

LTC1383

5V Low Power
RS232 Transceiver

FEATURES

- Operates from a Single 5V Supply
- Low Supply Current: $I_{CC} = 220\mu A$
- ESD Protection Over $\pm 10kV$
- Available in 16-Pin SOIC Narrow Package
- Uses Small Capacitors: $0.1\mu F$
- Operates to 120kBaud
- Output Overvoltage Does Not Force Current Back into Supplies
- RS232 I/O Lines Can Be Forced to $\pm 25V$ Without Damage
- Pin Compatible with LT1181A and MAX232A

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook Computers
- Palmtop Computers

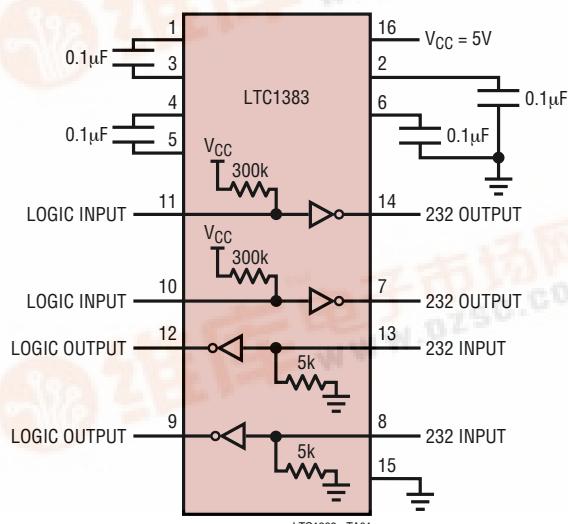
DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1383 is an ultra-low power 2-driver/2-receiver RS232 transceiver that operates from a single 5V supply. The charge pump requires only four space-saving $0.1\mu F$ capacitors. The supply current (I_{CC}) of the transceiver is only $220\mu A$ with driver outputs unloaded.

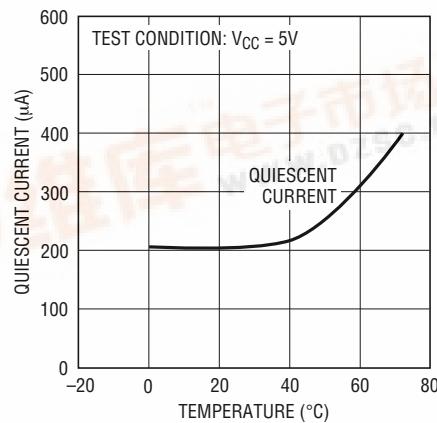
The LTC1383 is fully compliant with all data rate and overvoltage RS232 specifications. The transceiver can operate up to 120kbaud with a $2500pF$, $3k\Omega$ load. Both driver outputs and receiver inputs can be forced to $\pm 25V$ without damage and can survive multiple $\pm 10kV$ ESD strikes.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



Quiescent Supply Current vs Temperature



LTC1383 • TA02

LTC1383

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	6V
Input Voltage	
Driver	-0.3V to V_{CC} + 0.3V
Receiver	-25V to 25V
Digital Input	-0.3V to V_{CC} + 0.3V
Output Voltage	
Driver	-25V to 25V
Receiver	-0.3V to V_{CC} + 0.3V
Short-Circuit Duration	
V^+	30 sec
V^-	30 sec
Driver Output	Indefinite
Receiver Output	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
LTC1383C	0°C to 70°C
LTC1383I	-40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

TOP VIEW	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LTC1383CN
	LTC1383CS
	LTC1383IN
	LTC1383IS
N PACKAGE 16-LEAD PDIP	S PACKAGE 16-LEAD PLASTIC SO
$T_{JMAX} = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 70^\circ\text{C/W}$ (N) $T_{JMAX} = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 90^\circ\text{C/W}$ (S)	

