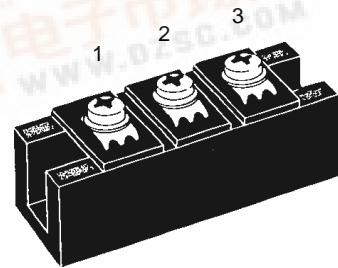
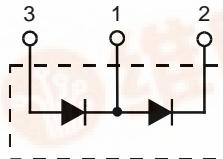




High Power Diode Modules

$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 300 \text{ A}$
 $I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 165 \text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$

V_{RSM}	V_{RRM}	Type
V	V	
900	800	MDD 142-08N1
1300	1200	MDD 142-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 142-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 142-16N1
1900	1800	MDD 142-18N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	300	A	
I_{FAVM}	$T_c = 100^\circ\text{C}$; 180° sine	165	A	
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	4700	A	
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	5000	A	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	4100	A	
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	4300	A	
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$	110 000	A^2s	
	$V_R = 0$	104 000	A^2s	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	84 000	A^2s	
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	77 000	A^2s	
T_{VJ}		-40...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{VJM}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	3000	$\text{V}\sim$	
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	3600	$\text{V}\sim$	
M_d	Mounting torque (M6) Terminal connection torque (M6)	2.25-2.75/20-25 4.5-5.5/40-48	Nm/lb.in.	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	120	g	

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	20	mA
V_F	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3	V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8	V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	1.3	$\text{m}\Omega$
Q_s	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $I_F = 300 \text{ A}$, $-di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	550	μC
I_{RM}		235	A
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.21	K/W
	per module	0.105	K/W
R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current	0.31	K/W
	per module	0.155	K/W
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7	mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6	mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50	m/s^2

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 $\text{V}\sim$
- UL registered, E 72873

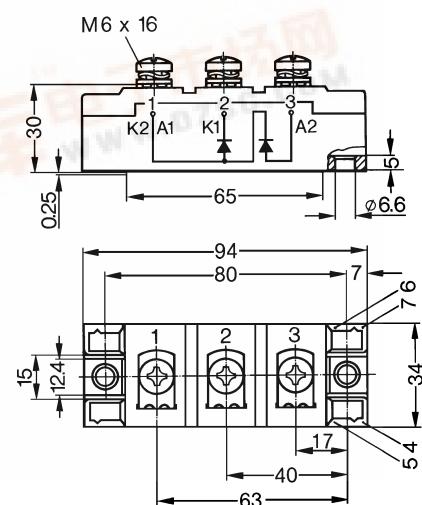
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



