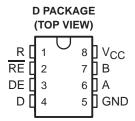
- **Qualification in Accordance With** AEC-Q100†
- **Qualified for Automotive Applications**
- **Customer-Specific Configuration Control** Can Be Supported Along With Major-Change Approval
- **Bidirectional Transceiver**
- Meet or Exceed the Requirements of ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987(E)
- High-Speed Low-Power LinBiCMOS™ Circuitry
- **Designed for High-Speed Operation in Both Serial and Parallel Applications**
- Low Skew
- **Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments**
- **Very Low Disabled Supply-Current** Requirements . . . 200 µA Maximum
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/Output **Bus Voltage Ranges**
- Driver Output Capacity . . . ±60 mA
- **Thermal-Shutdown Protection**
- **Driver Positive-and Negative-Current** Limiting
- Open-Circuit Fail-Safe Receiver Design
- Receiver Input Sensitivity . . . ±200 mV Max

- Receiver Input Hysteresis . . . 50 mV Typ
- **Operate From a Single 5-V Supply**
- Glitch-Free Power-Up and Power-Down **Protection**



#### **Function Tables**

#### DRIVER

INPUT	ENABLE	OUTI	PUTS
D	DE	Α	В
Н	Н	Н	L
L	Н	L	Н
X	L	Z	Z

#### **RECEIVER**

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A-B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
V <sub>ID</sub> ≥ 0.2 V	L	Н
−0.2 V < V <sub>ID</sub> < 0.2 V	L	?
V <sub>ID</sub> ≤ −0.2 V	L	L
X	Н	Z
Open	L	Н

H = high level,L = low level,? = indeterminate,

Z = high impedance (off) X = irrelevant,

### description/ordering information

The SN65LBC176 differential bus transceiver is a monolithic, integrated circuit designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. It is designed for balanced transmission lines and meets ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987(E).

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGE <sup>‡</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 125°C	SOIC - D	Tape and reel	SN65LBC176QDRQ1	L176Q1

Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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ISTRUMENTS

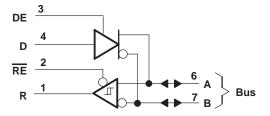
<sup>†</sup> Contact factory for details. Q100 qualification data available on request.

## description (continued)

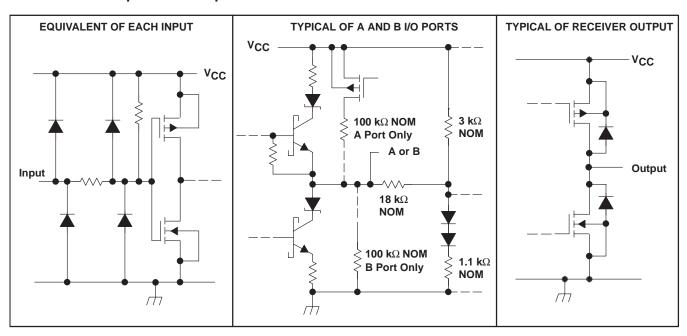
The SN65LBC176 combines a 3-state, differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, which can externally connect together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs connect internally to form a differential input/output (I/O) bus port that is designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or V<sub>CC</sub> = 0. This port features wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for party-line applications. Very low device supply current can be achieved by disabling the driver and the receiver. Both the driver and receiver are available as cells in the Texas Instruments LinASIC™ Library.

This transceiver is suitable for ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987 (E) applications to the extent that they are specified in the operating conditions and characteristics section of this data sheet. Certain limits contained in the ANSI Standard RS-485 and ISO 8482:1987 (E) are not met or cannot be tested over the entire extended temperature range.

