (70 MHz@10 pF, 7 MHz@100 pF, etc.)

Using these equations with Figure 60 and Figure 61 enables the designer to choose the appropriate output series resistance to optimize the design of circuits driving large capacitive loads.

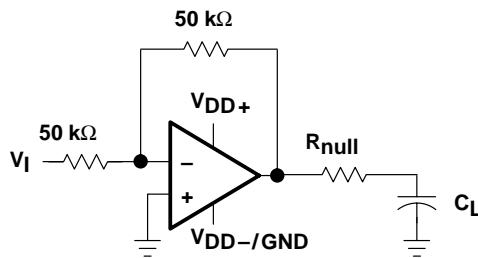


Figure 62. Series-Resistance Circuit

APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using Microsim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with Microsim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 63 are generated using the TLC226x typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 5: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers," *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

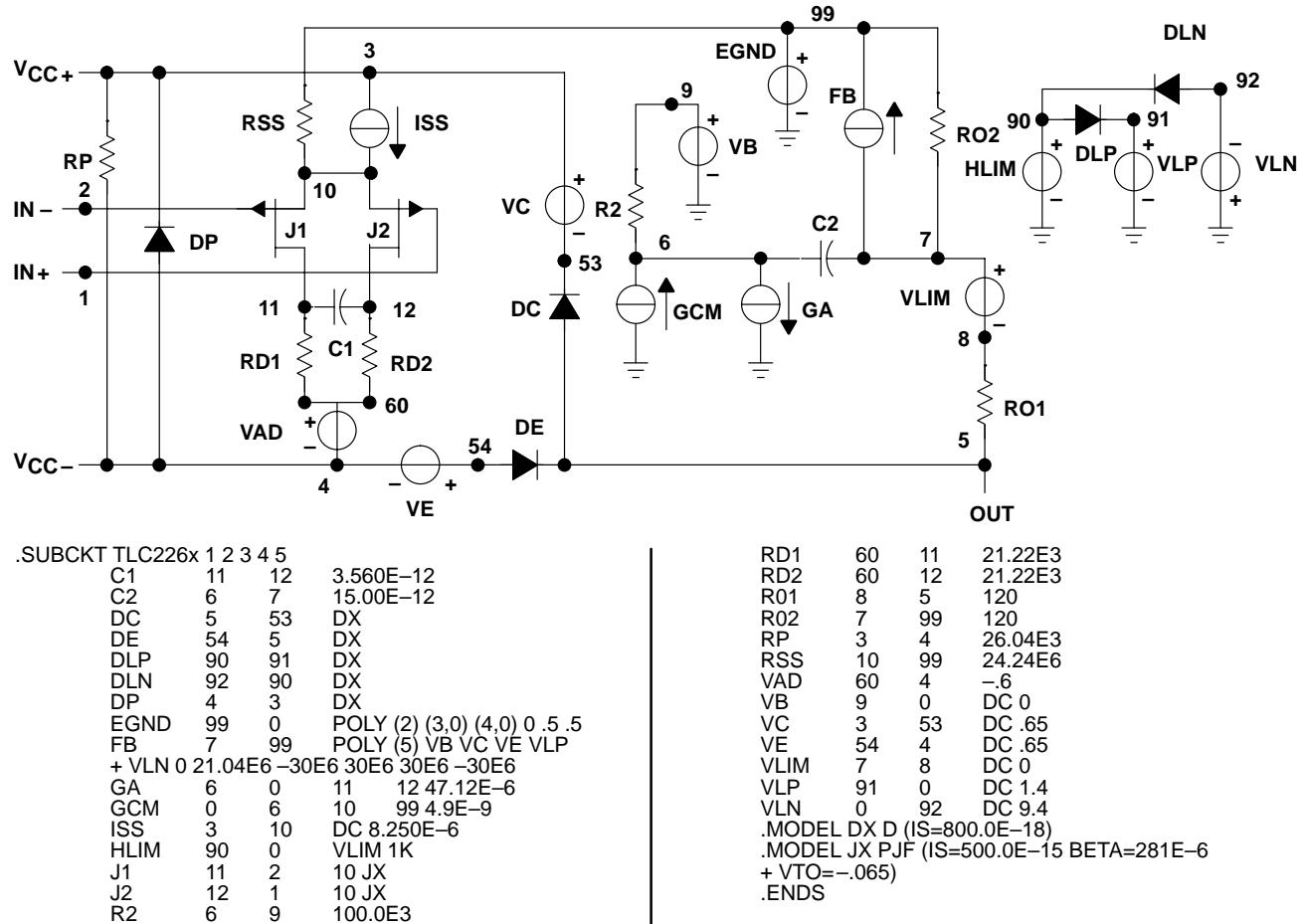


Figure 63. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

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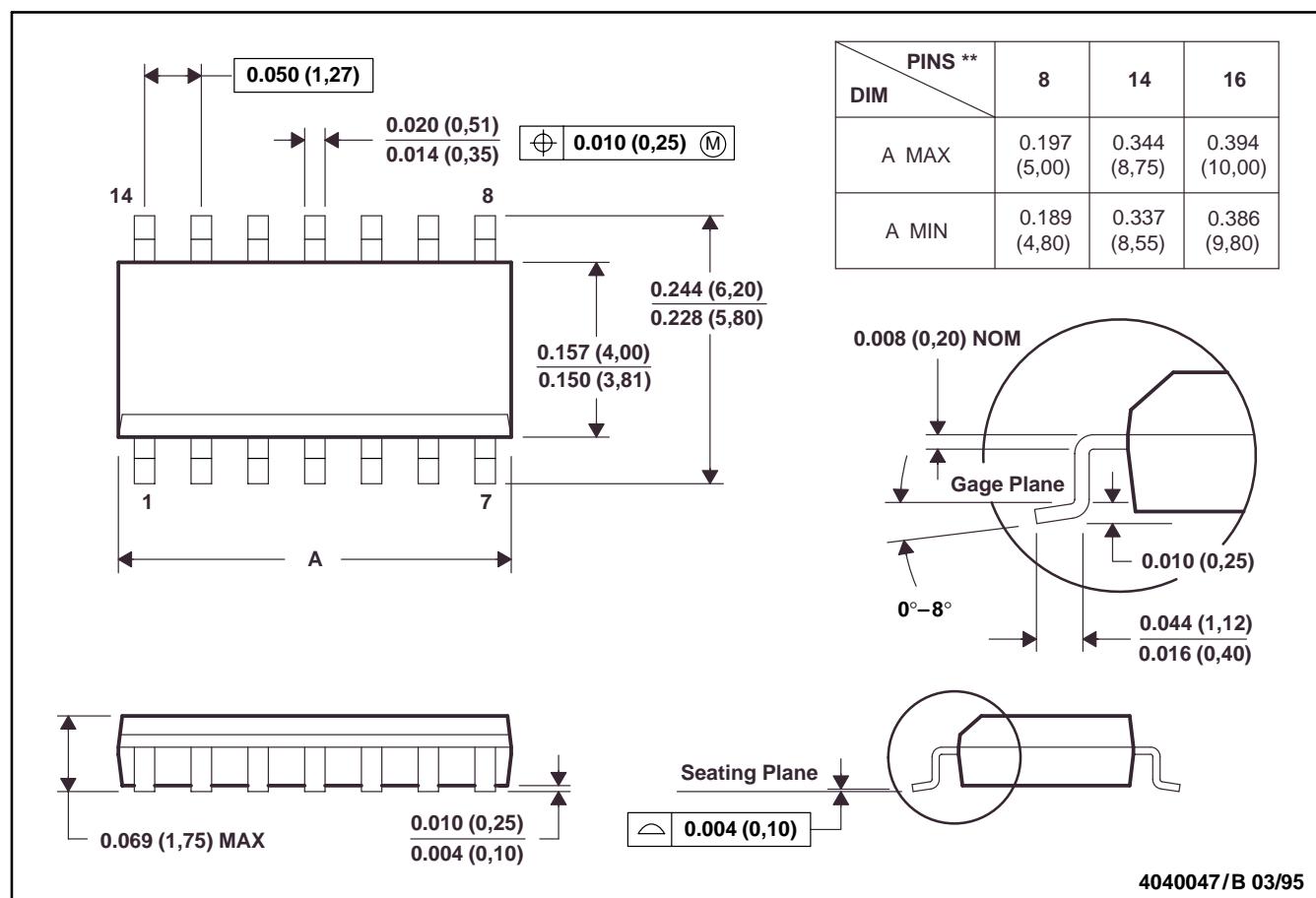
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

D (R-PDSO-G)**

14 PIN SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
 D. Four center pins are connected to die mount pad.
 E. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