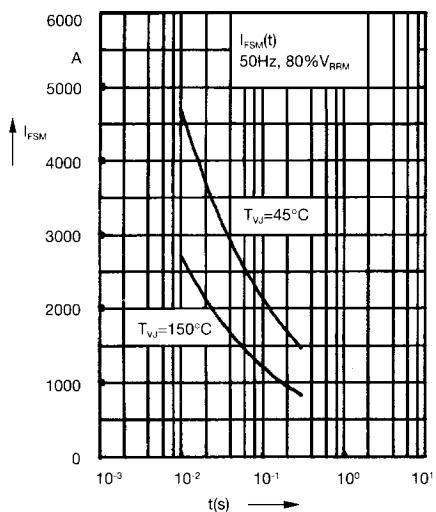


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t: duration

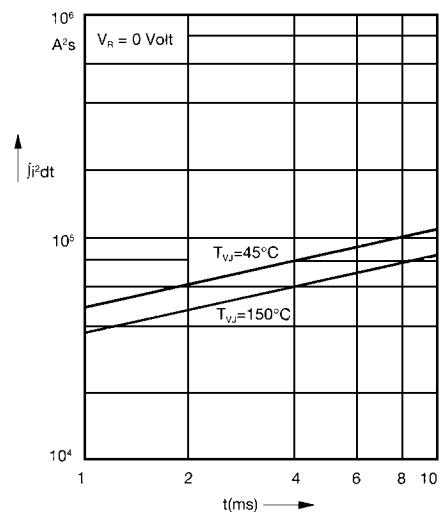


Fig. 2 $\int j^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

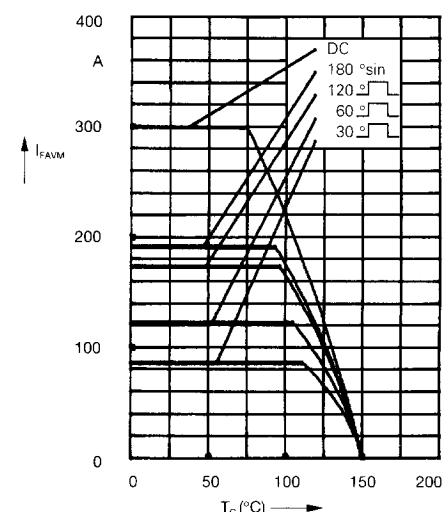


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

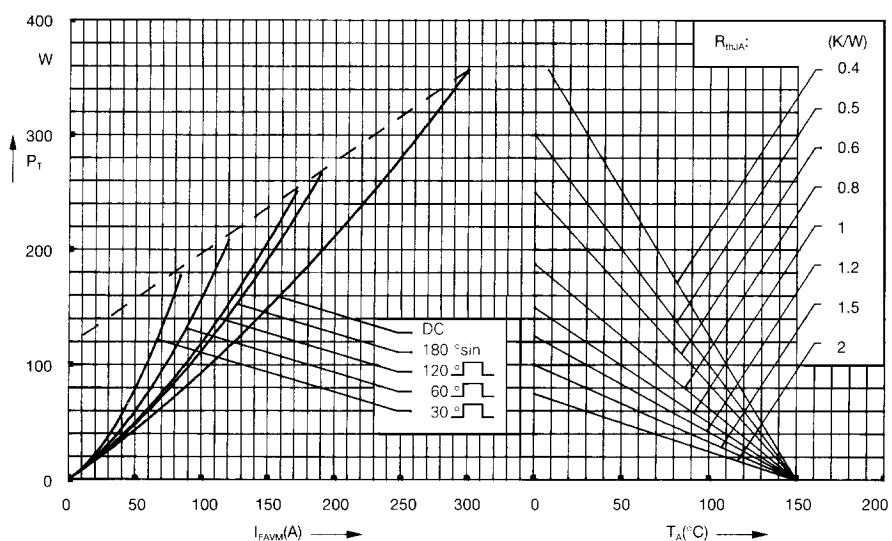


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

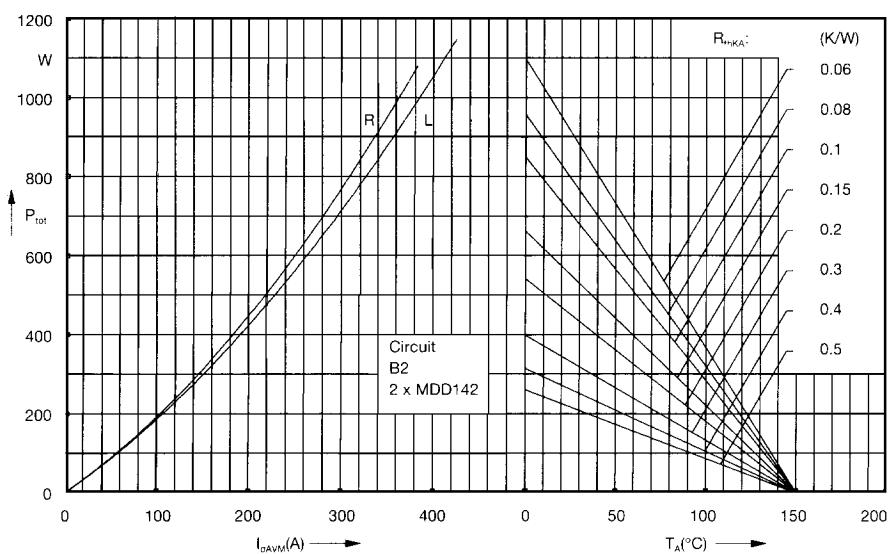


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

