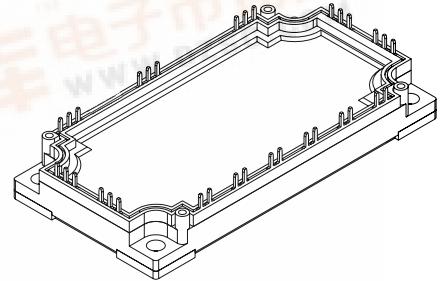
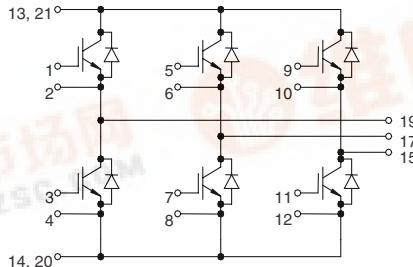




IGBT Modules Sixpack

Short Circuit SOA Capability
Square RBSOA

I_{C25} = 125 A
 V_{CES} = 1200 V
 $V_{CE(sat)\text{ typ.}}$ = 2.2 V



IGBTs

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
V_{CES}	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C	1200	V	
V_{GES}		± 20	V	
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	125	A	
I_{C80}	$T_C = 80^\circ\text{C}$	85	A	
RBSOA	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$; $R_G = 15 \Omega$; $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ Clamped inductive load; $L = 100 \mu\text{H}$	$I_{CM} = 150$ $V_{CEK} \leq V_{CES}$	A	
t_{sc} (SCSOA)	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$; $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$; $R_G = 15 \Omega$; $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ non-repetitive	10	μs	
P_{tot}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	500	W	

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values			
		($T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)	min.	typ.	max.
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 75 \text{ A}$; $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		2.2 2.5	2.6 V	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$; $V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	4.5		6.5	V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$; $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		3	5	mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			400	nA
$t_{d(on)}$ t_r $t_{d(off)}$ t_f E_{on} E_{off}	$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Inductive load, } T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}; I_C = 75 \text{ A} \\ V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}; R_G = 15 \Omega \end{array} \right\}$		100		ns
			50		ns
			650		ns
			50		ns
			12.1		mJ
			10.5		mJ
C_{ies} Q_{Gon}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$; $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$; $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$; $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$; $I_C = 75 \text{ A}$		5.5 350		nF nC
R_{thJC}	(per IGBT)		0.25		K/W

Features

- NPT IGBT technology
- low saturation voltage
- low switching losses
- switching frequency up to 30 kHz
- square RBSOA, no latch up
- high short circuit capability
- positive temperature coefficient for easy parallelling
- MOS input, voltage controlled
- ultra fast free wheeling diodes
- solderable pins for PCB mounting
- package with copper base plate

Advantages

- space savings
- reduced protection circuits
- package designed for wave soldering

Typical Applications

- AC motor control
- AC servo and robot drives
- power supplies

Diodes

Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
I_{F25}	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	150	A
I_{F80}	$T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	100	A

Symbol Conditions

		min.	typ.	max.
V_F	$I_F = 75 \text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		2.2 1.6	2.6 V V
I_{RM} t_{rr}	$I_F = 75 \text{ A}; di_F/dt = -750 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}; T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 600 \text{ V}; V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$		79 220	A ns
R_{thJC}	(per diode)		0.41	K/W

Module

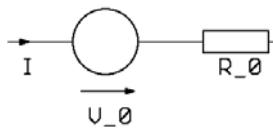
Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
T_{VJ}	operating	-40...+125	°C
T_{JM}		+150	°C
T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
V_{ISOL}	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}; 50/60 \text{ Hz}$	2500	V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)	3 - 6	Nm

Symbol Conditions

		min.	typ.	max.
$R_{\text{pin-chip}}$			1.8	m Ω
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	10		mm
d_A	Strike distance in air	10		mm
R_{thCH}	with heatsink compound		0.01	K/W
Weight			300	g

