

# NCV8503 Series

## Micropower 400 mA LDO Linear Regulators with ENABLE, DELAY, Adjustable RESET, and General Use Comparator

The NCV8503 is a family of precision micropower voltage regulators. Their output current capability is 400 mA. The family has output voltage options for Adjustable, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V.

The output voltage is accurate within  $\pm 2.0\%$  with a maximum dropout voltage of 0.6 V at 400 mA. Low quiescent current is a feature drawing less than 1.0  $\mu\text{A}$  with  $\text{ENABLE} = 0 \text{ V}$ . With  $\text{ENABLE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , the part only draws 200  $\mu\text{A}$  with 100  $\mu\text{A}$  load. This part is ideal for any and all battery operated microprocessor equipment.

Microprocessor control logic includes an active  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  (with DELAY).

The active  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  circuit operates correctly at an output voltage as low as 1.0 V. The  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  function is activated during the power up sequence or during normal operation if the output voltage drops below the regulation limits.

The reset threshold voltage can be decreased by the connection of external resistor divider to  $R_{\text{ADJ}}$  lead.

The general use comparator ( $\overline{\text{FLAG}}$ /Monitor) is referenced to a temperature stable voltage and provides 1.0 mA of drive current at its open collector output.

The regulator is protected against reverse battery, short circuit, and thermal overload conditions. The device can withstand load dump transients making it suitable for use in automotive environments. The device has also been optimized for EMC conditions.

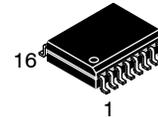
### Features

- Output Voltage Options: Adjustable, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, 5.0 V
- $\pm 2.0\%$  Output
- Low  $< 1.0 \mu\text{A}$  Sleep Current
- Low 200  $\mu\text{A}$  Quiescent Current
- Fixed or Adjustable Output Voltage
- Active  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$
- Adjustable Reset
- ENABLE
- 400 mA Output Current Capability
- Fault Protection
  - ◆ +60 V Peak Transient Voltage
  - ◆ -15 V Reverse Voltage
  - ◆ Short Circuit
  - ◆ Thermal Overload
- General Use Comparator
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Change Control
- Pb-Free Packages are Available



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SOIC 16 LEAD  
WIDE BODY  
EXPOSED PAD  
PDW SUFFIX  
CASE 751AG

### MARKING DIAGRAM



x = Voltage Ratings as Indicated Below:

A = Adjustable  
2 = 2.5 V  
3 = 3.3 V  
5 = 5.0 V

A = Assembly Location  
WL = Wafer Lot  
YY = Year  
WW = Work Week  
G = Pb-Free Device

### ORDERING INFORMATION

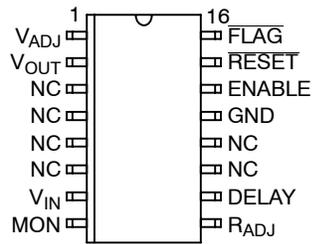
See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 12 of this data sheet.

# NCV8503 Series

## PIN CONNECTIONS

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### ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT



### FIXED OUTPUT

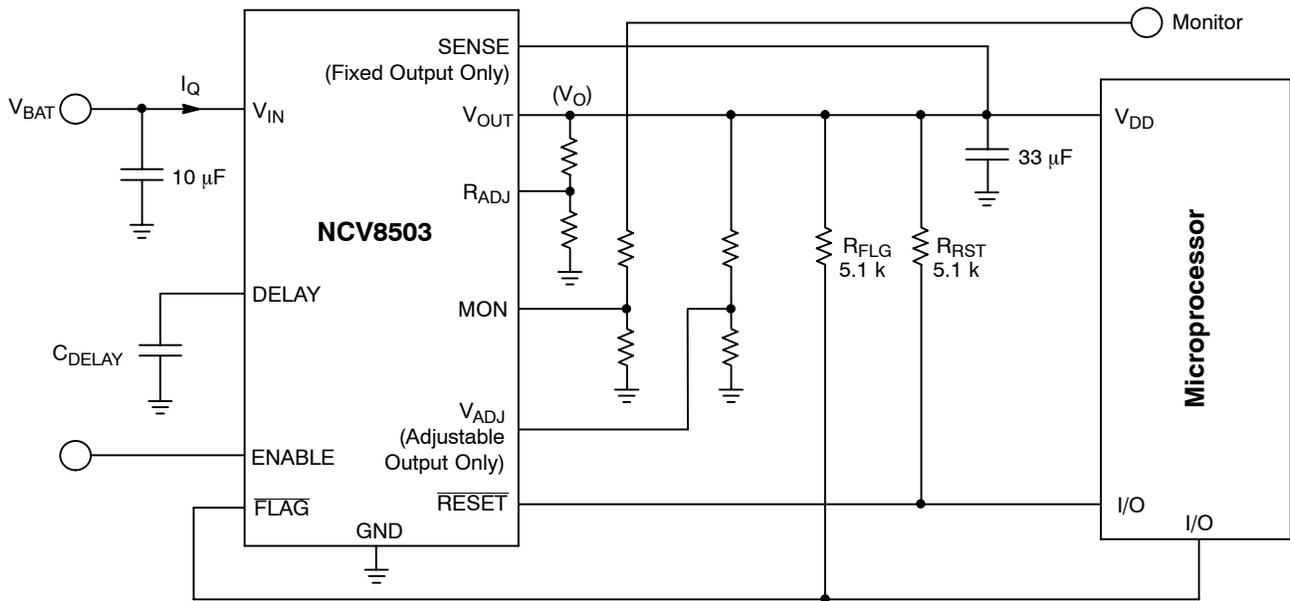
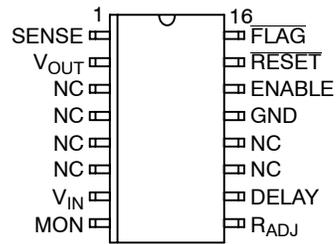


