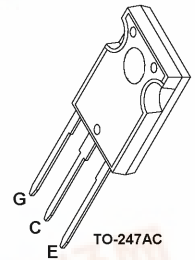
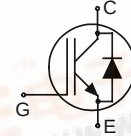




SKW20N60

Fast S-IGBT in NPT-technology with soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode

- 75% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for:
 - Motor controls
 - Inverter
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability
- Very soft, fast recovery anti-parallel EmCon diode



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(sat)}$	T_j	Package	Ordering Code
SKW20N60	600V	20A	2.4V	150°C	TO-247AC	Q67040-S4242

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current	I_C	40	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		20	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		20	
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	80	
Turn off safe operating area	-	80	
$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	I_F	40	
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		20	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		20	
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Fpuls}	80	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time ¹⁾	t_{SC}	10	μ s
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CC} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	179	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j , T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$



Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		0.7	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJCD}		1.3	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}	TO-247AC	40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=20A$ $T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$	1.7 -	2 2.4	2.4 2.9	
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=20A$ $T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$	1.2 -	1.4 1.25	1.8 1.65	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=700\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^{\circ}C$ $T_j=150^{\circ}C$	- -	- -	40 2500	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=20A$	-	14	-	S
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1MHz$	-	1100	1320	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	107	128	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	63	76	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=20A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	100	130	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	TO-247AC	-	13	-	nH
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC}\leq 600V,$ $T_i\leq 150^{\circ}C$	-	200	-	A

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=20\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=16\Omega$, Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	36	46	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	30	36	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	225	270	
Fall time	t_f		-	54	65	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.44	0.53	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.33	0.43	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.77	0.96	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=20\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	300	-	ns
	t_s		-	30	-	
	t_F		-	270	-	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	490	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	5.5	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	180	-	A/ μs

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=20\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_G=16\Omega$	-	36	46	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	30	36	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	250	300	
Fall time	t_f		-	63	76	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.67	0.81	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.49	0.64	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	1.12	1.45	

Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=200\text{V}$, $I_F=20\text{A}$, $di_F/dt=200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	410	-	ns
	t_s		-	45	-	
	t_F		-	365	-	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	1270	-	nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	8.5	-	A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during t_b	di_{rr}/dt		-	200	-	A/ μs

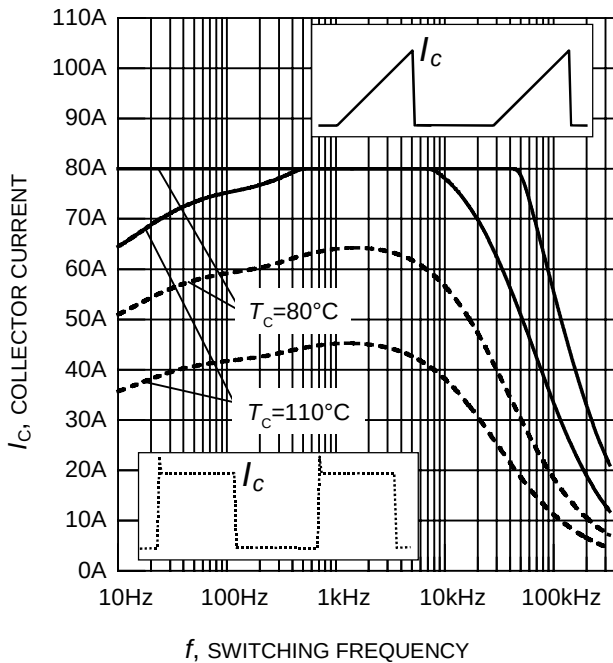


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
 $(T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}, R_G = 16\Omega)$

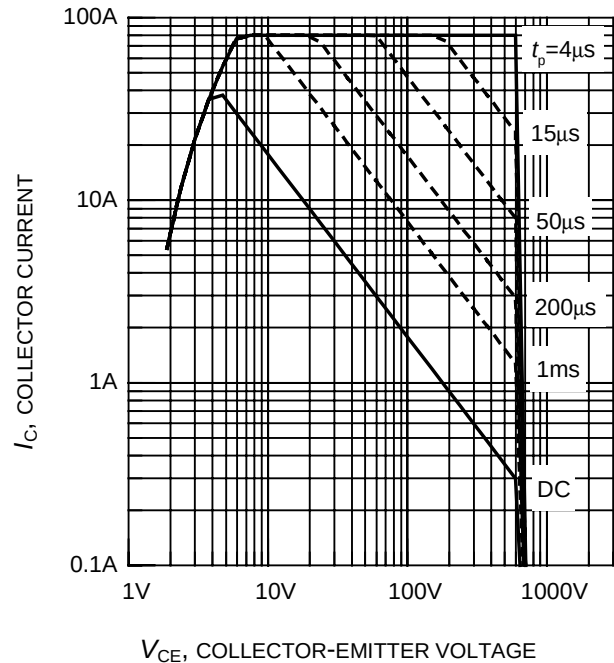


Figure 2. Safe operating area
 $(D = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C})$

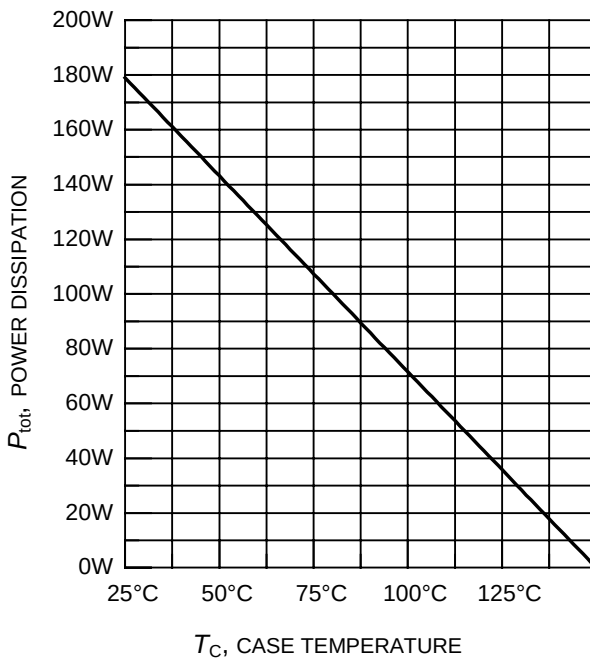


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 $(T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C})$