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, unless noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Any Driver						
Output Voltage Swing	3k to GND	Positive Negative	● 5.0 ● -5.0	7.0 -6.5		V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level ($V_{OUT} = \text{High}$) Input High Level ($V_{OUT} = \text{Low}$)		● 1.4 ● 2.0	0.8 1.4		V
Logic Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$		●	5	-20	μA
Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$		±9	±12		mA
Any Receiver						
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low Threshold Input High Threshold		● 0.8 ● 1.7	1.3 2.4		V
Hysteresis			● 0.1	0.4	1	V
Input Resistance	$-10\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 10\text{V}$		3	5	7	k Ω
Output Voltage	Output Low, $I_{OUT} = -1.6\text{mA}$ ($V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$) Output High, $I_{OUT} = 160\mu\text{A}$ ($V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$)		● 3.0	0.2 3.2	0.4	V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$ Sourcing Current $V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$		-15 10	-40 20		mA
Power Supply Generator						
V^+ Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$ $I_{OUT} = 8\text{mA}$			8.0 7.5		V
V^- Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$ $I_{OUT} = -8\text{mA}$			-8.0 -7.0		V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply					
V_{CC} Supply Current	No Load (Note 2), 0°C to 70°C	●	0.22	0.5	mA
	No Load (Note 2), -40°C to 85°C	●	0.35	1.0	mA
Digital Input Threshold Low		●	1.4	0.8	V
Digital Input Threshold High		●	2.0	1.4	V

AC CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, unless noted.

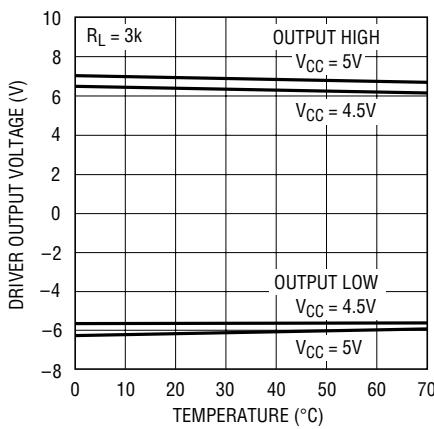
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Slew Rate	$R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 51\text{pF}$ $R_L = 3\text{k}$, $C_L = 2500\text{pF}$	3	8	30	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Driver Propagation Delay (TTL to RS232)	t_{HLD} (Figure 1) t_{LHD} (Figure 1)	● ●	2 2	3.5 3.5	μs
Receiver Propagation Delay (RS232 to TTL)	t_{HLR} (Figure 2) t_{LHR} (Figure 2)	● ●	0.3 0.3	0.8 0.8	μs

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

Note 2: Supply current is measured with driver and receiver outputs unloaded.

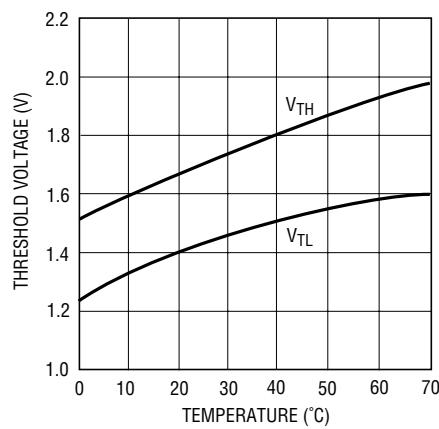
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Driver Output Voltage
vs Temperature**