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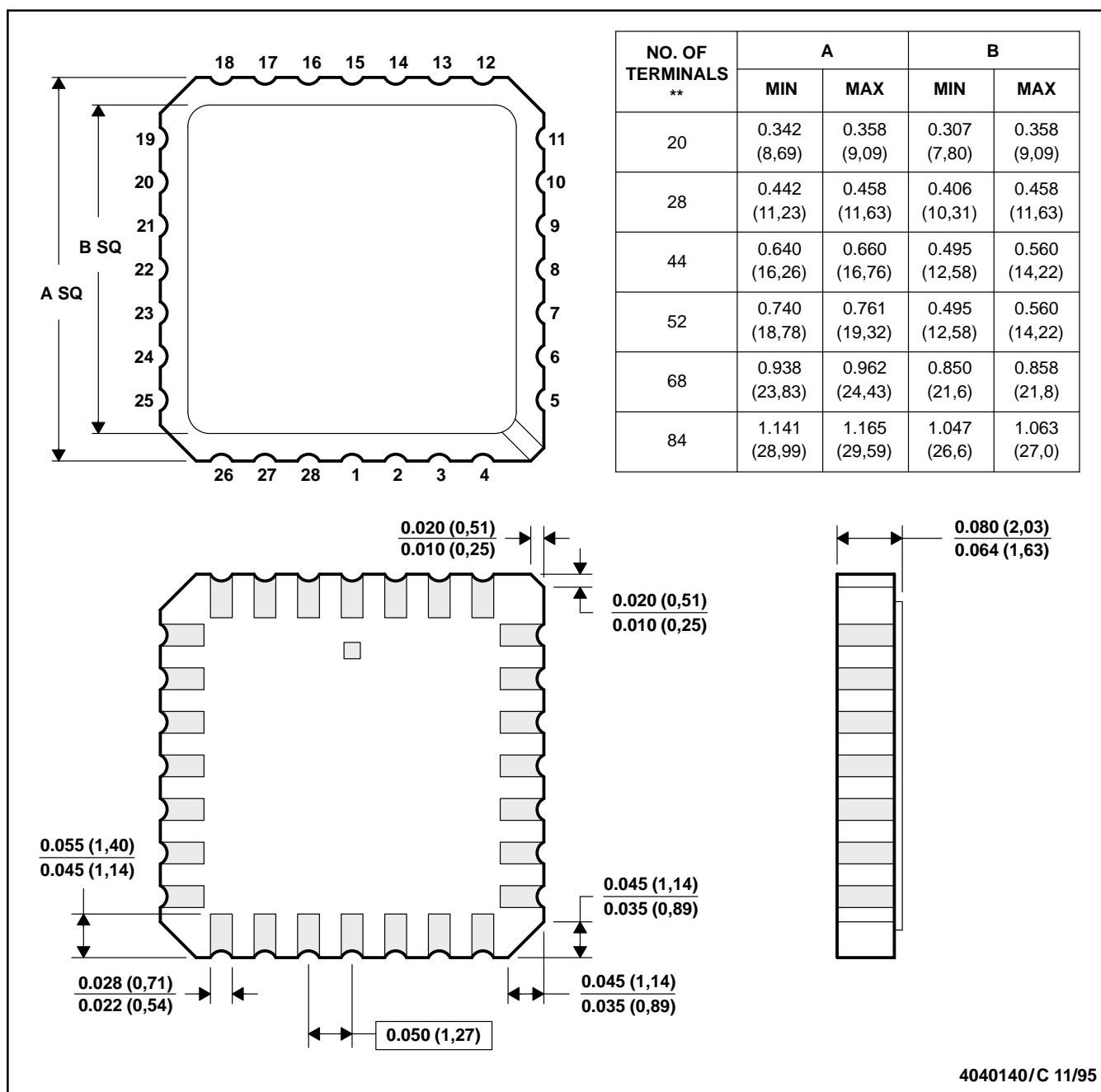
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

FK (S-CQCC-N)**

28 TERMINAL SHOWN

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER



4040140/C 11/95

- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
 D. The terminals are gold plated.
 E. Falls within JEDEC MS-004