## logic diagram (positive logic)



### schematics of inputs and outputs





# absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	
Voltage range at any bus terminal	–10 V to 15 \
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (D, DE, R, or RE)	$-0.3 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub> SN65LBC176Q	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PAC	KAGE	$T_{\mbox{$A$}} \leq 25^{\circ}\mbox{$C$}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
[	D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW

# recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>		4.75 5 5.25		V		
				12		
Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode), V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>IC</sub>				-7	V	
High-level input voltage, VIH	D, DE, and RE	2			V	
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	D, DE, and RE			0.8	V	
Differential input voltage, V <sub>ID</sub> (see Note 2)	•			±12	V	
	Driver			-60	mA	
High-level output current, IOH	Receiver			-400	μΑ	
	Driver			60		
Low-level output current, IOL	Receiver			8	mA	
Operating free-air temperature, TA	SN65LBC176Q	-40		125	°C	

NOTE 2: Differential input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.



<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.

#### **DRIVER SECTION**

# electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS				MAX	UNIT
VIK	Input clamp voltage	$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$				-1.5	V
VO	Output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 0			0	6	V
∣VOD1∣	Differential output voltage	IO = 0			1.5	6	V
V <sub>OD3</sub>	Differential output voltage	$V_{test} = -7 V to 12 V$ ,	See Figure 2,	See Note 3	1.1		V
V <sub>OD2</sub>	Differential output voltage	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 1,	See Note 3	1.1		V
Δ  V <sub>OD</sub>	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage †					±0.2	V
						3	
Voc	Common-mode output voltage	$R_L = 54 \Omega \text{ or } 100 \Omega,$	See Figure 1		-1	V	
Δ  V <sub>OC</sub>	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage <sup>†</sup>					±0.2	V
	Outroot comment	Output disabled,	V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V			1	4
lo	Output current	See Note 4	V <sub>O</sub> = -7 V			-0.8	mA
lн	High-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.4 V				-100	μΑ
I∣∟	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V				-100	μΑ
		V <sub>O</sub> = -7 V				-250	
l.	Object size it and and an arrange	VO = 0				-150	4
IOS Short-circuit output current		VO = VCC				050	mA
		V <sub>O</sub> = 12 V			7	250	
ICC	Supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , No load  Receiver disabled and driver enabled  Receiver and driver disabled		and driver		1.75	mA
				disabled		0.25	

<sup>†</sup>  $\Delta$  | V<sub>OD</sub> | and  $\Delta$  | V<sub>OC</sub> | are the changes in magnitude of V<sub>OD</sub> and V<sub>OC</sub>, respectively, that occur when the input changes from a high level to a low level.

NOTES: 3. This device meets the ANSI Standard RS-485  $V_{\mbox{OD}}$  requirements above 0°C only.

# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

PARAMETER		TEST C	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT	
t <sub>d</sub> (OD)	Differential output delay time			8		31	ns
t <sub>t</sub> (OD)	Differential output transition time	$R_L = 54 \Omega$ , See Figure 3	$C_L = 50 pF$ ,		12		ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( td(ODH) -td(ODL) )	Occ riguic o				6	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 4			65	ns
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 5			65	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	Output disable time from high level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 4			105	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output disable time from low level	$R_L = 110 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 5			105	ns

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



<sup>4.</sup> This applies for both power on and off; refer to ANSI Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.

#### **SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS**

DATA SHEET PARAMETER	RS-485
Vo	V <sub>oa</sub> , V <sub>ob</sub>
VOD1	V <sub>O</sub>
V <sub>OD2</sub>	$V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$
V <sub>OD3</sub>	V <sub>t</sub> (test termination measurement 2)
Δ V <sub>OD</sub>	$   \vee_t   -   \overline{\vee}_t   $
Voc	V <sub>os</sub>
∆ Voc	$ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $
los	None
lo	I <sub>ia</sub> , I <sub>ib</sub>

