

## INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Information
- The IC06 74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Package Outlines

## 74HC/HCT174

Hex D-type flip-flop with reset;  
positive-edge trigger

Product specification  
Supersedes data of September 1993  
File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

1998 Jul 08

## Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

## 74HC/HCT174

## FEATURES

- Six edge-triggered D-type flip-flops
- Asynchronous master reset
- Output capability: standard
- I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 74HC/HCT174 are high-speed Si-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). They are specified in compliance with JEDEC standard no. 7A.

The 74HC/HCT174 have six edge-triggered D-type flip-flops with individual D inputs and Q outputs. The common clock (CP) and master reset ( $\overline{\text{MR}}$ ) inputs load and reset (clear) all flip-flops simultaneously.

The register is fully edge-triggered. The state of each D input, one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition, is transferred to the corresponding output of the flip-flop.

A LOW level on the  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  input forces all outputs LOW, independently of clock or data inputs.

The device is useful for applications requiring true outputs only and clock and master reset inputs that are common to all storage elements.

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0 V; T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL		UNIT
			HC	HCT	
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub> $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to Q <sub>n</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF; V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	17	18	ns
			13	17	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock frequency		99	69	MHz
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance		3.5	3.5	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance per flip-flop	notes 1 and 2	17	17	pF

## Notes

1. C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW):

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz

f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz

∑ (C<sub>L</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> × f<sub>o</sub>) = sum of outputs

C<sub>L</sub> = output load capacitance in pF

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V

2. For HC the condition is V<sub>I</sub> = GND to V<sub>CC</sub>  
For HCT the condition is V<sub>I</sub> = GND to V<sub>CC</sub> - 1.5 V

Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

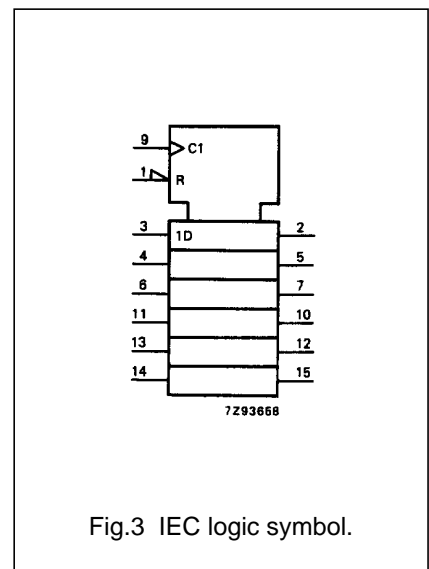
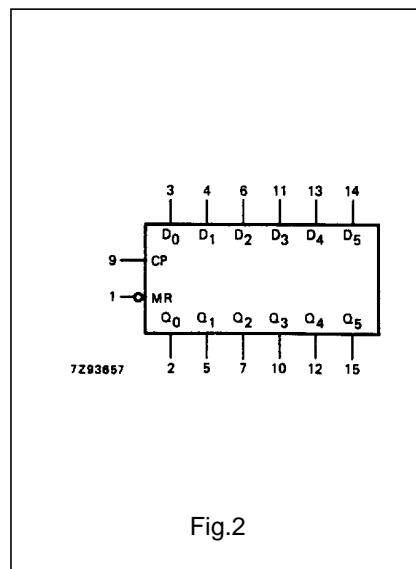
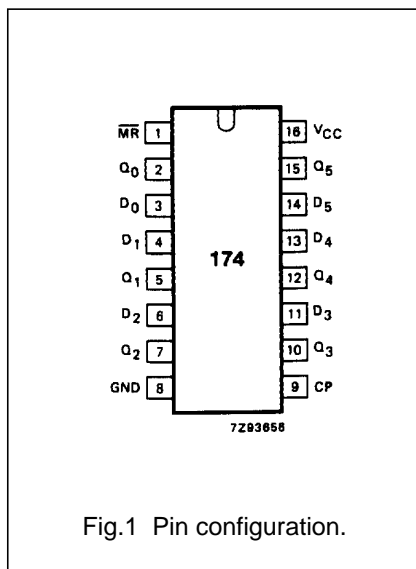
74HC/HCT174

ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE		
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION
74HC174N; 74HCT174N	DIP16	plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil); long body	SOT38-1
74HC174D; 74HCT174D	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1
74HC174DB; 74HCT174DB	SSOP16	plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm	SOT338-1
74HC174PW; 74HCT174PW	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1	$\overline{MR}$	asynchronous master reset (active LOW)
2, 5, 7, 10, 12, 15	$Q_0$ to $Q_5$	flip-flop outputs
3, 4, 6, 11, 13, 14	$D_0$ to $D_5$	data inputs
8	GND	ground (0 V)
9	CP	clock input (LOW-to-HIGH, edge-triggered)
16	$V_{CC}$	positive supply voltage



Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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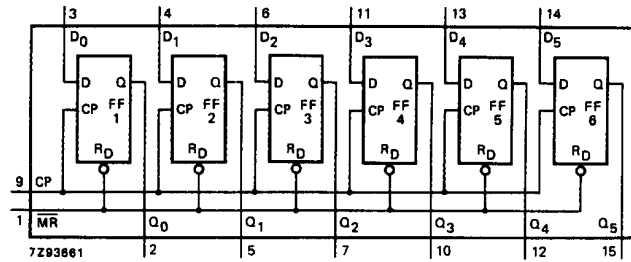


Fig.4 Functional diagram.

FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODES	INPUTS			OUTPUTS
	$\overline{MR}$	CP	$D_n$	$Q_n$
reset (clear)	L	X	X	L
load "1"	H	↑	h	H
load "0"	H	↑	l	L

Note

- H = HIGH voltage level  
 h = HIGH voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH CP transition  
 L = LOW voltage level  
 l = LOW voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH CP transition  
 X = don't care  
 ↑ = LOW-to-HIGH CP transition

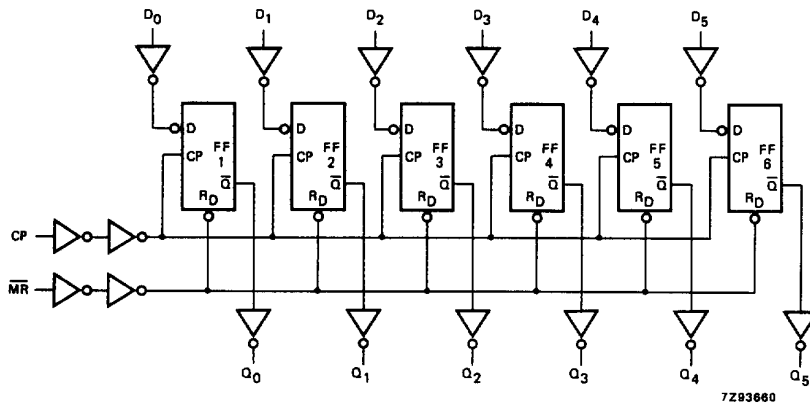


Fig.5 Logic diagram.

## Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

## 74HC/HCT174

**DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC**

For the DC characteristics see *"74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications"*.

Output capability: standard

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

**AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HC**

GND = 0 V; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns; C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	T <sub>amb</sub> (°C)						UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS		
		74HC							V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	WAVEFORMS	
		+25			-40 to +85		-40 to +125				
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.				max.
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>		55 20 16	165 33 28		205 41 35		250 50 43	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub>	propagation delay $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to Q <sub>n</sub>		44 16 13	150 30 26		190 38 33		225 45 38	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.7
t <sub>THL</sub> / t <sub>TLH</sub>	output transition time		19 7 6	75 15 13		95 19 16		110 22 19	ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>w</sub>	clock pulse width HIGH or LOW	80 16 14	17 6 5		100 20 17		120 24 20		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6
t <sub>w</sub>	master reset pulse width; LOW	80 16 14	12 4 3		100 20 17		120 24 20		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.7
t <sub>rem</sub>	removal time MR to CP	5 5 5	-11 -4 -3		5 5 5		5 5 5		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.7
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time D <sub>n</sub> to CP	60 12 10	6 2 2		75 15 13		90 18 15		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.8
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time D <sub>n</sub> to CP	3 3 3	-6 -2 -2		3 3 3		3 3 3		ns	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.8
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock pulse frequency	6 30 35	30 90 107		5 24 28		4 20 24		MHz	2.0 4.5 6.0	Fig.6

## Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

## 74HC/HCT174

**DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT**

For the DC characteristics see *"74HC/HCT/HCU/HCMOS Logic Family Specifications"*.

