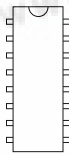


# A6800/A6801

26180.110  
Datasheet

## DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers

A6800SA



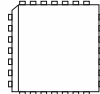
A6800SL



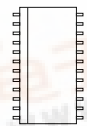
A6801SA



A6801SEP



A6801SLW



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| Output Voltage, $V_{CE}$ .....   | 50 V                     |
| Supply Voltage, $V_{DD}$ .....   | 7 V                      |
| Input Voltage Range, $V_{IN}$ .....  | -0.3 V to $V_{DD}+0.3$ V |
| Continuous Collector Current, $I_C$ .....  | 600 mA                   |
| Package Power Dissipation, $P_D$ , see Allowable Power Dissipation chart, page 5 |                          |
| Operating Temperature Range  |                          |
| Ambient Temperature, $T_A$ .....   | -20°C to +85°C           |
| Storage Temperature, $T_S$ .....   | -55°C to +150°C          |

Caution: CMOS devices have input-static protection, but are susceptible to damage when exposed to extremely high static-electrical charges.

The A6800 and A6801 latched-input BiMOS ICs merge high-current, high-voltage outputs with CMOS logic. The CMOS input section consists of 4 or 8 data ('D' type) latches with associated common CLEAR, STROBE, and OUTPUT ENABLE circuitry. The power outputs are bipolar NPN Darlington. This merged technology provides versatile, flexible interface. These BiMOS power interface ICs greatly benefit the simplification of computer or microprocessor I/O. The A6800 ICs each contain four latched drivers. A6801 ICs contain eight latched drivers.

The CMOS inputs are compatible with standard CMOS circuits. TTL circuits may mandate the addition of input pull-up resistors. The bipolar Darlington outputs are suitable for directly driving many peripheral/ power loads: relays, lamps, solenoids, small dc motors, etc.

All devices have open-collector outputs and integral diodes for inductive load transient suppression. The output transistors are capable of sinking 600 mA and will withstand at least 50 V in the OFF state. Because of limitations on package power dissipation, the simultaneous operation of all drivers at maximum rated current can only be accomplished by a reduction in duty cycle. Outputs may be paralleled for higher load current capability.

The A6800SA is furnished in a standard 14-pin DIP; the A6800SL and A6801SLW in surface-mountable SOICs; the A6801SA in a 22-pin DIP with 0.400" (10.16 mm) row centers; the A6801SEP in a 28-lead PLCC. These devices are lead (Pb) free, with 100% matte tin plated leadframes.

### FEATURES

- 3.3 V to 5 V logic supply range
- To 10 MHz data input rate
- High-voltage, high-current outputs
- Darlington current-sink outputs, with improved low-saturation voltages
- CMOS, TTL compatible inputs
- Output transient protection
- Internal pull-down resistors
- Low-power CMOS latches

### APPLICATIONS

- Relays
- Lamps
- Solenoids
- Small dc motors

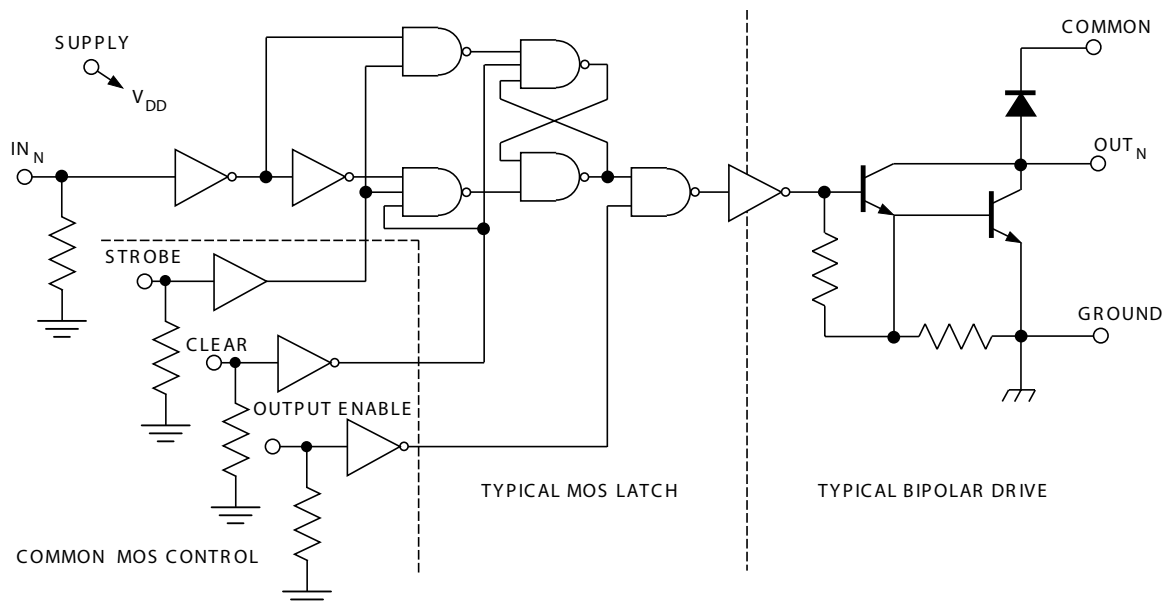
Use the following complete part numbers when ordering:

| Part Number | Pins | Package |
|-------------|------|---------|
| A6800SA-T   | 14   | DIP     |
| A6800SL-T   | 14   | SOIC    |
| A6801SA-T   | 22   | DIP     |
| A6801SEP-T  | 28   | PLCC    |
| A6801SLW-T  | 24   | SOIC    |

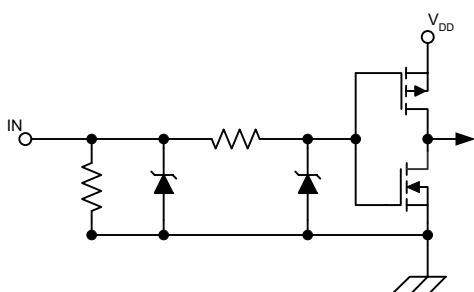


# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

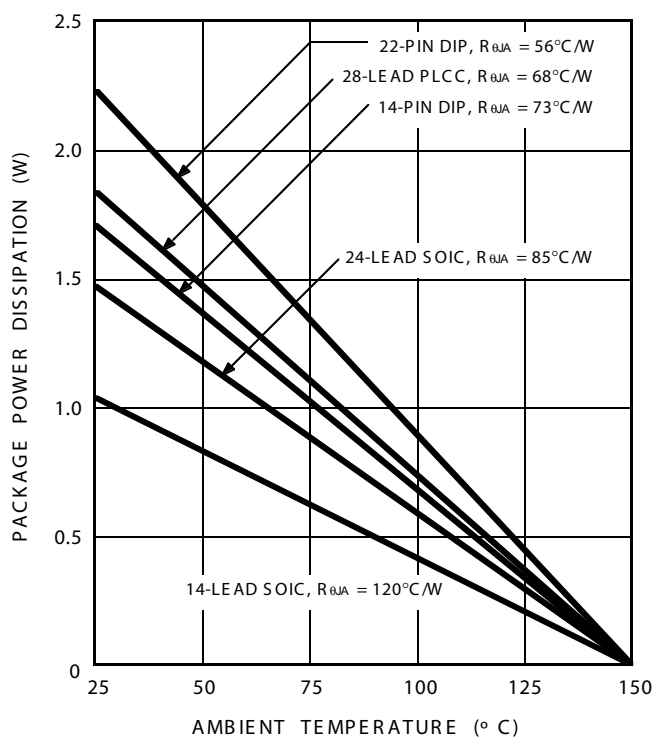
Functional Block Diagram



Typical Input Circuit



Allowable Power Dissipation



# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**<sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise noted:  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , logic supply operating voltage  $V_{dd} = 3.0\text{V to } 5.5\text{V}$

| Characteristic                       | Symbol        | Test Conditions  | $V_{dd} = 3.3\text{V}$ |      |      | $V_{dd} = 5\text{V}$ |      |      | Units            |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|------|------|----------------------|------|------|------------------|
|                                      |               |  | Min.                   | Typ. | Max. | Min.                 | Typ. | Max. |                  |
| Output Leakage Current               | $I_{CEX}$     | $V_{OUT} = 50\text{V}$   | –                      | –    | 10   | –                    | –    | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$    |
| Output Sustaining Voltage            | $V_{CE(SUS)}$ | $I_{OUT} = 350\text{mA}$ , $L = 3\text{mH}$                        | 35                     | –    | –    | 35                   | –    | –    | V                |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage | $V_{CE(SAT)}$ | $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$   | –                      | 0.8  | 1.0  | –                    | 0.8  | 1.0  | V                |
|                                      |               | $I_{OUT} = 200\text{mA}$   | –                      | 0.9  | 1.1  | –                    | 0.9  | 1.1  | V                |
|                                      |               | $I_{OUT} = 350\text{mA}$ (See note 2)                              | –                      | 1.0  | 1.3  | –                    | 1.0  | 1.3  | V                |
| Input Voltage                        | $V_{IN(1)}$   |  | 2.2                    | –    | –    | 3.3                  | –    | –    | V                |
|                                      | $V_{IN(0)}$   |  | –                      | –    | 1.1  | –                    | –    | 1.7  | V                |
| Input Resistance                     | $R_{IN}$      |  | 50                     | –    | –    | 50                   | –    | –    | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| Logic Supply Current                 | $I_{DD(1)}$   | One output on, $I_{OUT} = 100\text{mA}$                            | –                      | –    | 1.0  | –                    | –    | 1.0  | $\text{mA}$      |
|                                      | $I_{DD(0)}$   | All outputs off  | –                      | 130  | 150  | –                    | 130  | 150  | $\mu\text{A}$    |
| Clamp Diode Leakage Current          | $I_r$         | $V_r = 50\text{V}$   | –                      | –    | 50   | –                    | –    | 50   | $\mu\text{A}$    |
| Clamp Diode Forward Voltage          | $V_f$         | $I_f = 350\text{mA}$   | –                      | –    | 2.0  | –                    | –    | 2.0  | V                |
| Output Fall Time                     | $t_f$         | $V_{CC} = 50\text{V}$ , $R_1 = 500\Omega$ , $C_1 \leq 30\text{pF}$ | –                      | 80   | –    | –                    | 80   | –    | ns               |
| Output Rise Time                     | $t_r$         | $V_{CC} = 50\text{V}$ , $R_1 = 500\Omega$ , $C_1 \leq 30\text{pF}$ | –                      | 100  | –    | –                    | 100  | –    | ns               |