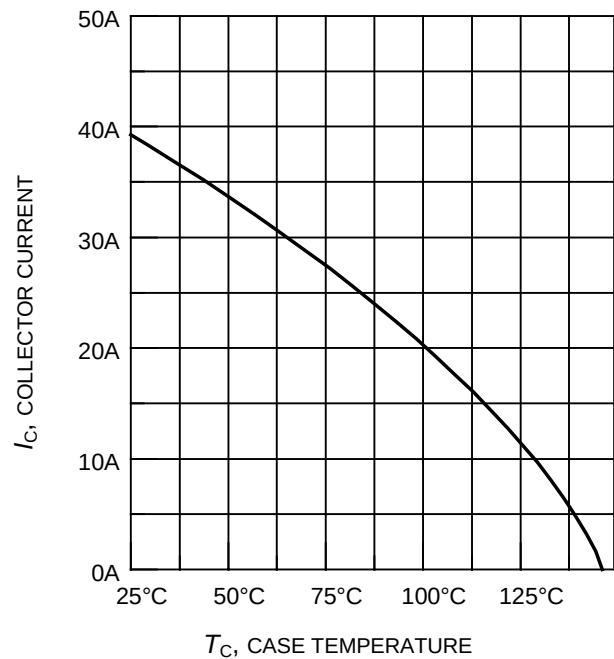


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 $(V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C})$

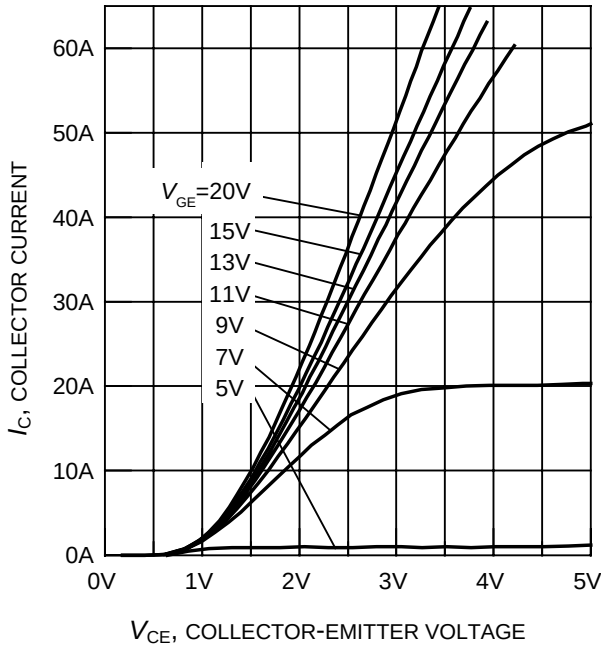


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

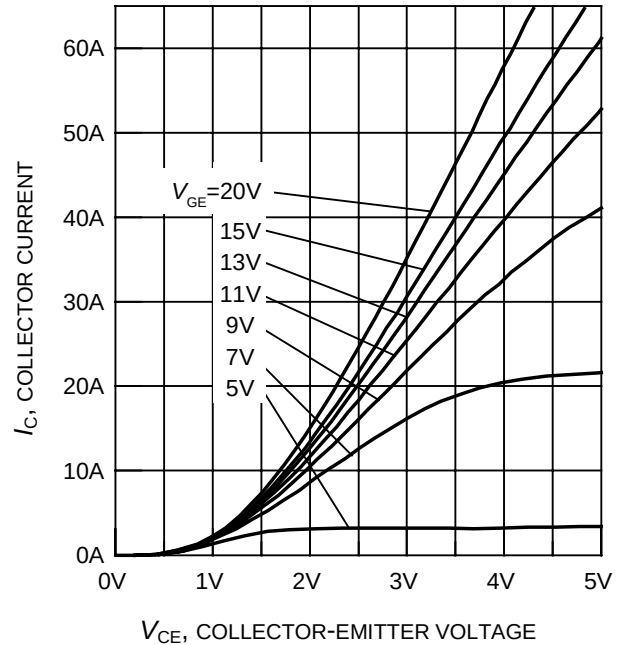


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

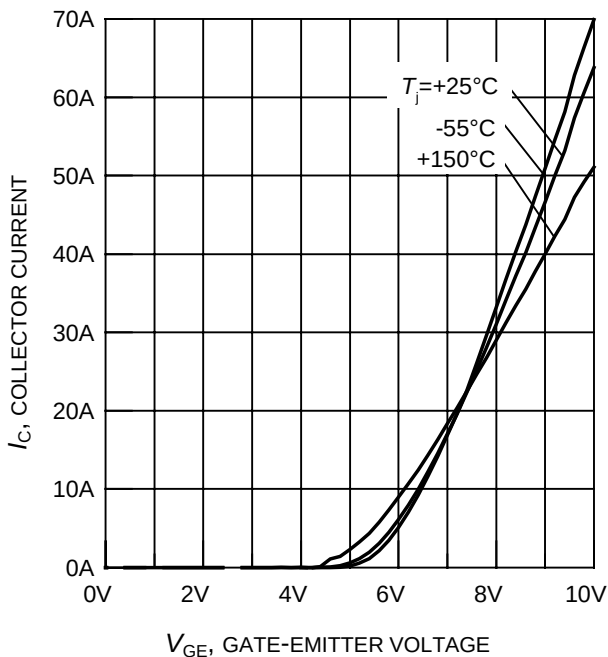


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)

