



June 1998

DS26C31T/DS26C31M CMOS Quad TRI-STATE® Differential Line Driver

General Description

The DS26C31 is a quad differential line driver designed for digital data transmission over balanced lines. The DS26C31T meets all the requirements of EIA standard RS-422 while retaining the low power characteristics of CMOS. The DS26C31M is compatible with EIA standard RS-422; however, one exception in test methodology is taken (Note 8). This enables the construction of serial and terminal interfaces while maintaining minimal power consumption.

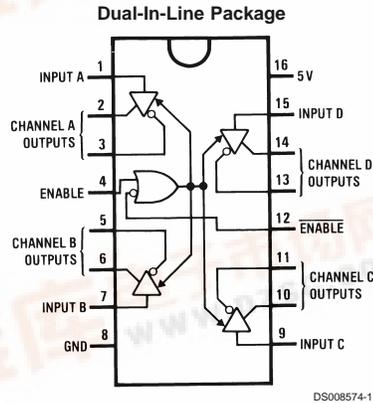
The DS26C31 accepts TTL or CMOS input levels and translates these to RS-422 output levels. This part uses special output circuitry that enables the drivers to power down without loading down the bus. This device has enable and disable circuitry common to all four drivers. The DS26C31 is pin compatible to the AM26LS31 and the DS26LS31.

All inputs are protected against damage due to electrostatic discharge by diodes to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

- TTL input compatible
- Typical propagation delays: 6 ns
- Typical output skew: 0.5 ns
- Outputs will not load line when $V_{CC} = 0V$
- DS26C31T meets the requirements of EIA standard RS-422
- Operation from single 5V supply
- TRI-STATE outputs for connection to system buses
- Low quiescent current
- Available in surface mount
- Mil-Std-883C compliant

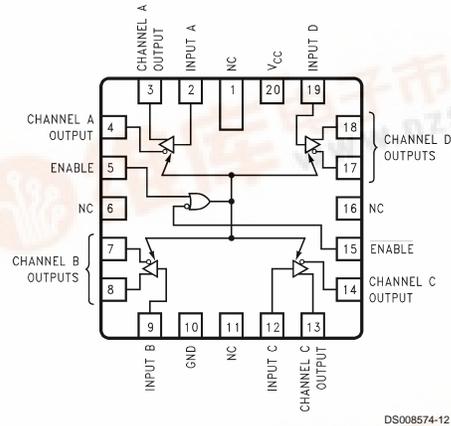
Connection Diagrams



Top View

Order Number DS26C31TM or DS26C31TN
See NS Package Number M16A or N16E
For Complete Military Product Specifications,
refer to the appropriate SMD or MDS.
Order Number DS26C31ME/883, DS26C31MJ/883
or DS26C31MW/883
See NS Package Number E20A, J16A or W16A

20-Lead Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier (E)



Truth Table

ENABLE	ENABLE	Input	Non-Inverting Output	Inverting Output
L	H	X	Z	Z
All other combinations of enable inputs		L	L	H
		H	H	L

L = Low logic state
X = Irrelevant
H = High logic state
Z = TRI-STATE (high impedance)

TRI-STATE® is a registered trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.
FACT™ is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.

DS26C31T/DS26C31M CMOS Quad TRI-STATE Differential Line Driver



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Notes 1, 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	-0.5V to 7.0V
DC Input Voltage (V_{IN})	-1.5V to $V_{CC} + 1.5V$
DC Output Voltage (V_{OUT})	-0.5V to 7V
Clamp Diode Current (I_{IK}, I_{OK})	± 20 mA
DC Output Current, per pin (I_{OUT})	± 150 mA
DC V_{CC} or GND Current, per pin (I_{CC})	± 150 mA
Storage Temperature Range (T_{STG})	-65°C to +150°C

Max. Power Dissipation (P_D) @25°C (Note 3)

Ceramic "J" Pkg.	2419 mW
Plastic "N" Pkg.	1736 mW
SOIC "M" Pkg.	1226 mW
Ceramic "W" Pkg.	1182 mW
Ceramic "E" Pkg.	2134 mW

