

THYRATRON; inert gas filled tetrode with negative control
Caractéristique de commande négative pour applications industrielles

THYRATRON; tétrode à remplissage de gaz inerte avec caractéristique de commande négative pour applications industrielles

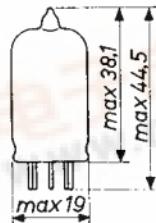
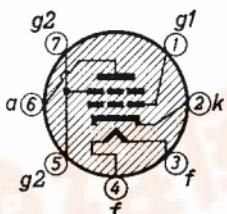
STROMTORRÖHRE; edelgasgefüllte Tetrode mit negativer Steuerkennlinie für industrielle Verwendung

Heating : indirect	$V_f =$	6,3 V \pm 10 %
Chauffage: indirect	$I_f =$	150 mA
Heizung : indirekt	$T_w =$ min.	10 sec.

Dimensions in mm

Dimensions en mm

Abmessungen in mm



Base, culot, socket: Miniature

Capacitances	$C_{g1} =$	2,0 pF
Capacités	$C_a =$	1,5 pF
Kapazitäten	$C_{ag1} =$	0,03 pF

Typical characteristics
Caractéristiques types
Kenndaten

V_{arc}	= 10 V
V_a/V_{g1}	= 250 1)
V_a/V_{g2}	= 15 1)

Critical grid No.1 current

Courant de grille No.1 critique ($V_a=350$ V_{eff}) = 0,5 μ A
Kritischer Strom des 1. Gitters

Recovery time	$V_{ap} =$	500	V
Temps de rétablissement	$I_{kp} =$	100	mA
Erholungszeit	$T_{imp} =$	20	μ sec
	$R_{g1} =$	1	k Ω
	$V_{g1} =$	-13 -100	V
	$T_{dion} =$	40 30	μ sec

At striking point; a l'allumage; bei Zündung

THYRATRON; inert gas filled tetrode with negative control characteristic for industrial applications

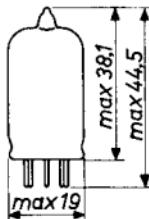
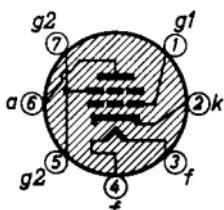
THYRATRON; tube à gaz inerte avec caractéristique de commande négative pour applications industrielles

STROMTORRÖHRE; edelgasgefüllte Tetrode mit negativer Steuerkennlinie für industrielle Verwendung

Heating : indirect
Chauffage: indirect
Heizung : indirekt

$V_f = 6,3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$
 $I_f = 150 \text{ mA}$
 $T_w = \text{min. } 10 \text{ sec.}$

Dimensions in mm
Dimensions en mm
Abmessungen in mm



Base, culot, socket: Miniature

Capacitances
Capacités
Kapazitäten

$C_{g1} = 2,0 \text{ pF}$
 $C_a = 1,5 \text{ pF}$
 $C_{ag1} = 0,03 \text{ pF}$

Typical characteristics
Caractéristiques types
Kenndaten

$V_{arc} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_a/V_{g1} (R_{g2} = 0 \Omega) = 250^1)$
 $V_a/V_{g2} (R_{g1} = 0 \Omega) = 15^1)$

Critical grid No.1 current
Courant de grille No.1 critique ($V_a=350 \text{ V}_{eff}$) = $0,5 \mu\text{A}$
Kritischer Strom des 1. Gitters

Recovery time
Temps de rétablissement
Erholungszeit

V_a	=	500	V
I_{kp}	=	100	mA
T_{imp}	=	20	μsec
R_{g1}	=	50	kΩ
V_{g1}	=	-50	V _{...}
T_{dion}	=	40	μsec

¹) At striking point; à l'allumage; bei Zündung

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Limiting values (Absolute limits)
 Caractéristiques limites (limites absolues)
 Grenzdaten (Absolute Werte)

V_{ap}	= max. 500 V
V_a invp	= max. 500 V
$-V_{g2}$	= max. 50 V ¹⁾
$-V_{g2}$	= max. 10 V ²⁾
I_{g2} ($V_a > - 10$ V)	= max. 5 mA ³⁾
R_{g2}	= max. 1 M Ω
$-V_{g1}$	= max. 100 V ¹⁾
$-V_{g1}$	= max. 10 V ²⁾
I_{g1} ($V_a > - 10$ V)	= max. 5 mA ³⁾
I_{g1p} ($V_a > - 10$ V)	= max. 25 mA
I_{g1p} ($V_a < - 10$ V)	= max. 30 μ A
R_{g1}	= max. 10 M Ω
I_k ($T_{av} = \text{max. } 15 \text{ sec}$)	= max. 25 mA
I_{kp}	= max. 100 mA
I_k surge ($T = \text{max. } 0,1 \text{ sec}$)	= max. 2 A
V_{kfp} (k pos.; f neg.)	= max. 100 V
V_{kfp} (k neg.; f pos.)	= max. 25 V
t_{amb}	= -50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ / +90 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