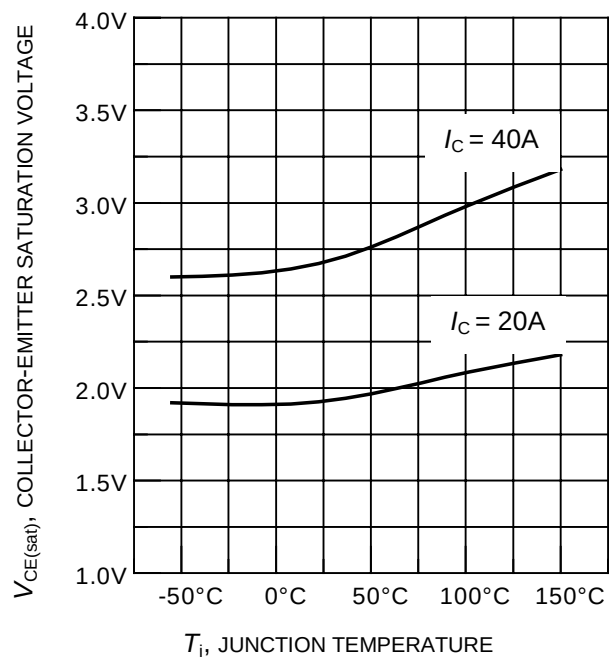


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

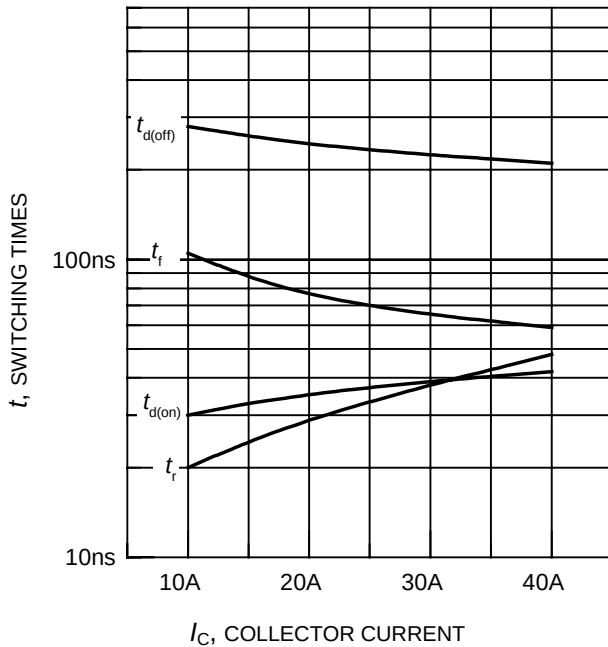


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 16\Omega$)

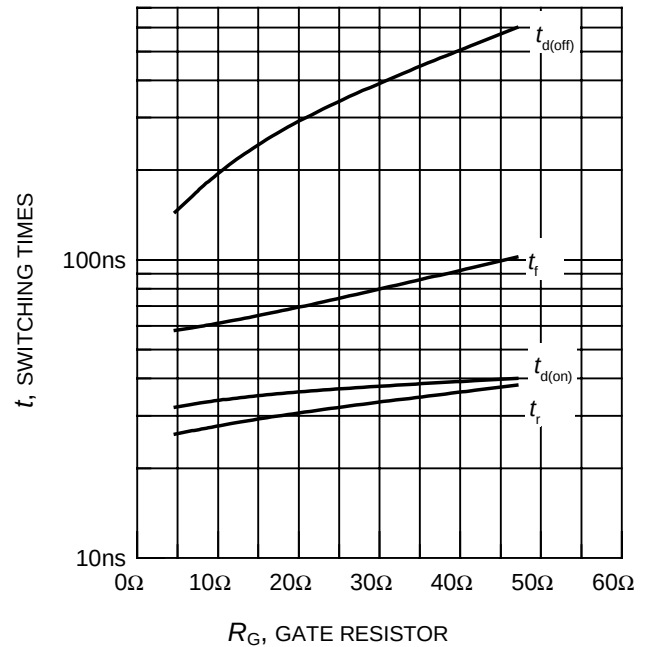


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 20\text{A}$)

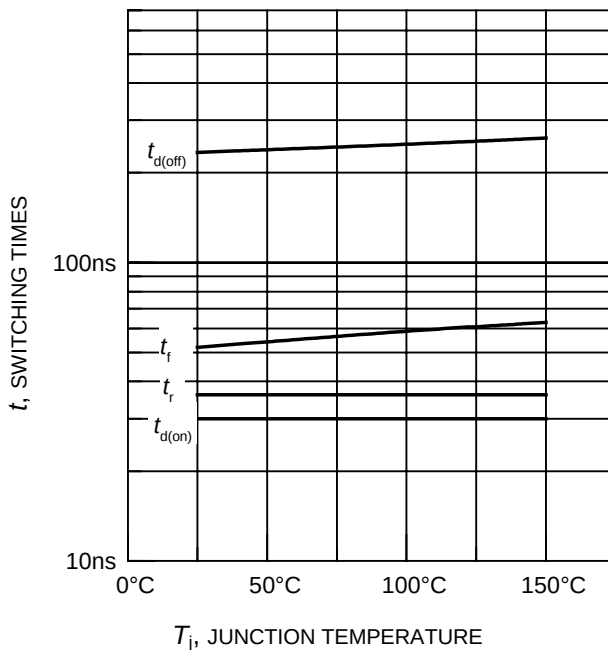


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 20\text{A}$, $R_G = 16\Omega$)