Lead Temperature (T_L) (Soldering, 4 sec.) 260°C

This device does not meet 2000V ESD Rating. (Note 13)

Operating Conditions

	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	4.50	5.50	V
DC Input or Output Voltage (V_{IN}, V_{OUT})	0	V_{CC}	V
Operating Temperature Range (T_A)			
DS26C31T	-40	+85	°C
DS26C31M	-55	+125	°C
Input Rise or Fall Times (t_r, t_f)		500	ns

DC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ (unless otherwise specified) (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage		2.0			V
V_{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage				0.8	V
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} , $I_{OUT} = -20$ mA	2.5	3.4		V
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} , $I_{OUT} = 20$ mA		0.3	0.5	V
V_T	Differential Output Voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$ (Note 5)	2.0	3.1		V
$ V_T^+ - V_T^- $	Difference In Differential Output	$R_L = 100\Omega$ (Note 5)			0.4	V
V_{OS}	Common Mode Output Voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$ (Note 5)		1.8	3.0	V
$ V_{OS}^+ - V_{OS}^- $	Difference In Common Mode Output	$R_L = 100\Omega$ (Note 5)			0.4	V
I_{IN}	Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}, GND, V_{IH},$ or V_{IL}			± 1.0	μA
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current (Note 6)	DS26C31T $I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	200	500	μA
			$V_{IN} = 2.4V$ or 0.5V (Note 6)	0.8	2.0	mA
		DS26C31M $I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	200	500	μA
			$V_{IN} = 2.4V$ or 0.5V (Note 6)	0.8	2.1	mA
I_{OZ}	TRI-STATE Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ or GND ENABLE = V_{IL} ENABLE = V_{IH}		± 0.5	± 5.0	μA
I_{SC}	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND (Notes 5, 7)	-30		-150	mA

DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

$V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ (unless otherwise specified) (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{OFF}	Output Leakage Current Power Off (Note 5)	DS26C31T	$V_{OUT} = 6V$		100	μA
		$V_{CC} = 0V$	$V_{OUT} = -0.25V$		-100	μA
		DS26C31M	$V_{OUT} = 6V$		100	μA
		$V_{CC} = 0V$	$V_{OUT} = 0V$ (Note 8)		-100	μA

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the device should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" provide conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified, all voltages are referenced to ground. All currents into device pins are positive, all currents out of device pins are negative.

Note 3: Ratings apply to ambient temperature at 25°C. Above this temperature derate N package at 13.89 mW/°C, J package 16.13 mW/°C, M package 9.80 mW/°C, E package 12.20 mW/°C, and W package 6.75 mW/°C.

Note 4: Unless otherwise specified, min/max limits apply across the recommended operating temperature range. All typicals are given for $V_{CC} = 5V$ and $T_A = 25^\circ C$.

Note 5: See EIA Specification RS-422 for exact test conditions.

Note 6: Measured per input. All other inputs at V_{CC} or GND.

Note 7: This is the current sourced when a high output is shorted to ground. Only one output at a time should be shorted.

Note 8: The DS26C31M (-55°C to +125°C) is tested with V_{OUT} between +6V and 0V while RS-422A condition is +6V and -0.25V.

Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns (Figures 1, 2, 3, 4) (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max		Units
					DS26C31T	CS26C31M	
t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	Propagation Delays Input to Output	S1 Open	2	6	11	14	ns
Skew	(Note 9)	S1 Open		0.5	2.0	3.0	ns
t_{TLH} , t_{THL}	Differential Output Rise And Fall Times	S1 Open		6	10	14	ns
t_{PZH}	Output Enable Time	S1 Closed		11	19	22	ns
t_{PZL}	Output Enable Time	S1 Closed		13	21	28	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output Disable Time (Note 10)	S1 Closed		5	9	12	ns
t_{PLZ}	Output Disable Time (Note 10)	S1 Closed		7	11	14	ns
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Note 11)			50			pF
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance			6			pF

Note 9: Skew is defined as the difference in propagation delays between complementary outputs at the 50% point.