Output capability: standard

I<sub>CC</sub> category: MSI

**Note to HCT types**

The value of additional quiescent supply current ( $\Delta I_{CC}$ ) for a unit load of 1 is given in the family specifications. To determine  $\Delta I_{CC}$  per input, multiply this value by the unit load coefficient shown in the table below.

INPUT	UNIT LOAD COEFFICIENT
D <sub>n</sub>	0.25
CP	1.30
$\overline{\text{MR}}$	1.25

**AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR 74HCT**

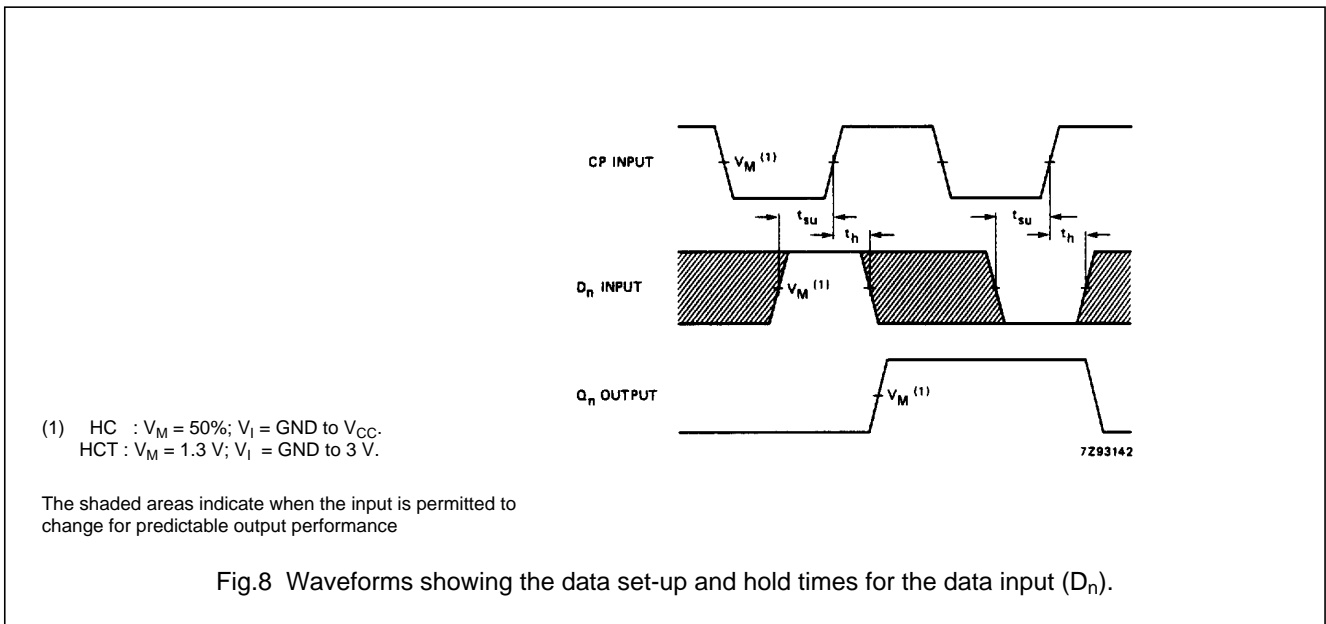
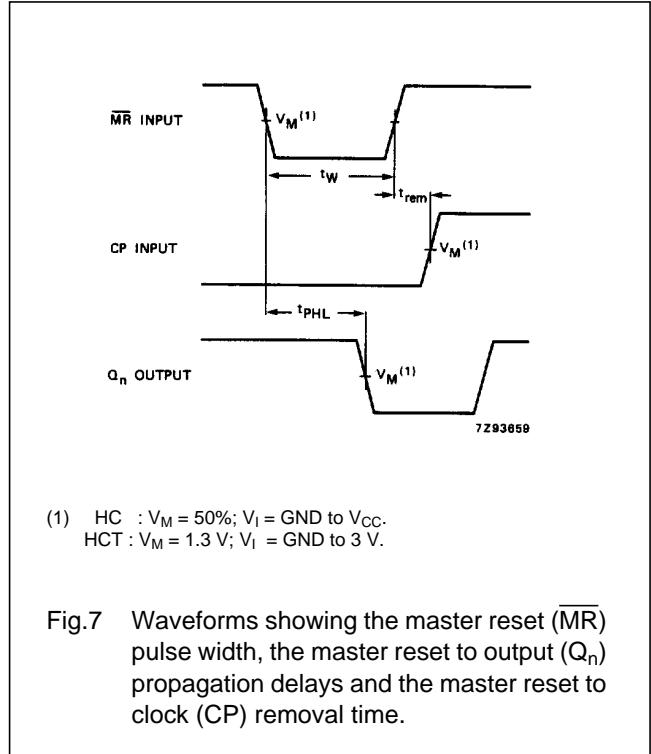
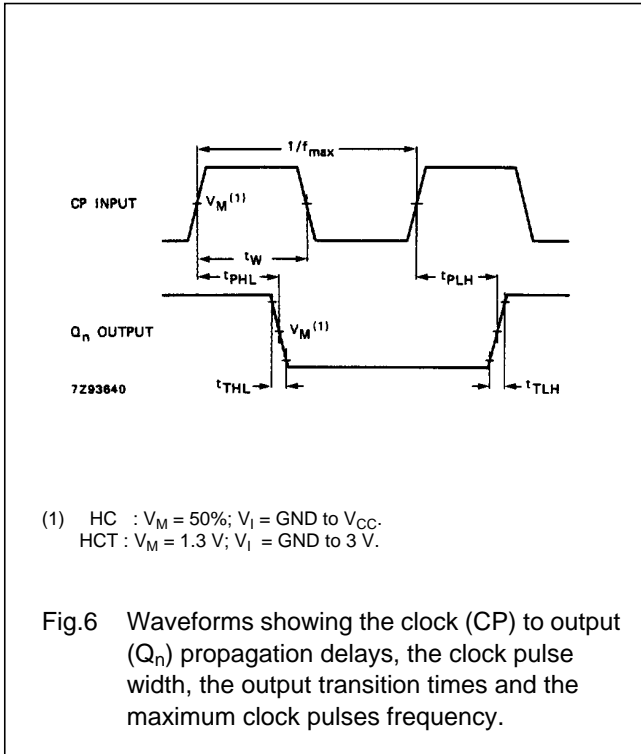
GND = 0 V; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6 ns; C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	T <sub>amb</sub> (°C)							UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS	
		74HCT								V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	WAVEFORMS
		+25			-40 to +85		-40 to +125				
		min.	typ.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.			
t <sub>PHL</sub> / t <sub>PLH</sub>	propagation delay CP to Q <sub>n</sub>		21	35		44		53	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>PHL</sub>	propagation delay $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to Q <sub>n</sub>		20	35		44		53	ns	4.5	Fig.7
t <sub>THL</sub> / t <sub>TLH</sub>	output transition time		7	15		19		22	ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>w</sub>	clock pulse width HIGH or LOW	16	7		20		24		ns	4.5	Fig.6
t <sub>w</sub>	master reset pulse width; LOW	20	7		25		30		ns	4.5	Fig.7
t <sub>rem</sub>	removal time $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to CP	12	-3		15		18		ns	4.5	Fig.7
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time D <sub>n</sub> to CP	16	4		20		24		ns	4.5	Fig.8
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time D <sub>n</sub> to CP	5	-3		5		5		ns	4.5	Fig.8
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum clock pulse frequency	30	63		24		20		MHz	4.5	Fig.6

Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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AC WAVEFORMS



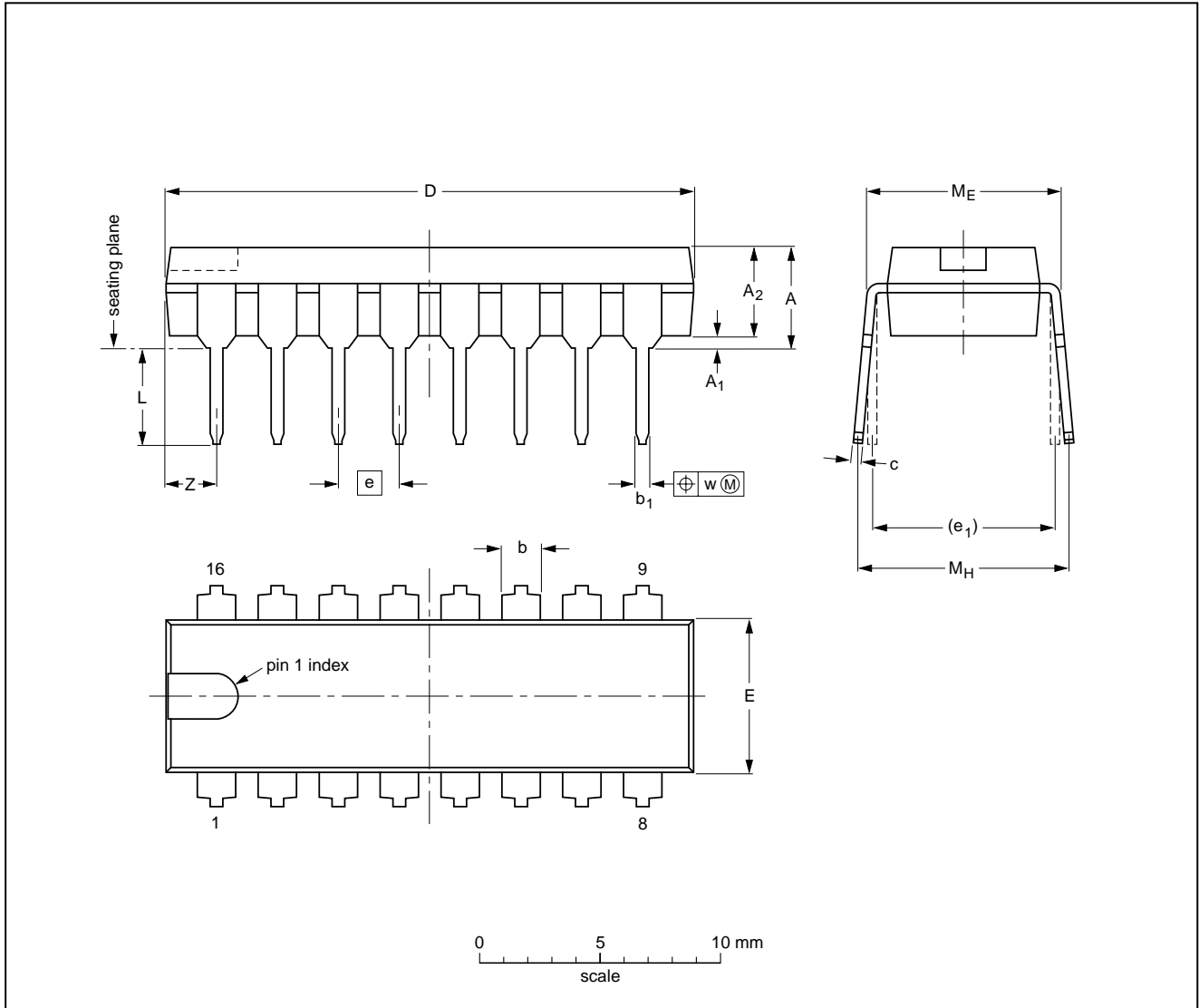
Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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PACKAGE OUTLINES