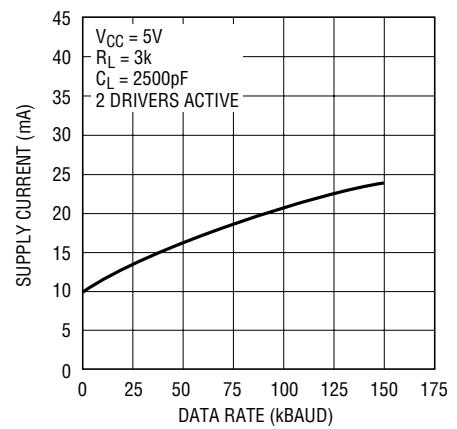
LTC1383 • TPC01

**Receiver Input Thresholds
vs Temperature**



LTC1383 • TPC02

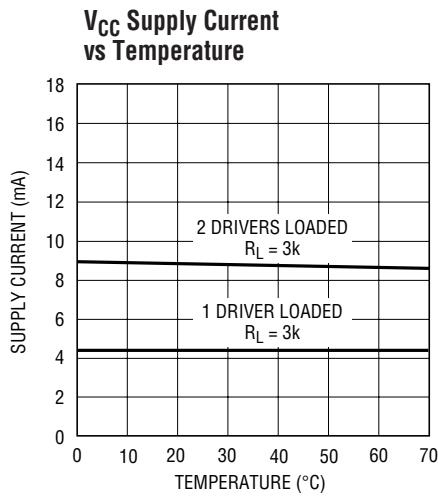
Supply Current vs Data Rate



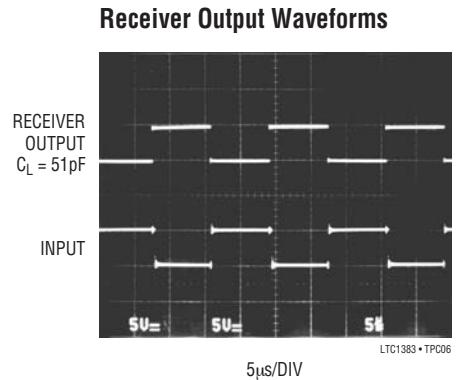
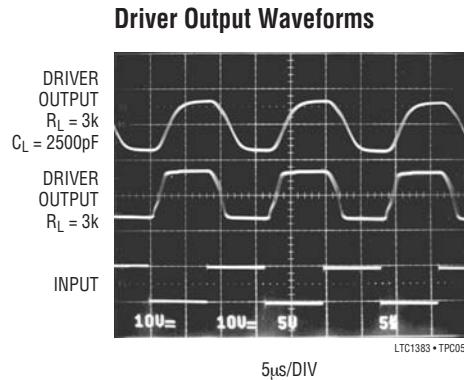
LTC1383 • TPC03

LTC1383

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



LTC1383 • TPC04



LTC1383 • TPC05

LTC1383 • TPC06

PIN FUNCTIONS

V_{CC}: 5V Input Supply Pin. This pin should be decoupled with a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor.

GND: Ground Pin.

V⁺: Positive Supply Output (RS232 Drivers). $V^+ \approx 2V_{CC} - 2V$. This pin requires an external capacitor $C = 0.1\mu F$ for charge storage. The capacitor may be tied to ground or V_{CC} . With multiple devices, the V^+ and V^- pins may share a common capacitor. For large numbers of devices, increasing the size of the shared common storage capacitors is recommended to reduce ripple.

V⁻: Negative Supply Output (RS232 Drivers). $V^- \approx -(2V_{CC} - 2V)$. This pin requires an external capacitor $C = 0.1\mu F$ for charge storage.

C1⁺, C1⁻, C2⁺, C2⁻: Commutating Capacitor Inputs. These pins require two external capacitors $C = 0.1\mu F$: one from C1⁺ to C1⁻ and another from C2⁺ to C2⁻. To maintain

charge pump efficiency, the capacitor's effective series resistance should be less than 2Ω .

TR IN: RS232 Driver Input Pins. Inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible. The inputs of unused drivers can be left unconnected since 300k input pull-up resistors to V_{CC} are included on chip.

TR OUT: Driver Outputs at RS232 Voltage Levels. The driver outputs are protected against ESD to $\pm 10kV$ for human body model discharges.

RX IN: Receiver Inputs. These pins can be forced to $\pm 25V$ without damage. The receiver inputs are protected against ESD to $\pm 10kV$ for human body model discharges. Each receiver provides 0.4V of hysteresis for noise immunity.

