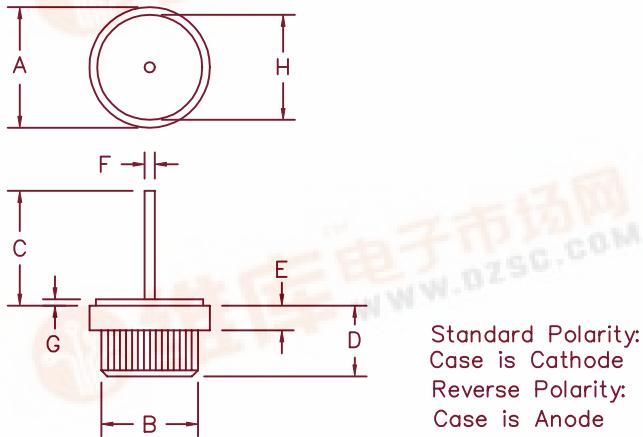


# Silicon Power Rectifier S/R35PF Series



	Dim. Inches		Millimeter		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
A	.590	.630	15.0	16.0	Dia.
B	.499	.510	12.6	13.0	Dia.
C	.600	—	15.2	—	
D	.350	.370	8.90	9.40	
E	.090	.130	2.28	3.30	
F	.045	.053	1.14	1.35	Dia.
G	.030	.035	.762	.900	
H	.500	.510	12.7	13.0	Dia.

DO-21 (DO-208)

Microsemi Catalog Number	JEDEC Number	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	
S3520PF	1N3491, 1N3659 1N3492, 1N3660 1N3493, 1N3661	50V 100V 200V	
S3540PF	1N3494, 1N3662	300V	
S3560PF	1N3495, 1N3663 1N3664 1N3665	400V 500V 600V	
For Reverse Polarity change the "S" prefix of Microsemi part number to "R". Add "R" suffix to the JEDEC part number to specify reverse polarity.			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High Voltage, Low Leakage Current</li> <li>• Glass Passivated Die</li> <li>• Soft Recovery</li> <li>• 400 Amps Surge Rating</li> <li>• <math>V_{RRM}</math> to 600V</li> </ul>			

## Electrical Characteristics

Average Forward Current (standard polarity)	$I_F(AV)$ 35 Amps	$T_C = 133^\circ\text{C}$ , half sine wave, $R_{\theta JC} = 1.0^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Average Forward Current (reverse polarity)	$ I_F(AV)$ 35 Amps	$T_C = 92^\circ\text{C}$ , half sine wave, $R_{\theta JC} = 2.0^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Surge Current	$ I_{FSM}$ 400 Amps	8.3ms, half sine, $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum $I^2t$ For Fusing	$I^2t$ 665 A <sup>2</sup> s	
Max. Peak Forward Voltage	$V_{FM}$ 1.1 Volts	$ I_{FM} = 35\text{A}$ ; $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ *
Max. Peak Reverse Current	$ I_{RM}$ 10 $\mu\text{A}$	$V_{RRM}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Max. Peak Reverse Current	$ I_{RM}$ 2.0 mA	$V_{RRM}$ , $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
Max. Recommended Operating Frequency	10kHz	

\*Pulse test: Pulse width 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ . Duty cycle 2%

## Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Storage temp range	$T_{STG}$	-65°C to 175°C
Operating junction temp range	$T_J$	-65°C to 175°C
Max thermal resistance (standard polarity)	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.0°C/W Junction to case
Max thermal resistance (reverse polarity)	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.0°C/W Junction to case
Typical thermal resistance	$R_{\theta CS}$	0.2°C/W Case to sink
Typical Weight		0.3 ounce (9.0 grams) typical