Note 10: Output disable time is the delay from ENABLE or \overline{ENABLE} being switched to the output transistors turning off. The actual disable times are less than indicated due to the delay added by the RC time constant of the load.

Note 11: C_{PD} determines the no load dynamic power consumption, $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$, and the no load dynamic current consumption, $I_S = C_{PD} V_{CC} f + I_{CC}$.

Comparison Table of Switching Characteristics into "LS-Type" Load

$V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns (Figures 2, 4, 5, 6) (Note 12)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	DS26C31T		DS26LS31C		Units
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	
t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	Propagation Delays Input to Output	$C_L = 30$ pF S1 Closed S2 Closed	6	8	10	15	ns
Skew	(Note 9)	$C_L = 30$ pF S1 Closed S2 Closed	0.5	1.0	2.0	6.0	ns

Comparison Table of Switching Characteristics into “LS-Type” Load

(Continued)

$V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns (Figures 2, 4, 5, 6) (Note 12)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	DS26C31T		DS26LS31C		Units
			Typ	Max	Typ	Max	
t_{THL} , t_{TLH}	Differential Output Rise and Fall Times	$C_L = 30$ pF S1 Closed S2 Closed	4	6			ns
t_{PLZ}	Output Disable Time (Note 10)	$C_L = 10$ pF S1 Closed S2 Open	6	9	15	35	ns
t_{PHZ}	Output Disable Time (Note 10)	$C_L = 10$ pF S1 Open S2 Closed	4	7	15	25	ns
t_{PZL}	Output Enable Time	$C_L = 30$ pF S1 Closed S2 Open	14	20	20	30	ns
t_{PZH}	Output Enable Time	$C_L = 30$ pF S1 Open S2 Closed	11	17	20	30	ns

Note 12: This table is provided for comparison purposes only. The values in this table for the DS26C31 reflect the performance of the device but are not tested or guaranteed.

Note 13: ESD Rating:

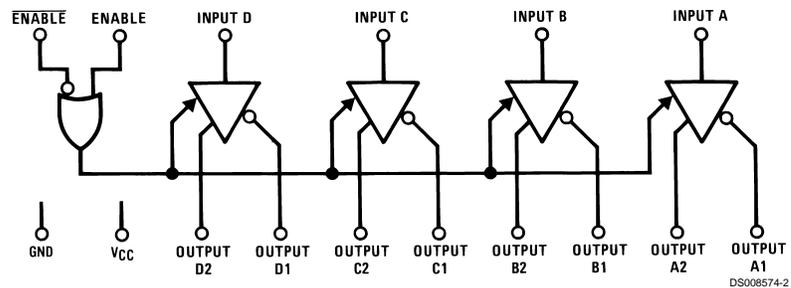
HBM (1.5 k Ω , 100 pF)

Inputs $\geq 1500V$

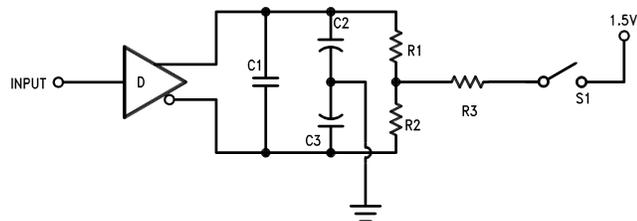
Outputs $\geq 1000V$

EIAJ (0Ω , 200 pF) $\geq 350V$

Logic Diagram



AC Test Circuit and Switching Time Waveforms



Note: $C1 = C2 = C3 = 40$ pF (Including Probe and Jig Capacitance), $R1 = R2 = 50\Omega$, $R3 = 500\Omega$.

FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit

AC Test Circuit and Switching Time Waveforms (Continued)

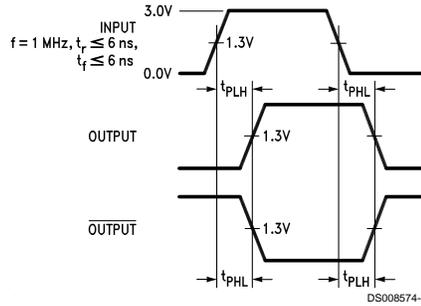


FIGURE 2. Propagation Delays

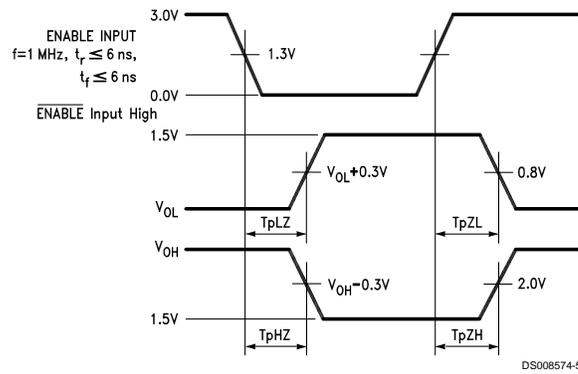
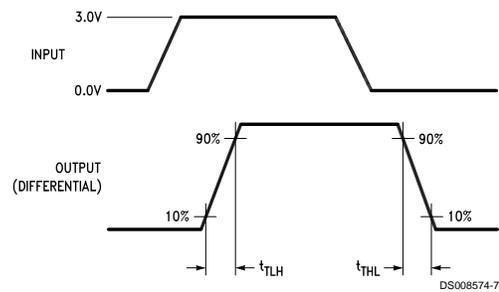


FIGURE 3. Enable and Disable Times



Input pulse; $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50%; $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$

FIGURE 4. Differential Rise and Fall Times

AC Test Circuit and Switching Time Waveforms (Continued)

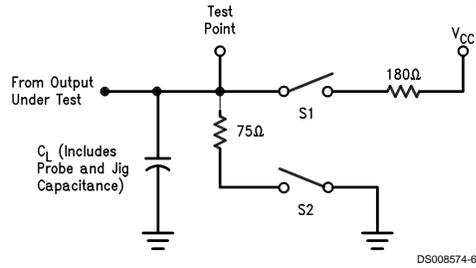


FIGURE 5. Load AC Test Circuit for "LS-Type" Load

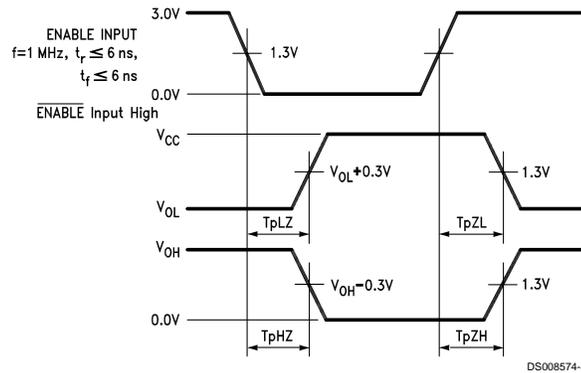
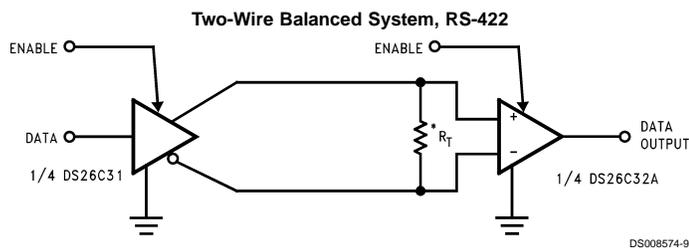


FIGURE 6. Enable and Disable Times for "LS-Type" Load

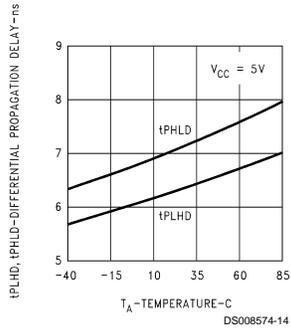
Typical Applications



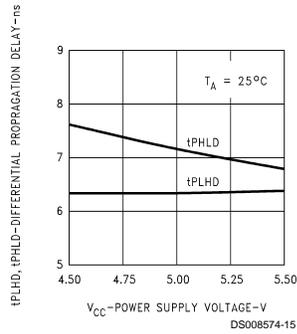
* R_T is optional although highly recommended to reduce reflection.

