



The Infinite Bandwidth Company™

# MIC38C42/3/4/5

## BiCMOS Current-Mode PWM Controllers

### General Description

The MIC38C4x are fixed frequency, high performance, current-mode PWM controllers. Micrel's BiCMOS devices are pin compatible with 384x bipolar devices but feature several improvements.

Undervoltage lockout circuitry allows the '42 and '44 versions to start up at 14.5V and operate down to 9V, and the '43 and '45 versions start at 8.4V with operation down to 7.6V. All versions operate up to 20V.

When compared to bipolar 384x devices operating from a 15V supply, start-up current has been reduced to 50µA typical and operating current has been reduced to 4.0 mA typical. Decreased output rise and fall times drive larger MOSFETs, and rail-to-rail output capability increases efficiency, especially at lower supply voltages. The MIC38C4x also features a trimmed oscillator discharge current and bandgap reference.

MIC38C4x denotes 8-pin plastic DIP, SOIC, and MM8™ packages. MIC38C4x-1 denotes 14-pin plastic DIP and SOIC packages. 8-pin devices feature small size, while 14-pin devices separate the analog and power connections for improved performance and power dissipation.

### Features

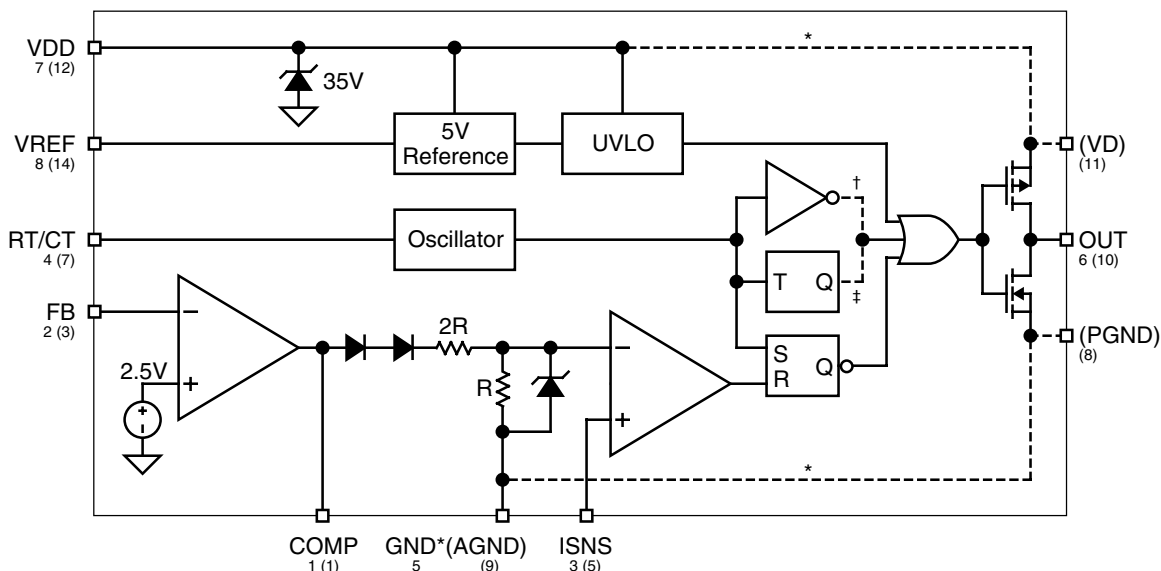
- Fast 40ns output rise and 30ns output fall times
- -40°C to +85°C temperature range meets UC284x specifications
- High-performance, low-power BiCMOS Process
- Ultralow start-up current (50µA typical)
- Low operating current (4mA typical)
- CMOS outputs with rail-to-rail swing
- ≥ 500kHz current-mode operation
- Trimmed 5V bandgap reference
- Pin-for-pin compatible with UC3842/3843/3844/3845(A)
- Trimmed oscillator discharge current
- UVLO with hysteresis
- Low cross-conduction currents

### Applications

- Current-mode, off-line, switched-mode power supplies
- Current-mode, dc-to-dc converters.
- Step-down "buck" regulators
- Step-up "boost" regulators
- Flyback, isolated regulators
- Forward converters
- Synchronous FET converters

For fast rise and fall times and higher output drive, refer to the MIC38HC4x.

### Functional Diagram



( ) pins are on MIC38C4x-1 (14-lead) versions only  
 \* MIC38C4x (8-lead) versions only  
 † MIC38C42, MIC38C43 (96% max. duty cycle) versions only  
 ‡ MIC38C44, MIC38C45 (50% max. duty cycle) versions only

MM8 is a trademark of Micrel, Inc.