# S/R35PF

Figure 1  
Typical Forward Characteristics

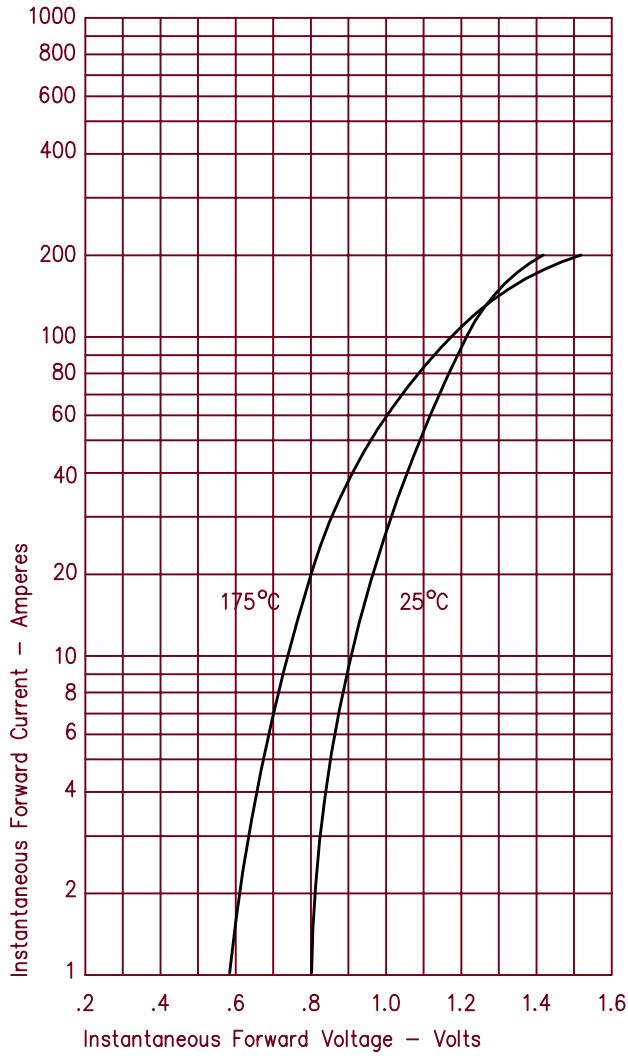


Figure 2  
Typical Reverse Characteristics

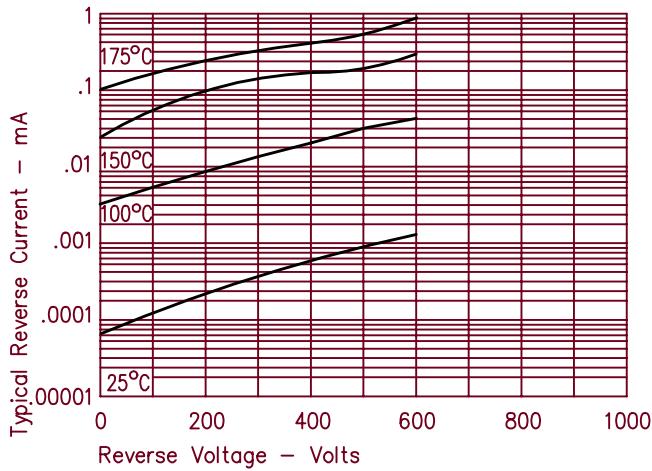


Figure 3  
Forward Current Derating - Standard Polarity

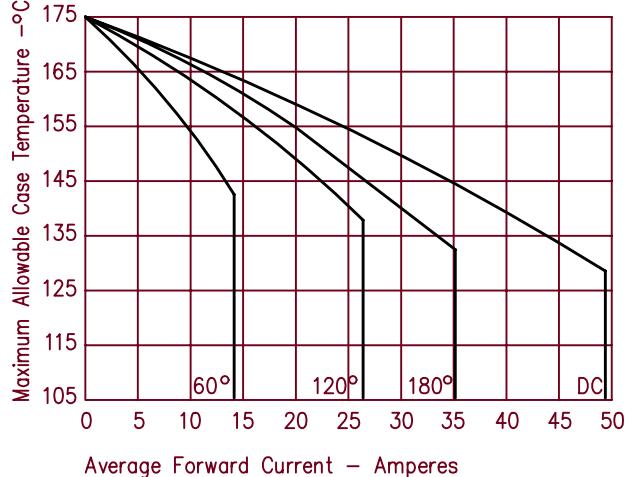


Figure 4  
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation - Standard Polarity

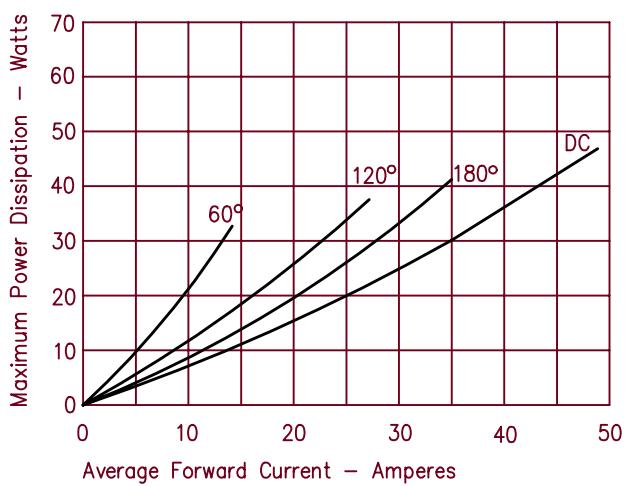
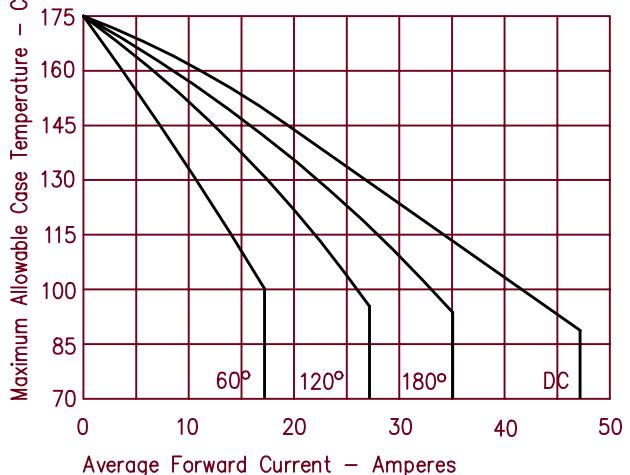