Typical Performance Characteristics

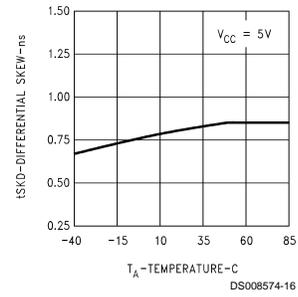
Differential Propagation Delay vs Temperature



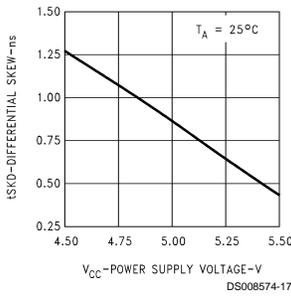
Differential Propagation Delay vs Power Supply Voltage



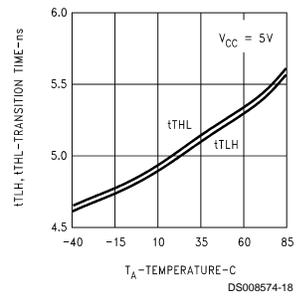
Differential Skew vs Temperature



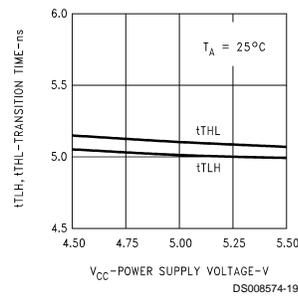
Differential Skew vs Power Supply Voltage



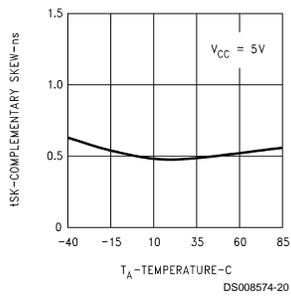
Differential Transition Time vs Temperature



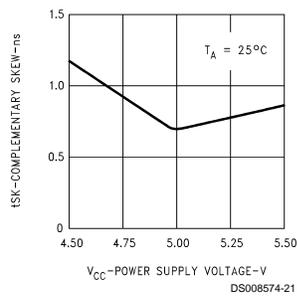
Differential Transition Time vs Power Supply Voltage



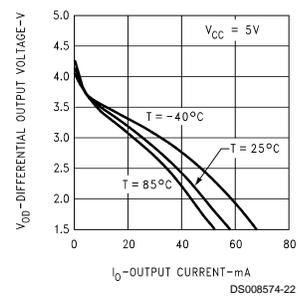
Complementary Skew vs Temperature



Complementary Skew vs Power Supply Voltage

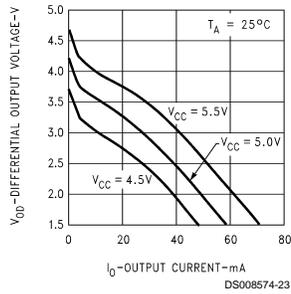


Differential Output Voltage vs Output Current

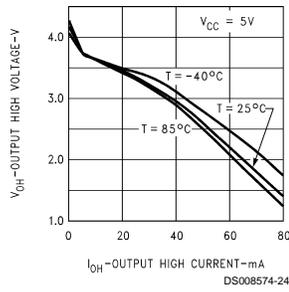


Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

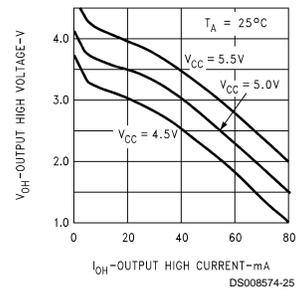
Differential Output Voltage vs Output Current