## Ordering Information

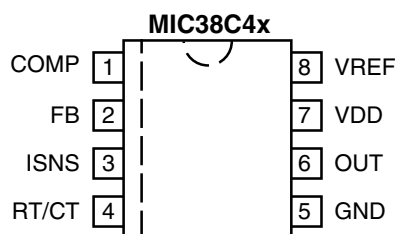
Part Number	Temperature Range	Package
MIC38C42BN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C43BN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C44BN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C45BN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C42-1BN	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C43-1BN	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C44-1BN	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C45-1BN	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin Plastic DIP
MIC38C42BM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin SOIC
MIC38C43BM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin SOIC
MIC38C44BM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin SOIC
MIC38C45BM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin SOIC
MIC38C42BMM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin MM8™
MIC38C43BMM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin MM8™
MIC38C44BMM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin MM8™
MIC38C45BMM	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin MM8™
MIC38C42-1BM	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin SOIC
MIC38C43-1BM	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin SOIC
MIC38C44-1BM	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin SOIC
MIC38C45-1BM	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin SOIC

Refer to the Part Number Cross Reference for a listings of Micrel devices equivalent to UC284x and UC384x devices.

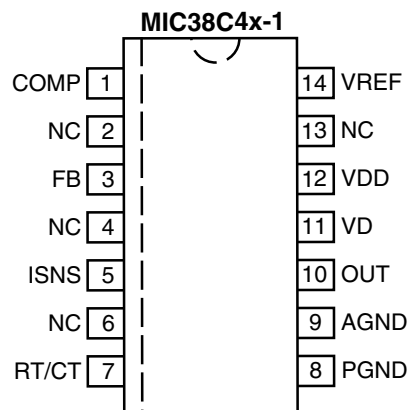
## Selection Guide

Duty Cycle	UVLO Thresholds	
	Startup 8.4V Minimum Operating 7.6V	Startup 14.5V Minimum Operating 9V
0% to 96%	MIC38C43	MIC38C42
0% to 50%	MIC38C45	MIC38C44

## Pin Configuration



**8-Pin DIP (N)**  
**8-Lead SOIC (M)**  
**8-Lead MM8™ (MM)**



**14-Pin DIP (-1BN)**  
**14-Lead SOIC (-1BM)**

## Pin Description

Pin Number N, M, MM	Pin Number -1BN, -1BM	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	1	COMP	Compensation: Connect external compensation network to modify the error amplifier output.
	2	NC	Not internally connected.
2	3	FB	Feedback (Input): Error amplifier input. Feedback is 2.5V at desired output voltage.
	4	NC	Not internally connected.
3	5	ISNS	Current Sense (Input): Current sense comparator input. Connect to current sensing resistor or current transformer.
	6	NC	Not internally connected.
4	7	RT/CT	Timing Resistor/Timing Capacitor: Connect external RC network to select switching frequency.
5		GND	Ground: Combined analog and power ground.
	8	PGND	Power Ground: N-channel driver transistor ground.
	9	AGND	Analog Ground: Controller circuitry ground.
6	10	OUT	Power Output: Totem-pole output.
	11	VD	Power Supply (Input): P-channel driver transistor supply input. Return to power ground (PGND).
7	12	VDD	Analog Supply (Input): Controller circuitry supply input. Return to analog ground (AGND).
	13	NC	Not internally connected.
8	14	VREF	5V Reference (Output): Connect external RC network.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Zener Current ( $V_{DD}$ )	30mA
<b>Operation at <math>\geq 18V</math> may require special precautions (Note 6).</b>	
Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ), <b>Note 6</b>	20V
Switch Supply Voltage ( $V_D$ )	20V
Current Sense Voltage ( $V_{ISNS}$ )	-0.3V to 5.5V
Feedback Voltage ( $V_{FB}$ )	-0.3V to 5.5V
Output Current, 38C42/3/4/5 ( $I_{OUT}$ )	0.5A
Storage Temperature ( $T_A$ )	-65°C to +150°C

## Operating Ratings

Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ )	150°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
8-Pin Plastic DIP ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	125°C/W
8-Pin MM8™ ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	250°C/W
8-Pin SOIC ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	170°C/W
14-Pin Plastic DIP ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	90°C/W
14-Pin SOIC ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	145°C/W