Figure 1. Application Diagram

# NCV8503 Series

## MAXIMUM RATINGS††

Rating	Value	Unit
$V_{IN}$ (DC)	-15 to 45	V
Peak Transient Voltage (46 V Load Dump @ $V_{IN} = 14$ V)	60	V
Operating Voltage	45	V
$V_{OUT}$ (DC)	-0.3 to 16	V
Voltage Range ( $\overline{RESET}$ , $\overline{FLAG}$ , $R_{ADJ}$ , DELAY)	-0.3 to 10	V
Input Voltage Range: MON	-0.3 to 10	V
$V_{ADJ}$	-0.3 to 16	V
Input Voltage Range (ENABLE)	-0.3 to 10**	V
ESD Susceptibility (Human Body Model)	4.0	kV
(Machine Model)	200	V
Junction Temperature, $T_J$	-40 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature, $T_S$	-55 to 150	°C
Package Thermal Resistance, SOW-16 E PAD: Junction-to-Case, $R_{\theta JC}$	16	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient, $R_{\theta JA}$	57	°C/W
Lead Temperature Soldering: Reflow: (SMD styles only) (Note 1)	240 peak (Note 2)	°C

1. 60 second maximum above 183°C.

2. -5°C/+0°C allowable conditions.

\*The maximum package power dissipation must be observed.

†During the voltage range which exceeds the maximum tested voltage of  $V_{IN}$ , operation is assured, but not specified. Wider limits may apply. Thermal dissipation must be observed closely.

\*\*Reference Figure 17 for switched-battery ENABLE application.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $I_{OUT} = 1.0$  mA, ENABLE = 5.0 V,  $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{IN}$  = dependent on voltage option (Note 3); unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Output Stage</b>					
Output Voltage for 2.5 V Option ( $V_O$ )	$6.5\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 16\text{ V}$ , $1.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$ <b><math>4.5\text{ V} &lt; V_{IN} &lt; 26\text{ V}</math></b> , $1.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$	2.450 2.425	2.5 2.5	2.550 2.575	V V
Output Voltage for 3.3 V Option ( $V_O$ )	$7.3\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 16\text{ V}$ , $1.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$ <b><math>4.5\text{ V} &lt; V_{IN} &lt; 26\text{ V}</math></b> , $1.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$	3.234 3.201	3.3 3.3	3.366 3.399	V V
Output Voltage for 5.0 V Option ( $V_O$ )	$9.0\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 16\text{ V}$ , $1.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$ <b><math>6.0\text{ V} &lt; V_{IN} &lt; 26\text{ V}</math></b> , $1.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$	4.90 4.85	5.0 5.0	5.10 5.15	V V
Output Voltage for Adjustable Option ( $V_O$ )	$V_{OUT} = V_{ADJ}$ (Unity Gain) $6.5\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 16\text{ V}$ , $1.0\text{ mA} < I_{OUT} < 400\text{ mA}$ <b><math>4.5\text{ V} &lt; V_{IN} &lt; 26\text{ V}</math></b> , $1.0\text{ mA} < I_{OUT} < 400\text{ mA}$	1.274 1.261	1.300 1.300	1.326 1.339	V V
Dropout Voltage ( $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ ) (5.0 V and Adj. > 5.0 V Options Only)	$I_{OUT} = 400\text{ mA}$ $I_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ mA}$	- -	400 30	600 150	mV mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$ , $5.0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$	-30	5.0	30	mV
Line Regulation (2.5 V, 3.3 V, and Adjustable Options)	$4.5\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 26\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ mA}$	-	5.0	25	mV
Line Regulation (5.0 V Option)	$6.0\text{ V} < V_{IN} < 26\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ mA}$	-	5.0	25	mV
Quiescent Current, ( $I_Q$ ) Active Mode	$I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$ , MON = 3.0 V $I_{OUT} = 75\text{ mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$ , MON = 3.0 V $I_{OUT} \leq 400\text{ mA}$ , $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$ , MON = 3.0 V	- - -	200 2.5 25	350 5.0 45	$\mu\text{A}$ mA mA
Quiescent Current, ( $I_Q$ ) Sleep Mode	ENABLE = 0 V, $V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$ , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Current Limit	-	425	800	-	mA
Short Circuit Output Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$	100	500	-	mA
Thermal Shutdown	(Guaranteed by Design)	150	180	-	°C

3. Voltage range specified in the Output Stage of the Electrical Characteristics in boldface type.

## NCV8503 Series

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)** ( $I_{OUT} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ ,  $ENABLE = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{IN}$  = dependent on voltage option (Note 4); unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Reset Function (RESET)</b>					
RESET Threshold for 2.5 V Option HIGH ( $V_{RH}$ ) LOW ( $V_{RL}$ ) Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 5) (Note 6) $V_{OUT}$ Increasing $V_{OUT}$ Decreasing	2.35 2.30 25	– – –	$1.0 \times V_O$ – –	V V mV
RESET Threshold for 3.3 V Option HIGH ( $V_{RH}$ ) LOW ( $V_{RL}$ ) Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 5) (Note 6) $V_{OUT}$ Increasing $V_{OUT}$ Decreasing	3.10 3.00 35	– – –	$1.0 \times V_O$ – –	V V mV
RESET Threshold for 5.0 V Option HIGH ( $V_{RH}$ ) LOW ( $V_{RL}$ ) Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ (Note 6) $V_{OUT}$ Increasing $V_{OUT}$ Decreasing	4.70 4.60 50	– – –	$1.0 \times V_O$ – –	V V mV
RESET Threshold for Adjustable Option HIGH ( $V_{RH}$ ) LOW ( $V_{RL}$ ) Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ (Note 5) (Note 6) $V_{OUT}$ Increasing $V_{OUT}$ Decreasing	1.22 1.19 10	– – –	$1.0 \times V_O$ – –	V V mV
Output Voltage Low ( $V_{RLO}$ )	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7) $1.0 \text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{RL}$ , $R_{RESET} = 5.1 \text{ k}$	–	0.1	0.4	V
DELAY Switching Threshold ( $V_{DT}$ ) (2.5 V, 3.3 V, and 5.0 V Options)	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7)	1.4	1.8	2.2	V
DELAY Switching Threshold ( $V_{DT}$ ) (Adjustable Option)	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7)	1.0	1.3	1.6	V
DELAY Low Voltage	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7) $V_{OUT} < \text{RESET Threshold Low}(\text{min})$	–	–	0.2	V
DELAY Charge Current	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7) DELAY = 1.0 V, $V_{OUT} > V_{RH}$	2.5	4.0	5.5	$\mu\text{A}$
DELAY Discharge Current	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7) DELAY = 1.0 V, $V_{OUT} < V_{RL}$	5.0	–	–	mA
Reset Adjust Switching Voltage ( $V_{R(ADJ)}$ ) Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7) Increasing and Decreasing	1.16 20	1.25 50	1.34 100	V mV