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

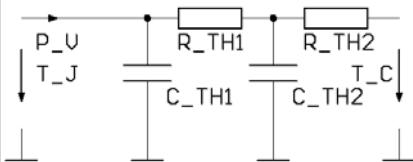
Conduction



IGBT (typ. at $V_{GE} = 15$ V; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)
 $V_o = 1.5$ V; $R_o = 13.5$ mΩ

Free Wheeling Diode (typ. at $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$)
 $V_o = 1.3 \text{ V}; R_o = 4 \text{ m}\Omega$

Thermal Response



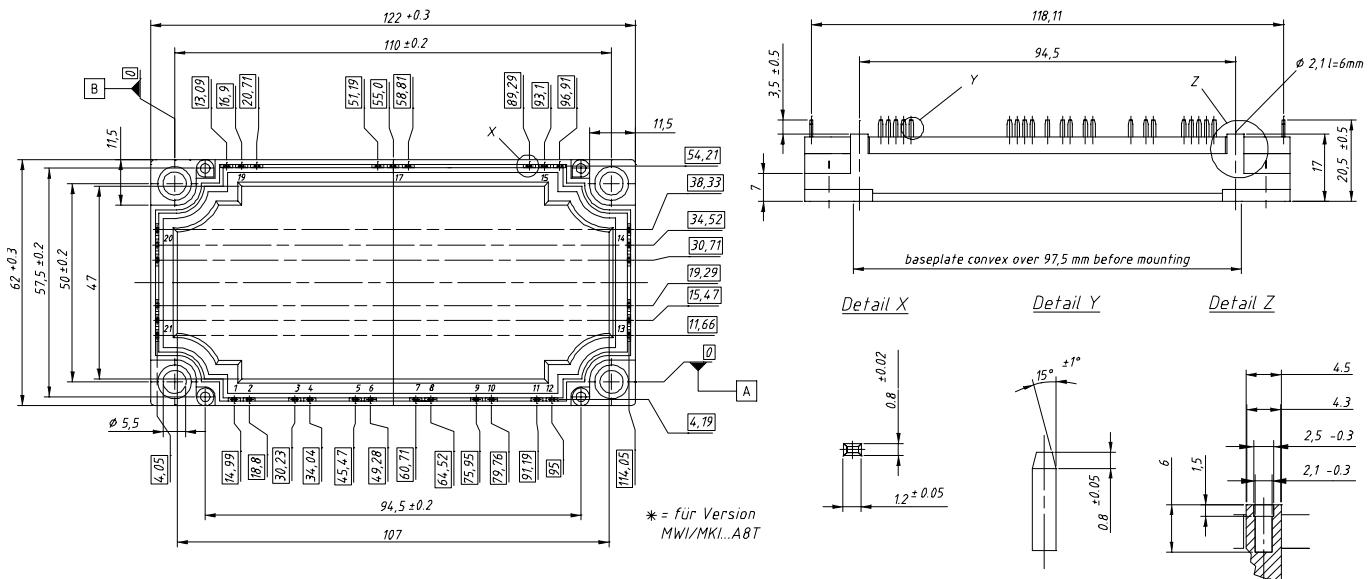
IGBT (typ.)

$$C_{th1} = 0.295 \text{ J/K}; R_{th1} = 0.186 \text{ K/W}$$

Free Wheeling Diode (typ.)

$$C_{th1} = 0.227 \text{ J/K}; R_{th1} = 0.321 \text{ K/W}$$

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

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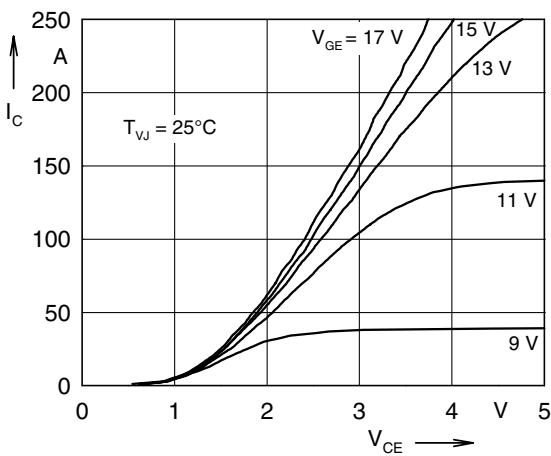