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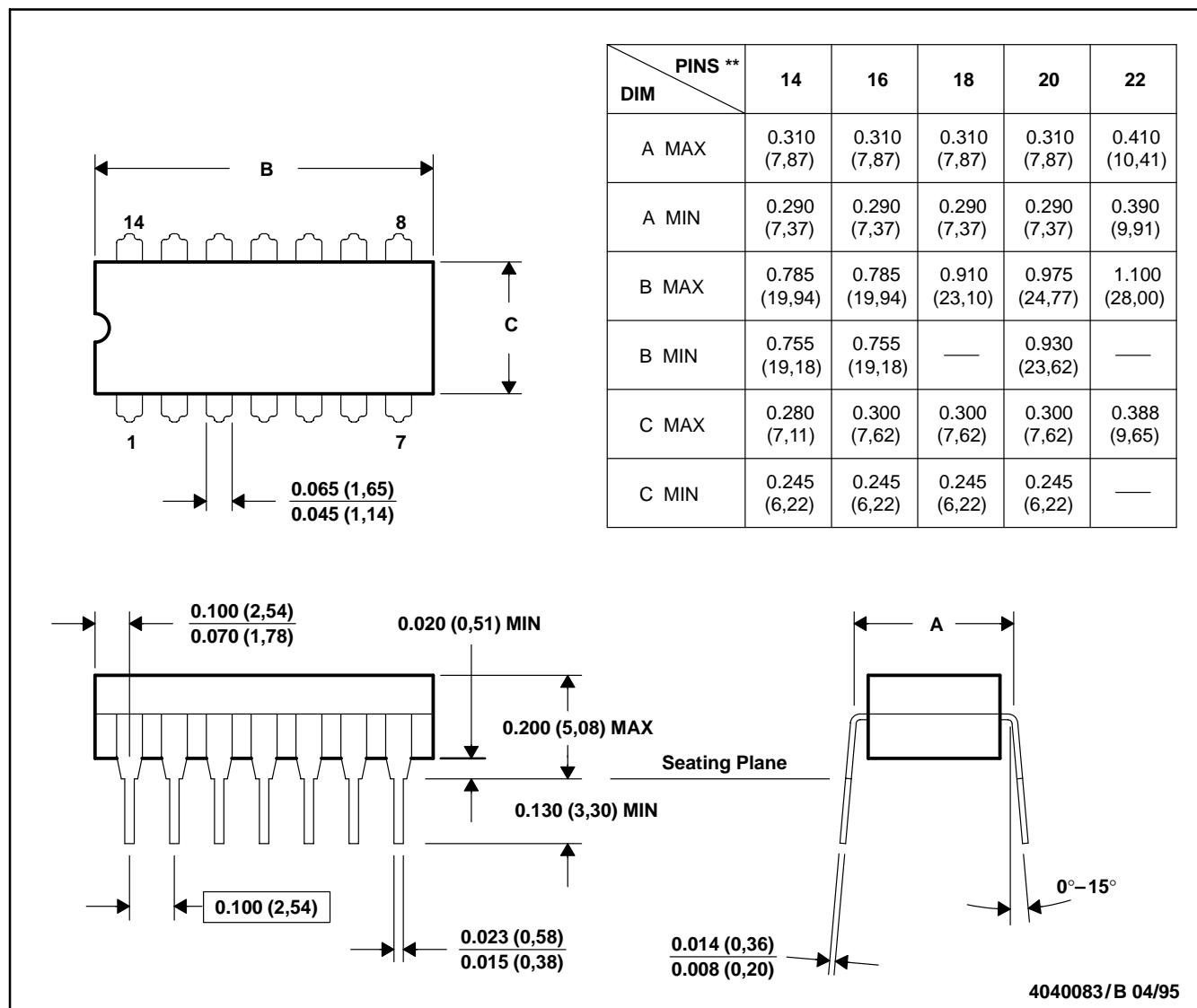
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

J (R-GDIP-T**)

CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

14 PIN SHOWN



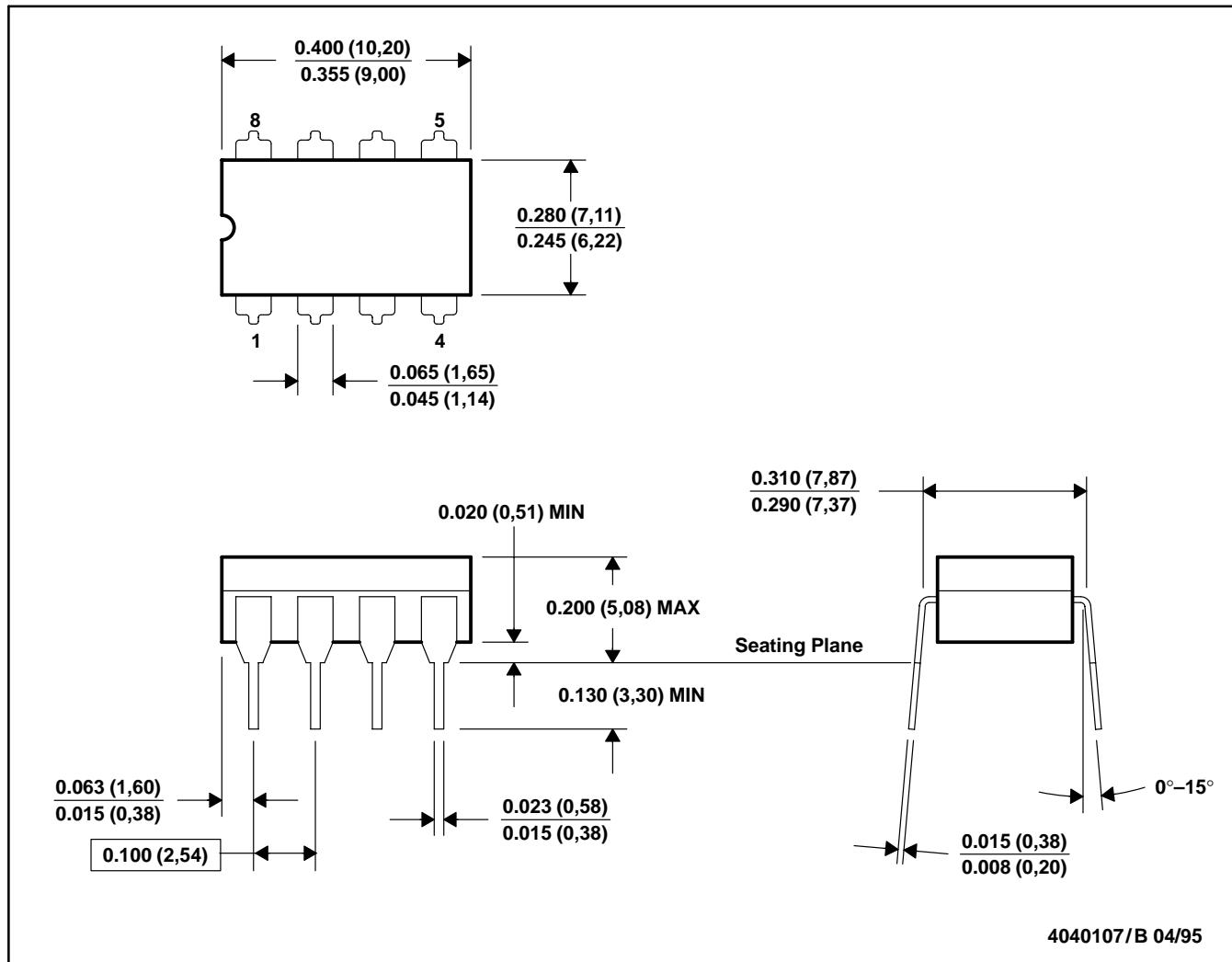
- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
 - D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
 - E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18, GDIP1-T20, and GDIP1-T22