DIP16: plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil); long body

SOT38-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub> min.	A <sub>2</sub> max.	b	b <sub>1</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	e <sub>1</sub>	L	M <sub>E</sub>	M <sub>H</sub>	w	z <sup>(1)</sup> max.
mm	4.7	0.51	3.7	1.40 1.14	0.53 0.38	0.32 0.23	21.8 21.4	6.48 6.20	2.54	7.62	3.9 3.4	8.25 7.80	9.5 8.3	0.254	2.2
inches	0.19	0.020	0.15	0.055 0.045	0.021 0.015	0.013 0.009	0.86 0.84	0.26 0.24	0.10	0.30	0.15 0.13	0.32 0.31	0.37 0.33	0.01	0.087

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

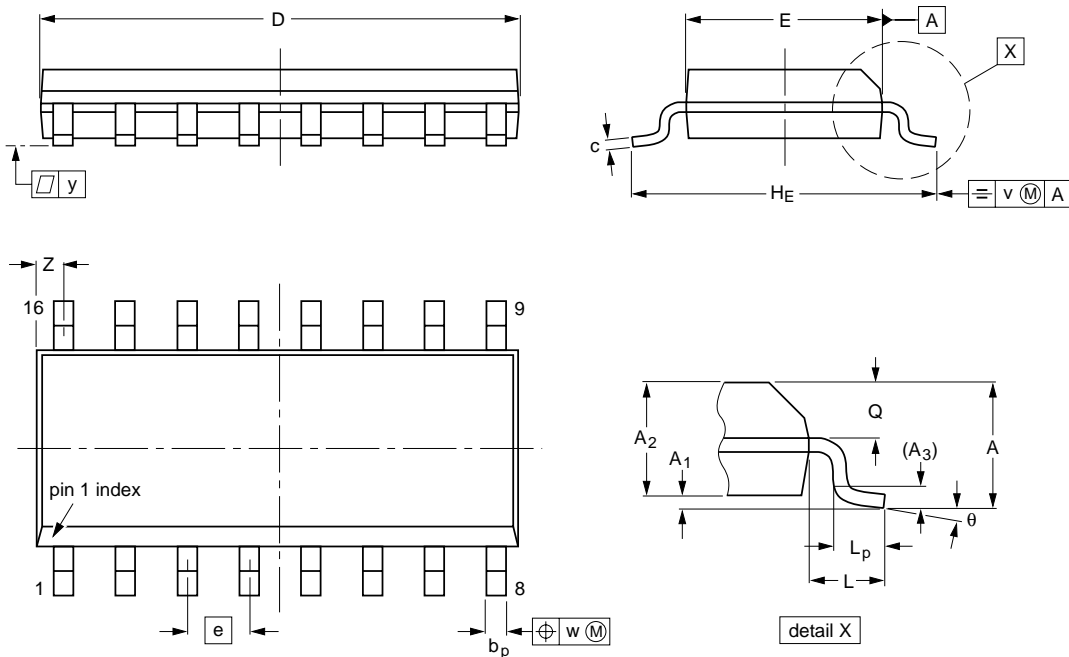
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	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		
SOT38-1	050G09	MO-001AE			92-10-02 95-01-19

Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	10.0 9.8	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8° 0°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01	0.019 0.014	0.0100 0.0075	0.39 0.38	0.16 0.15	0.050	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.020	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