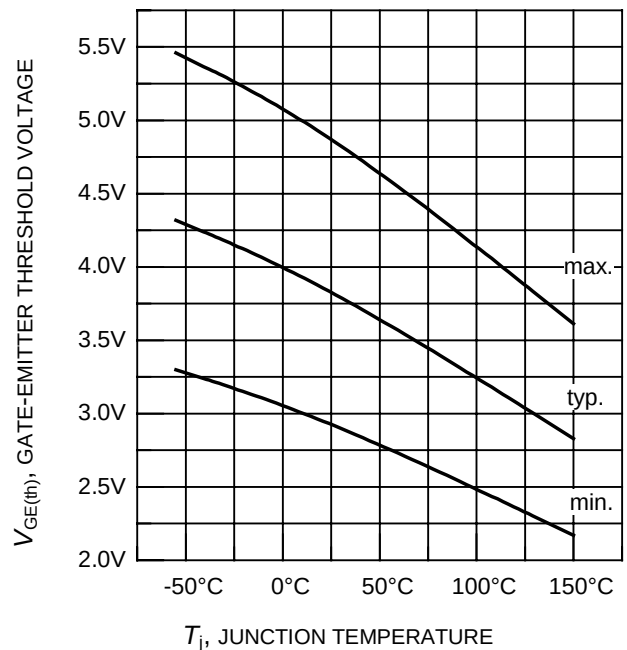


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
($I_C = 0.7\text{mA}$)

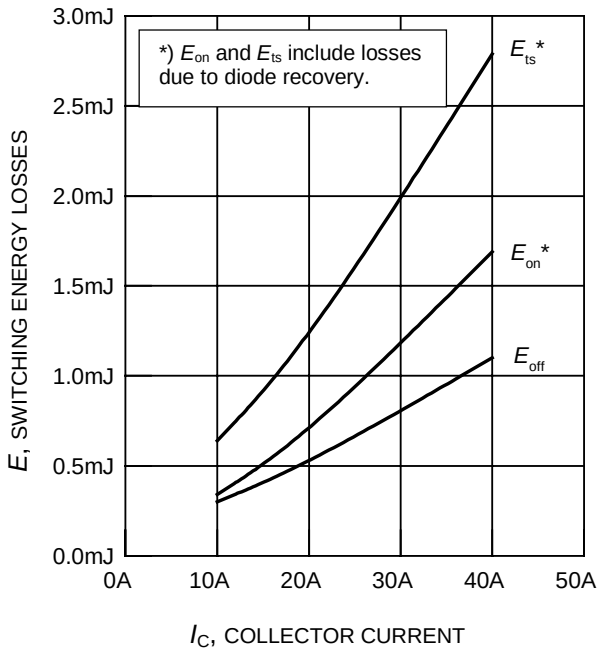


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 16\Omega$)

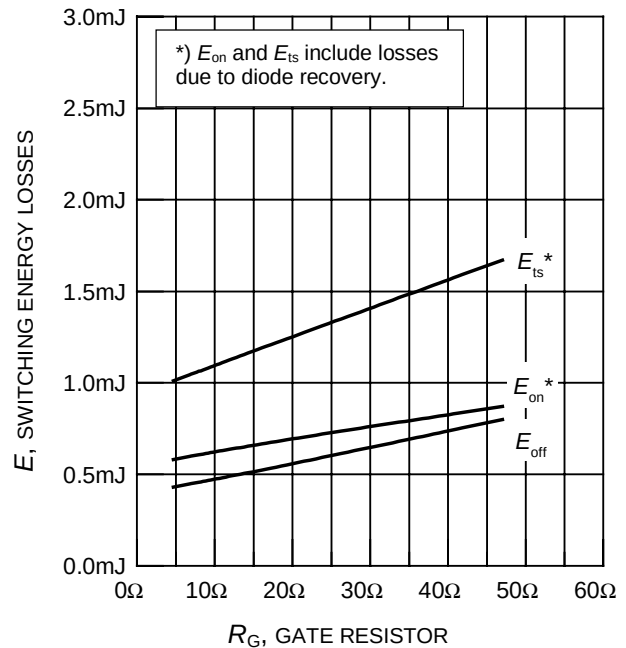


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 20\text{A}$)

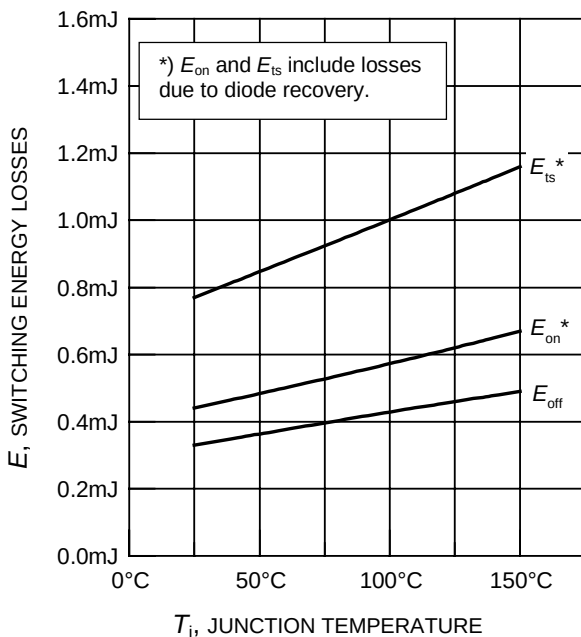


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 20\text{A}$, $R_G = 16\Omega$)