#### **RECEIVER SECTION**

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input threshold voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 V,	$I_{O} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$				0.2	V
VIT-	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V,	I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA		-0.2‡			V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis voltage (V <sub>IT+</sub> - V <sub>IT-</sub> ) (see Figure 4)					50		mV
VIK	Enable-input clamp voltage	$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$					-1.5	V
VoH	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 200 mV,	$I_{OH} = -400  \mu A$	See Figure 6	2.7			٧
VOL	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV},$	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA},$	See Figure 6			0.45	٧
loz	High-impedance-state output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.4 V to 2.4 \	/				±20	μΑ
		Other input = 0 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 12 V				1	
i <sub>l</sub>	Line input current	See Note 5	V <sub>I</sub> = -7 V				-0.8	mA
lн	High-level enable-input current	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.7 V	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.7 V				-100	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level enable-input current	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.4 V					-100	μΑ
r <sub>l</sub>	Input resistance		<u> </u>		12			kΩ
loo	Supply ourrent	$V_I = 0$ or $V_{CC}$ ,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , Receiver enabled and driver disabled				3.9	m ^
Icc	Supply current	No load	Receiver and driver	disabled			0.25	mA

NOTE 5: This applies for both power on and power off. Refer to ANSI Standard RS-485 for exact conditions.



<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. ‡ The algebraic convention, in which the less-positive (more-negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.

# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $C_L$ = 15 pF

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level single-ended output		11	37	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level single-ended output	V <sub>ID</sub> = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See Figure 7	11	37	ns
tsk(p)	Pulse skew ( $ t_{d(ODH)} - t_{d(ODL)} $ )	occ rigule 7		10	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level	Coo Firme 0		35	ns
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	See Figure 8		35	ns
tPHZ	Output disable time from high level	See Figure 8	·	35	ns
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level	See Figure 0	·	35	ns

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

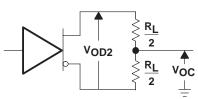


Figure 1. Driver VOD and VOC

Figure 2. Driver VOD3

- 3 V

td(ODL)

≈ 2.5 V

≈ - 2.5 V t<sub>t</sub>(OD)

375  $\Omega$ 

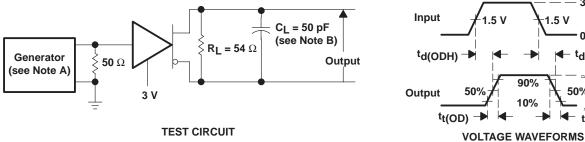


Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

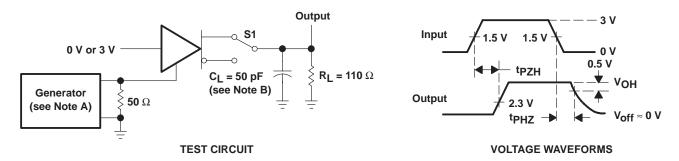


Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

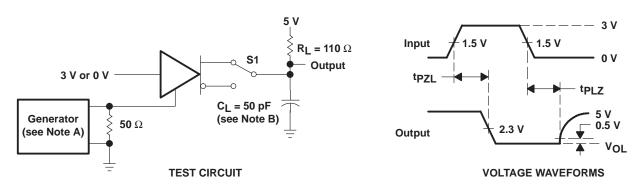


Figure 5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  7 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  9 ns,  $t_$ 
  - B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

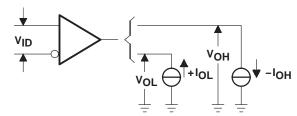
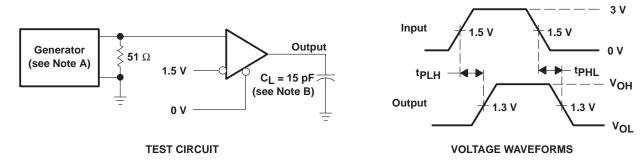


Figure 6. Receiver VOH and VOL



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_f \leq$  6 ns,  $t_f \leq$  6 ns,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ .
  - B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

