捷多邦,专业PCB打**SN154LV平245B**\$**SN**74LVT245B 3.3-V ABT OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low Static-Power Dissipation
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V_{CC})
- Support Unregulated Battery Operation Down to 2.7 V
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce)
 <0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- I_{off} and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (DW), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages, Ceramic Chip Carriers (FK), Ceramic Flat (W) Packages, and Ceramic (J) DIPs

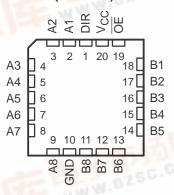
description

These octal bus transceivers are designed specifically for low-voltage (3.3-V) V_{CC} operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

SN54LVT245B . . . J OR W PACKAGE SN74LVT245B . . . DB, DW, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



SN54LVT245B . . . FK PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



These devices are designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. They transmit data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable (OE) input can be used to disable the devices so the buses are effectively isolated.

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

These devices are fully specified for hot-insertion applications using I_{off} and power-up 3-state. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

The SN54LVT245B is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74LVT245B is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

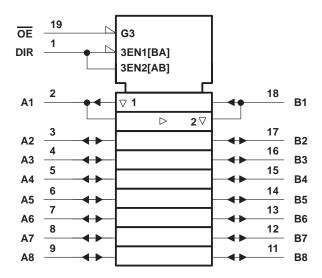


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FUNCTION TABLE

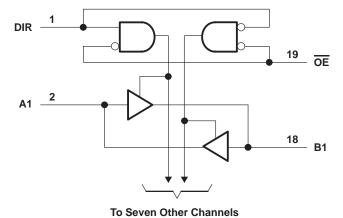
INP	UTS	OPERATION					
OE	DIR	OPERATION					
L	L	B data to A bus					
L	Н	A data to B bus					
Н	Χ	Isolation					

logic symbol†



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, V _O (see Note 1)	0.5.V to 7.V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V _O (see Note 1)	
Current into any output in the low state, IO: SN54LVT245B	96 mA
SN74LVT245B	
Current into any output in the high state, IO (see Note 2): SN54LVT245B	48 mA
SN74LVT245B	64 mA
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): DB package	70°C/W
DW package	58°C/W
PW package	83°C/W
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	–65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

- 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_O > V_{CC}$.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		SN54LV	T245B	SN74LV	UNIT		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage	2.7	3.6	2.7	3.6	V	
VIH	High-level input voltage	2	7	2		V	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0.8		0.8	V	
VI	Input voltage	4	5.5		5.5	V	
loн	High-level output current					-32	mA
loL	Low-level output current	2	48		64	mA	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	30%	10		10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV _{CC}	Power-up ramp rate		200		200		μs/V
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-55	125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		SN:	54LVT24	5B	SN	UNIT				
		TEST CONDITIONS			TYP†	MAX	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT		
VIK		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}, \qquad I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.2			-1.2	V		
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	V _{CC} -0	.2		V _{CC} -0	.2				
VOH		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.4			2.4			V		
		VCC = 3 V	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	2						V		
			$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$				2					
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$			0.2			0.2			
		VCC = 2.7 V	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$			0.5			0.5			
VOL			$I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$			0.4			0.4	V		
VOL		V _{CC} = 3 V	$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$			0.5			ľ			
		VCC = 3 V	$I_{OL} = 48 \text{ mA}$		0.55							
			$I_{OL} = 64 \text{ mA}$			2			0.55	i5		
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		±				±1			
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$	V _I = 5.5 V		Q.	10			10			
Ц		V _{CC} = 3.6 V	V _I = 5.5 V		20				20	μΑ		
	A or B ports‡		$V_I = V_{CC}$	1				1				
			V _I = 0	C	5	- 5			– 5			
l _{off}		$V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 V	Q					±100	μΑ		
lozh		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	V _O = 3 V			5			5	μΑ		
lozL		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_0 = 0.5 V$			-5			– 5	μΑ		
lozpu	$\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.5 \text{ V to } 3 \text{ V},$ $\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = \text{don't care}$		0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μΑ		
IOZPD $\frac{\text{V}_{CC} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0, \text{ V}_{O} = 0.5}{\text{OE} = \text{don't care}}$		0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μА			
Icc		V _{CC} = 3.6 V,	Outputs high			0.19			0.19			
		$I_{O} = 0$,	Outputs low	5		5			mA			
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled			0.19			0.19			
ΔICC§		$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$, One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND				0.2			0.2	mA		
C _i		V _I = 3 V or 0			4			4		pF		
C _{io}		V _O = 3 V or 0			9			9		pF		

^{*} On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C. ‡ Unused terminals are at V_{CC} or GND. § This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL-voltage level rather than V_{CC} or GND.

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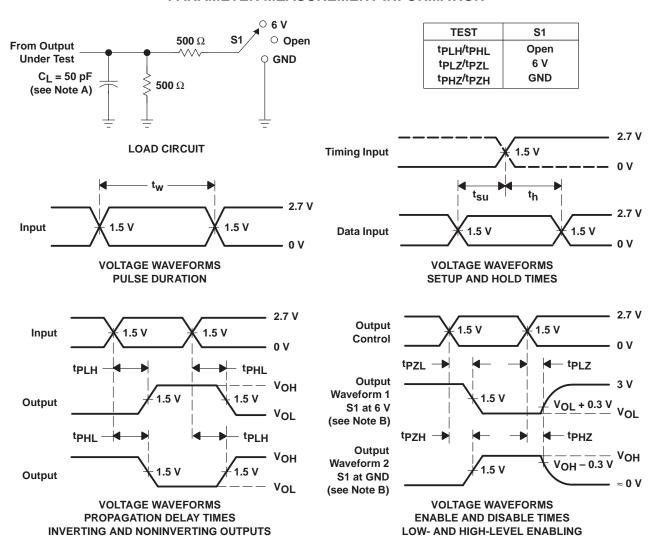
switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

		TO (OUTPUT)	SN54LVT245B			SN74LVT245B						
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			V _{CC} = 2.7 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
^t PLH	A or B	B or A	1.1	3.7	4	4.2	1.2	2.3	3.5		4	ns
^t PHL		AOIB	BULK	1.1	3.7	J.	4.2	1.2	2.1	3.5		4
^t PZH	ŌĒ	A or B	1.2	5.7_	, A	7.4	1.3	3.2	5.5		7.1	ns
tPZL		AOIB	1.6	5.7		6.8	1.7	3.4	5.5		6.5	115
^t PHZ	OE	OF A or B	2.1	6.2		6.8	2.2	3.5	5.9		6.5	ns
tPLZ		OE	OE A OI B	2.1	5.3		5.5	2.2	3.4	5		5.1

 $[\]uparrow$ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_{Ω} = 50 Ω , $t_r \leq$ 2.5 ns, $t_f \leq$ 2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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