<sup>1</sup> Operation of these devices with standard TTL or DTL may require the use of appropriate pull-up resistors to ensure a minimum logic 1.

<sup>2</sup> Because of limitations on package power dissipation, the simultaneous operation of multiple drivers can only be accomplished by reduction in duty cycle.

Truth Table

| $IN_N$ | STROBE | CLEAR | OUTPUT<br>ENABLE | $OUT_N$ |     |
|--------|--------|-------|------------------|---------|-----|
|        |        |       |                  | t-1     | t   |
| 0      | 1      | 0     | 0                | X       | OFF |
| 1      | 1      | 0     | 0                | X       | ON  |
| X      | X      | 1     | X                | X       | OFF |
| X      | X      | X     | 1                | X       | OFF |
| X      | 0      | 0     | 0                | ON      | ON  |
| X      | 0      | 0     | 0                | OFF     | OFF |

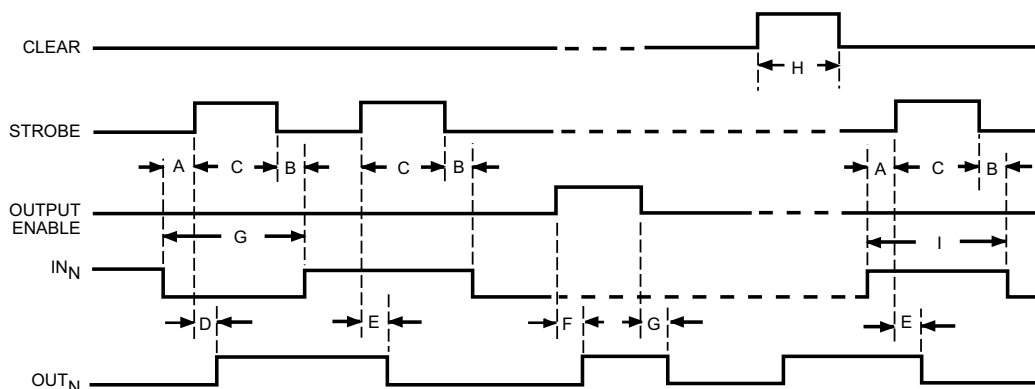
X = irrelevant

t-1 = previous output state

t = present output state

# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

## Timing Requirements and Specifications (Logic Levels are $V_{DD}$ and Ground)



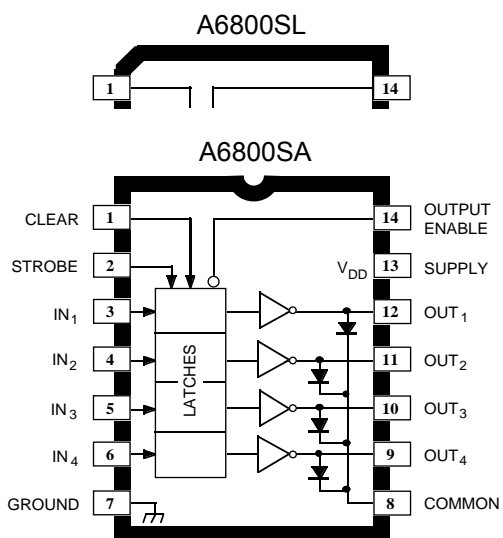
| Key | Description  | Time (ns) |
|-----|--|-----------|
| A   | Minimum data active time before Strobe enabled (Data Set-Up Time)                          | 25        |
| B   | Minimum data active time after Strobe disabled (Data Hold Time)                            | 25        |
| C   | Minimum Strobe pulse width   | 50        |
| D   | Maximum time between Strobe activation and transition from output on to output off*        | 500       |
| E   | Minimum time between Strobe activation and transition from output off to output on*        | 500       |
| F   | Maximum time between Output Enable activation and transition from output on to output off* | 500       |
| G   | Minimum time between Output Enable activation and transition from output off to output on* | 500       |
| H   | Minimum Clear pulse width  | 50        |
| I   | Minimum data pulse width   | 100       |

\*Conditions for output transition testing are:  $V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $R1 = 500\ \Omega$ ,  $C1 \leq 30\text{ pF}$ .