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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

JG (R-GDIP-T8)

CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
 D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification on press ceramic glass frit seal only
 E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T8

TLC226x, TLC226xA
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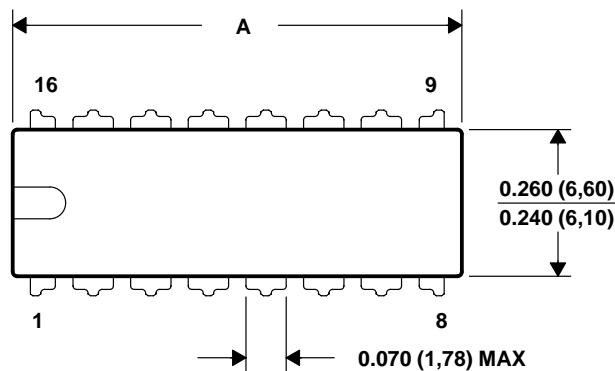
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

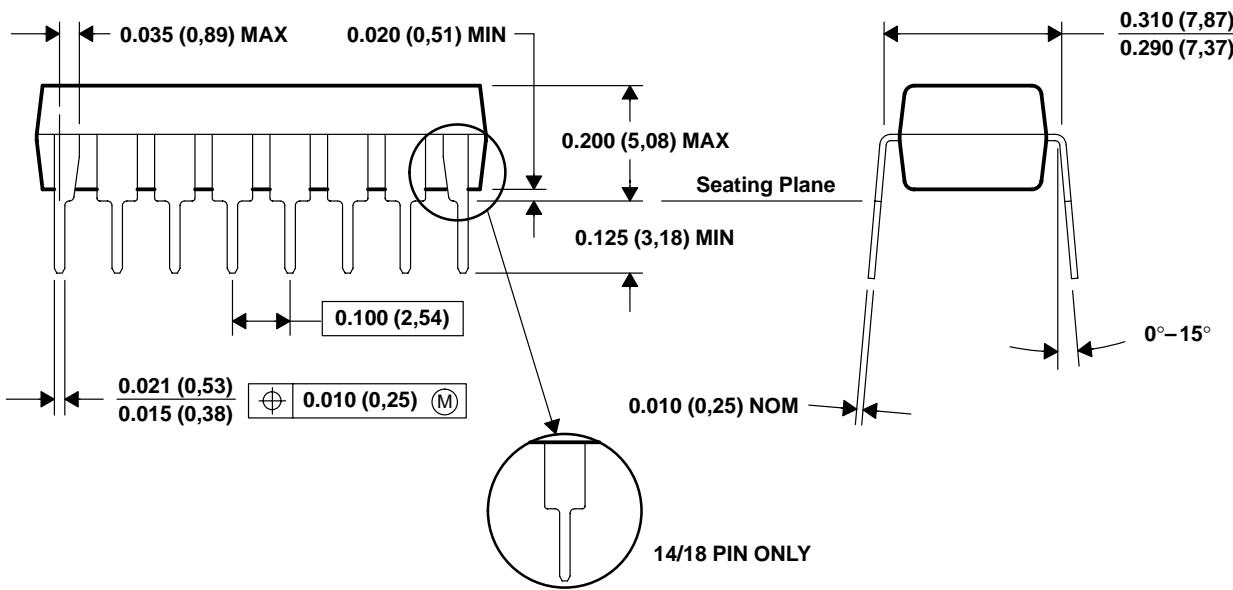
N (R-PDIP-T)**

16 PIN SHOWN

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



| PINS **\nDIM | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| A MAX | 0.775 (19,69) | 0.775 (19,69) | 0.920 (23.37) | 0.975 (24,77) |
| A MIN | 0.745 (18,92) | 0.745 (18,92) | 0.850 (21.59) | 0.940 (23,88) |