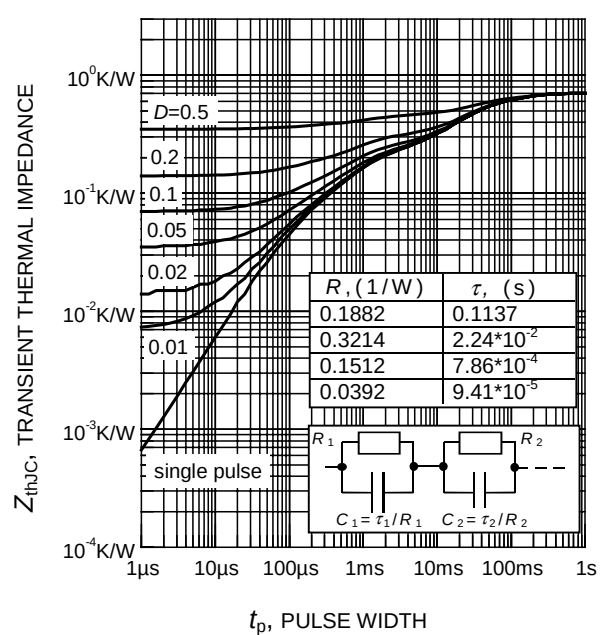


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D = t_p / T$)

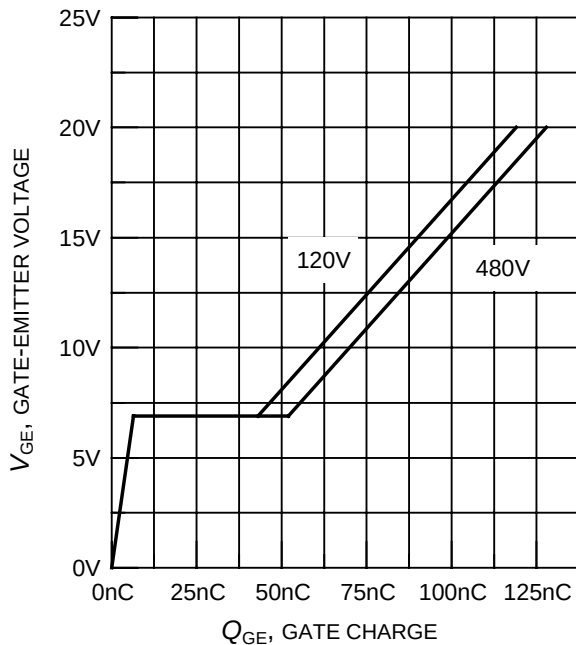


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 20A$)

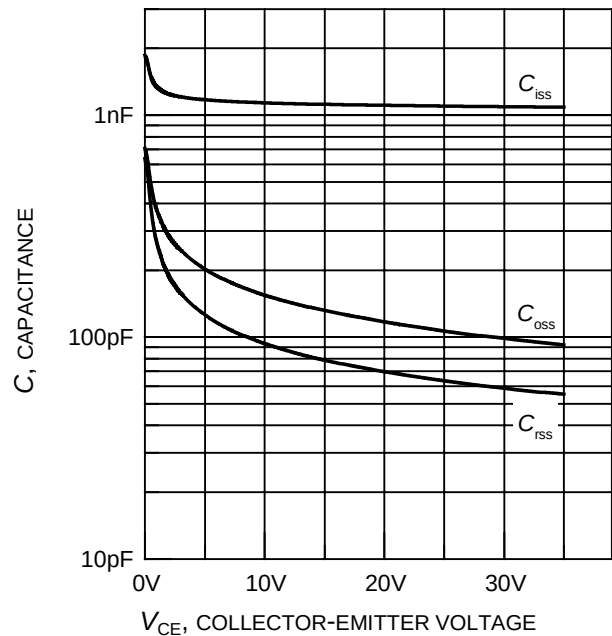


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V$, $f = 1MHz$)

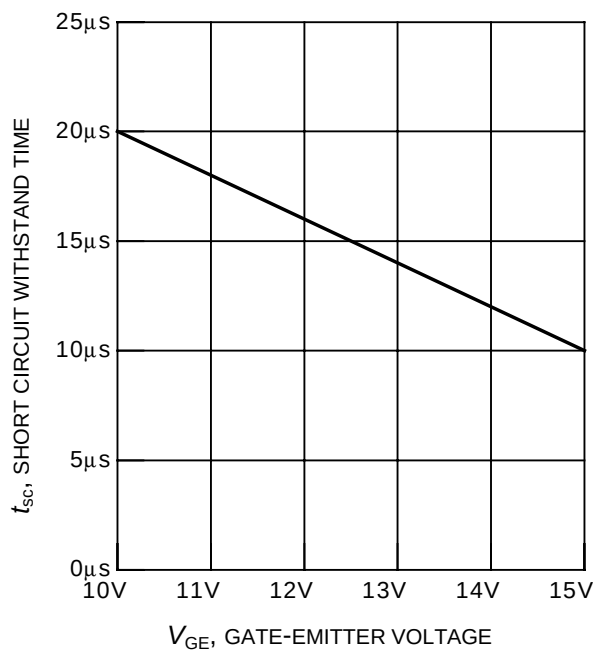


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 600V$, start at $T_j = 25^\circ C$)

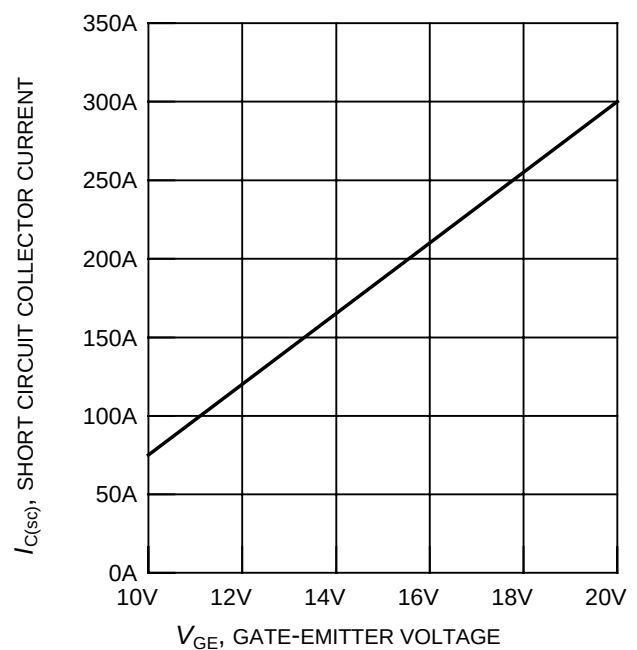


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600V$, $T_j = 150^\circ C$)