NOTE: Information present at an input is transferred to its latch when the STROBE is high. A high CLEAR input will set all latches to the output off condition regardless of the data or STROBE input levels. A high

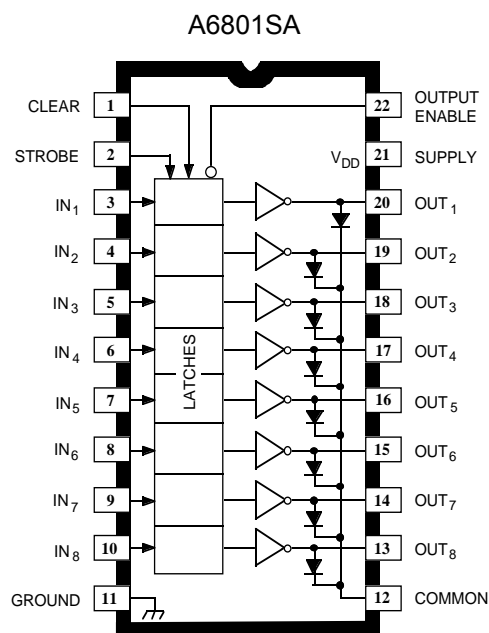
OUTPUT ENABLE will set all outputs to the off condition, regardless of any other input conditions. When the OUTPUT ENABLE is low, the outputs depend on the state of their respective latches.

# **A6800/A6801** *DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers*

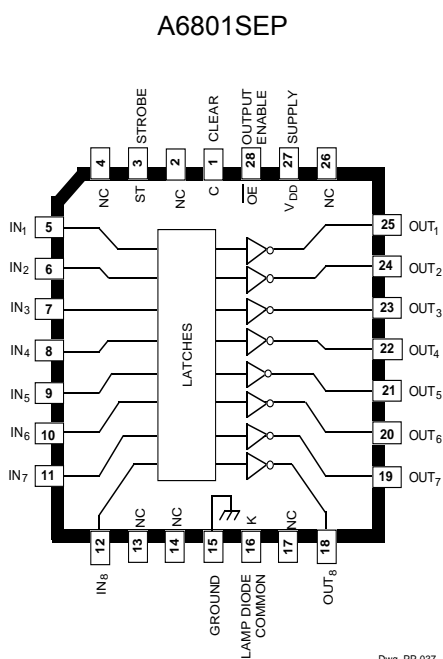


Dwg. PP-014A

Note: The A6800SL (SOIC) and the A6800SA (DIP) are electrically identical and share a common terminal number assignment.