Figure 5  
Forward Current Derating - Reverse Polarity



# S/R35PF

Figure 6  
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation – Reverse Polarity

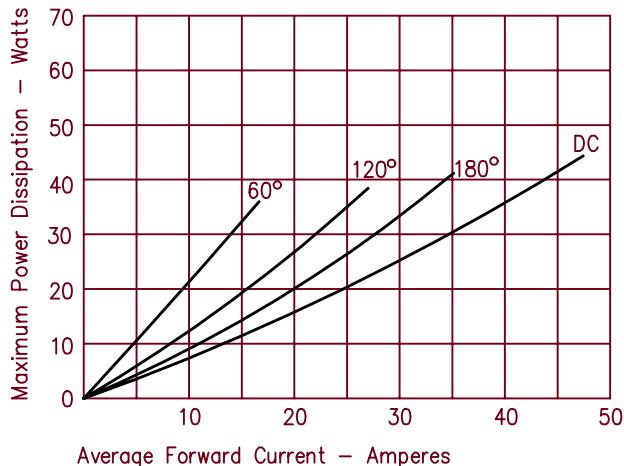


Figure 7  
Transient Thermal Impedance – Standard Polarity

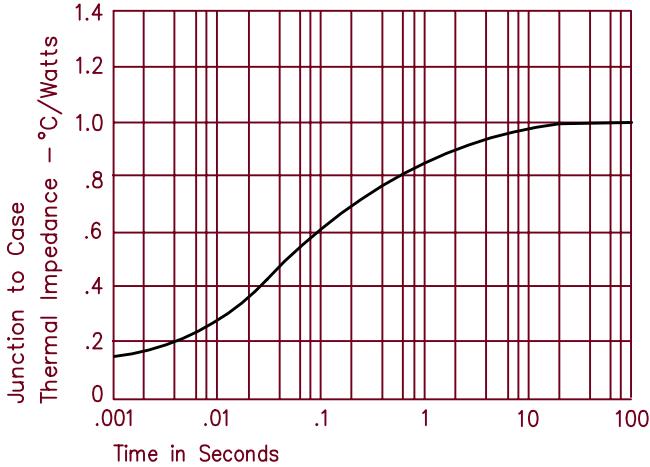


Figure 8  
Transient Thermal Impedance – Reverse Polarity

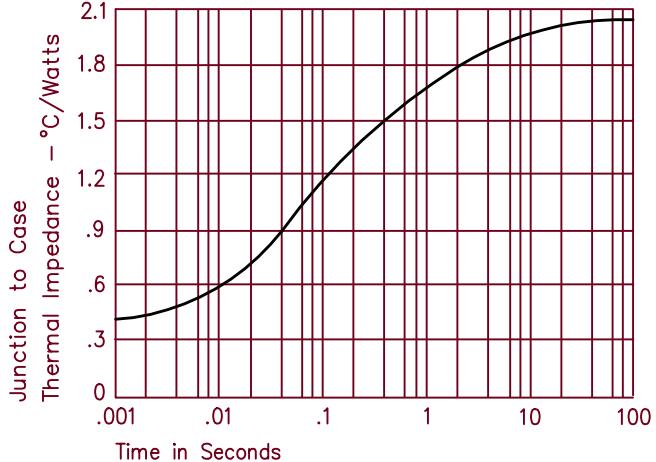
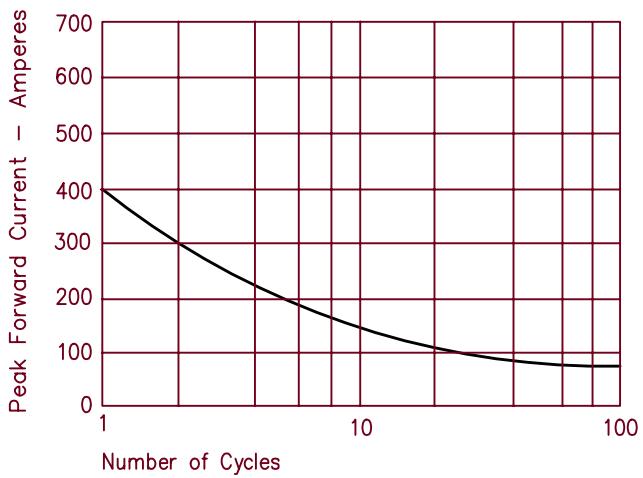


Figure 9  
Maximum Nonrepetitive Surge Current



## HEAT SINK MOUNTING

The hole edge must be chamfered as shown to avoid shearing off the knurl during press-in. Apply press-in force evenly to avoid tilting. Thermal compound is recommended. Recommended heat sink materials are aluminum with a hardness below 65 on Brinell scale or copper with a hardness below 50 on the Rockwell F scale.