### FLAG/Monitor

Monitor Threshold	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7) Increasing and Decreasing	1.20	1.28	1.36	V
Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7)	10	35	75	mV
Input Current	MON = 2.0 V	–0.5	0.1	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
Output Saturation Voltage	MON = 0 V, $I_{FLAG} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7)	–	0.1	0.4	V

### Voltage Adjust (Adjustable Output only)

Input Current	$V_{ADJ} = 1.25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} = \text{Minimum}$ (Note 6) (Note 7)	–0.5	–	0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
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### ENABLE

Input Threshold	Low, $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ (Note 6) High, $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ (Note 6)	– 2.0	– –	1.0 –	V V
Input Current	ENABLE = 5.0 V, $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$ (Note 6)	–	30	75	$\mu\text{A}$

4. Voltage range specified in the Output Stage of the Electrical Characteristics in boldface type.
5. For  $V_{IN} \leq 4.5 \text{ V}$ , a RESET = Low may occur with the output in regulation.
6. Part is guaranteed by design to meet specification over the entire  $V_{IN}$  voltage range, but is production tested only at the specified  $V_{IN}$  voltage.
7. Minimum  $V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}$  for 2.5 V, 3.3 V, and Adjustable options. Minimum  $V_{IN} = 6.0 \text{ V}$  for 5.0 V option.

## NCV8503 Series

### PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION, ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT

Pin Number	Pin Symbol	Function
1	V <sub>ADJ</sub>	Voltage Adjust. A resistor divider from V <sub>OUT</sub> to this lead sets the output voltage.
2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	±2.0%, 400 mA output.
3-6, 11, 12	NC	No connection.
7	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage.
8	MON	Monitor. Input to comparator. If not needed connect to V <sub>OUT</sub> .
9	R <sub>ADJ</sub>	Reset adjust. If not needed connect to ground.
10	DELAY	Timing capacitor for $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ function.
13	GND	Ground. All GND leads must be connected to Ground.
14	ENABLE	ENABLE control for the IC. A high powers the device up.
15	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Active reset (accurate to V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 1.0 V)
16	$\overline{\text{FLAG}}$	Open collector output from comparator.

NOTE: Tentative pinout for SOW-16 E Pad.

### PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION, FIXED OUTPUT

Pin Number	Pin Symbol	Function
1	SENSE	Kelvin connection which allows remote sensing of output voltage for improved regulation. If remote sensing is not desired, connect to V <sub>OUT</sub> .
2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	±2.0%, 400 mA output.
3-6, 11, 12	NC	No connection.
7	V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage.
8	MON	Monitor. Input to comparator. If not needed connect to V <sub>OUT</sub> .
9	R <sub>ADJ</sub>	Reset adjust. If not needed connect to ground.
10	DELAY	Timing capacitor for $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ function.
13	GND	Ground. All GND leads must be connected to Ground.
14	ENABLE	ENABLE control for the IC. A high powers the device up.
15	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Active reset (accurate to V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 1.0 V)
16	$\overline{\text{FLAG}}$	Open collector output from comparator.

NOTE: Tentative pinout for SOW-16 E Pad.

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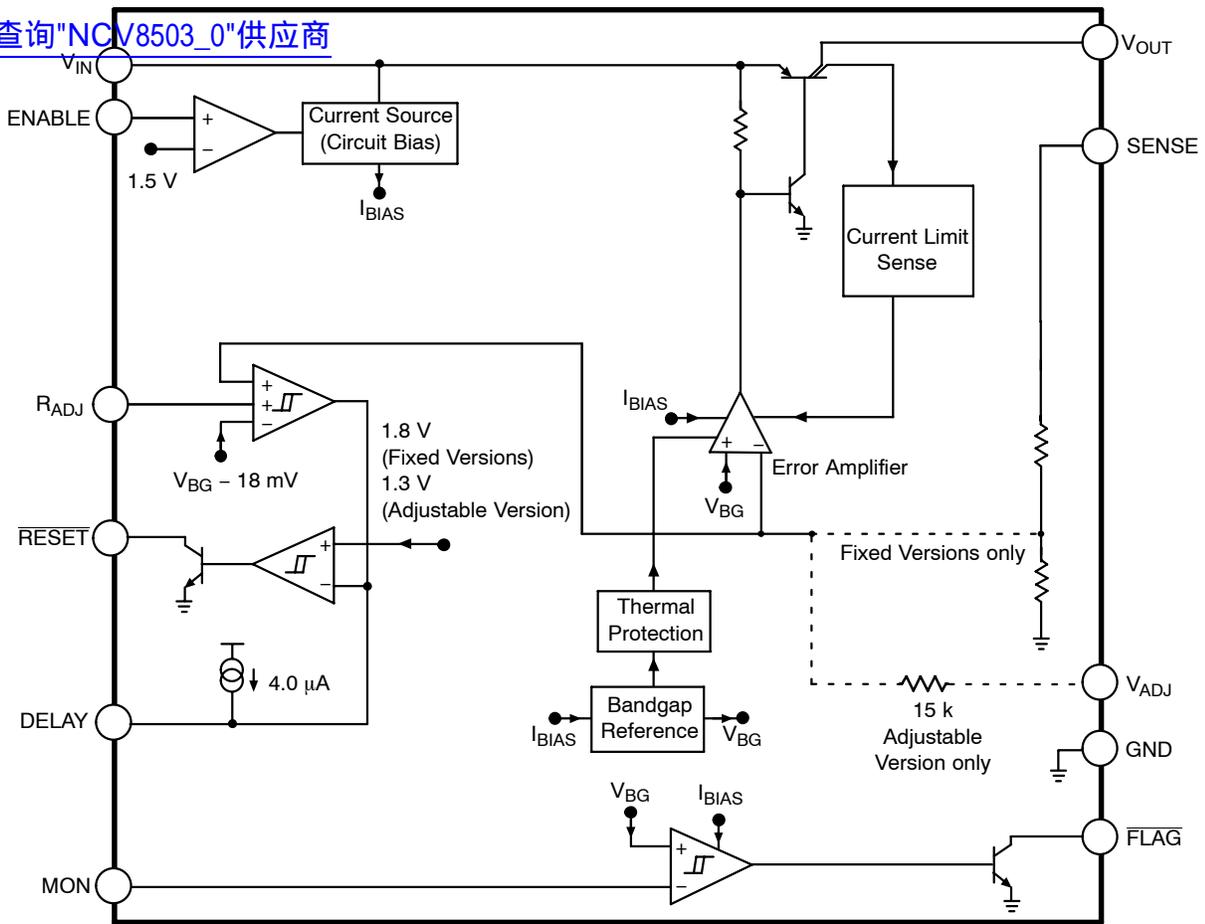