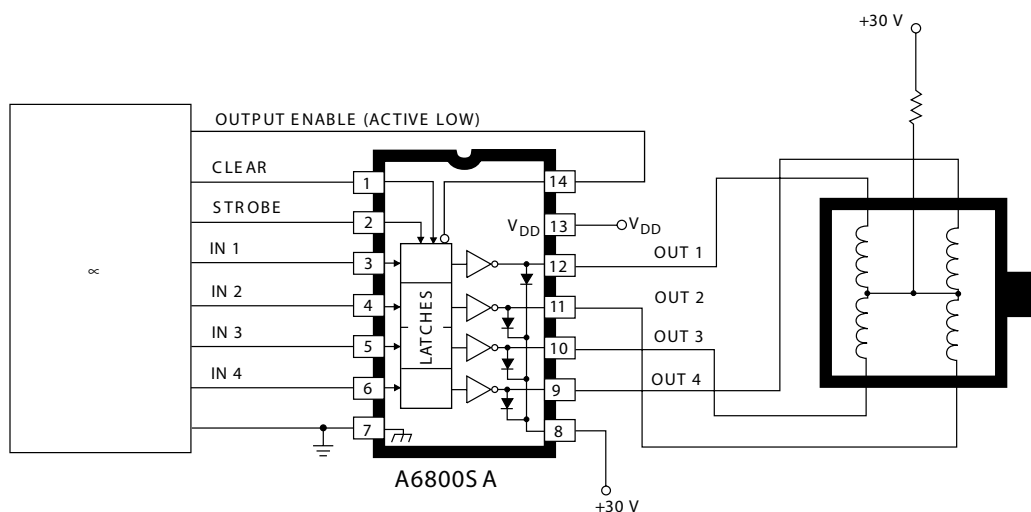


Dwg. PP-015



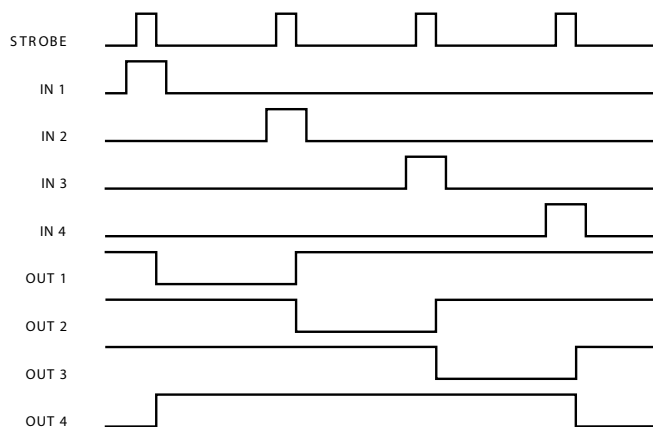
# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION** **UNIPOLAR STEPPER-MOTOR DRIVE**