1) Before conduction

Avant l'allumage

Gelöschte Röhre

2) During conduction

Pendant la période de conduction
Gezündete Röhre3) $T_{av} = \text{max. } 0,02 \text{ sec.}$

Limiting values (Absolute limits)
 Caractéristiques limites (Limites absolues)
 Grenzdaten (Absolut Werte)

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V _{ap}	= max.	500 V
V _{a invp}	= max.	500 V
-V _{g2}	= max.	50 V ¹⁾
-V _{g2}	= max.	10 V ²⁾
I _{g2}	(V _a > - 10 V)	= max. 5 mA ³⁾
R _{g2}		= max. 1 MΩ ⁴⁾
-V _{g1}		= max. 100 V ¹⁾
-V _{g1}		= max. 10 V ²⁾
I _{g1}	(V _a > - 10 V)	= max. 5 mA ³⁾
I _{g1p}	(V _a > - 10 V)	= max. 25 mA
I _{g1p}	(V _a < - 10 V)	= max. 30 μA
R _{g1}		= max. 10 MΩ ⁵⁾
I _k	(T _{av} = max. 15 sec)	= max. 25 mA
I _{kp}		= max. 100 mA
I _{k surge}	(T = max. 0,1 sec)	= max. 2 A
V _{kfp}	(k pos.; f neg.)	= max. 100 V
V _{kfp}	(k neg.; f pos.)	= max. 25 V
t _{tamb}		= -55 °C/+90°C

1) Before conduction
 Avant l'allumage
 Gelöschte Röhre

2) During conduction
 Pendant la période de conduction
 Gezündete Röhre

3) T_{av} = max. 0,02 sec.

4) Grid Nr. 2 should preferably be connected directly to the cathode. However, the max. permissible value of I_{g2} should not be exceeded.

La grille no. 2 devra de préférence être reliée à la cathode. Cependant, la valeur max. admissible de I_{g2} ne doit pas être surpassée.

Das 2. Gitter soll vorzugsweise mit der Katode verbunden werden. Der max. zulässige Wert von I_{g2} soll jedoch nicht überschritten werden.

5) Recommended value during stand by 100 kΩ
 Valeur conseillée dans la position d'attente 100 kΩ
 Empfohlener Wert in Bereitschaftsstellung 100 kΩ

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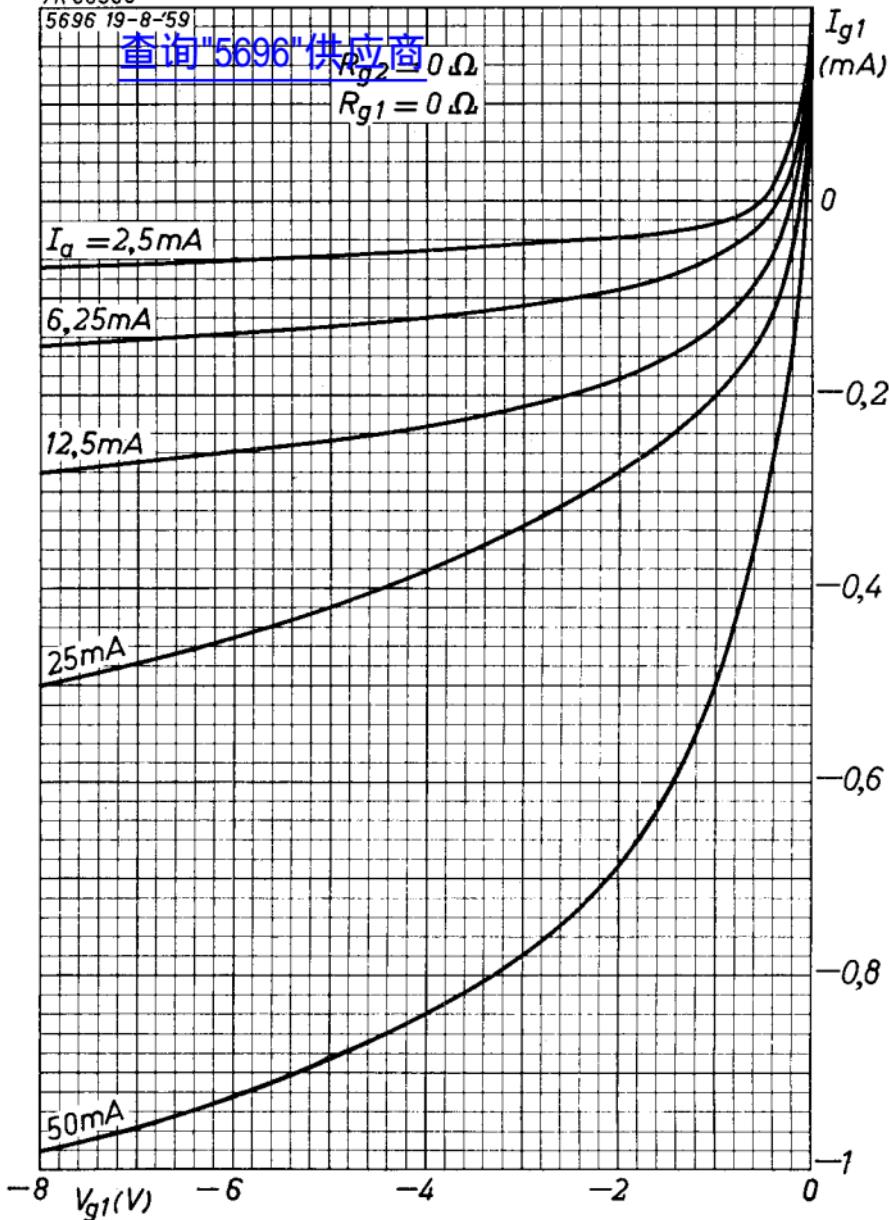
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$R_{g2} = 0 \Omega$

