

66126**SINGLE/DUAL CHANNEL, HERMETICALLY SEALED
OPTOCOUPLER, SIMILAR TO 4N55****Mii**OPTOELECTRONIC PRODUCTS
DIVISION**Features:**

- DSCC Approved 8767902PX (Dual) and 9085401HPX (Single)
- 1500 Vdc isolation test voltage
- TTL and CMOS compatible
- 2 MHz bandwidth typical
- Faraday shield to provide high common mode rejection

Applications:

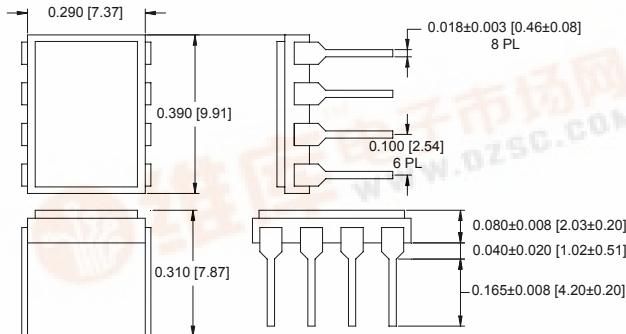
- Military and space
- Voltage level shifting
- Isolated receiver input
- Communication systems
- Medical systems

DESCRIPTION

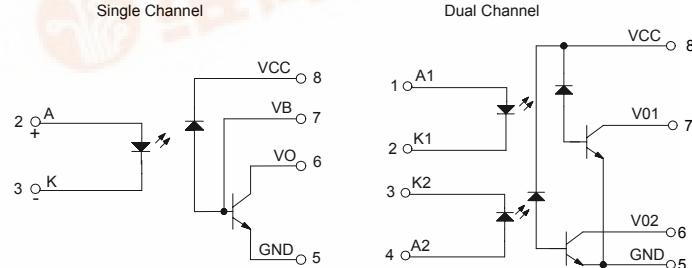
The **66126** single/dual channel optocouplers utilize infrared LEDs optically coupled to high gain photon detectors. These unique optocouplers provide high switching speeds while providing high isolation (1500V/min) over the full military temperature range (-55° to +125°C). The 66126 is available in standard and MIL-PRF-38534 screened versions or tested to customer specifications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|--|---|
| Storage Temperature..... | -65°C to +150°C |
| Operating Free-Air Temperature Range | -55°C to +125°C |
| Lead Solder Temperature..... | 260°C for 10s (1.6mm below seating plane) |
| Peak Forward Input Current | 40mA (1ms duration) |
| Average Forward Input Current | 20mA |
| Input Power Dissipation | 36mW |
| Reverse Input Voltage (each channel) | 5V |
| Supply voltage - V _{CC} (each channel) | 7V (1 minute maximum) |
| Current - I _O (each channel) | 25mA |
| Output Power Dissipation (each channel)..(derate linearly at a rate of 1.4mW/°C above 100°C) | 50mW |
| Output Voltage - V _O (each channel) | 7V |
| Base Current (each channel) | 5mA |

Package Dimensions

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]