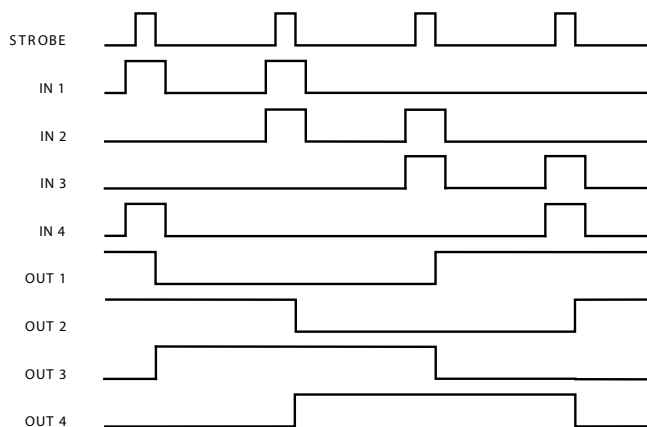
Dwg. No. B-1537

### UNIPOLAR WAVE DRIVE



Dwg. GP-060

### UNIPOLAR 2-PHASE DRIVE

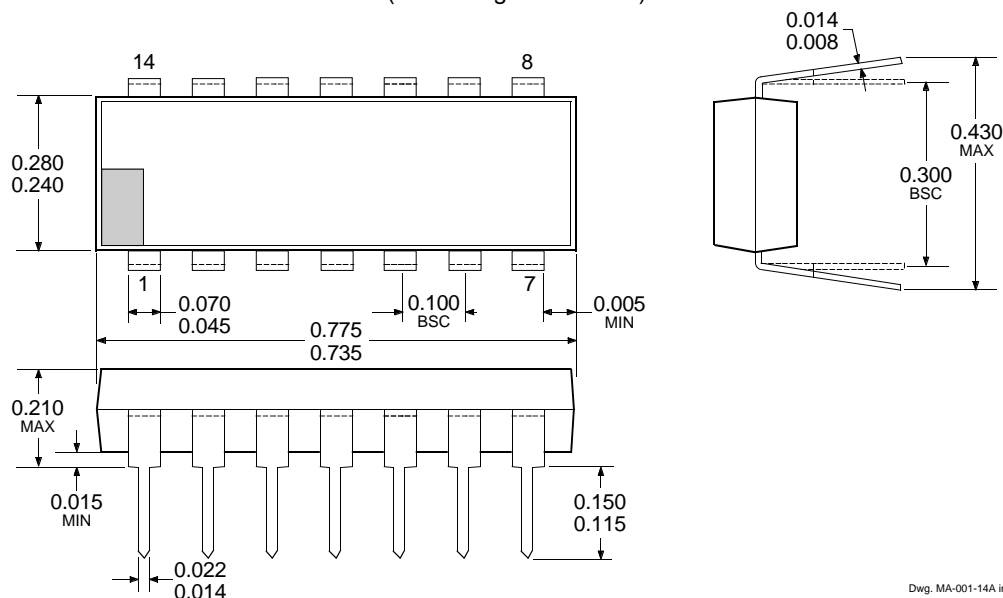


Dwg. GP-060-1

# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

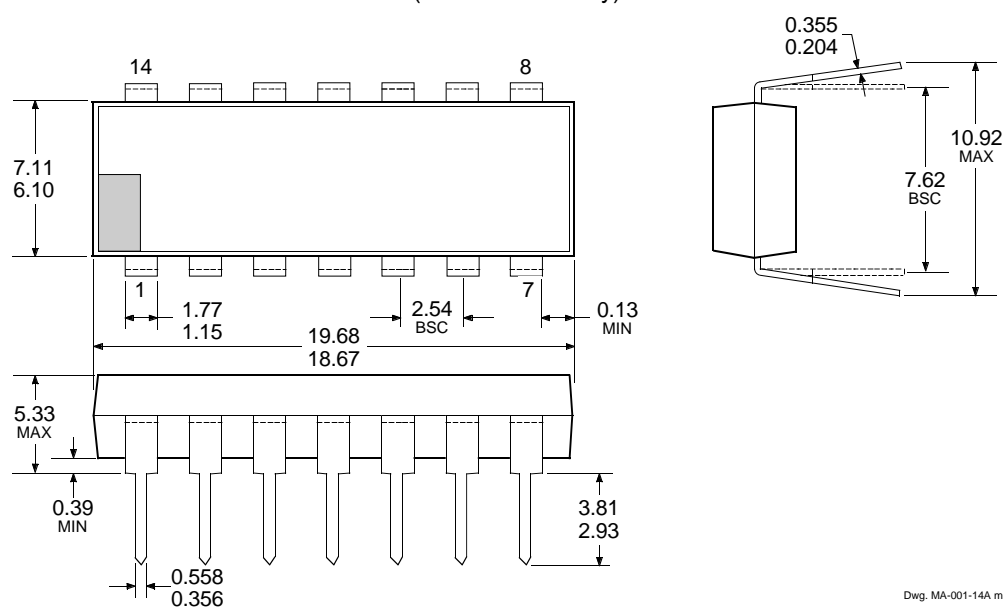
## A6800SA

Dimensions in Inches  
 (controlling dimensions)



Dwg. MA-001-14A in

Dimensions in Millimeters  
 (for reference only)



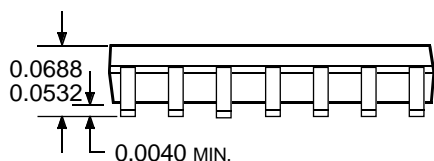
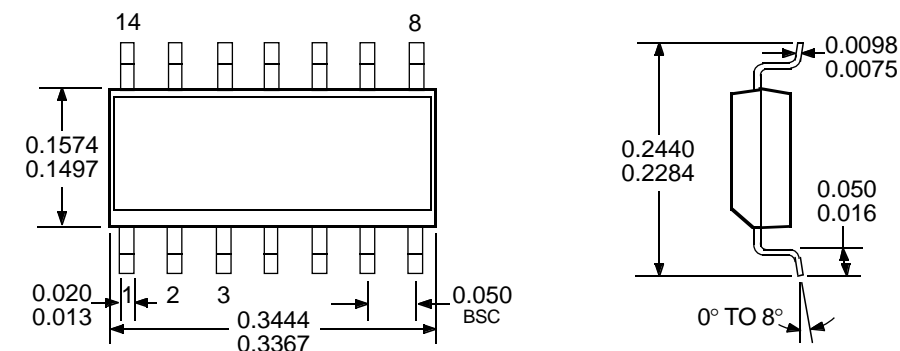
Dwg. MA-001-14A mm

- NOTES:
1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
  2. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.
  3. Lead thickness is measured at seating plane or below.

# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

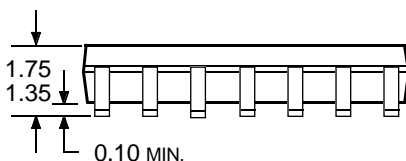
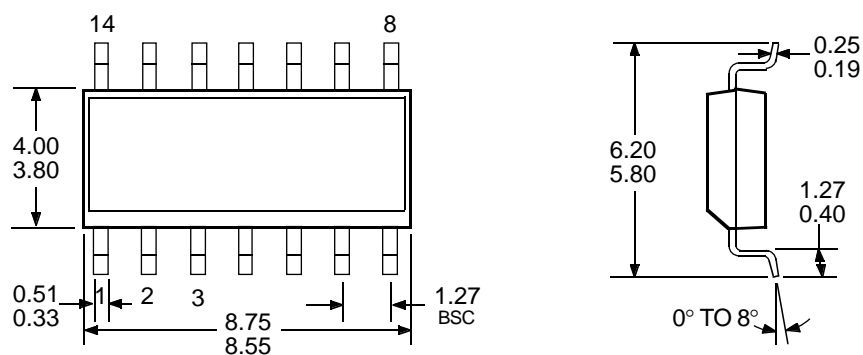
## A6800SL

Dimensions in Inches  
(for reference only)



Dwg. MA-007-14 in

Dimensions in Millimeters  
(controlling dimensions)