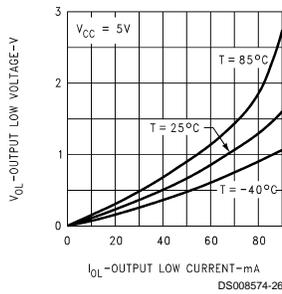
Output High Voltage vs Output High Current



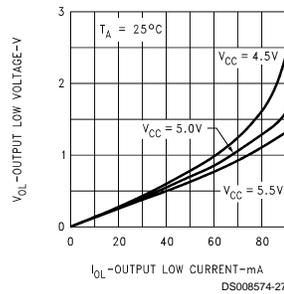
Output High Voltage vs Output High Current



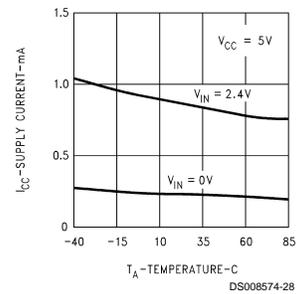
Output Low Voltage vs Output Low Current



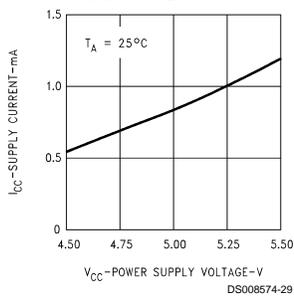
Output Low Voltage vs Output Low Current



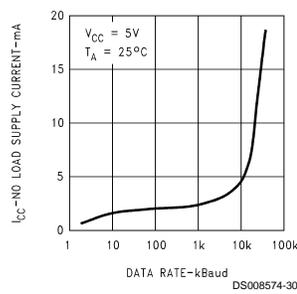
Supply Current vs Temperature



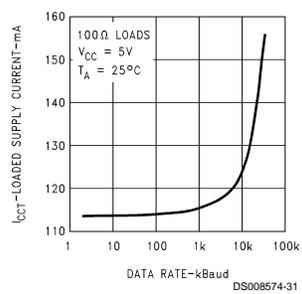
Supply Current vs Power Supply Voltage



No Load Supply Current vs Data Rate

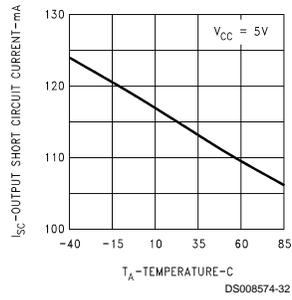


Loaded Supply Current vs Data Rate

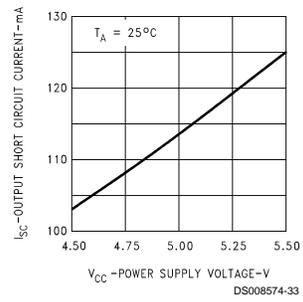


Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

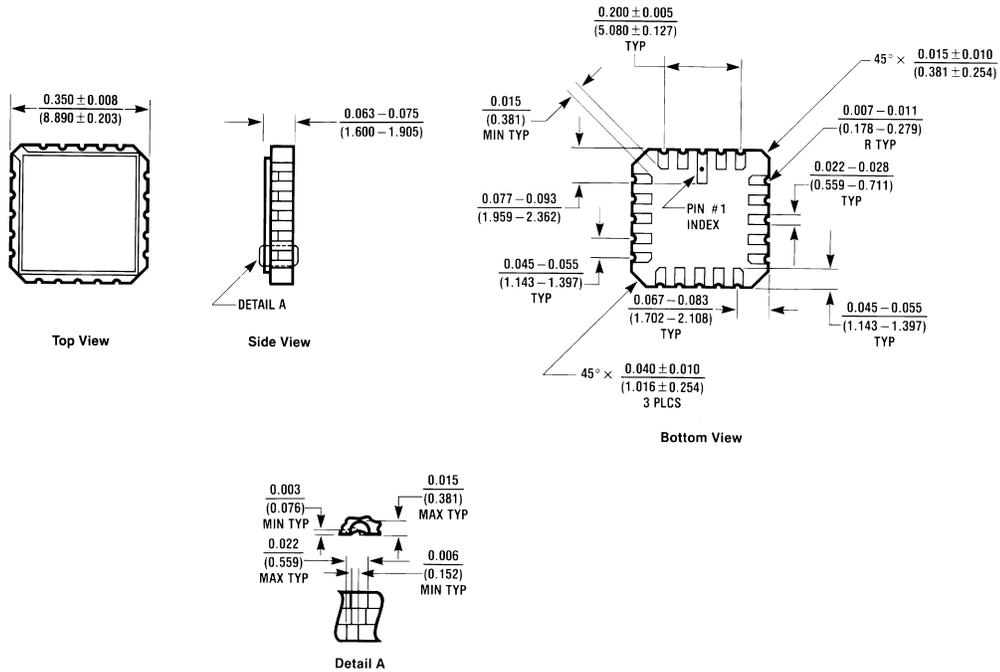
Output Short Circuit Current vs Temperature