## Electrical Characteristics

$V_{DD} = 15V$ , **Note 4**;  $R_T = 11.0k$ ;  $C_T = 3.3nF$ ;  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$ ; unless noted

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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### Reference Section

Output Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $I_O = 1mA$	4.90	5.00	5.10	V
Line Regulation	$12V \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$ , $I_O = 5\mu A$ , <b>Note 6</b>		2	20	mV
Load Regulation	$1 \leq I_O \leq 20mA$		1	25	mV
Temp. Stability	<b>Note 1</b>		0.2		mV/°C
Total Output Variation	Line, Load, Temp., <b>Note 1</b>	4.82		5.18	V
Output Noise Voltage	$10Hz \leq f \leq 10kHz$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , <b>Note 1</b>		50		$\mu V$
Long Term Stability	$T_A = 125^\circ C$ , 1000 hrs., <b>Note 1</b>		5	25	mV
Output Short Circuit		-30	-80	-180	mA

### Oscillator Section

Initial Accuracy	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ , <b>Note 5</b>	49	52	55	kHz
Voltage Stability	$12 \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$ , <b>Note 6</b>		0.2	1.0	%
Temp. Stability	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$ , <b>Note 1</b>		0.04		%/°C
Clock Ramp	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $V_{RT/CT} = 2V$	7.7	8.4	9.0	mA
Reset Current	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$	7.2	8.4	9.5	mA
Amplitude	$V_{RT/CT}$ peak to peak		1.9		Vp-p

### Error Amp Section

Input Voltage	$V_{COMP} = 2.5V$	2.42	2.50	2.58	V
Input Bias Current	$V_{FB} = 5.0V$		-0.1	-2	$\mu A$
$A_{VOL}$	$2 \leq V_O \leq 4V$	65	90		dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	<b>Note 1</b>	0.7	1.0		MHz
PSRR	$12 \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$	60			dB
Output Sink Current	$V_{FB} = 2.7V$ , $V_{COMP} = 1.1V$	2	14		mA
Output Source Current	$V_{FB} = 2.3V$ , $V_{COMP} = 5V$	-0.5	-1		mA
$V_{OUT}$ High	$V_{FB} = 2.3V$ , $R_L = 15k$ to ground	5	6.8		V
$V_{OUT}$ Low	$V_{FB} = 2.7V$ , $R_L = 15k$ to $V_{REF}$		0.1	1.1	V

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Current Sense</b>					
Gain	<b>Notes 2, 3</b>	2.85	3.0	3.15	V/V
Maximum Threshold	$V_{COMP} = 5V$ , <b>Note 2</b>	0.9	1	1.1	V
PSRR	$12 \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$ , <b>Note 2</b>		70		dB
Input Bias Current			-0.1	-2	$\mu A$
Delay to Output			120	250	ns
<b>Output</b>					
$R_{DS(ON)}$ High	$I_{SOURCE} = 200mA$		20		$\Omega$
$R_{DS(ON)}$ Low	$I_{SINK} = 200mA$		11		$\Omega$
Rise Time	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $C_L = 1nF$		40	80	ns
Fall Time	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $C_L = 1nF$		30	60	ns
<b>Undervoltage Lockout</b>					
Start Threshold	MIC38C42/4	13.5	14.5	15.5	V
	MIC38C43/5	7.8	8.4	9.0	V
Minimum Operating Voltage	MIC38C42/4	8	9	10	V
	MIC38C43/5	7.0	7.6	8.2	V
<b>Pulse Width Modulator</b>					
Maximum Duty Cycle	MIC38C42/3	94	96		%
	MIC38C44/5	46	50		%
Minimum Duty Cycle				0	%
<b>Total Standby Current</b>					
Start-Up Current	$V_{DD} = 13V$ for MIC38C42/44 $V_{DD} = 7.5V$ for MIC38C43/45		50	200	$\mu A$
Operating Supply Current	$V_{FB} = V_{ISNS} = 0V$		4.0	6.0	mA
Zener Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )	$I_{DD} = 25mA$ , <b>Note 6</b>	30	37		V