Dwg. MA-007-14A mm

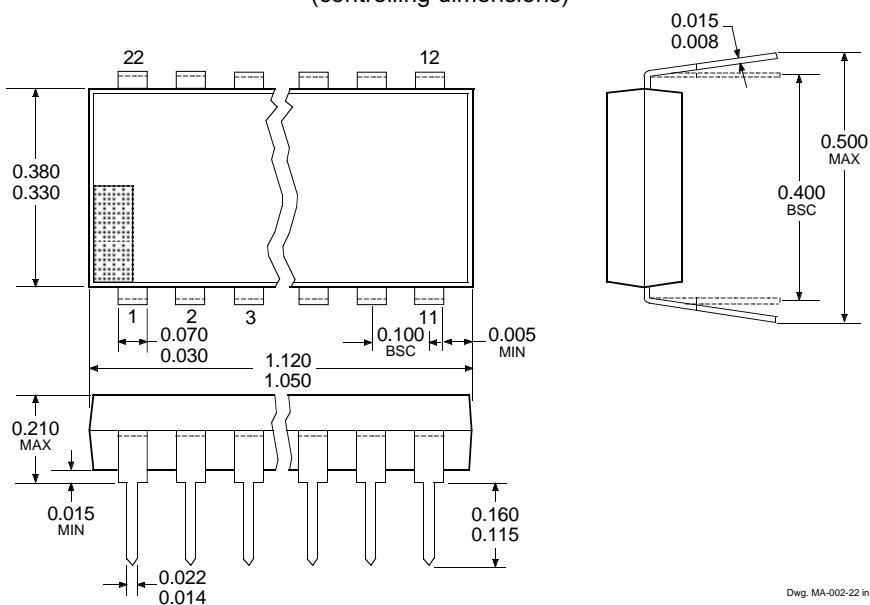
- NOTES: 1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.  
 2. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.



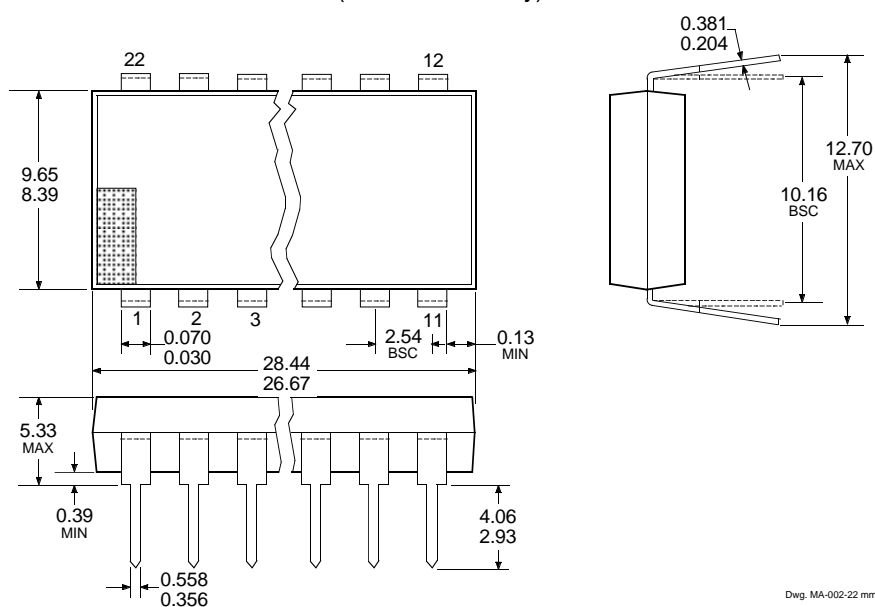
# A6800/A6801 *DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers*

## A6801SA

Dimensions in Inches  
 (controlling dimensions)



Dimensions in Millimeters  
 (for reference only)

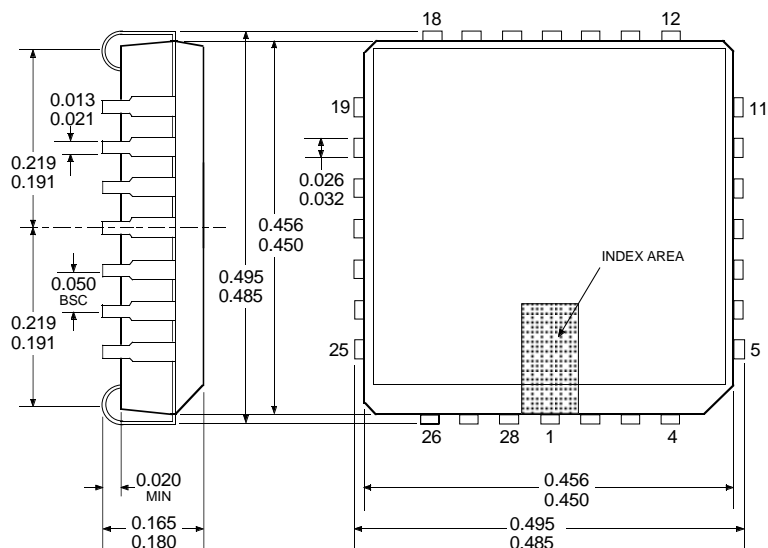


- NOTES: 1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.  
 2. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.  
 3. Lead thickness is measured at seating plane or below.

# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

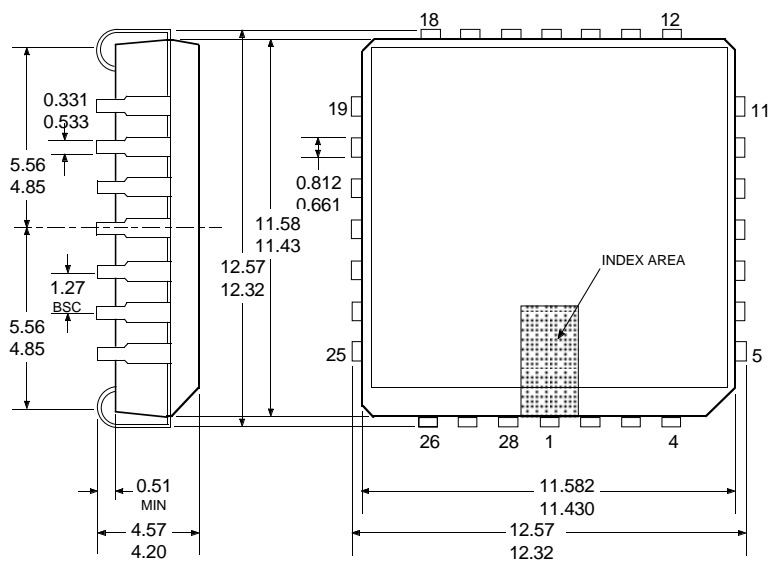
## A6801SEP

Dimensions in Inches  
(controlling dimensions)



Dwg. MA-005-28A in

Dimensions in Millimeters  
(for reference only)



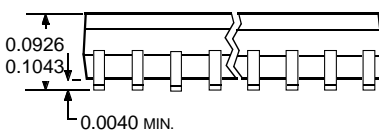
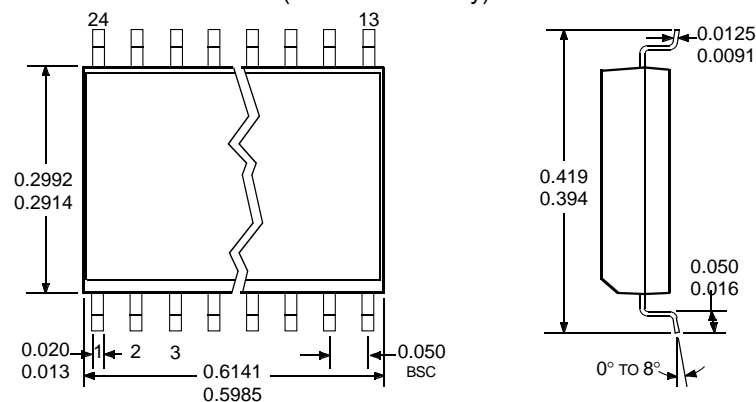
Dwg. MA-005-28A mm

- NOTES:
1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
  2. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.

# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

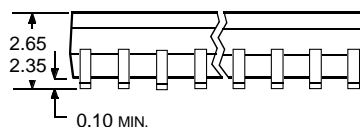
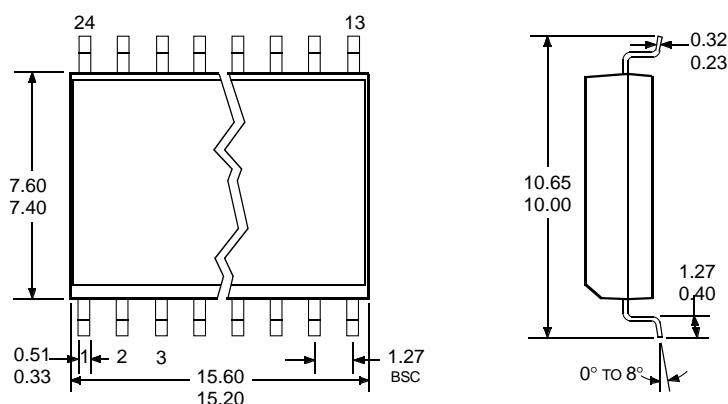
## A6801SLW

Dimensions in Inches  
(for reference only)



Dwg. MA-008-24A in

Dimensions in Millimeters  
(controlling dimensions)



Dwg. MA-008-24A mm

- NOTES: 1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.  
 2. Lead spacing tolerance is non-cumulative.

# **A6800/A6801** ***DABiC-5 Latched Sink Drivers***

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