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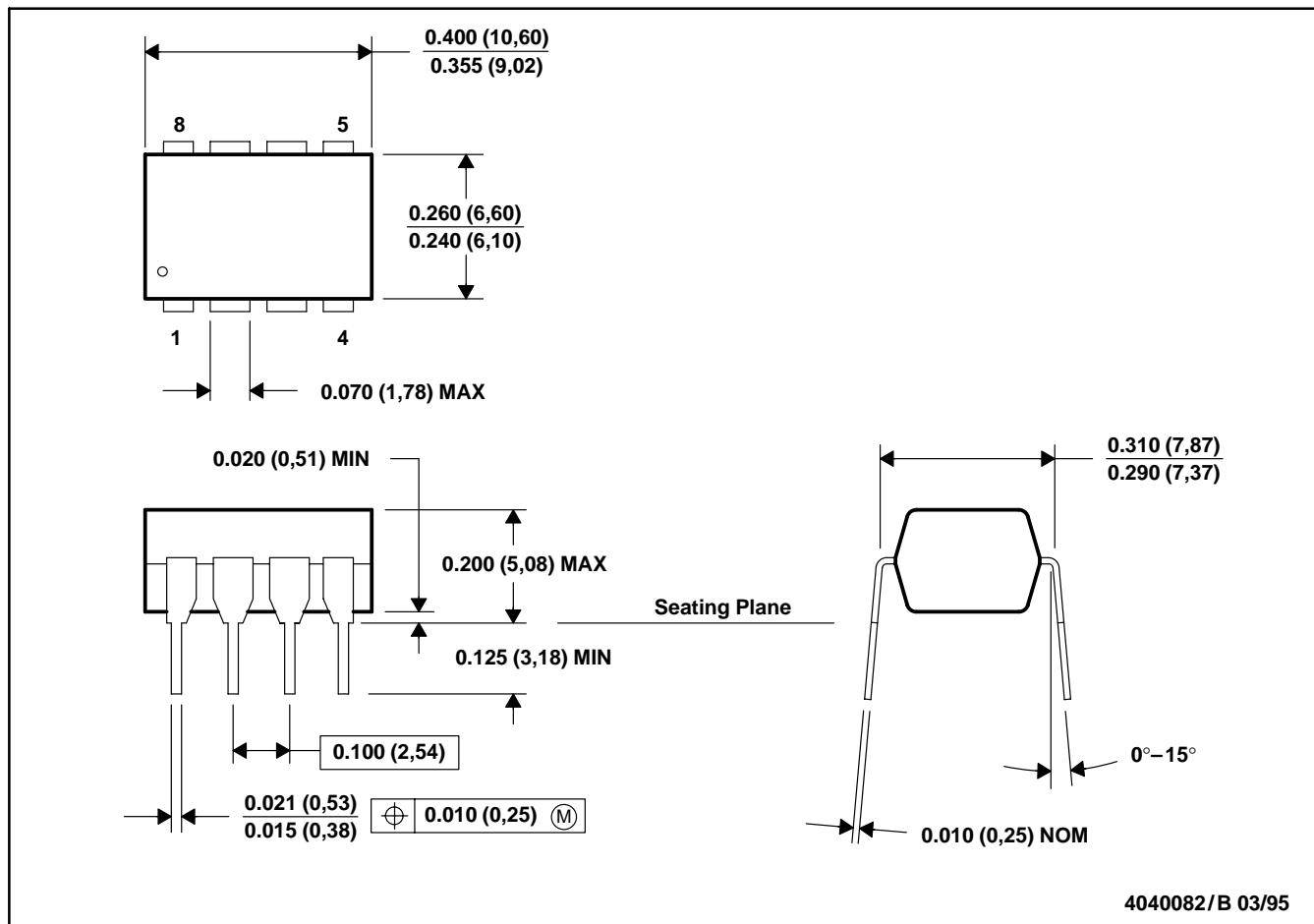
- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 (20 pin package is shorter than MS-001.)

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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