RX OUT: Receiver Outputs with TTL/CMOS Voltage Levels.

SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORMS

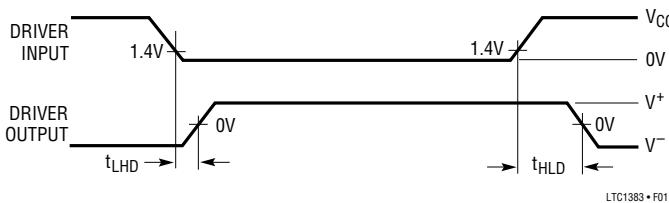


Figure 1. Driver Propagation Delay Timing

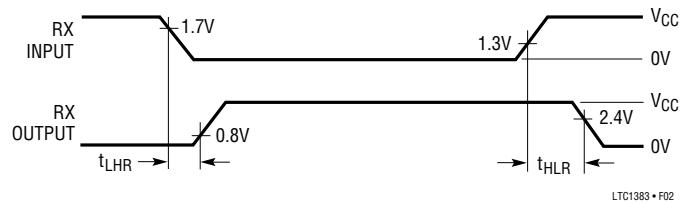
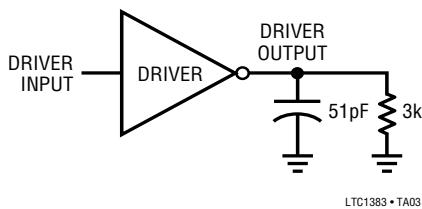


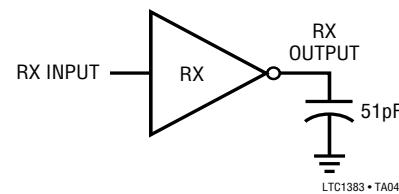
Figure 2. Receiver Propagation Delay Timing