Figure 2. Block Diagram

查询"NCV8503\_0"供应商 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

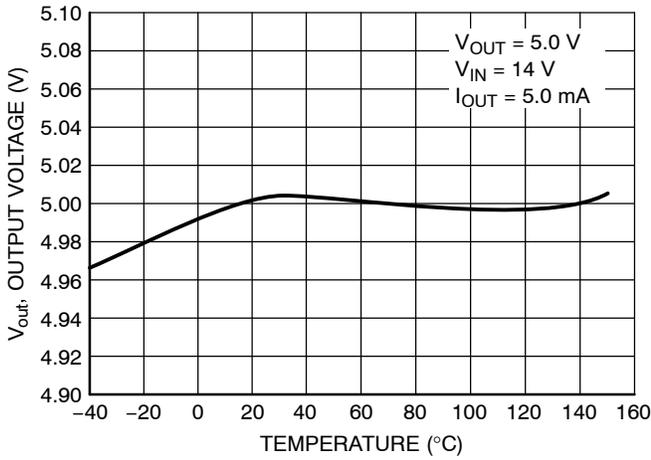


Figure 3. 5 V Output Voltage vs. Temperature

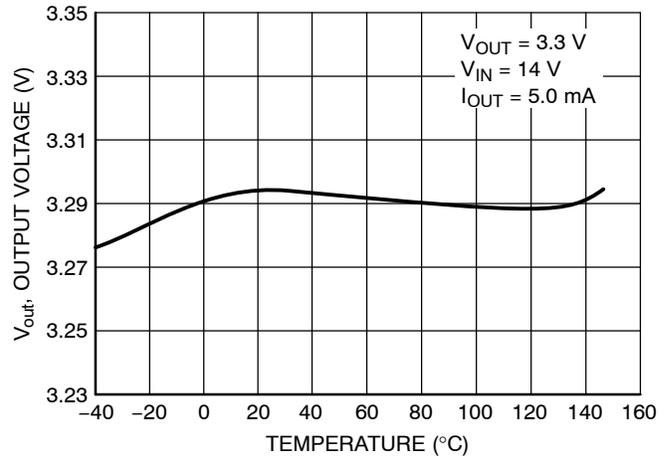


Figure 4. 3.3 V Output Voltage vs. Temperature

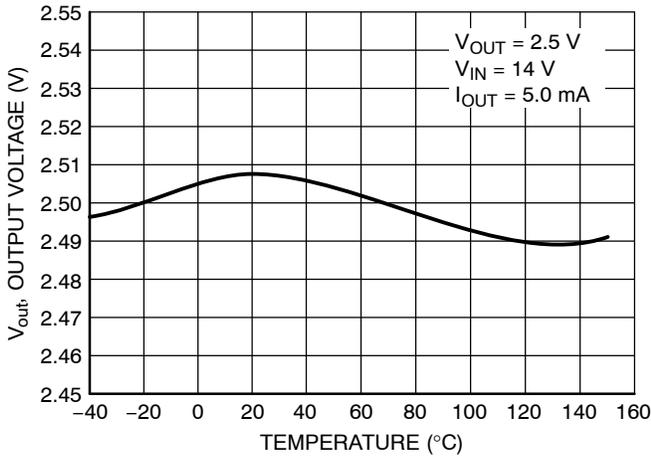


Figure 5. 2.5 V Output Voltage vs. Temperature

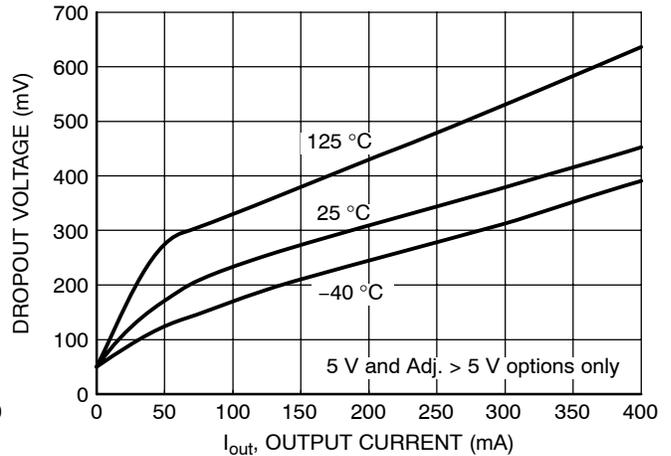


Figure 6. Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

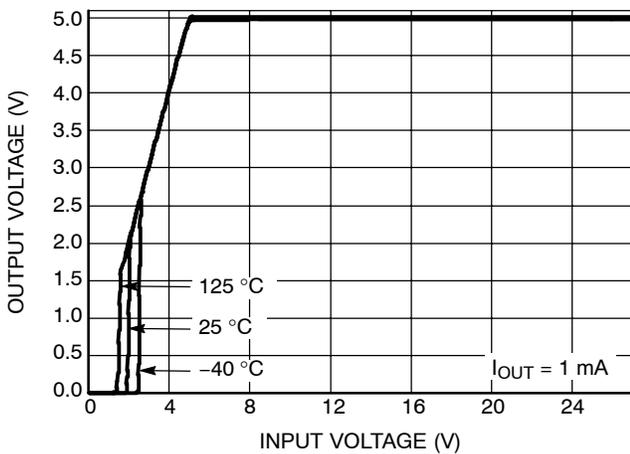


Figure 7. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

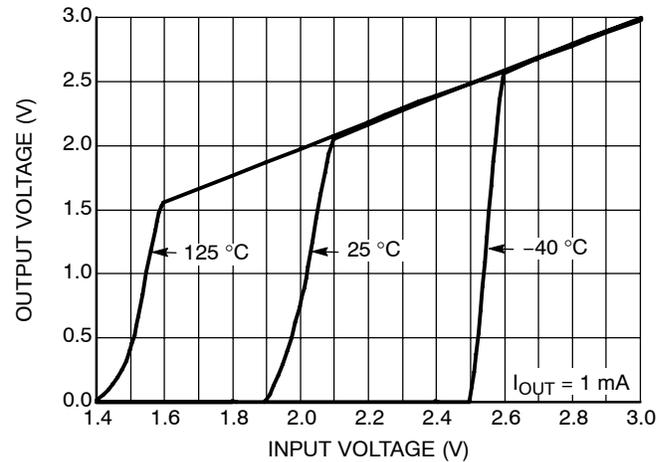


Figure 8. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

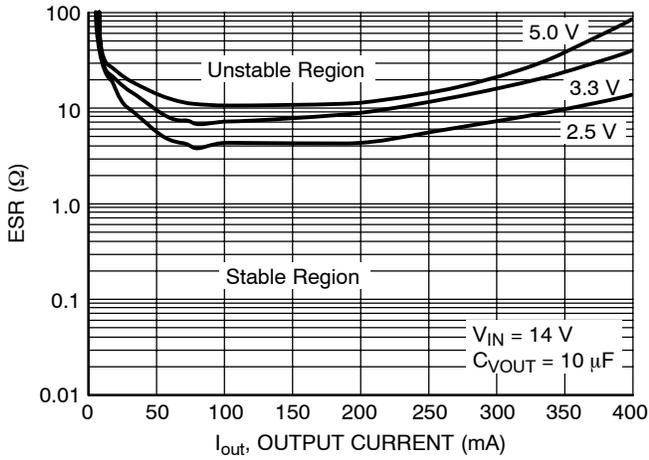


Figure 9. Output Stability with Output Voltage Change

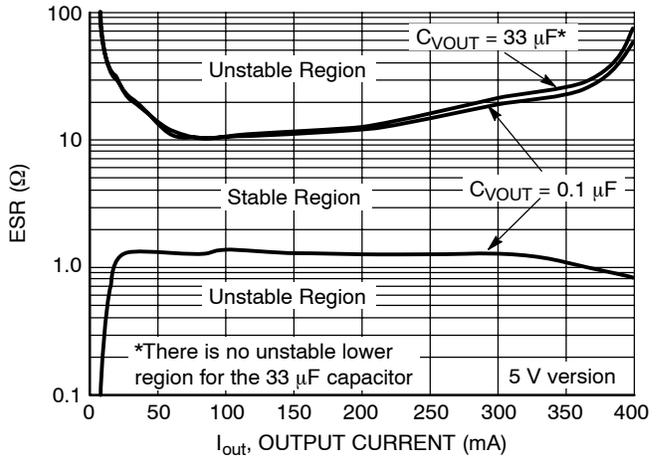


Figure 10. Output Stability with Output Capacitor Change

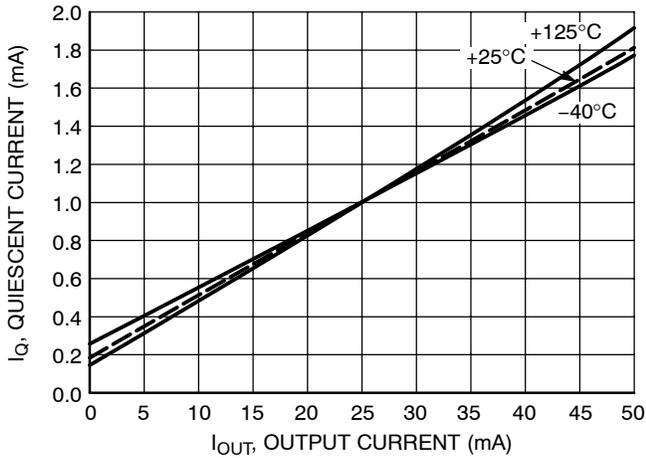


Figure 11. Quiescent Current vs. Output Current

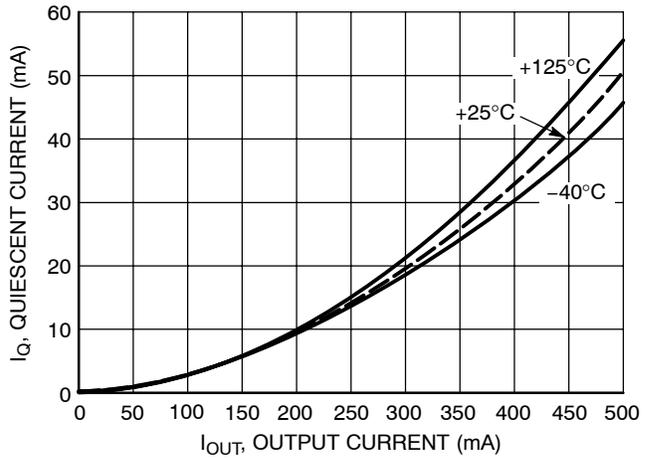


Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs. Output Current

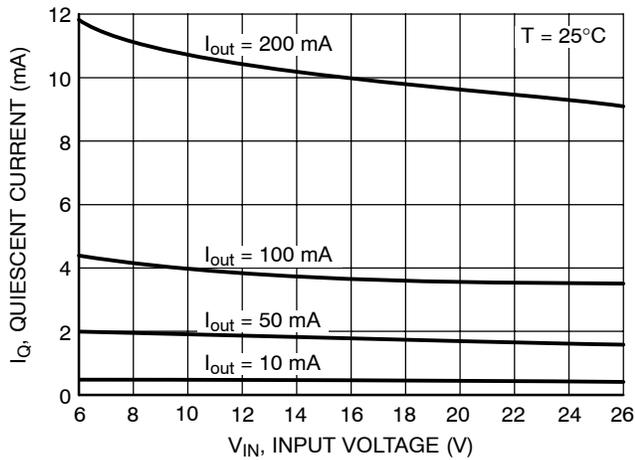


Figure 13. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

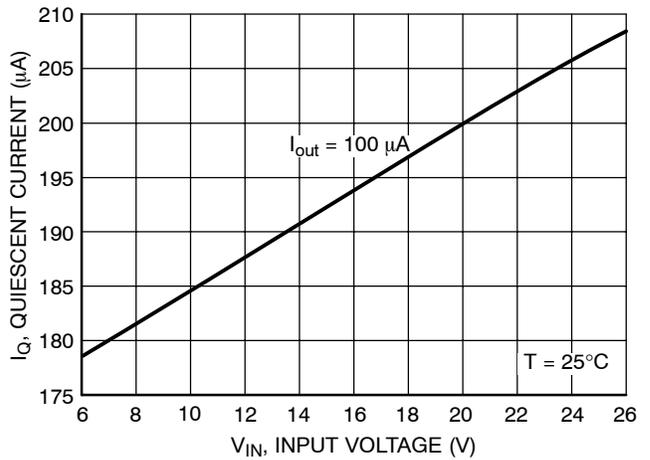


Figure 14. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

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**REGULATOR CONTROL FUNCTIONS**

The NCV8503 contains the microprocessor compatible control function  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  (Figure 15).