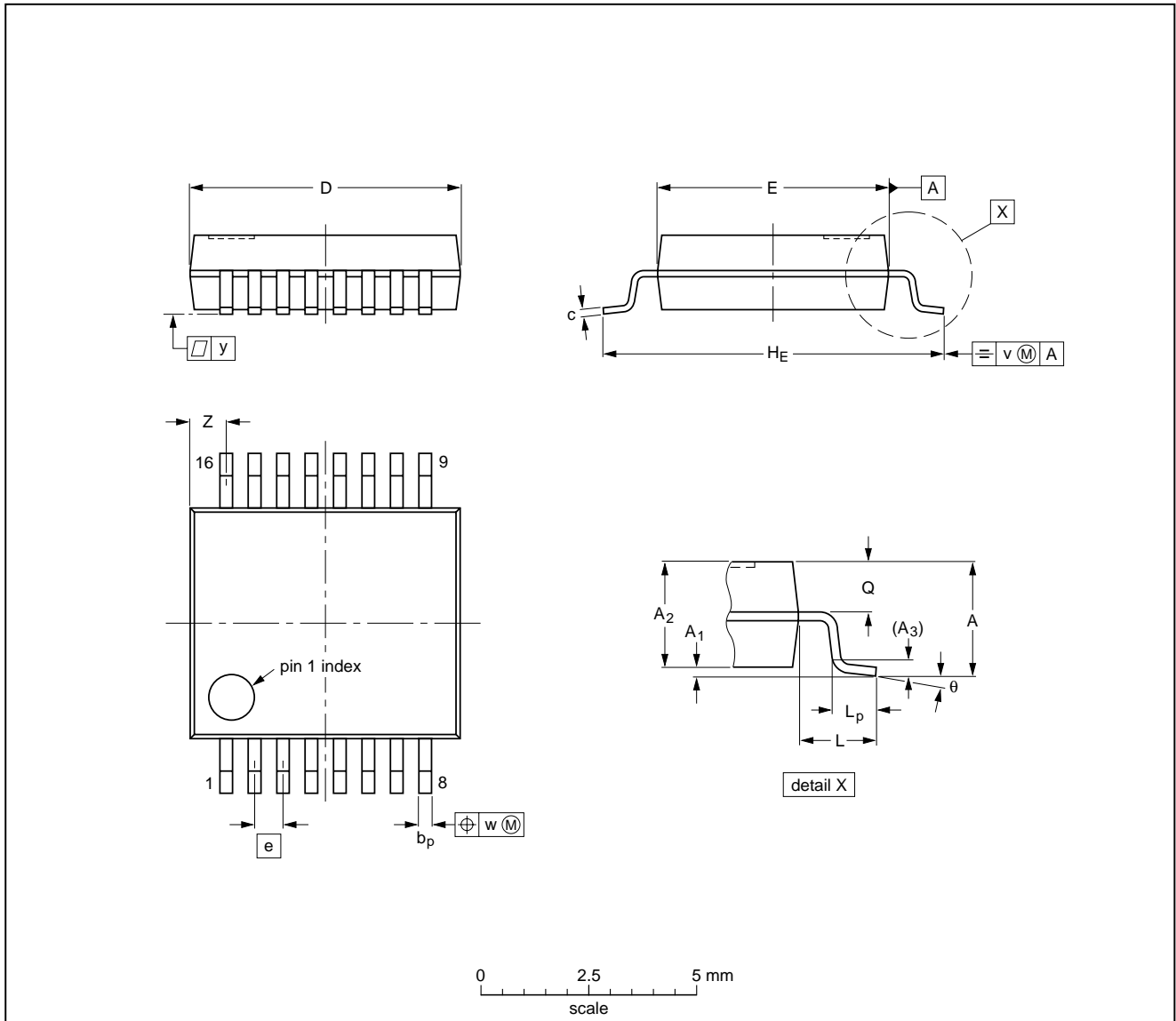
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SOT109-1	076E07S	MS-012AC			95-01-23 97-05-22

Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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SSOP16: plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm

SOT338-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	2.0	0.21 0.05	1.80 1.65	0.25	0.38 0.25	0.20 0.09	6.4 6.0	5.4 5.2	0.65	7.9 7.6	1.25	1.03 0.63	0.9 0.7	0.2	0.13	0.1	1.00 0.55	8° 0°