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

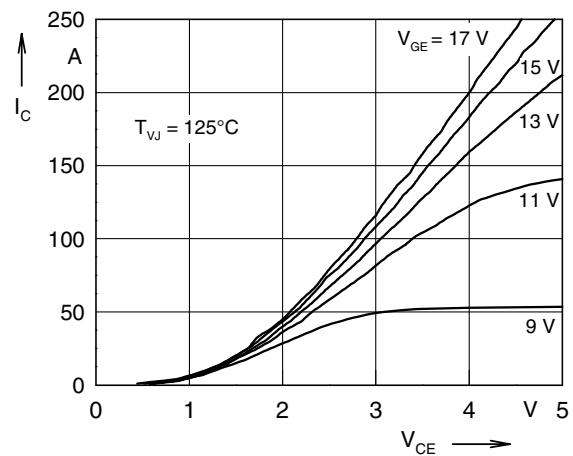


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

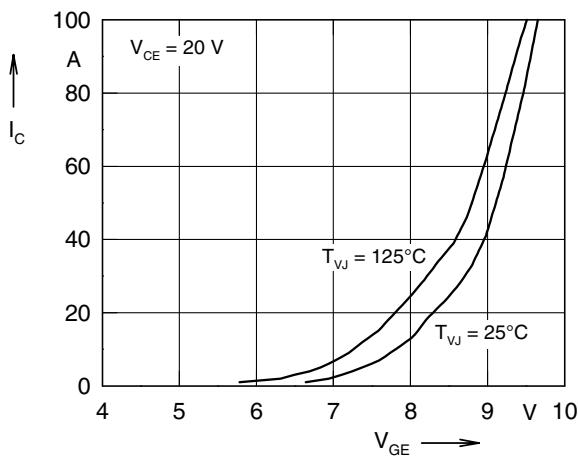


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

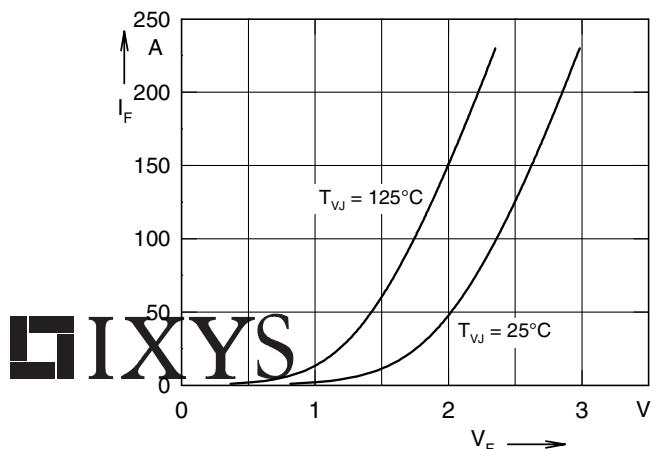


Fig. 4 Typ. forward characteristics of free wheeling diode

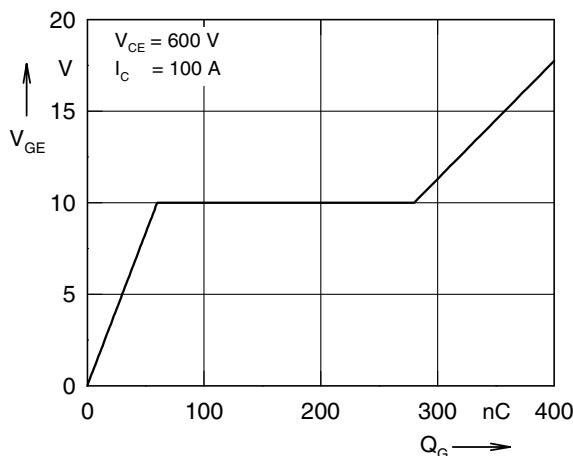