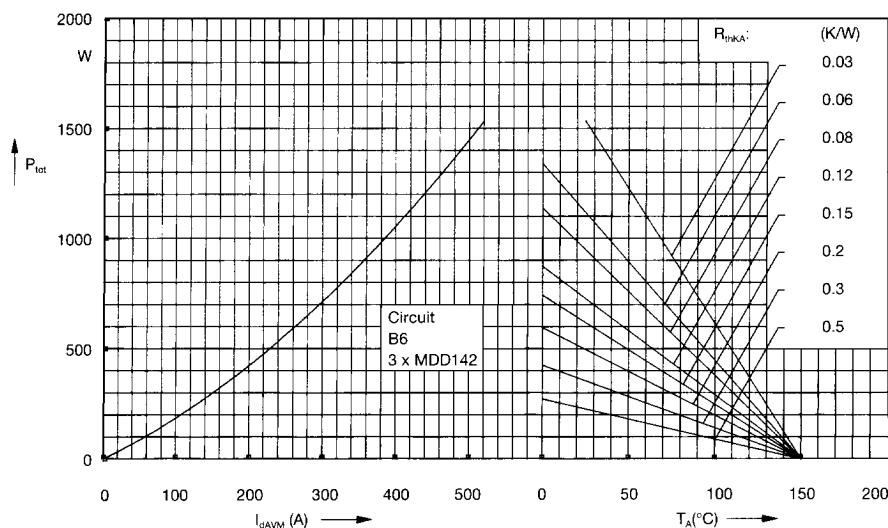


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

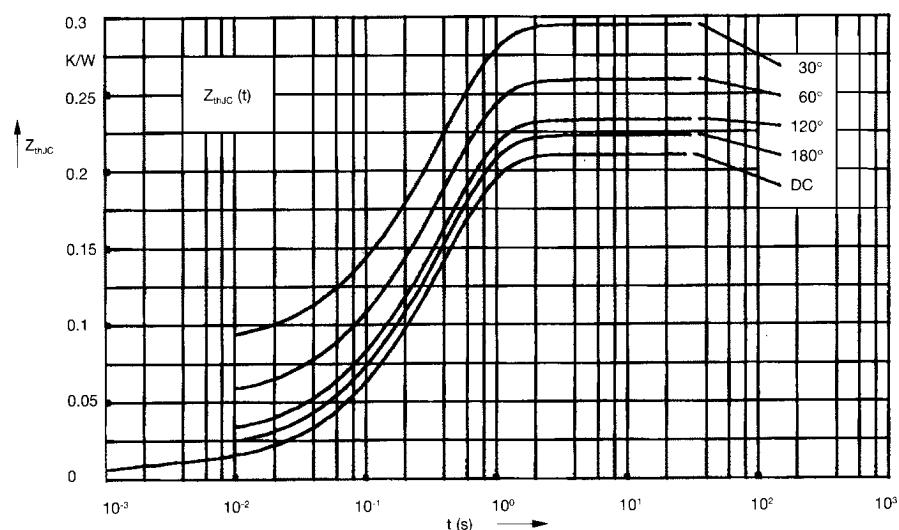


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.210
180°	0.223
120°	0.233
60°	0.260
30°	0.295

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.185	0.4

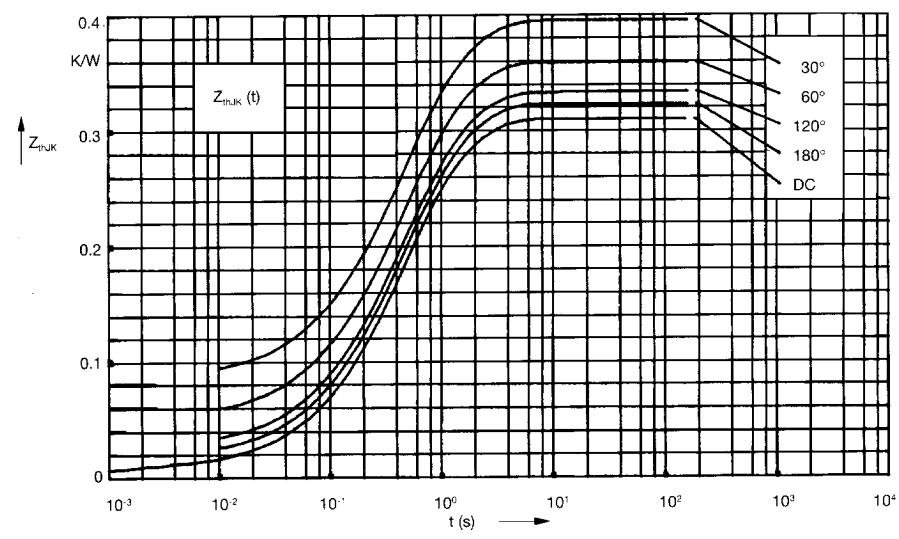


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.31
180°	0.323
120°	0.333
60°	0.360
30°	0.395

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.185	0.4
4	0.1	1.29