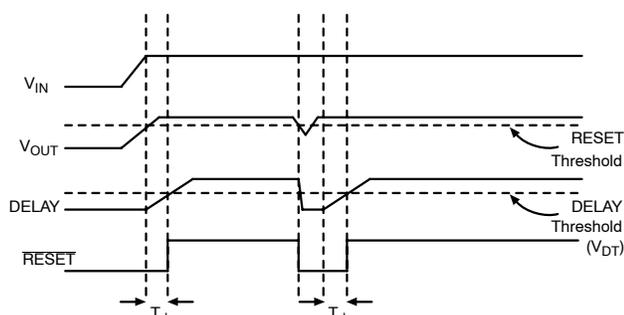


Figure 15. Reset and Delay Circuit Wave Forms

**$\overline{\text{RESET}}$  Function**

A  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  signal (low voltage) is generated as the IC powers up until  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  is within 1.5% of the regulated output voltage, or when  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  drops out of regulation, and is lower than 4.0% below the regulated output voltage. Hysteresis is included in the function to minimize oscillations.

The  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output is an open collector NPN transistor, controlled by a low voltage detection circuit. The circuit is functionally independent of the rest of the IC thereby guaranteeing that the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  signal is valid for  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  as low as 1.0 V.

**Adjustable Reset Function**

The reset threshold can be made lower by connecting an external resistor divider to the  $R_{\text{ADJ}}$  lead from the  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  lead, as displayed in Figure 16. This lead is grounded to select the default value of 4.6 V (on the 5.0 V option).

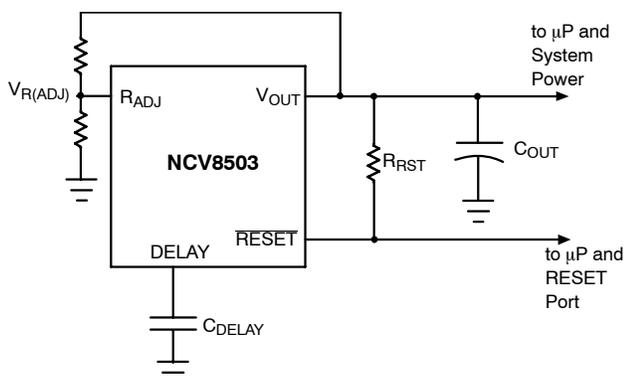


Figure 16. Adjustable RESET

**ENABLE Function**

The part stays in a low  $I_{\text{Q}}$  sleep mode when the ENABLE pin is held low. The part has an internal pull down if the pin is left floating.