Output Short Circuit Current vs Power Supply Voltage

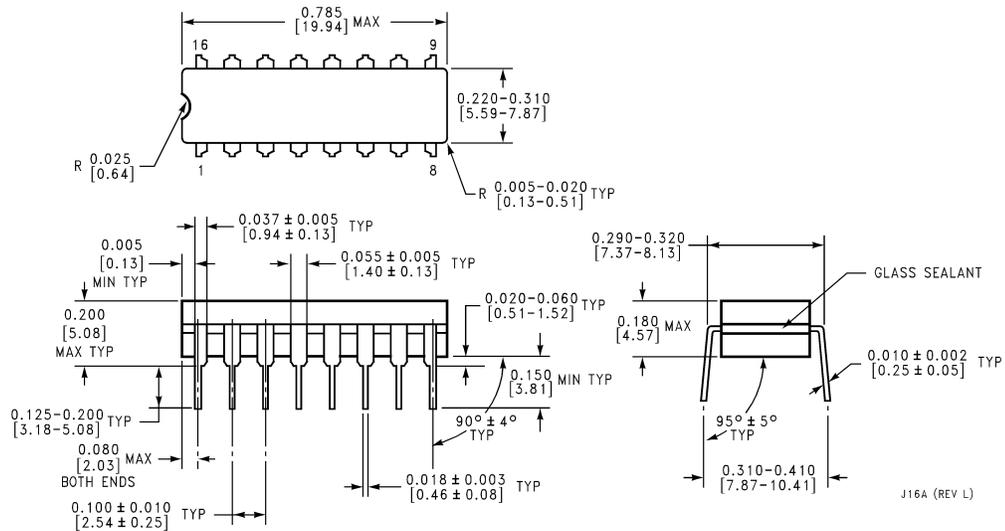


Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



E20A (REV D)

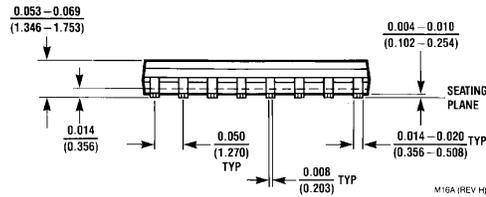
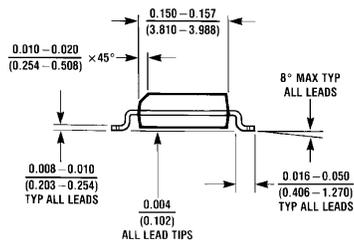
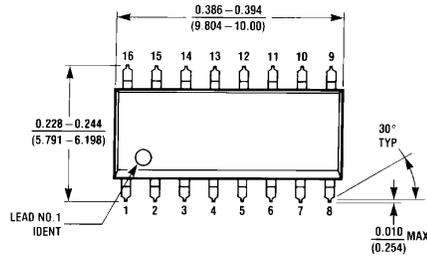
20-Lead Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier (E)
Order Number DS26C31ME/883
NS Package Number E20A



J16A (REV L)