**Note 1:** These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.

**Note 2:** Parameter measured at trip point of latch with  $V_{EA} = 0$ .

**Note 3:** Gain defined as:

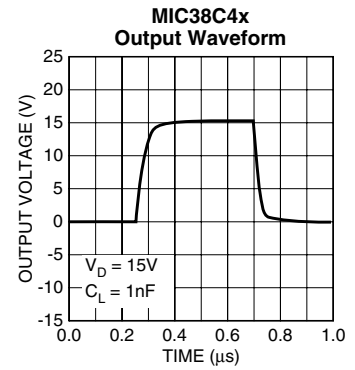
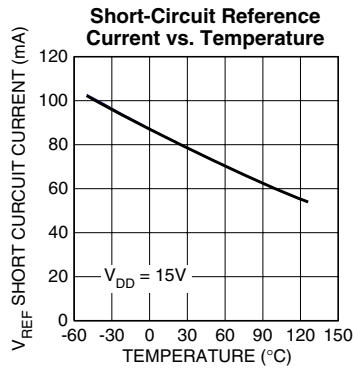
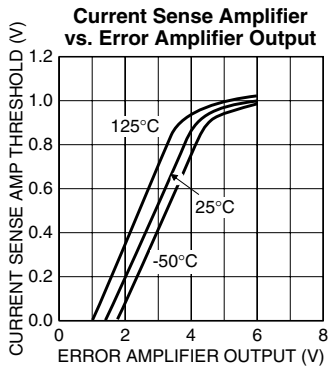
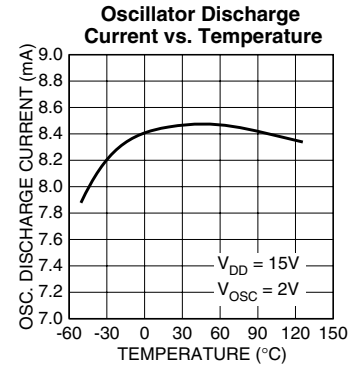
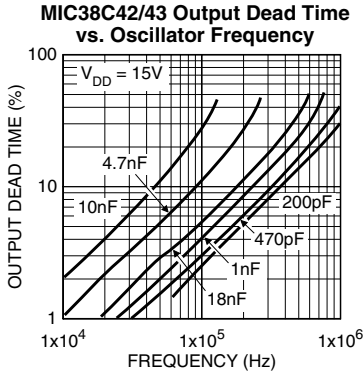
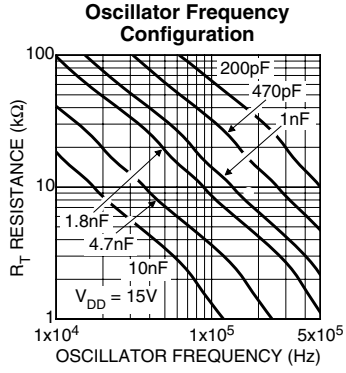
$$A = \frac{\Delta V_{PIN1}}{V_{TH}(I_{SNS})}; 0 \leq V_{TH}(I_{SNS}) \leq 0.8V$$

**Note 4:** Adjust  $V_{DD}$  above the start threshold before setting at 15V.

**Note 5:** Output frequency equals oscillator frequency for the MIC38C42 and MIC38C43. Output frequency for the MIC38C44, and MIC38C45 equals one half the oscillator frequency.

**Note 6:** On 8-pin version, 20V is maximum input on pin 7, as this is also the supply pin for the output stage. On 14-pin version, 40V is maximum for pin 12 and 20V maximum for pin 11.

# Typical Characteristics





ripple. This inductance value also improves circuit efficiency by reducing the flux swing in L1.

Magnetic components are carefully chosen for minimal loss

at 500kHz. CT1 and T1 are wound on Magnetics, Inc. P-type material toroids. L1 is wound on a Siemens N49 EFD core.

Test	Conditions	Results
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 26V$ to $80V$ , $I_O = 2A$	0.5%
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 48V$ , $I_O = 0.2A$ to $2A$	0.6%
Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 48V$ , $I_O = 2A$	90%
Output Ripple	$V_{IN} = 48V$ , $I_O = 2A$ (20MHz BW)	100mV

Symbol	Custom Coil <sup>1</sup>	ETS <sup>2</sup>
CT1	4923	ETS 92420
T1	4924	ETS 92419
L1	4925	ETS 92421

1. Custom Coils, Alcester, SD tel: (605) 934-2460
2. Energy Transformation Systems, Inc. tel: (415) 324-4949.

### Synchronous Buck Converter

Refer to figure 2. This MIC38C43 synchronous buck converter uses an MIC5022 half-bridge driver to alternately drive the PWM switch MOSFET (driven by GATEH, or high-side output) and a MOSFET which functions as a synchronous rectifier (driven by the GATEL, or low-side output).