The integrity of the ENABLE pin allows it to be tied to the battery line through an external resistor. It will withstand load dump potentials in this configuration.

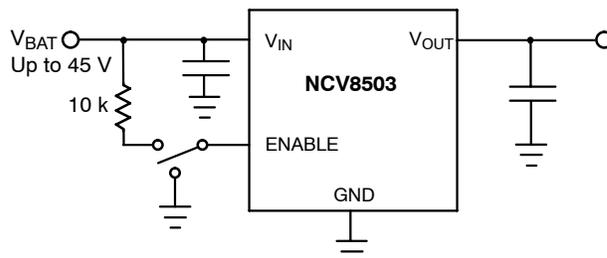


Figure 17. ENABLE Function

**DELAY Function**

The reset delay circuit provides a programmable (by external capacitor) delay on the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output lead.

The DELAY lead provides source current (typically 4.0  $\mu\text{A}$ ) to the external DELAY capacitor during the following proceedings:

1. During Power Up (once the regulation threshold has been verified).
2. After a reset event has occurred and the device is back in regulation. The DELAY capacitor is discharged when the regulation ( $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  threshold) has been violated. This is a latched incident. The capacitor will fully discharge and wait for the device to regulate before going through the delay time event again.

**$\overline{\text{FLAG}}$ /Monitor Comparator**

A general use comparator is included whose positive input terminal is tied to the on-chip band gap voltage reference. This provides a very temperature stable referenced comparator with versatile uses in any system. The trip point can be programmed externally using a resistor divider to the input monitor (MON) (Figure 18). The typical threshold is 1.28 V on the MON pin.