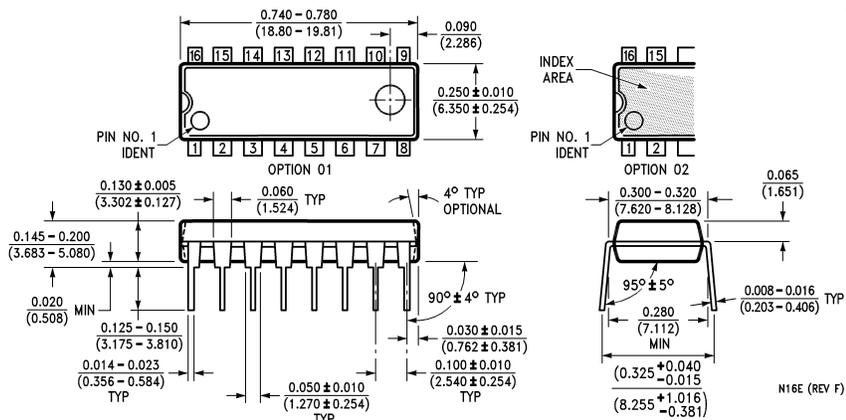
16-Lead Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (J)
Order Number DS26C31MJ/883
NS Package Number J16A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



M16A (REV H)

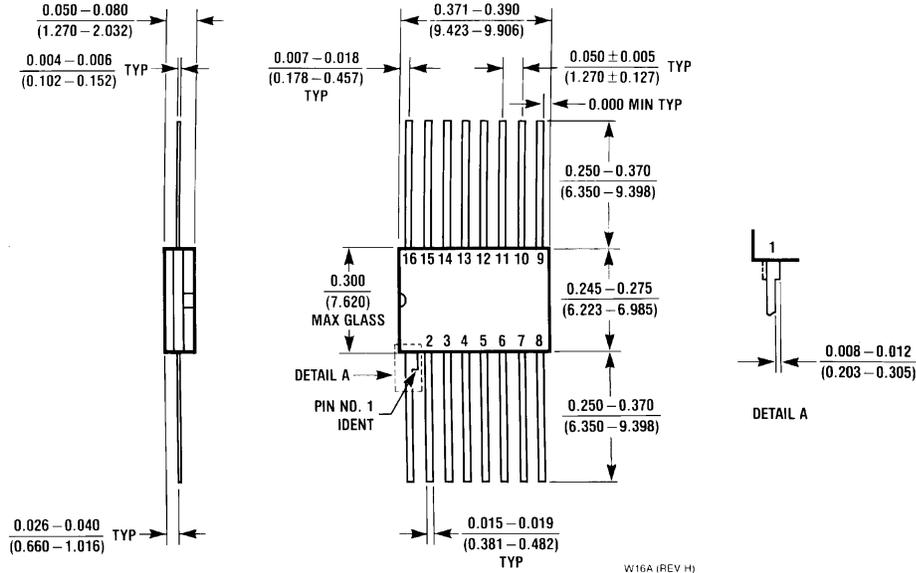
Molded Package Small Outline (M)
Order Number DS26C31TM
NS Package Number M16A



N16E (REV F)

16-Lead Molded Dual-In-Line Package (N)
Order Number DS26C31TN
NS Package Number N16E

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



16-Lead Ceramic Flatpak Package (W)
Order Number DS26C31MW/883
NS Package Number W16A

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

 **National Semiconductor Corporation**
 Americas
 Tel: 1-800-272-9959
 Fax: 1-800-737-7018
 Email: support@nsc.com

www.national.com

National Semiconductor Europe
 Fax: +49 (0) 1 80-530 85 86
 Email: europe.support@nsc.com
 Deutsch Tel: +49 (0) 1 80-530 85 85
 English Tel: +49 (0) 1 80-532 78 32
 Français Tel: +49 (0) 1 80-532 93 58
 Italiano Tel: +49 (0) 1 80-534 16 80

National Semiconductor Asia Pacific Customer Response Group
 Tel: 65-2544466
 Fax: 65-2504466
 Email: sea.support@nsc.com

National Semiconductor Japan Ltd.
 Tel: 81-3-5620-6175
 Fax: 81-3-5620-6179