$R_{g1} = 0 \Omega$



9.9.1959

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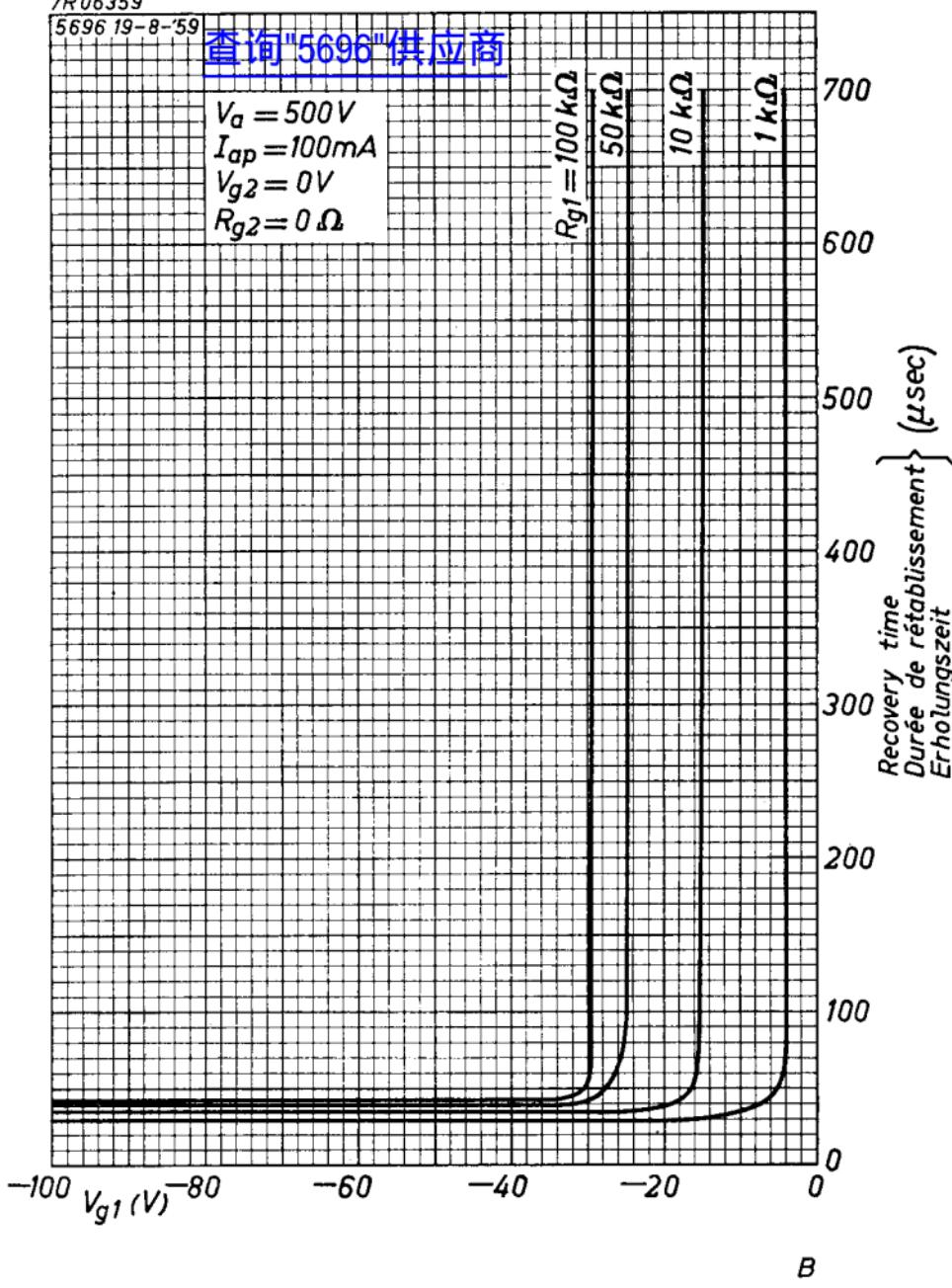