Fig. 5 Typ. turn on gate charge

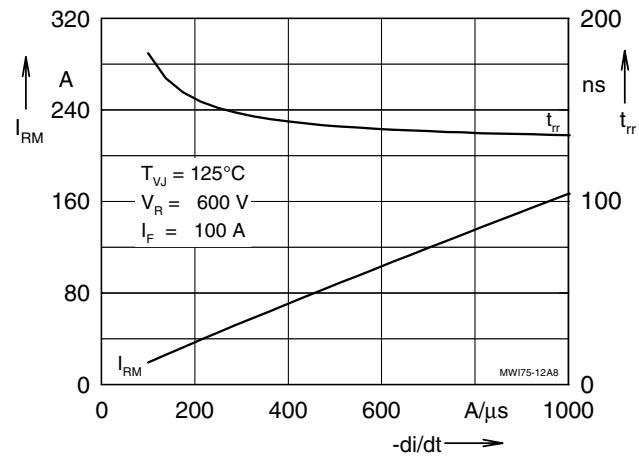


Fig. 6 Typ. turn off characteristics of free wheeling diode

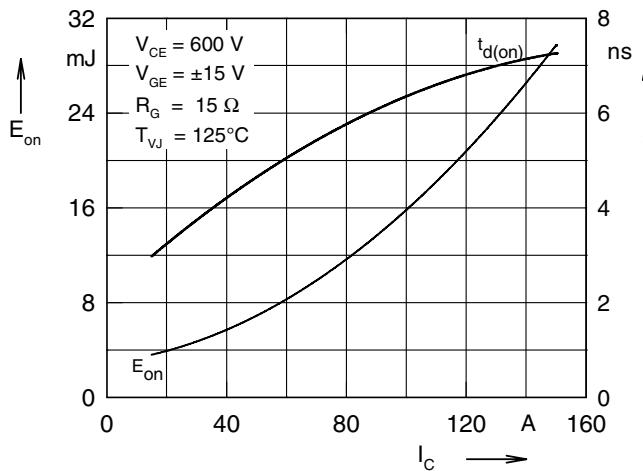


Fig. 7 Typ. turn on energy and switching times versus collector current

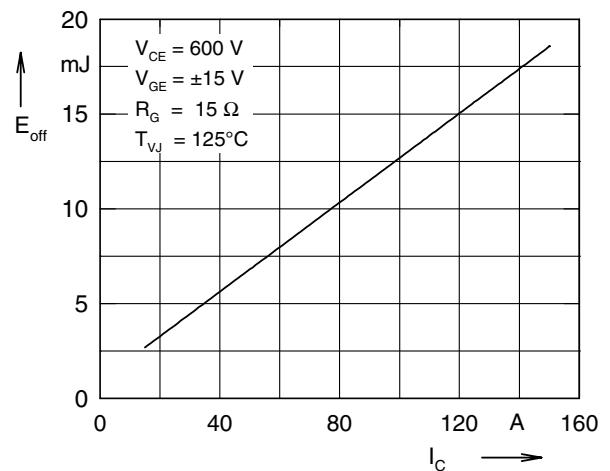


Fig. 8 Typ. turn off energy and switching times versus collector current