TEST CIRCUITS

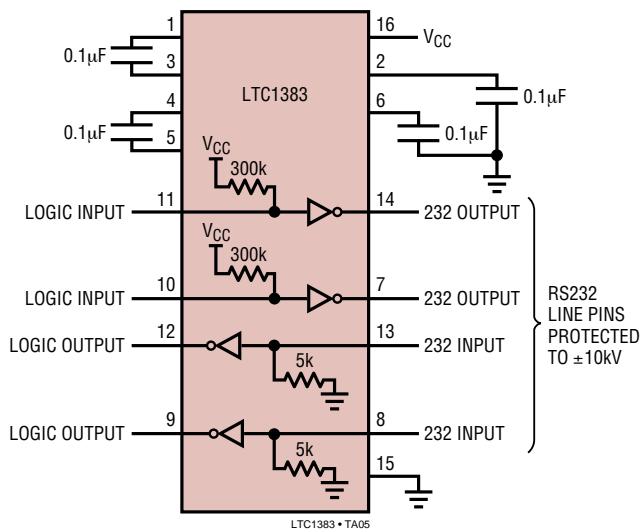
Driver Timing Test Load



Receiver Timing Test Load



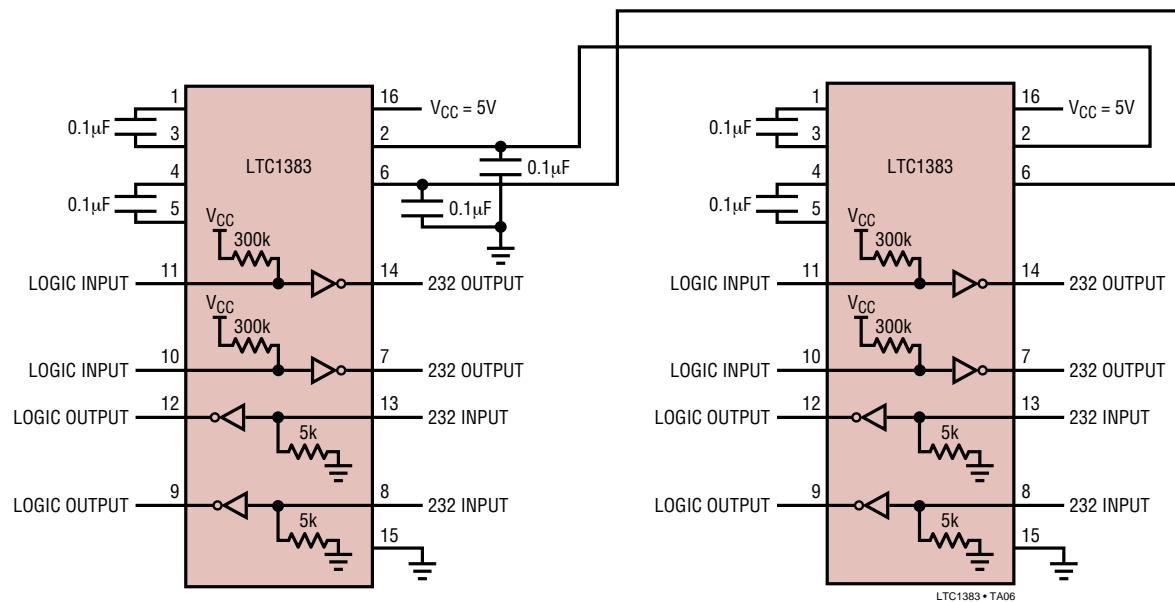
ESD Test Circuit



LTC1383

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

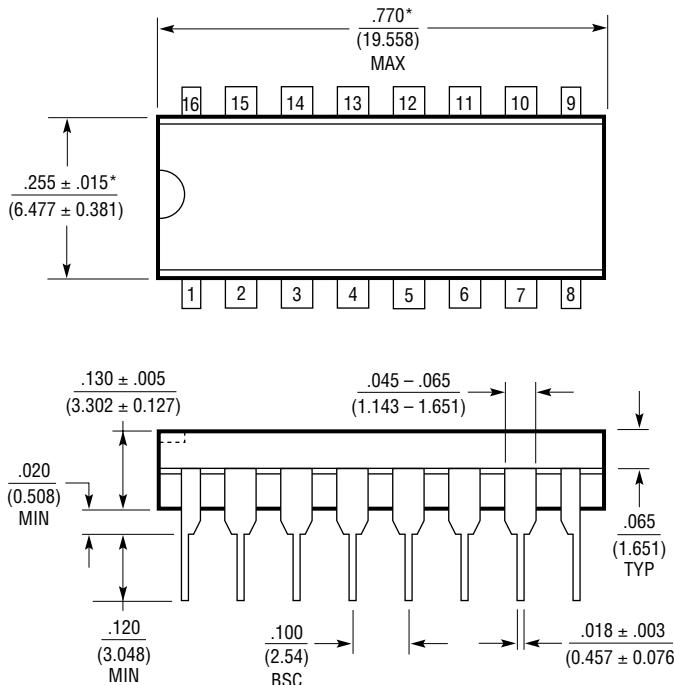
Paralleling Power Supply Generator
with Common Storage Capacitors



LTC1383 • TA06

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

N Package
16-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch)
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)