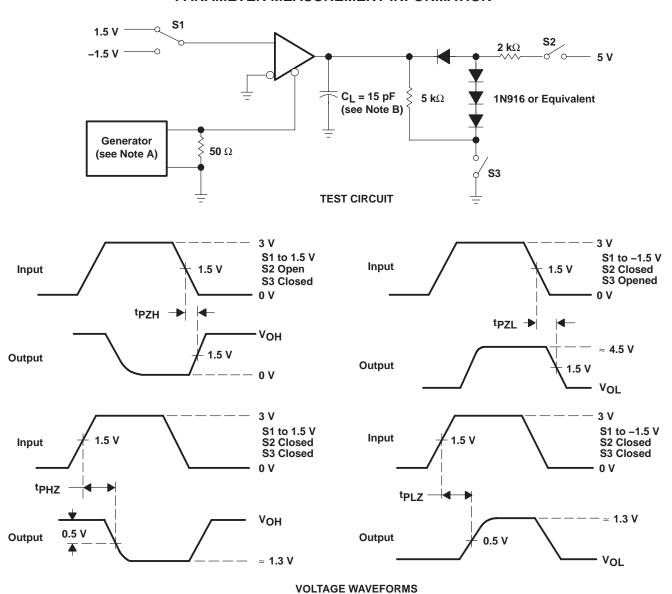


Figure 8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  7 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  9 ns,  $t_$ 

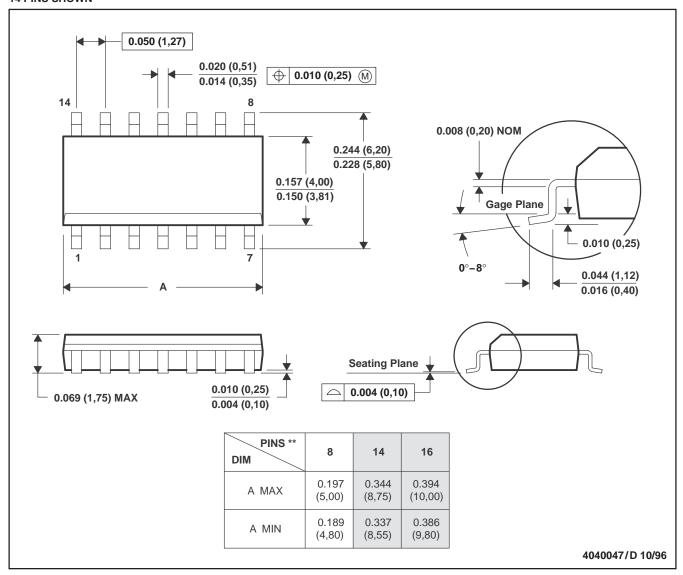
B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

#### **MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

# D (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### 14 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012



#### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

18-Jul-2006

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
SN65LBC176QDRQ1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-250C-1 YEAR/ Level-1-235C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

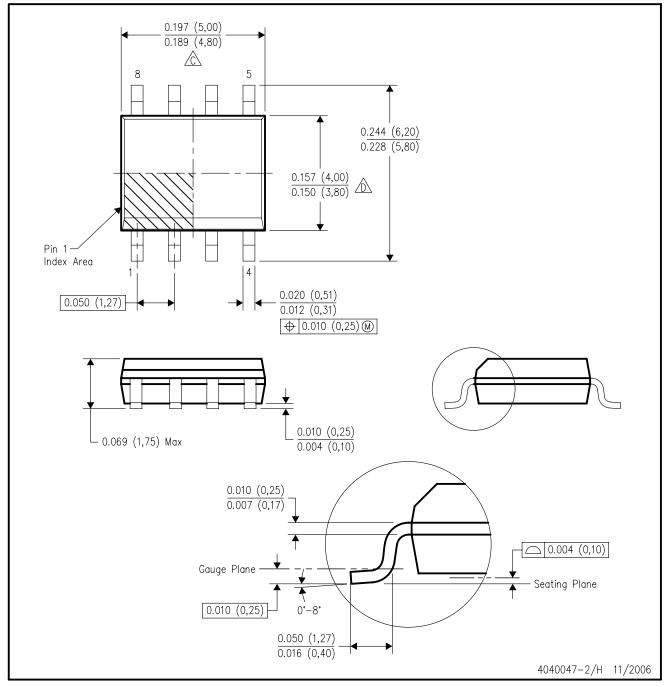
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# D (R-PDSO-G8)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.



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