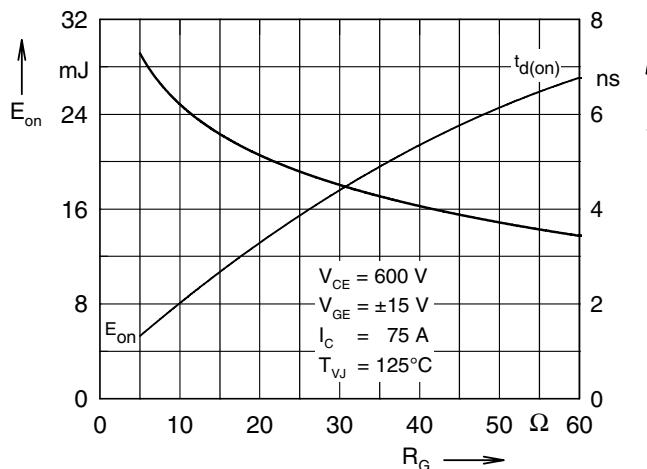


Fig. 9 Typ. turn on energy and switching times versus gate resistor

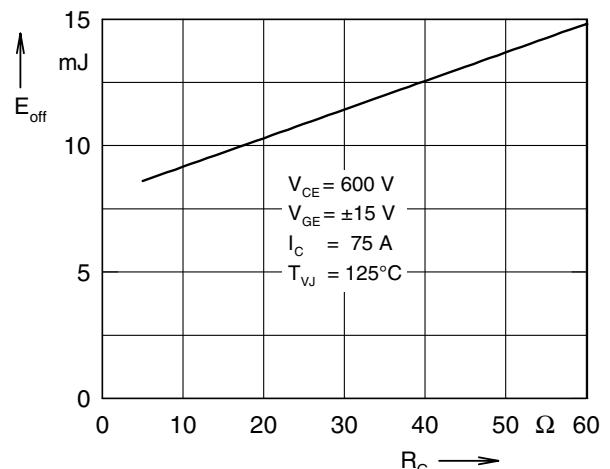


Fig. 10 Typ. turn off energy and switching times versus gate resistor

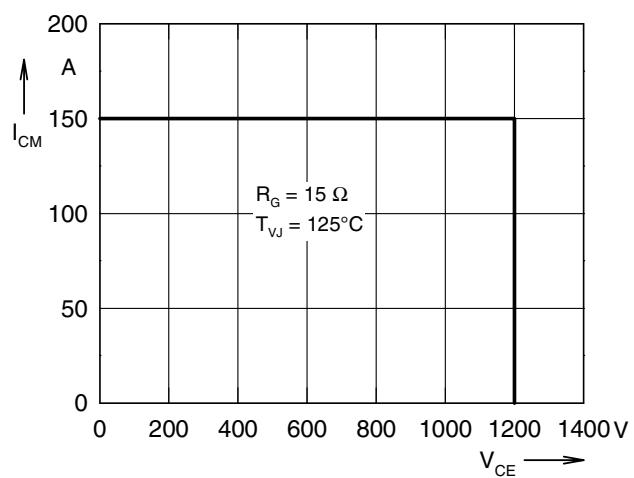


Fig. 11 Reverse biased safe operating area RBSOA

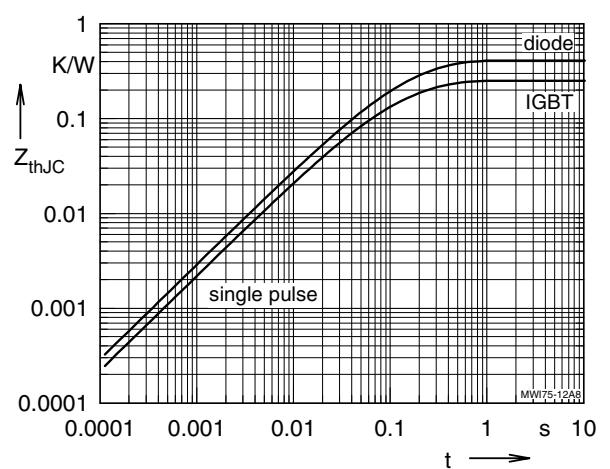


Fig. 12 Typ. transient thermal impedance