The low-side MOSFET turns on when the high-side MOSFET is off, allowing current to return from ground. Current flows through the low-side MOSFET in the source to drain direction.

The on-state voltage drop of the low-side MOSFET is lower than the forward voltage drop of an equivalent Schottky rectifier. This lower voltage drop results in higher efficiency.

A sense resistor (5mΩ) is connected to the driver's high-side current sense inputs to provide overcurrent protection. Refer to the MIC5020, MIC5021, and MIC5022 data sheets for more information.

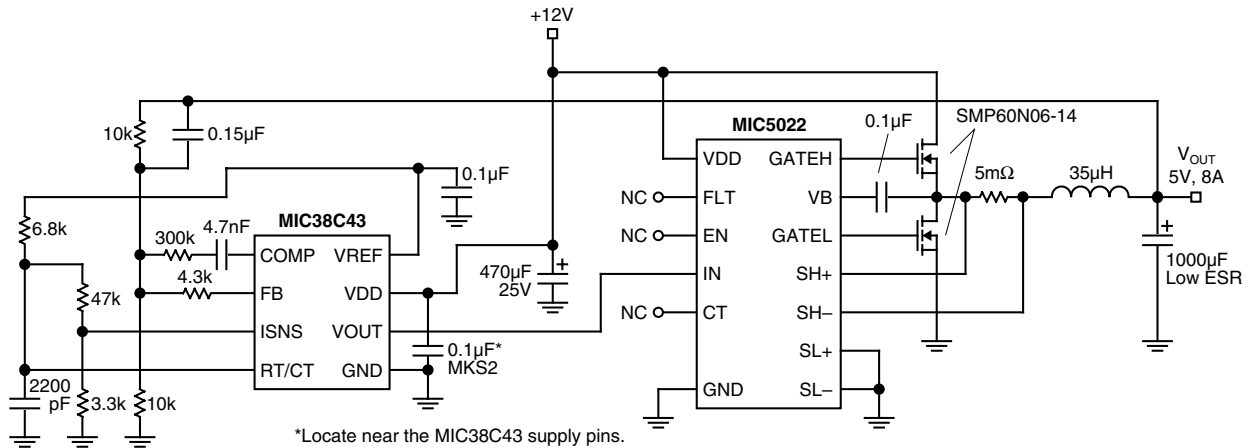
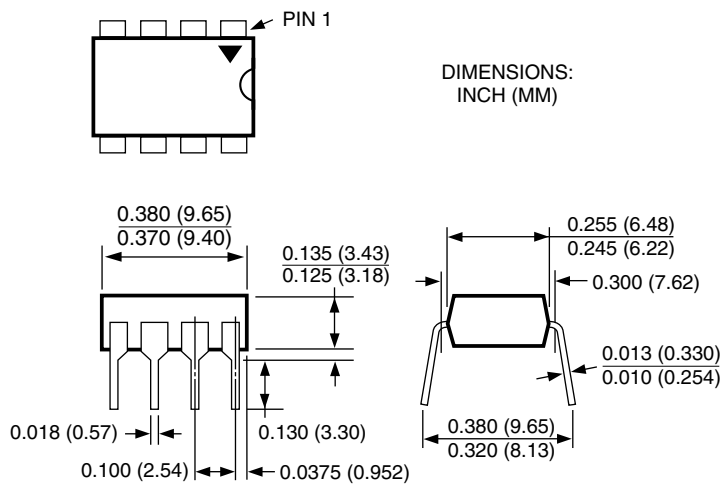
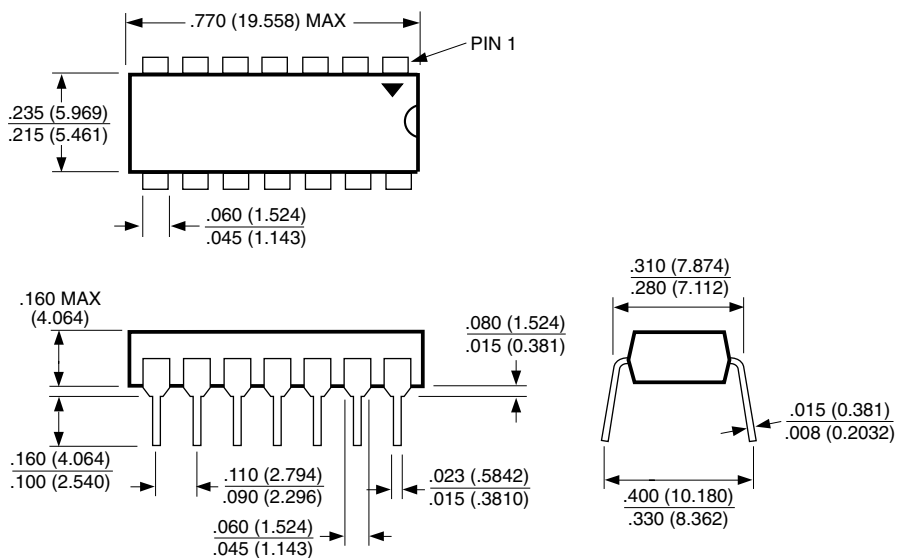