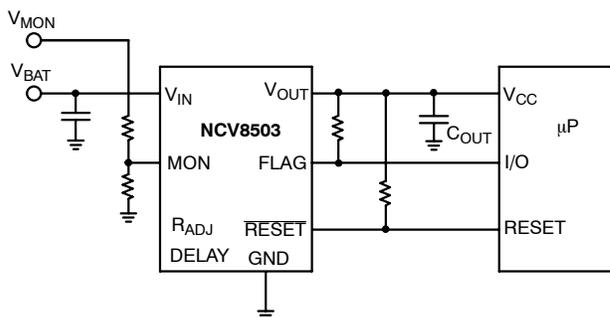


Figure 18. Flag/Monitor Function

## NCV8503 Series

### Voltage Adjust

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Figure 19 shows the device setup for a user configurable output voltage. The feedback to the  $V_{ADJ}$  pin is taken from a voltage divider referenced to the output voltage. The loop is balanced around the Unity Gain threshold (1.30 V typical). JEDEC standard JESD78 requires  $-100$  mA trigger test conditions.  $V_{ADJ}$  conforms to  $-75$  mA test conditions.

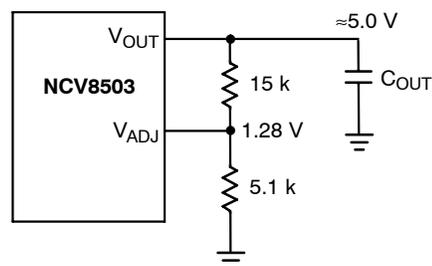


Figure 19. Adjustable Output Voltage

## APPLICATION NOTES

### FLAG MONITOR

Figure 20 shows the FLAG Monitor waveforms as a result of the circuit depicted in Figure 18. As the input voltage falls ( $V_{MON}$ ), the Monitor threshold is crossed. This causes the voltage on the FLAG output to go low.

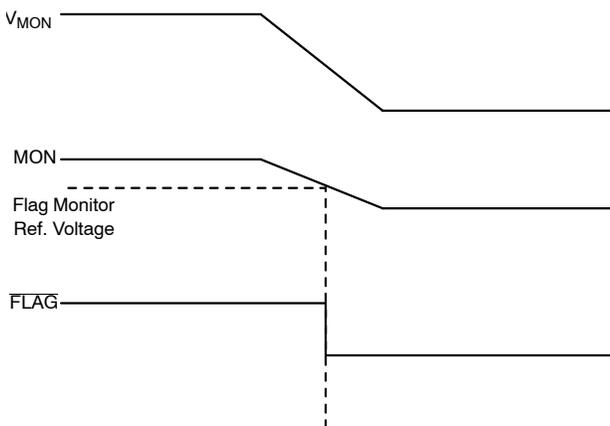


Figure 20. FLAG Monitor Circuit Waveform

### SETTING THE DELAY TIME

The delay time is controlled by the Reset Delay Low Voltage, Delay Switching Threshold, and the Delay Charge Current. The delay follows the equation:

$$t_{DELAY} = \frac{[C_{DELAY}(V_{dt} - \text{Reset Delay Low Voltage})]}{\text{Delay Charge Current}}$$

Example:

Using  $C_{DELAY} = 33$  nF.

Assume reset Delay Low Voltage = 0.

Use the typical value for  $V_{dt} = 1.8$  V (2.5 V, 3.3 V, and 5.0 V options).

Use the typical value for Delay Charge Current =  $4.2$   $\mu$ A.

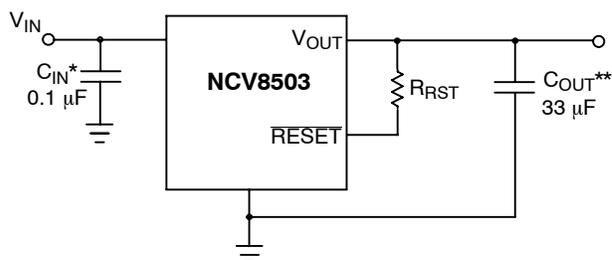
$$t_{DELAY} = \frac{[33 \text{ nF}(1.8 - 0)]}{4.2 \mu\text{A}} = 14 \text{ ms}$$

### STABILITY CONSIDERATIONS

The output or compensation capacitor helps determine three main characteristics of a linear regulator: start-up delay, load transient response and loop stability.

The capacitor value and type should be based on cost, availability, size and temperature constraints. A tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitor is best, since a film or ceramic capacitor with almost zero ESR can cause instability. The aluminum electrolytic capacitor is the least expensive solution, but, if the circuit operates at low temperatures ( $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), both the value and ESR of the capacitor will vary considerably. The capacitor manufacturers data sheet usually provides this information.

The value for the output capacitor  $C_{OUT}$  shown in Figure 21 should work for most applications, however it is not necessarily the optimized solution.

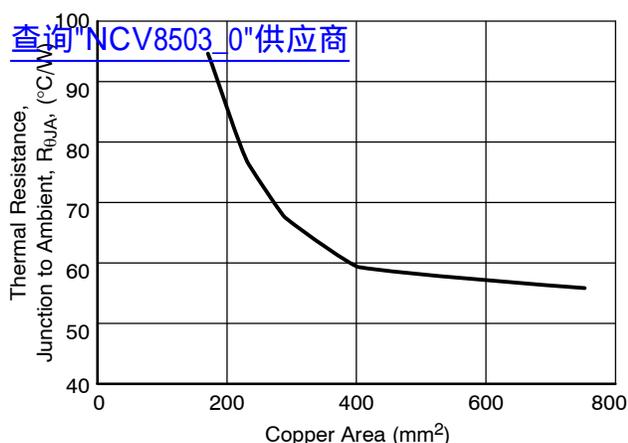


\* $C_{IN}$  required if regulator is located far from the power supply filter

\*\* $C_{OUT}$  required for stability. Capacitor must operate at minimum temperature expected

Figure 21. Test and Application Circuit Showing Output Compensation

## NCV8503 Series



**Figure 22. 16 Lead SOW (Exposed Pad),  $\theta_{JA}$  as a Function of the Pad Copper Area (2 oz. Cu Thickness), Board Material = 0.0625" G-10/R-4**

### CALCULATING POWER DISSIPATION IN A SINGLE OUTPUT LINEAR REGULATOR

The maximum power dissipation for a single output regulator (Figure 23) is:

$$P_{D(max)} = [V_{IN(max)} - V_{OUT(min)}]I_{OUT(max)} + V_{IN(max)}I_Q \quad (1)$$

where:

$V_{IN(max)}$  is the maximum input voltage,

$V_{OUT(min)}$  is the minimum output voltage,

$I_{OUT(max)}$  is the maximum output current for the application, and

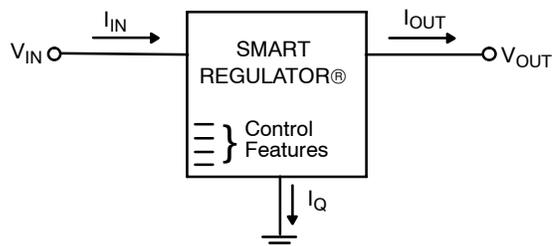
$I_Q$  is the quiescent current the regulator consumes at  $I_{OUT(max)}$ .