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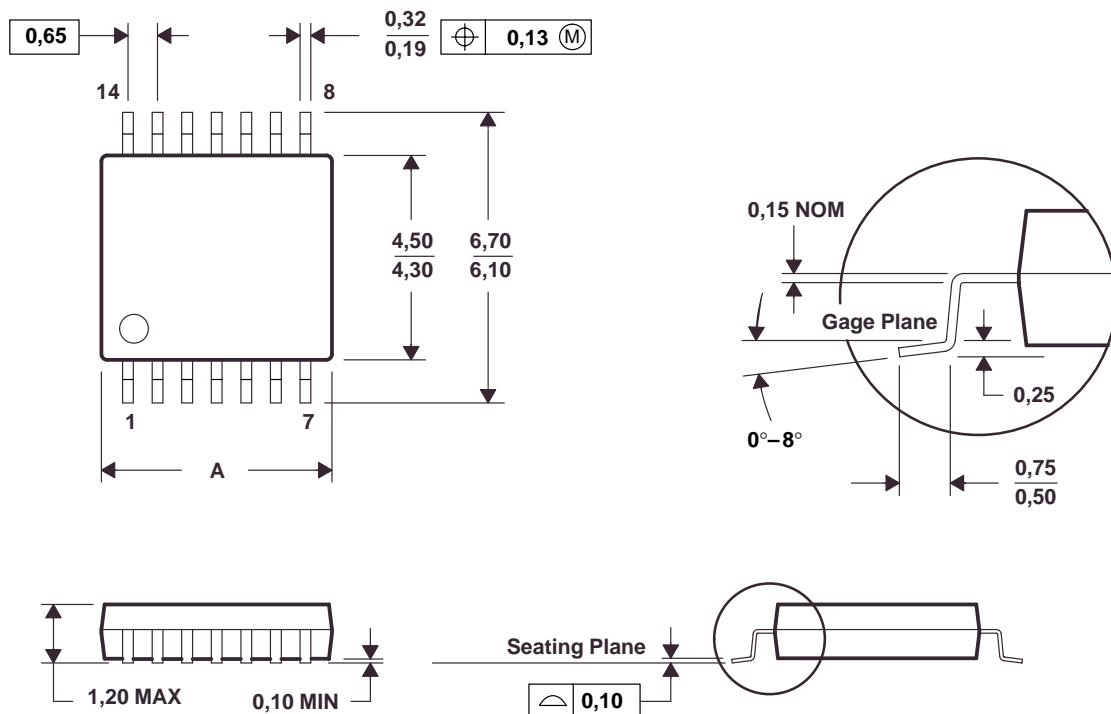
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

PW (R-PDSO-G)**

14 PIN SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



| PINS ** DIM | 8 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| A MAX | 3,10 | 5,10 | 5,10 | 6,60 | 7,90 | 9,80 |
| A MIN | 2,90 | 4,90 | 4,90 | 6,40 | 7,70 | 9,60 |

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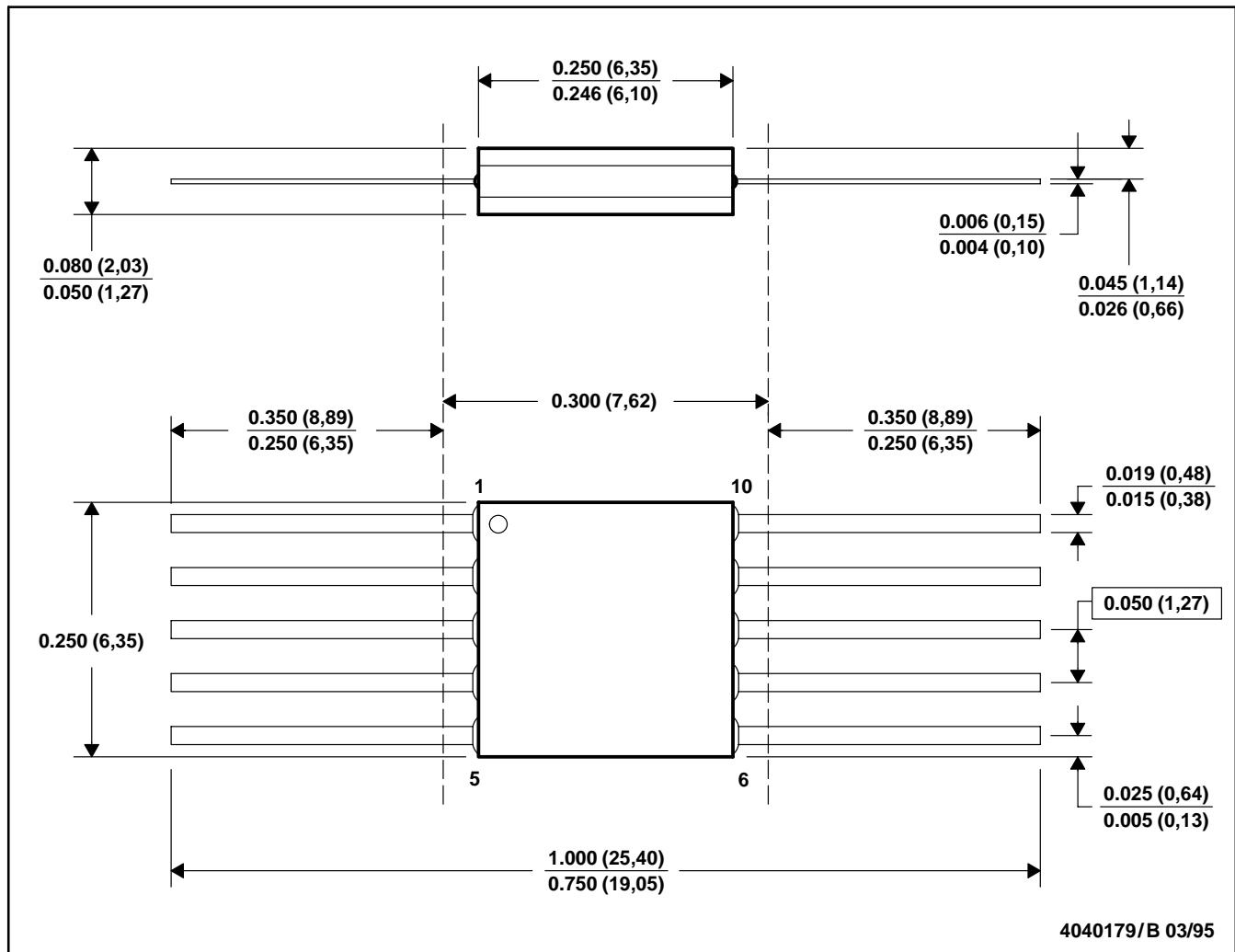
- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