Figure 2. 100kHz, Synchronous Buck Converter

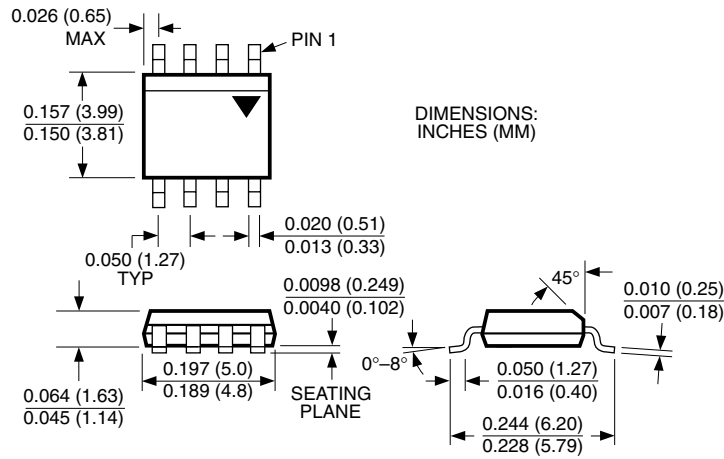
# Package Information



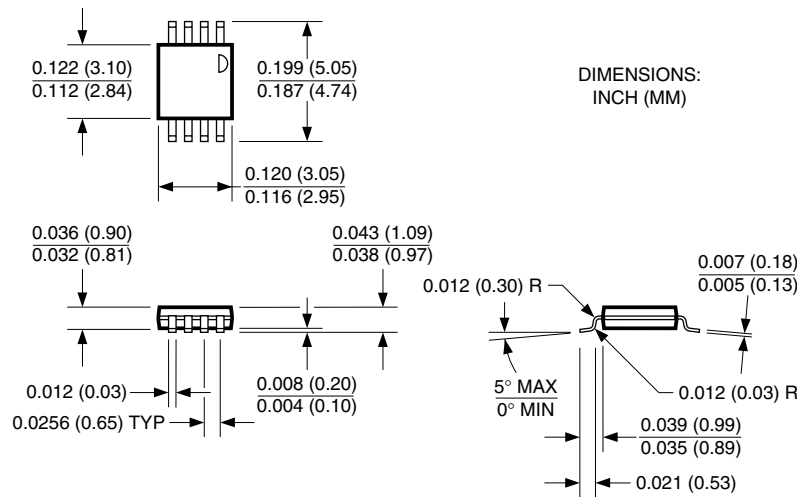
**8-Pin Plastic DIP (N)**



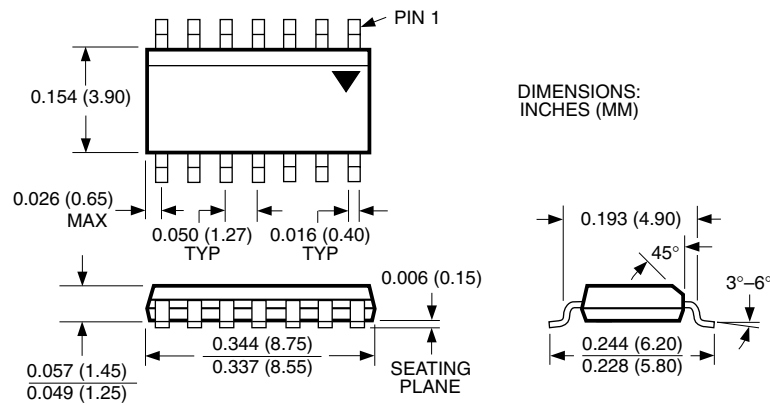
**14-Pin Plastic DIP (N)**



8-Pin SOP (M)



8-Pin MSOP (MM)



14-Pin SOP (M)



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