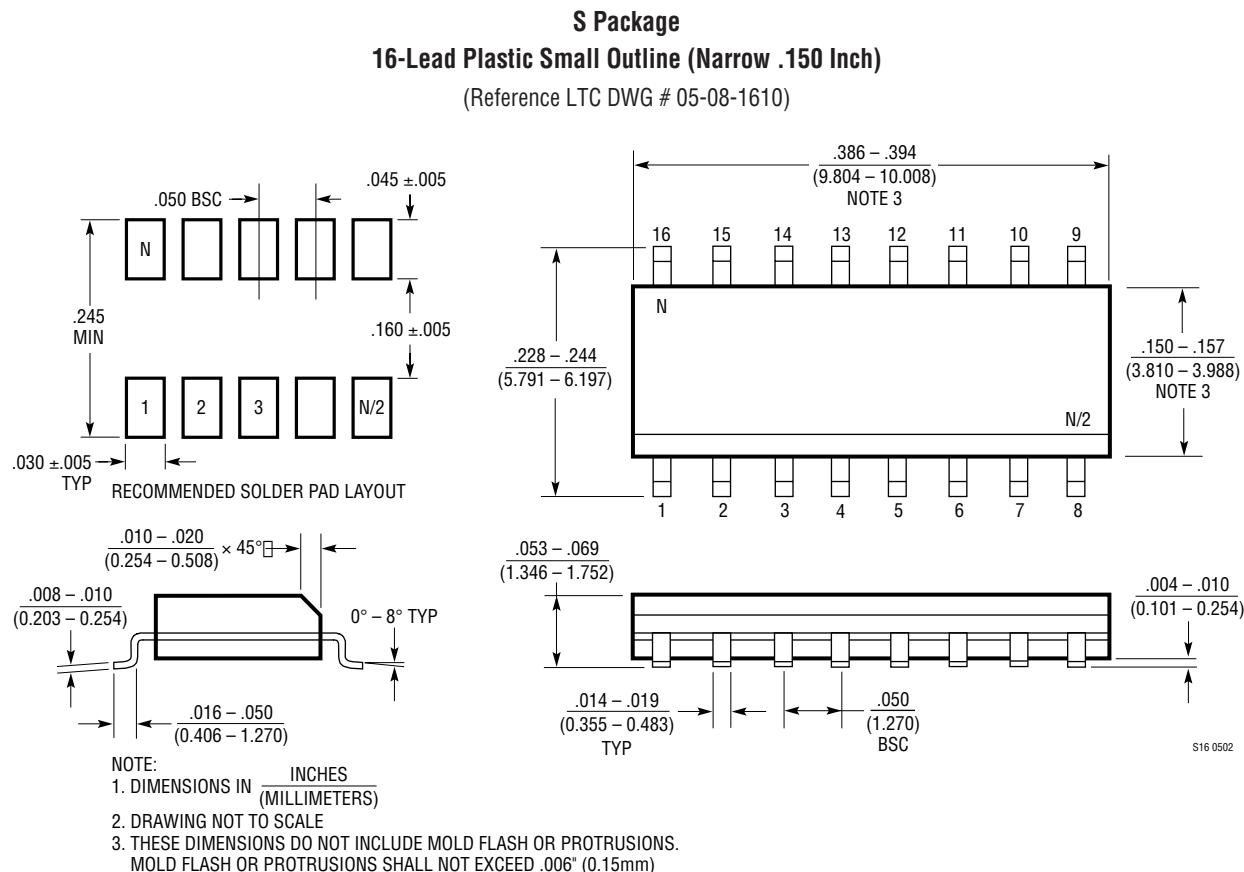


NOTE:
 1. DIMENSIONS ARE INCHES
MILLIMETERS

*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
 MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH (0.254mm)

N16 1002

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1780/LT1781	5V, 2 Driver, 2 Receiver RS232 Transeivers	±15kV ESD per IEC 1000-4
LTC1382	5V, 2 Driver, 2 Receiver RS232 Transceiver	220µA Supply Current, 0.2µA in Shutdown
LTC1384	5V, 2 Driver, 2 Receiver RS232 Transceiver	220µA Supply Current, 2 Receivers Active in Shutdown
LTC1385	3.3V, 2 Driver, 2 Receiver RS562 Transceiver	220µA Supply Current, 2 Receivers Active in Shutdown
LTC1386	3.3V, 2 Driver, 2 Receiver RS562 Transceiver	220µA Supply Current, Narrow 16-pin SO