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

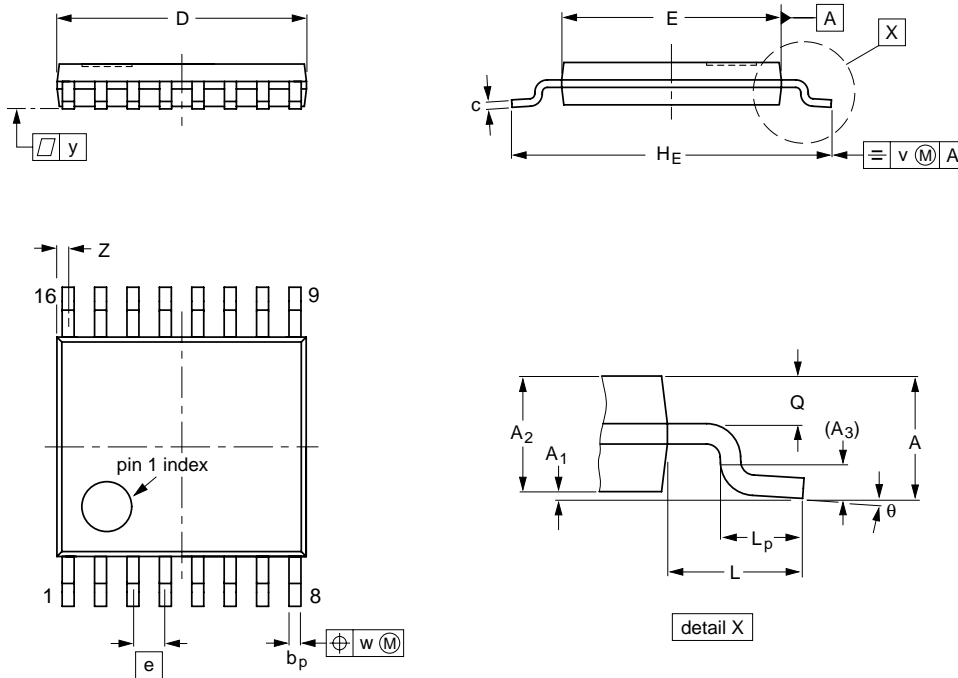
OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
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SOT338-1		MO-150AC			94-01-14 95-02-04

Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.10	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1.0	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.40 0.06	8° 0°

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT403-1		MO-153				94-07-12 95-04-04

## Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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**SOLDERING****Introduction**

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (order code 9398 652 90011).

**DIP****SOLDERING BY DIPPING OR BY WAVE**

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joint for more than 5 seconds. The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ( $T_{stg\ max}$ ). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

**REPAIRING SOLDERED JOINTS**

Apply a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) to the lead(s) of the package, below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

**SO, SSOP and TSSOP****REFLOW SOLDERING**

Reflow soldering techniques are suitable for all SO, SSOP and TSSOP packages.

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several techniques exist for reflowing; for example, thermal conduction by heated belt. Dwell times vary between 50 and 300 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. Preheating is necessary to dry the paste and evaporate the binding agent. Preheating duration: 45 minutes at 45 °C.

**WAVE SOLDERING**

Wave soldering can be used for all SO packages. Wave soldering is **not** recommended for SSOP and TSSOP packages, because of the likelihood of solder bridging due to closely-spaced leads and the possibility of incomplete solder penetration in multi-lead devices.

If wave soldering is used - **and cannot be avoided for SSOP and TSSOP packages** - the following conditions must be observed:

- A double-wave (a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave) soldering technique should be used.
- The longitudinal axis of the package footprint must be parallel to the solder flow and must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

**Even with these conditions:**

- **Only consider wave soldering SSOP packages that have a body width of 4.4 mm, that is SSOP16 (SOT369-1) or SSOP20 (SOT266-1).**
- **Do not consider wave soldering TSSOP packages with 48 leads or more, that is TSSOP48 (SOT362-1) and TSSOP56 (SOT364-1).**

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Maximum permissible solder temperature is 260 °C, and maximum duration of package immersion in solder is 10 seconds, if cooled to less than 150 °C within 6 seconds. Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

## Hex D-type flip-flop with reset; positive-edge trigger

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## REPAIRING SOLDERED JOINTS

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally- opposite end leads. Use only a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C. When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

## DEFINITIONS

<b>Data sheet status</b>	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
<b>Limiting values</b>	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
<b>Application information</b>	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

## LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.