Schematic Diagram

66126

SINGLE/DUAL CHANNEL, HERMETICALLY SEALED OPTOCOUPLES, SIMILAR TO 4N55

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_a = -55^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST CONDITIONS | NOTE |
|---|-----------|-----|-----|-----|---------|---|------|
| Current Transfer Ratio | CTR | 9 | 20 | | % | $I_F = 16mA, V_O = 0.4V, V_{CC} = 4.5V$ | 1, 2 |
| Output Leakage Current | I_{OH1} | | 70 | 250 | μA | $I_F = 250\mu A, V_{CC} = V_O = 18V$ I_F (other channel) = 20mA | 1 |
| Logic High Output Current | I_{OH} | | 20 | 100 | μA | $I_F = 250\mu A, V_{CC} = V_O = 18V$ I_F (other channel) = 20mA | 1 |
| High Level Output Current | I_{CCH} | | 0.2 | 10 | μA | $I_F = 0, V_{CC} = 18V$ I_F (other channel) = 20mA | 1 |
| Low Level Supply Current | I_{CCL} | | 35 | 200 | μA | $I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 20mA, V_{CC} = 18V$ | 1 |
| Input Forward Voltage | V_F | | 1.5 | 1.8 | V | $I_F = 20mA$ | 1 |
| Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage | BV_R | 3 | | | V | $I_R = 10\mu A$ | 1 |
| Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current | I_{I-O} | | | 1.0 | μA | $V_{I-O} = 1500Vdc,$ Relative Humidity = 45% $t_A = 25^\circ C, t = 5s$ | 3 |
| Propagation Delay Time To High Output Level | t_{PLH} | | 2 | 6 | μs | $I_F = 16mA, V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = 8.2k\Omega$ $C_L = 50pF$ | 1 |
| Propagation Delay Time To Low Output Level | t_{PHL} | | 0.4 | 2 | μs | $I_F = 16mA, V_{CC} = 5V, R_L = 8.2k\Omega$ $C_L = 50pF$ | 1 |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_a = 25^\circ C, V_{CC} = 5V$ Each Channel

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST CONDITIONS | NOTE |
|---|---------------------------------|-----|-----------|-----|----------------|---|------|
| Input Capacitance | C_{IN} | | 120 | | pF | $V_F = 0, f = MHz$ | 1 |
| Capacitance (Input-Output) | C_{I-O} | | 1.5 | | pF | $f = 1MHz, V_F = 0$ | 1, 4 |
| Capacitance (Input-Input) | C_{I-I} | | 0.55 | | pF | $f = 1MHz$ | |
| Input Diode Temperature Coefficient | $\frac{\Delta V_F}{\Delta T_A}$ | | -1.9 | | mV/ $^\circ C$ | $I_F = 18mA$ | 1 |
| Resistance (Input-Output) | R_{I-O} | | 10^{12} | | Ω | $V_{I-O} = 500Vdc$ | 1 |
| Input-Input Insulation Leakage Current | I_{I-I} | | 1 | | pA | Relative Humidity = 45% $V_{I-I} = 500Vdc, t = 5s$ | 3 |
| Common Mode Transient immunity at High Output Level | CM_H | 500 | 1000 | | V/ μs | $V_{CM} = 50V p-p, R_L = 8.2k\Omega, I_F = 0mA$ | 1, 5 |
| Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Output Level | CM_L | 500 | 1000 | | V/ μs | $V_{CM} = 50V p-p, R_L = 8.2k\Omega, I_F = 16mA$ | 1, 6 |

NOTES:

1. Each channel.
2. CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO is defined as the ratio of output collector current, I_O , to the forward LED input current, I_F , times 100%.
3. Measured between each input pair shorted together.
4. Measured between input pins shorted together and the output pins for that channel shorted together.
5. CM_H is the maximum tolerable common mode transient to assure that the output will remain in a high logic state (ie. $V_O > @ .0V$).
6. CM_L is the maximum tolerable common mode transient to assure that the output will remain in a low logic state (ie. $V_O < 0.8V$).

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS:

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | UNITS |
|--------------------------|----------|-----|-----|---------|
| Input Current, Low Level | I_{FL} | 0 | 2 | μA |
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | 2.0 | 18 | V |

SELECTION GUIDE

| PART NUMBER | PART DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|--|
| 66126-001 | Single Channel optocoupler tested over full military temperature range (-55° to +125° C) |
| 66126-011 | Single Channel optocoupler, Commercial (0° to 70° C) |
| 66126-105 | DSCC Dwg 5962-9085401HPX Single Channel Optocoupler |
| 66126-002 | Dual Channel optocoupler tested over full military temperature range (-55° to +125° C) |
| 66126-012 | Dual Channel optocoupler, Commercial (0° to 70° C) |
| 66126-103 | DSCC Dwg 5962-8767902PX Dual Channel Optocoupler |