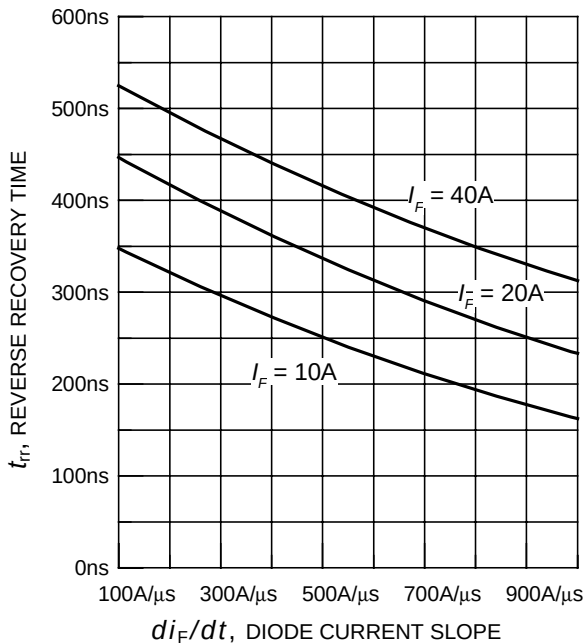


Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$)

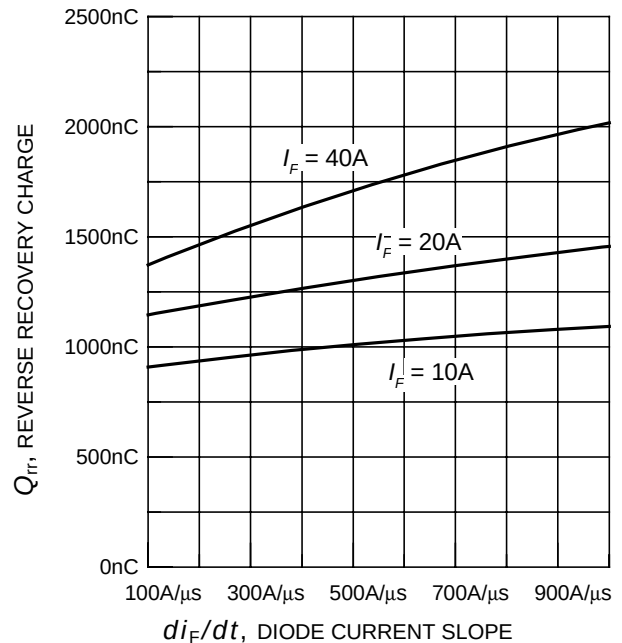


Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$)

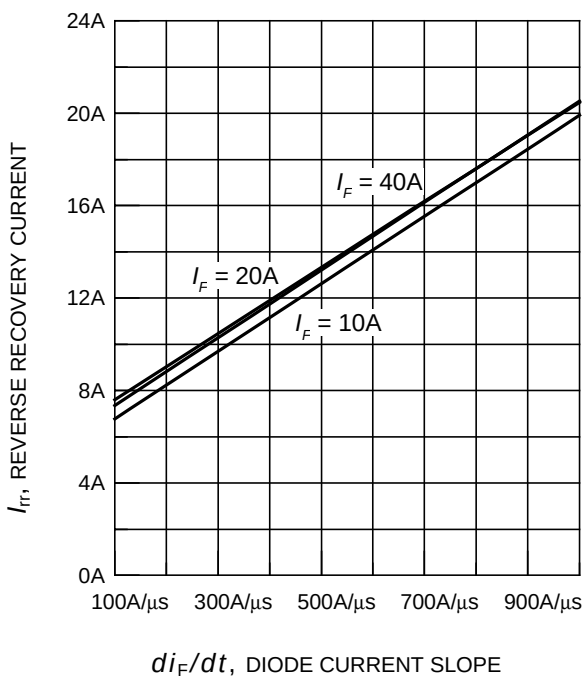


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$)

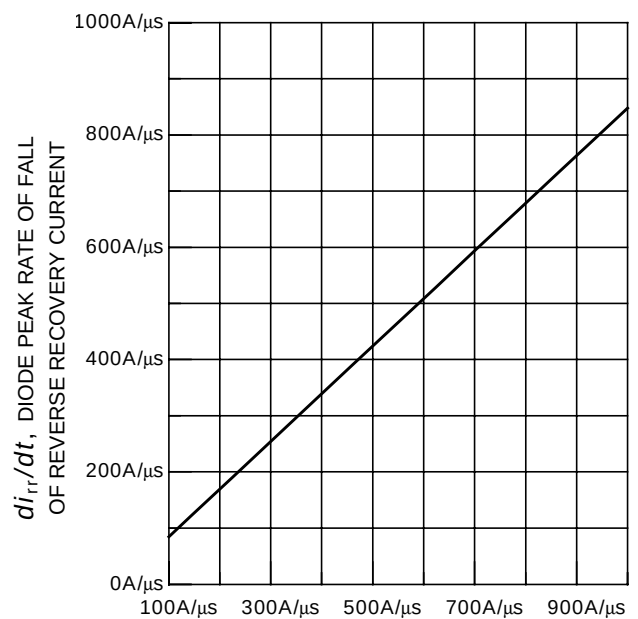


Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope
($V_R = 200V$, $T_j = 125^\circ C$)