Once the value of  $P_{D(max)}$  is known, the maximum permissible value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  can be calculated:

$$R_{\theta JA} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - T_A}{P_D} \quad (2)$$

The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  can then be compared with those in the package section of the data sheet. Those packages with  $R_{\theta JA}$ 's less than the calculated value in equation 2 will keep the die temperature below 150°C.

In some cases, none of the packages will be sufficient to dissipate the heat generated by the IC, and an external heatsink will be required.



**Figure 23. Single Output Regulator with Key Performance Parameters Labeled**

### HEAT SINKS

A heat sink effectively increases the surface area of the package to improve the flow of heat away from the IC and into the surrounding air.

Each material in the heat flow path between the IC and the outside environment will have a thermal resistance. Like series electrical resistances, these resistances are summed to determine the value of  $R_{\theta JA}$ :

$$R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CS} + R_{\theta SA} \quad (3)$$

where:

$R_{\theta JC}$  = the junction-to-case thermal resistance,

$R_{\theta CS}$  = the case-to-heatsink thermal resistance, and

$R_{\theta SA}$  = the heatsink-to-ambient thermal resistance.

$R_{\theta JC}$  appears in the package section of the data sheet. Like  $R_{\theta JA}$ , it too is a function of package type.  $R_{\theta CS}$  and  $R_{\theta SA}$  are functions of the package type, heatsink and the interface between them. These values appear in heat sink data sheets of heat sink manufacturers.

## NCV8503 Series

**ORDERING INFORMATION**  
 查询 NCV8503 供应商

Device	Output Voltage	Package	Shipping†
NCV8503PWADJ	Adjustable	SOW-16 Exposed Pad	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PWADJG		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PWADJR2		SOW-16 Exposed Pad	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PWADJR2G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PW25	2.5 V	SOW-16 Exposed Pad	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PW25G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PW25R2		SOW-16 Exposed Pad	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PW25R2G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PW33	3.3 V	SOW-16 Exposed Pad	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PW33G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PW33R2		SOW-16 Exposed Pad	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PW33R2G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PW50	5.0 V	SOW-16 Exposed Pad	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PW50G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	47 Units/Rail
NCV8503PW50R2		SOW-16 Exposed Pad	1000 Tape & Reel
NCV8503PW50R2G		SOW-16 Exposed Pad (Pb-Free)	1000 Tape & Reel

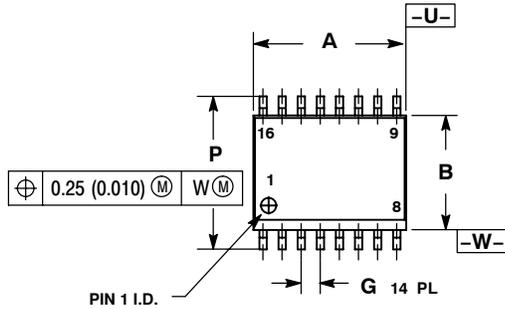
†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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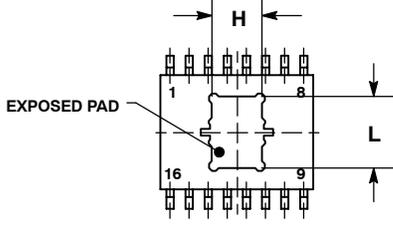
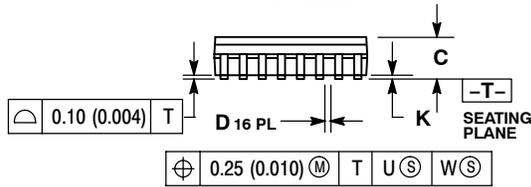
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## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

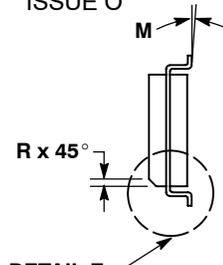
SOIC 16 LEAD WIDE BODY  
EXPOSED PAD  
PDW SUFFIX  
CASE 751AG-01  
ISSUE O



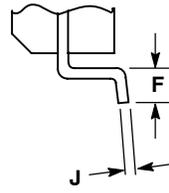
TOP SIDE



BACK SIDE

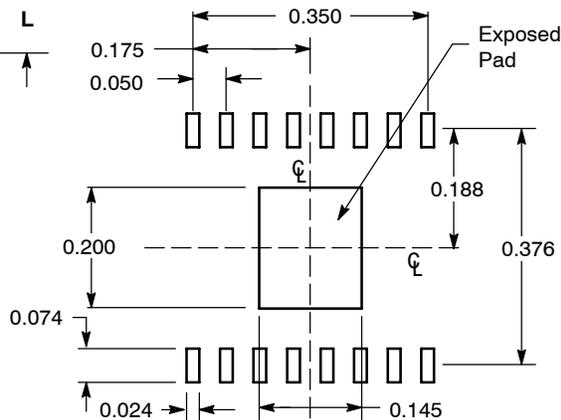


DETAIL E



DETAIL E

### SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\*



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

#### NOTES:

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6. 751R-01 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 751R-02.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	10.15	10.45	0.400	0.411
B	7.40	7.60	0.292	0.299
C	2.35	2.65	0.093	0.104
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.50	0.90	0.020	0.035
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	3.31	3.51	0.130	0.138
J	0.25	0.32	0.010	0.012
K	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004
L	4.58	4.78	0.180	0.188
M	0°	7°	0°	7°
P	10.05	10.55	0.395	0.415
R	0.25	0.75	0.010	0.029

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