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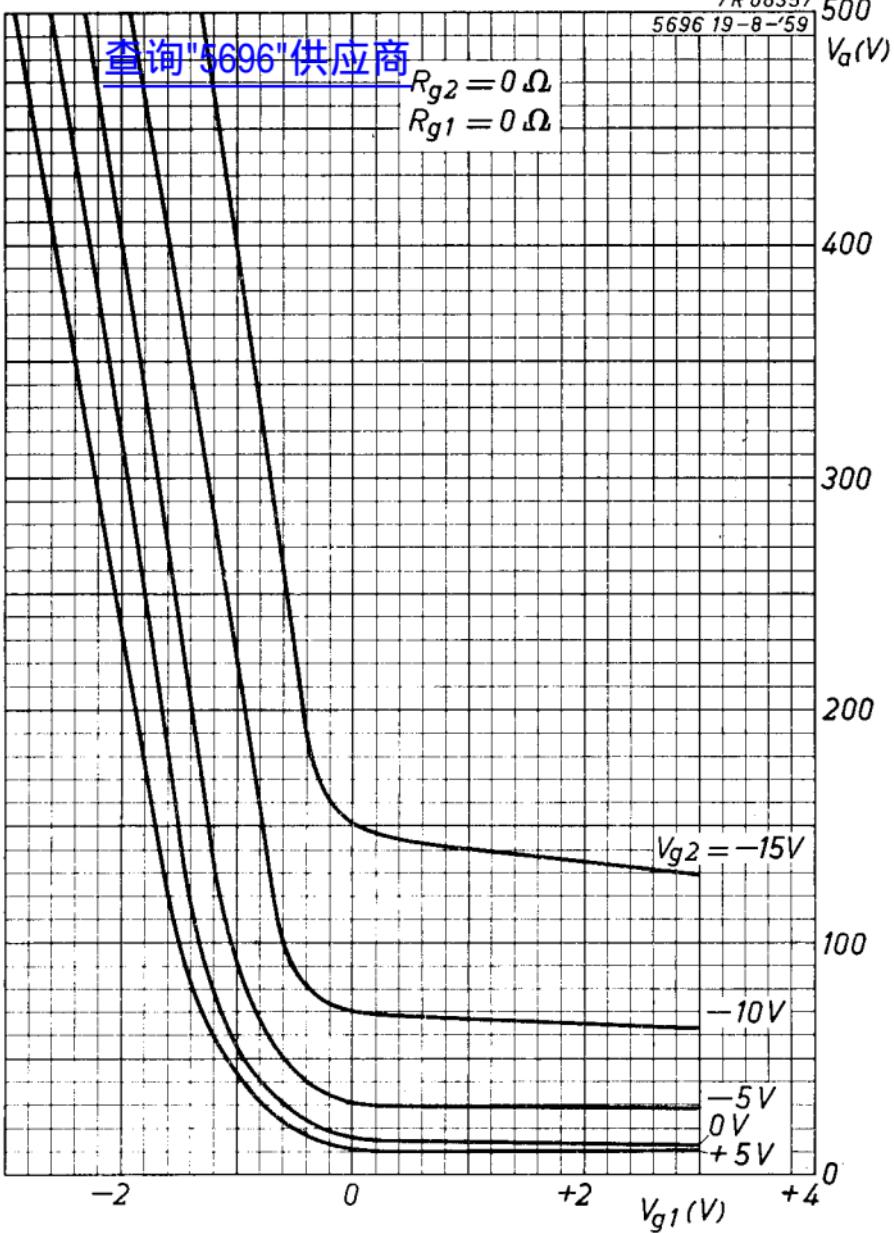
$V_a = 500V$
 $I_{ap} = 100mA$
 $V_{g2} = 0V$
 $R_{g2} = 0\Omega$