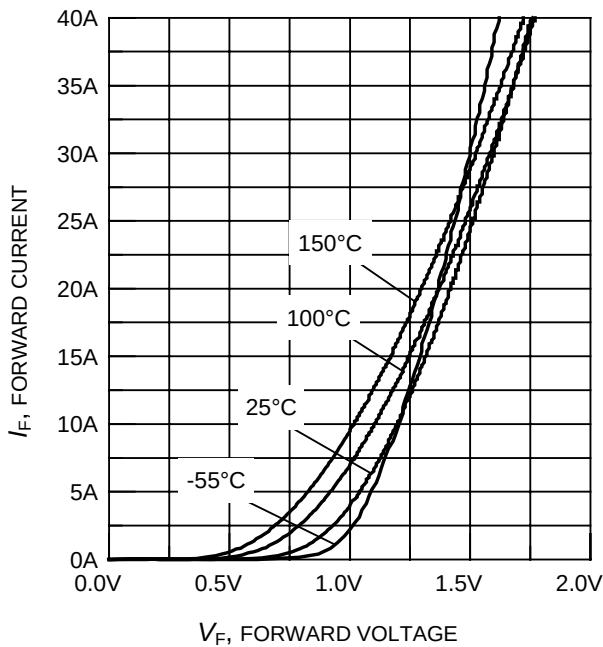


Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

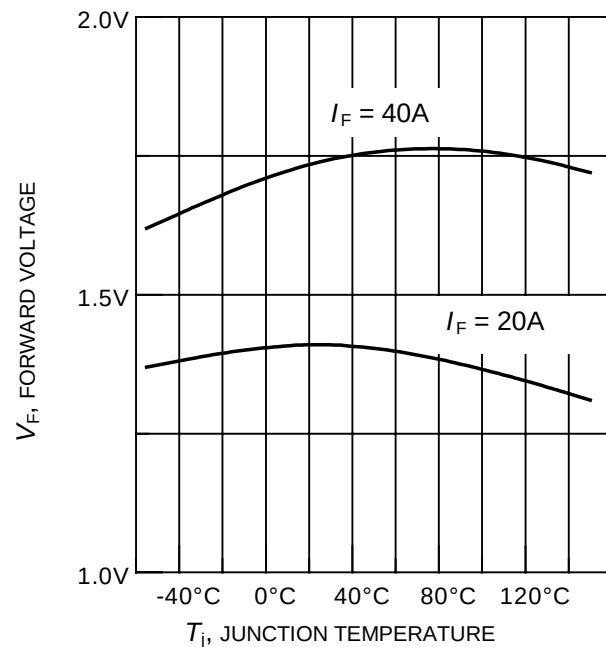


Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

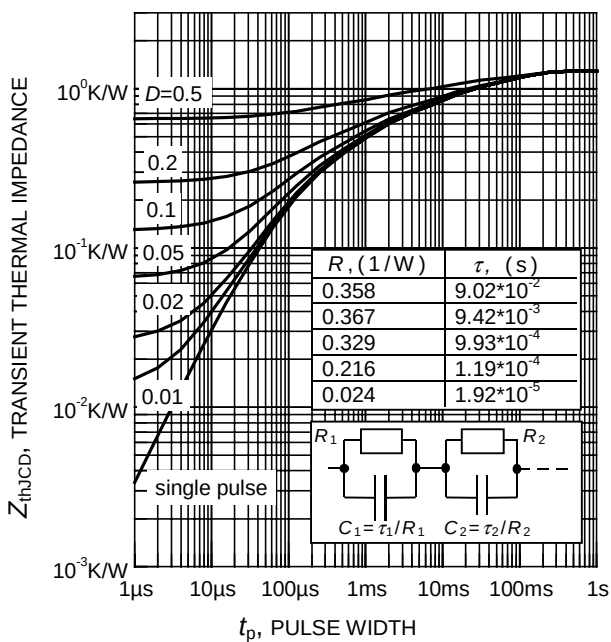
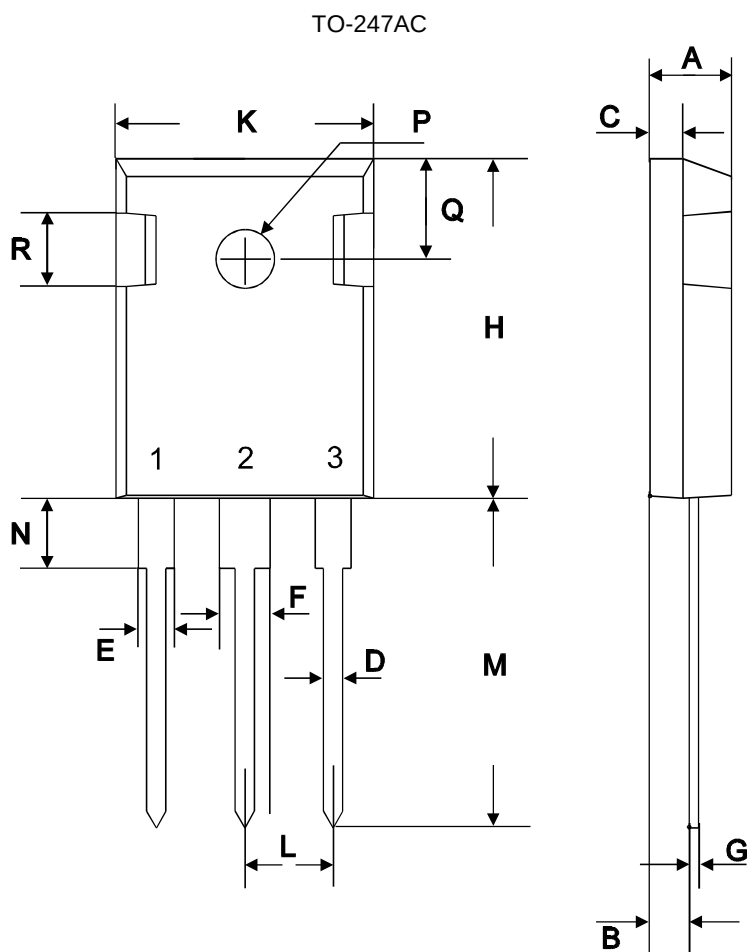


Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D = t_p / T$)



symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.78	5.28	0.1882	0.2079
B	2.29	2.51	0.0902	0.0988
C	1.78	2.29	0.0701	0.0902
D	1.09	1.32	0.0429	0.0520
E	1.73	2.06	0.0681	0.0811
F	2.67	3.18	0.1051	0.1252
G	0.76 max		0.0299 max	
H	20.80	21.16	0.8189	0.8331
K	15.65	16.15	0.6161	0.6358
L	5.21	5.72	0.2051	0.2252
M	19.81	20.68	0.7799	0.8142
N	3.560	4.930	0.1402	0.1941
ØP	3.61		0.1421	
Q	6.12	6.22	0.2409	0.2449

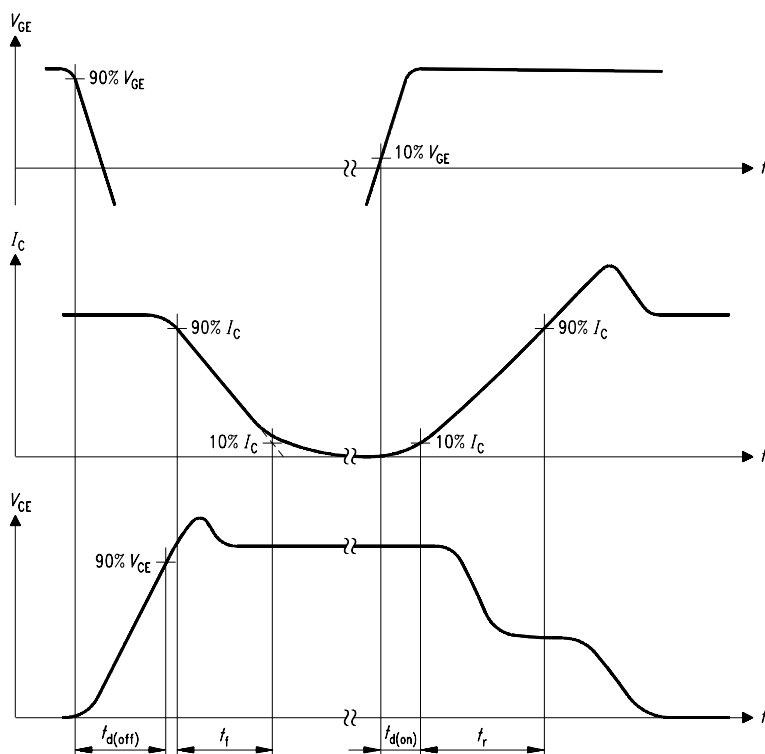


Figure A. Definition of switching times

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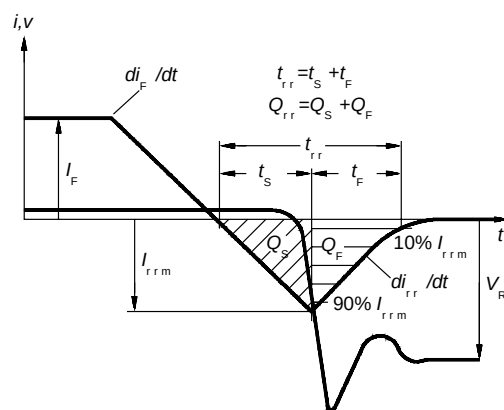


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

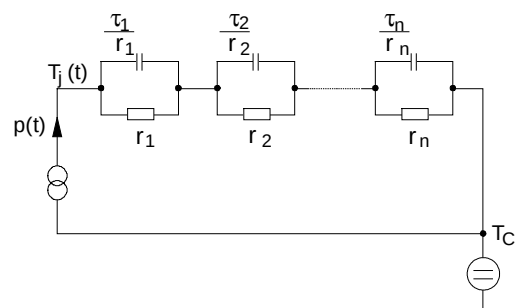


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

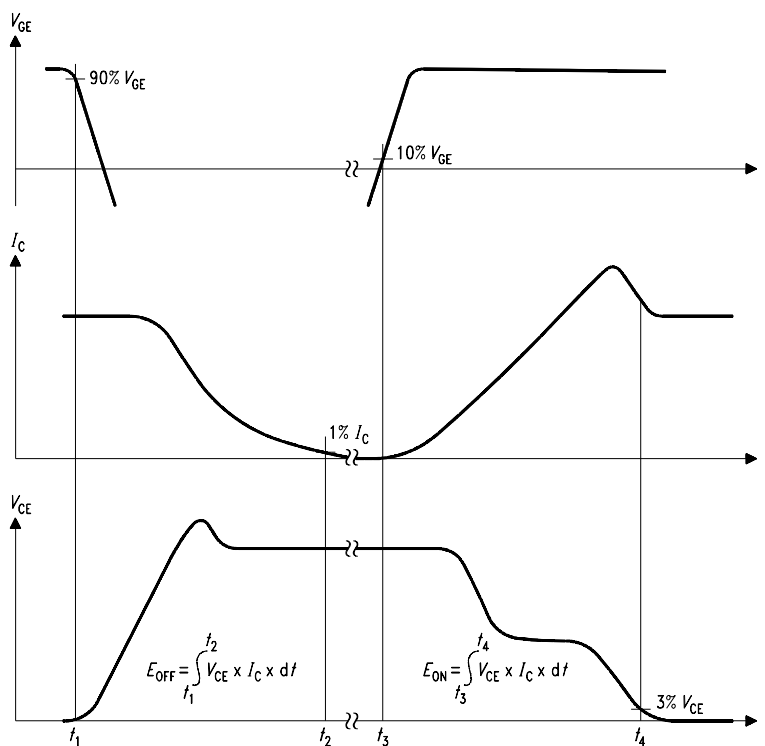


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

SIS00050



SKW20N60

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