U (S-GDFP-F10)

CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
 D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
 E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDFP1-F10 and JEDEC MO-092AA

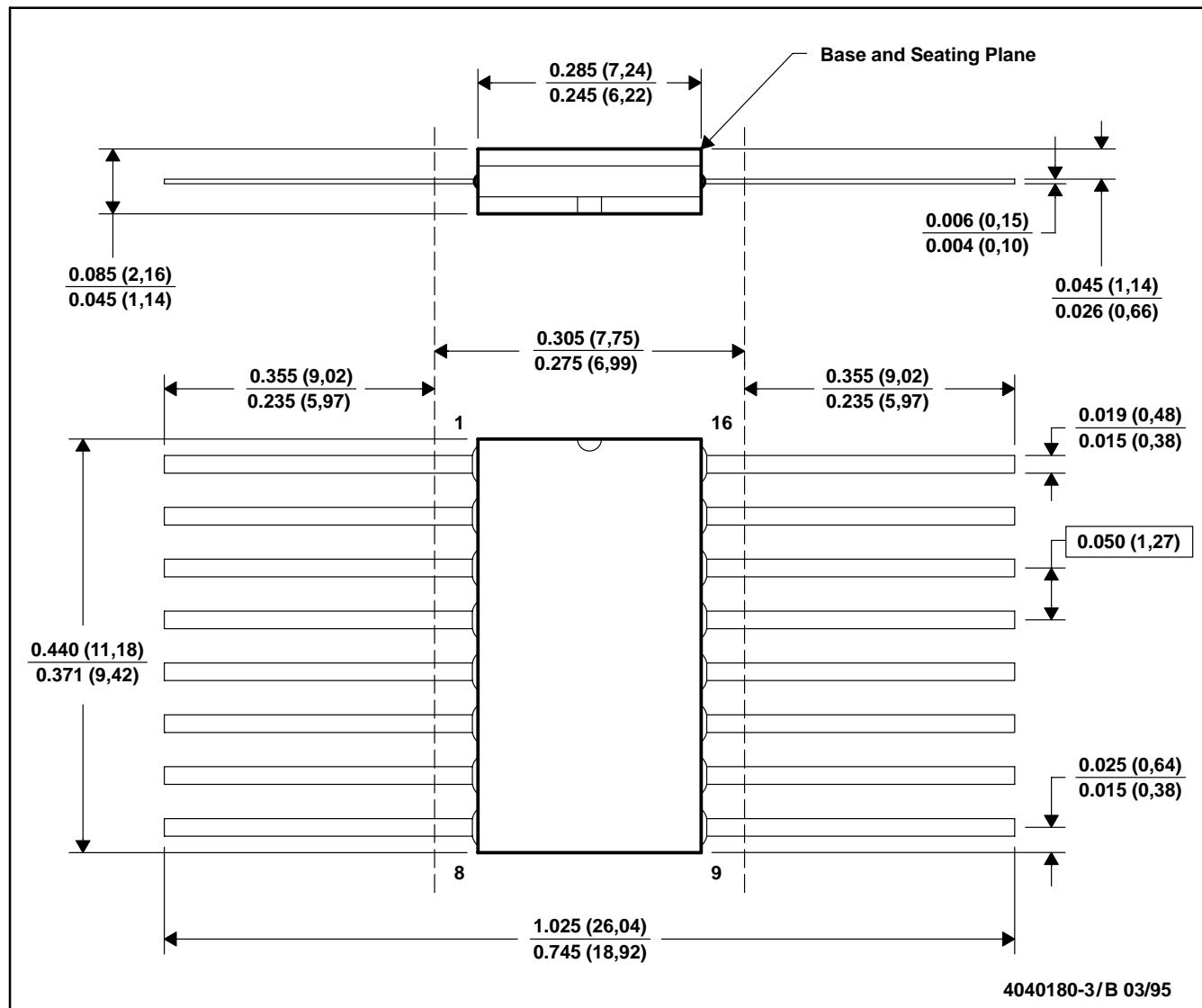
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

W (R-GDFP-F16)

CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
- E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDFP1-F16 and JEDEC MO-092AC

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Mailing Address:

Texas Instruments
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