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 $V_a(V)$



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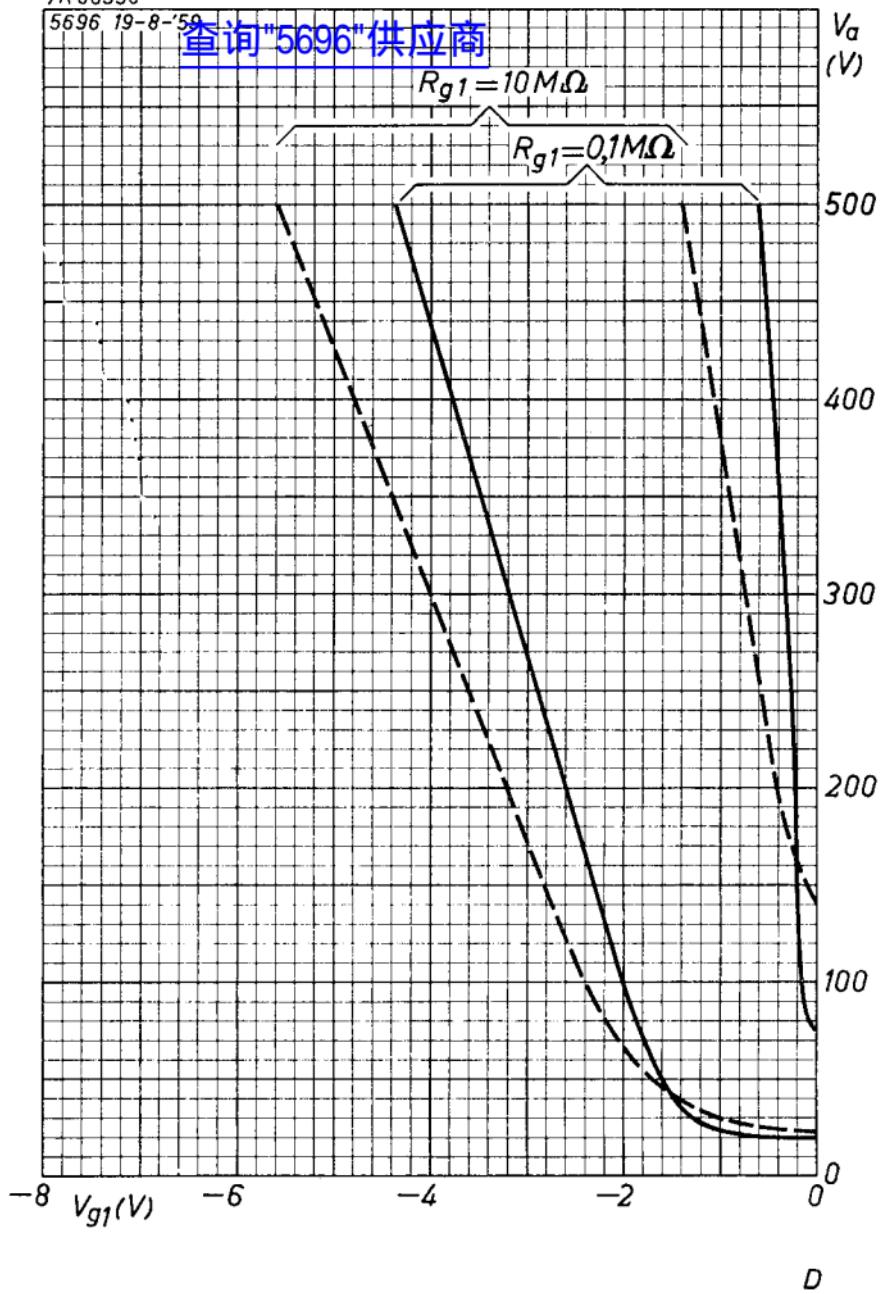
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$R_{g1} = 10 M\Omega$

$R_{g1} = 0,1 M\Omega$



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HANDBOOK

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page	sheet	date
1	1	1959.02.02
2	1	1959.09.09
3	2	1959.02.02
4	2	1959.09.09
5	A	1959.09.09
6	B	1959.09.09
7	C	1959.09.09
8	D	1959.09.09
9	FP	1999.12.30